Willem M Lijfering

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Inter―and intraâ€individual concentrations of direct oral anticoagulants: The KIDOAC study. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2022, 20, 92-103.	1.9	19
2	Switching from vitamin K antagonists to direct oral anticoagulants in nonâ€valvular atrial fibrillation patients: Does low time in therapeutic range affect persistence?. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2022, 20, 339-352.	1.9	7
3	Rosuvastatin treatment decreases plasma procoagulant phospholipid activity after a VTE: A randomized controlled trial. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2022, 20, 877-887.	1.9	3
4	Risk of drug-related upper gastrointestinal bleeding in the total population of the Netherlands: a time-trend analysis. BMJ Open Gastroenterology, 2022, 9, e000733.	1.1	0
5	The Immediate Effect of COVID-19 Vaccination on Anticoagulation Control in Patients Using Vitamin K Antagonists. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2022, 122, 377-385.	1.8	5
6	Trigger Factors for Spontaneous Intracerebral Hemorrhage: A Case-Crossover Study. Stroke, 2022, 53, 1692-1699.	1.0	6
7	Effect of lowerâ€leg trauma and knee arthroscopy on procoagulant phospholipidâ€dependent activity. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2022, 6, e12729.	1.0	1
8	"Effect of polypharmacy on bleeding with rivaroxaban versus vitamin K antagonist for treatment of venous thromboembolismâ€: Comment. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2022, 20, 1747-1747.	1.9	0
9	Rise of levels of von Willebrand factor and factor VIII with age: Role of genetic and acquired risk factors. Thrombosis Research, 2021, 197, 172-178.	0.8	18
10	High Soluble Thrombomodulin Is Associated with an Increased Risk of Major Bleeding during Treatment with Oral Anticoagulants: A Case–Cohort Study. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2021, 121, 070-075.	1.8	1
11	Statins in venous thrombosis: biochemical approaches to limiting vascular disease. , 2021, , 249-254.		Ο
12	The relationship between DOAC levels and clinical outcomes: The measures tell the tale–Response from original authors Lijfering et al. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2021, 19, 1136-1138.	1.9	1
13	Glucocorticoid use and risk of first and recurrent venous thromboembolism: self ontrolled caseâ€series and cohort study. British Journal of Haematology, 2021, 193, 1194-1202.	1.2	19
14	Adherence to direct oral anticoagulant treatment for atrial fibrillation in the Netherlands: A surveillance study. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2021, 30, 1027-1036.	0.9	4
15	Differential effect of statin use on coagulation markers: an active comparative analysis in the NEO study. Thrombosis Journal, 2021, 19, 45.	0.9	8
16	Predictors, time course, and outcomes of persistence patterns in oral anticoagulation for non-valvular atrial fibrillation: a Dutch Nationwide Cohort Study. European Heart Journal, 2021, 42, 4126-4137.	1.0	28
17	Comparison of Two Different Analgesic Prescription Strategies and Healthcare Systems: Slovenia vs. the Netherlands. Frontiers in Pain Research, 2021, 2, 723797.	0.9	2
18	Stability of vitamin K antagonist anticoagulation after COVIDâ€19 diagnosis. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis. 2021. 5. e12597.	1.0	3

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19	The Immediate Effect of COVID-19 Vaccination on Anticoagulation Control in Patients Using Vitamin K Antagonists. Blood, 2021, 138, 1066-1066.	0.6	1
20	Persistence of oral anticoagulant treatment for atrial fibrillation in the Netherlands: A surveillance study. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2020, 4, 141-153.	1.0	26
21	The relationship between DOAC levels and clinical outcomes: The measures tell the tale. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2020, 18, 3163-3168.	1.9	17
22	Risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism related to prior risk situations: re-evaluation of a cohort study with a longer follow-up. Blood Coagulation and Fibrinolysis, 2020, 31, 434-439.	0.5	0
