

Mridula Shankar

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4622964/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

12
papers

282
citations

1040056

9
h-index

1199594

12
g-index

12
all docs

12
docs citations

12
times ranked

297
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Abortion regulation in Europe in the era of COVID-19: a spectrum of policy responses. <i>BMJ Sexual and Reproductive Health</i> , 2021, 47, e14-e14.	1.7	55
2	Unintended and unwanted pregnancy in Australia: a cross-sectional, national random telephone survey of prevalence and outcomes. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2018, 209, 407-408.	1.7	51
3	Access, equity and costs of induced abortion services in Australia: a cross-sectional study. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 41, 309-314.	1.8	37
4	Inequities in the incidence and safety of abortion in Nigeria. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020, 5, e001814.	4.7	37
5	Advancing sexual and reproductive health and rights in low- and middle-income countries: Implications for the post-2015 global development agenda. <i>Global Public Health</i> , 2015, 10, 137-148.	2.0	25
6	Measuring unmet need for contraception as a point prevalence. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019, 4, e001581.	4.7	20
7	Measurement of abortion safety using community-based surveys: Findings from three countries. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0223146.	2.5	15
8	Social network-based measurement of abortion incidence: promising findings from population-based surveys in Nigeria, Cote d'Ivoire, and Rajasthan, India. <i>Population Health Metrics</i> , 2020, 18, 28.	2.7	13
9	Postabortion care availability, facility readiness and accessibility in Nigeria and Cote d'Ivoire. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2021, 36, 1077-1089.	2.7	10
10	Acceptability and use of emergency contraception among married women in Bangalore, India. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2013, 121, 64-68.	2.3	8
11	Induced Abortion Incidence and Safety in Rajasthan, India: Evidence that Expansion of Services is Needed. <i>Studies in Family Planning</i> , 2020, 51, 323-342.	1.8	7
12	Anaemia in pregnancy still a major cause of morbidity and mortality: insights from Koppal district, Karnataka, India. <i>Reproductive Health Matters</i> , 2012, 20, 67-68.	1.2	4