23	Why crowding matters in the time of COVID-19 pandemic? - a lesson from the carnival effect on the 2017/2018 influenza epidemic in the Netherlands. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 1516.	1.2	12
24	Selfâ€reported therapy adherence and predictors for nonadherence in patients who switched from vitamin K antagonists to direct oral anticoagulants. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2020, 4, 586-593.	1.0	18
25	Association Between Hepatic Triglyceride Content and Coagulation Factors. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2020, 40, 3004-3014.	1.1	3
26	Causes and consequences of the opioid epidemic in the Netherlands: a population-based cohort study. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 15309.	1.6	16
27	Risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism in patients with HIV infection: A nationwide cohort study. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003101.	3.9	18
28	Switching from vitamin K antagonists to direct oral anticoagulants: Treatment satisfaction and patient concerns. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2020, 18, 1390-1397.	1.9	12
29	Perioperative Management in Patients Using Vitamin K Antagonists: Observational Cohort Study. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2020, 120, 495-504.	1.8	2
30	Hypertensive Complications of Pregnancy and Risk of Venous Thromboembolism. Hypertension, 2020, 75, 781-787.	1.3	31
31	The joint effect of genetic risk factors and different types of combined oral contraceptives on venous thrombosis risk. British Journal of Haematology, 2020, 191, 90-97.	1.2	12
32	Rosuvastatin use increases plasma fibrinolytic potential: a randomised clinical trial. British Journal of Haematology, 2020, 190, 916-922.	1.2	15
33	Risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism in patients with HIV infection: A nationwide cohort study. , 2020, 17, e1003101.		0
34	Risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism in patients with HIV infection: A nationwide cohort study. , 2020, 17, e1003101.		0
35	Risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism in patients with HIV infection: A nationwide cohort study. , 2020, 17, e1003101.		0
36	Risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism in patients with HIV infection: A nationwide cohort study. , 2020, 17, e1003101.		0

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37	Validation of risk assessment models for venous thrombosis in hospitalized medical patients. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2019, 3, 217-225.	1.0	11
38	Glucose metabolism affects coagulation factors: The NEO study. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2019, 17, 1886-1897.	1.9	16
39	<p>Association of apolipoproteins C-I, C-II, C-III and E with coagulation markers and venous thromboembolism risk</p> . Clinical Epidemiology, 2019, Volume 11, 625-633.	1.5	16
40	Hyperhomocysteinaemia and the risk of recurrent venous thrombosis: results from the MEGA followâ€up study. British Journal of Haematology, 2019, 187, 219-226.	1.2	3
41	Prediction of recurrent venous thrombosis in all patients with a first venous thrombotic event: The Leiden Thrombosis Recurrence Risk Prediction model (L-TRRiP). PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002883.	3.9	31
42	Opioid Prescription Patterns and Risk Factors Associated With Opioid Use in the Netherlands. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e1910223.	2.8	58
43	Nutrition and venous thrombosis: An exercise in thinking about survivor bias. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2019, 3, 6-8.	1.0	1
44	Predicting the risk of recurrent venous thrombosis: What the future might bring. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2019, 17, 1522-1526.	1.9	7
45	Risk prediction of recurrent venous thrombosis; where are we now and what can we add?. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2019, 17, 1527-1534.	1.9	7
46	Statin Therapy to Revert Hypercoagulability and Prevent Venous Thromboembolism: A Narrative Review. Seminars in Thrombosis and Hemostasis, 2019, 45, 825-833.	1.5	13
47	Risk and Risk Factors Associated With Recurrent Venous Thromboembolism Following Surgery in Patients With History of Venous Thromboembolism. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e193690.	2.8	47
48	Quality of life and fear of cancer recurrence in T1 colorectal cancer patients treated with endoscopic or surgical tumor resection. Gastrointestinal Endoscopy, 2019, 89, 533-544.	0.5	25
49	Rosuvastatin use reduces thrombin generation potential in patients with venous thromboembolism: a randomized controlled trial. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2019, 17, 319-328.	1.9	25
50	Glucose levels and diabetes are not associated with the risk of venous thrombosis: results from the <scp>MEGA</scp> caseâ€control study. British Journal of Haematology, 2019, 184, 431-435.	1.2	11
51	Reply to: Effect of statins on measures of coagulation—potential role of low-density lipoprotein receptors. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, 393-393.	1.0	1
52	Major Bleeding Rates in Atrial Fibrillation Patients on Single, Dual, or Triple Antithrombotic Therapy. Circulation, 2019, 139, 775-786.	1.6	129
53	Apolipoproteins A1, B, and apoB/apoA1 ratio are associated with first ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction but not with recurrent events during long-term follow-up. Clinical Research in Cardiology, 2019, 108, 520-538.	1.5	39
54	Combined oral contraceptives: the risk of myocardial infarction and ischemic stroke. The Cochrane Library, 2018, 2018, CD011054.	1.5	130

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55	Direct oral anticoagulant use and risk of perioperative bleeding: Evidence of absence or absence of evidence?. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 2, 182-185.	1.0	8
56	Current and future burden of venous thrombosis: Not simply predictable. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 2, 199-208.	1.0	52
57	A Rapid (Differential) Effect of Rosuvastatin and Atorvastatin on Highâ€Sensitivity Cardiac Troponinâ€I in Subjects With Stable Cardiovascular Disease. Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2018, 104, 311-316.	2.3	6
58	Hyperhomocysteinemia and Risk of First Venous Thrombosis: The Influence of (Unmeasured) Confounding Factors. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 1392-1400.	1.6	36
59	Mild antithrombin deficiency and risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism: results from the MEGA followâ€up study. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 16, 680-688.	1.9	22
60	Rosuvastatin use improves measures of coagulation in patients with venous thrombosis. European Heart Journal, 2018, 39, 1740-1747.	1.0	51
61	Determinants of impaired renal and vascular function are associated with elevated levels of procoagulant factors in the general population. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 16, 519-528.	1.9	19
62	Multi-dose drug dispensing as a tool to improve medication adherence: A study in patients using vitamin K antagonists. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2018, 27, 46-51.	0.9	9
63	Determinants of impaired renal and vascular function are associated with elevated levels of procoagulant factors in the general population: reply. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 16, 2535-2536.	1.9	Ο
64	Direct oral anticoagulant use and subsequent start of proton pump inhibitors as proxy for gastric complaints. Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety, 2018, 27, 1371-1378.	0.9	1
65	Role of Routine Laboratory Tests in Assessing Risk of Recurrent Venous Thrombosis: Results from the MEGA Follow-Up Study. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 118, 1918-1929.	1.8	Ο
66	Measurement of coagulation factors during rivaroxaban and apixaban treatment: Results from two crossover trials. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 2, 689-695.	1.0	11
67	Persistence to direct oral anticoagulants for acute venous thromboembolism. Thrombosis Research, 2018, 167, 135-141.	0.8	5
68	Factor V levels and risk of venous thrombosis: The MEGA caseâ€control study. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2018, 2, 320-326.	1.0	10
69	Association of Risk of Incident and Recurrent Venous Thromboembolism with Oral Glucocorticoid Treatment. Blood, 2018, 132, 420-420.	0.6	Ο
70	Antibiotic use as a marker of acute infection and risk of first and recurrent venous thrombosis. British Journal of Haematology, 2017, 176, 961-970.	1.2	12
71	Recurrent venous thrombosis related to overweight and obesity: results from the MEGA followâ€up study. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2017, 15, 1430-1435.	1.9	14
72	Lipid levels and risk of venous thrombosis: results from the MEGA-study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 32, 669-681.	2.5	35

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73	Impact of Venous Thromboembolism on the Formation and Progression of Carotid Atherosclerosis: The TromsÃ, Study. TH Open, 2017, 01, e66-e72.	0.7	1
74	Relationship between neighborhood socioeconomic status and venous thromboembolism: results from a populationâ€based study. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2017, 15, 2352-2360.	1.9	33
75	Statin use and risk of recurrent venous thrombosis: results from the MEGA followâ€up study. Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2017, 1, 112-119.	1.0	11
76	Thromboprophylaxis after hospital discharge in acutely ill medical patients: need for trials in patients who are at high risk of venous thrombosis. Journal of Thoracic Disease, 2017, 9, 950-952.	0.6	2
77	Are retired physicians suitable for the coaching of clerks?. International Journal of Medical Education, 2017, 8, 343-350.	0.6	3
78	Objectives and Design of BLEEDS: A Cohort Study to Identify New Risk Factors and Predictors for Major Bleeding during Treatment with Vitamin K Antagonists. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0164485.	1.1	16
79	Platelet reactivity in patients with venous thrombosis who use rosuvastatin: a randomized controlled clinical trial. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2016, 14, 1404-1409.	1.9	6
80	Statins and Risk of Bleeding: An Analysis to Evaluate Possible Bias Due to Prevalent Users and Healthy User Aspects. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 930-936.	1.6	26
81	Can we prevent venous thrombosis with statins: an epidemiologic review into mechanism and clinical utility. Expert Review of Hematology, 2016, 9, 1023-1030.	1.0	15
82	Interaction of Hereditary Thrombophilia and Traditional Cardiovascular Risk Factors on the Risk of Arterial Thromboembolism. Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics, 2016, 9, 79-85.	5.1	20
83	Elevated levels of factor VIII and subsequent risk of allâ€cause mortality: results from the MEGA followâ€up study. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2015, 13, 1833-1842.	1.9	23
84	Bloodcurdling movies and measures of coagulation: Fear Factor crossover trial. BMJ, The, 2015, 351, h6367.	3.0	8
85	Vitamin supplementation on the risk of venous thrombosis: results from the MEGA case-control study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 606-612.	2.2	19
86	Differential risks in men and women for first and recurrent venous thrombosis: the role of genes and environment: reply. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2015, 13, 886-887.	1.9	6
87	Hematologic variables and venous thrombosis: red cell distribution width and blood monocyte count are associated with an increased risk. Haematologica, 2014, 99, 194-200.	1.7	83
88	Differential risks in men and women for first and recurrent venous thrombosis: the role of genes and environment. Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2014, 12, 1593-1600.	1.9	103
89	Link between co-trimoxazole and sudden death in patients receiving inhibitors of renin-angiotensin system could be due to confounding. BMJ, The, 2014, 349, g6899-g6899.	3.0	2
90	Carotid Atherosclerosis Predicts Future Myocardial Infarction But Not Venous Thromboembolism. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2014, 34, 226-230.	1.1	45

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91	Sex Difference in Risk of Second but Not of First Venous Thrombosis. Circulation, 2014, 129, 51-56.	1.6	114
92	Skin Autofluorescence Is Associated With 5-Year Mortality and Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Peripheral Artery Disease. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2014, 34, 933-938.	1.1	78
93	Role of Hemostatic Factors on the Risk of Venous Thrombosis in People With Impaired Kidney Function. Circulation, 2014, 129, 683-691.	1.6	46
94	Suspected survivor bias in case–control studies: stratify on survival time and use a negative control. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2014, 67, 232-235.	2.4	14
95	The risk of venous thrombosis in individuals with a history of superficial vein thrombosis and acquired venous thrombotic risk factors. Blood, 2013, 122, 4264-4269.	0.6	54
96	Role of Obesity in the Etiology of Deep Vein Thrombosis and Pulmonary Embolism: Current Epidemiological Insights. Seminars in Thrombosis and Hemostasis, 2013, 39, 533-540.	1.5	44
97	Risk of recurrent venous thrombosis related to past provoking risk situations. Blood Coagulation and Fibrinolysis, 2013, 24, 562-566.	0.5	3
98	Increased risk of CVD after VT is determined by common etiologic factors. Blood, 2013, 121, 4948-4954.	0.6	28
99	Protein S levels and the risk of venous thrombosis: results from the MEGA case-control study. Blood, 2013, 122, 3210-3219.	0.6	73
100	Statin Use and Risk Of Recurrent Venous Thrombosis: Results From The MEGA Follow-Up Study. Blood, 2013, 122, 3623-3623.	0.6	1
101	Increased risk of arterial thromboembolism after a prior episode of venous thromboembolism: results from the Prevention of REnal and Vascular ENd stage Disease (PREVEND) Study. British Journal of Haematology, 2012, 159, 216-222.	1.2	11
102	The influence of prothrombotic laboratory abnormalities on the risk of recurrent venous thrombosis. Thrombosis Research, 2012, 130, 974-976.	0.8	7
103	The Risk of Venous Thrombosis in Different Immigrant Groups in the Netherlands. Blood, 2012, 120, 3393-3393.	0.6	2
104	The Association Between Atherosclerosis and Venous Thrombosis: Results From the TromsÃ, Study Blood, 2012, 120, 2245-2245.	0.6	0
105	Risk of Venous Thrombosis Associated with White Cell Count On Peripheral Blood and Its Interrelationship with Other Environmental Risk Factors. Blood, 2012, 120, 1149-1149.	0.6	0
106	Statin use in patients with nephrotic syndrome is associated with a lower risk of venous thromboembolism. Thrombosis Research, 2011, 127, 395-399.	0.8	28
107	Past provoking venous thrombosis risk situations on the risk of a recurrent thrombotic event: A cohort study. Thrombosis Research, 2011, 128, 227-232.	0.8	5
108	Decreased free protein S levels and venous thrombosis in the acute setting, a case-control study. Thrombosis Research, 2011, 128, 501-502.	0.8	7

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109	Venous and arterial thrombosis in dialysis patients. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2011, 106, 1046-1052.	1.8	29
110	Increased risk of venous thrombosis in persons with clinically diagnosed superficial vein thrombosis: results from the MEGA study. Blood, 2011, 118, 4239-4241.	0.6	52
111	Risk of cardiovascular disease in double heterozygous carriers and homozygous carriers of <i>F5</i> R506Q (factor V Leiden) and <i>F2</i> (prothrombin) G20210A: a retrospective family cohort study. British Journal of Haematology, 2011, 153, 134-136.	1.2	8
112	Active cytomegalovirus infection in patients with acute venous thrombosis: A case-control study. American Journal of Hematology, 2011, 86, 510-512.	2.0	20
113	Relationship between Venous and Arterial Thrombosis: A Review of the Literature from a Causal Perspective. Seminars in Thrombosis and Hemostasis, 2011, 37, 885-896.	1.5	86
114	The Risk for Venous Thrombosis in Patients with Increased Body Mass Index and Interactions with Other Genetic and Acquired Risk Factors: The MEGA Study. Blood, 2011, 118, 1234-1234.	0.6	1
115	Free and Total Protein S Antigen Levels on the Risk of Venous Thrombosis: Results From the MEGA Study. Blood, 2011, 118, 538-538.	0.6	Ο
116	Risk factors for venous thrombosis – current understanding from an epidemiological point of view. British Journal of Haematology, 2010, 149, 824-833.	1.2	174
117	Different risk of deep vein thrombosis and pulmonary embolism in carriers with factor V Leiden compared with non-carriers, but not in other thrombophilic defects. Results from a large retrospective family cohort study. Haematologica, 2010, 95, 1030-1033.	1.7	20
118	Associations between high factor VIII and low free protein S levels with traditional arterial thrombotic risk factors and their risk on arterial thrombosis: Results from a retrospective family cohort study. Thrombosis Research, 2010, 126, e249-e254.	0.8	10
119	Risk of Recurrent Venous Thrombosis in Homozygous Carriers and Double Heterozygous Carriers of Factor V Leiden and Prothrombin G20210A. Circulation, 2010, 121, 1706-1712.	1.6	115
120	Clinical relevance of decreased free protein S levels: results from a retrospective family cohort study involving 1143 relatives. Blood, 2009, 113, 1225-1230.	0.6	53
121	Selective testing for thrombophilia in patients with first venous thrombosis: results from a retrospective family cohort study on absolute thrombotic risk for currently known thrombophilic defects in 2479 relatives. Blood, 2009, 113, 5314-5322.	0.6	206
122	A lower risk of recurrent venous thrombosis in women compared with men is explained by sex-specific risk factors at time of first venous thrombosis in thrombophilic families. Blood, 2009, 114, 2031-2036.	0.6	54
123	High long-term absolute risk of recurrent venous thromboembolism in patients with hereditary deficiencies of protein S, protein C or antithrombin. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2009, 101, 93-99.	1.8	116
124	Low absolute risk of venous and arterial thrombosis in hyperhomocysteinaemia – A prospective family cohort study in asymptomatic subjects. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2009, 101, 209-212.	1.8	3
125	A Replication Study of Gene Variants Associated with Venous Thrombosis. Results From a Population-Based Nested Case-Cohort Study Blood, 2009, 114, 3985-3985.	0.6	1
126	The Risk of Venous Thrombosis Related to Increase in Body Mass Index Is Mediated by Factor VIII Induced APC-Resistance Blood, 2009, 114, 453-453.	0.6	1

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127	Associations Between Free Protein S and Factor VIII Levels with Traditional Arterial Thrombotic Risk Factors and Their Risk On Arterial Thrombosis. Results From a Retrospective Family Cohort Study Blood, 2009, 114, 25-25.	0.6	0
128	Hyperhomocysteinemia is not a risk factor for venous and arterial thrombosis, and is associated with elevated factor VIII levels. Thrombosis Research, 2008, 123, 244-250.	0.8	11
129	Relationship between Progression to AIDS and Thrombophilic Abnormalities in HIV Infection. Clinical Chemistry, 2008, 54, 1226-1233.	1.5	58
130	Venous thromboembolism in HIV-positive women during puerperium: a case series. Blood Coagulation and Fibrinolysis, 2008, 19, 95-97.	0.5	15
131	Possible contribution of cytomegalovirus infection to the high risk of (recurrent) venous thrombosis after renal transplantation. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2008, 99, 127-130.	1.8	18
132	Free Protein S Levels on the Risk of First Venous Thrombosis and Recurrence. Results from a Retrospective Family Cohort Study in 1143 Relatives Blood, 2008, 112, 1808-1808.	0.6	0
133	Mesenteric vein thrombosis associated with primary cytomegalovirus infection: a case report. Blood Coagulation and Fibrinolysis, 2007, 18, 509-511.	0.5	14
134	The risk of venous and arterial thrombosis in hyperhomocysteinaemia is low and mainly depends on concomitant thrombophilic defects. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2007, 98, 457-463.	1.8	35
135	The risk of venous and arterial thrombosis in hyperhomocysteinemic subjects may be a result of elevated factor VIII levels. Haematologica, 2007, 92, 1703-1706.	1.7	18
136	No Difference in Risk of Recurrent Venous Thrombosis between Men and Women. Results from a Family Cohort Study in 3356 Subjects Blood, 2007, 110, 130-130.	0.6	0
137	The risk of venous and arterial thrombosis in hyperhomocysteinaemia is low and mainly depends on concomitant thrombophilic defects. Thrombosis and Haemostasis, 2007, 98, 457-63.	1.8	9

138 Pharmacological Prevention of Venous Thromboembolism., 0,, 435-461.

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