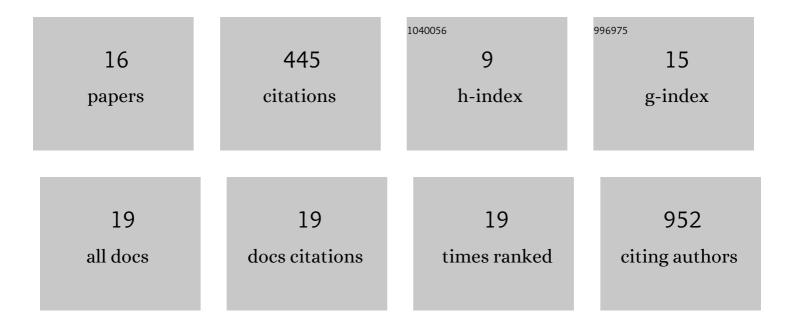
## **Clare Thomas**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4593207/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Are People With Chronic Diseases Interested in Using Telehealth? A Cross-Sectional Postal Survey. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2014, 16, e123.	4.3	103
2	Effectiveness of an integrated telehealth service for patients with depression: a pragmatic randomised controlled trial of a complex intervention. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2016, 3, 515-525.	7.4	73
3	TElehealth in CHronic disease: mixed-methods study to develop the TECH conceptual model for intervention design and evaluation. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e006448-e006448.	1.9	66
4	Roles and identities in transition: boundaries of work and inter-professional relationships at the interface between telehealth and primary care. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2013, 21, n/a-n/a.	1.6	51
5	Telehealth for patients at high risk of cardiovascular disease: pragmatic randomised controlled trial. BMJ, The, 2016, 353, i2647.	6.0	50
6	Cost-effectiveness of telehealth for patients with raised cardiovascular disease risk: evidence from the Healthlines randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e012352.	1.9	25
7	Being Human: A Qualitative Interview Study Exploring Why a Telehealth Intervention for Management of Chronic Conditions Had a Modest Effect. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2016, 18, e163.	4.3	24
8	Cost-effectiveness of telehealth for patients with depression: evidence from the Healthlines randomised controlled trial. BJPsych Open, 2016, 2, 262-269.	0.7	19
9	Using conversation analytic methods to assess fidelity to a talk-based healthcare intervention for frequently attending patients. Social Science and Medicine, 2018, 206, 38-50.	3.8	13
10	Co-production of an educational package for the universal human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination programme tailored for schools with low uptake: a participatory study protocol. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e039029.	1.9	8
11	A consultation-level intervention to improve care of frequently attending patients: a cluster randomised controlled feasibility trial. BJGP Open, 2019, 3, bjgpopen18X101623.	1.8	5
12	An evidence-based approach to the use of telehealth in long-term health conditions: development of an intervention and evaluation through pragmatic randomised controlled trials in patients with depression or raised cardiovascular risk. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2017, 5, 1-468.	1.0	4
13	How latent patterns of interprofessional working may lead to delays in discharge from hospital of older people living with frailty – †Patient more confused than usual?'. Ageing and Society, 2023, 43, 576-597.	1.7	2
14	Acceptability of the BATHE technique amongst GPs and frequently attending patients in primary care: a nested qualitative study. BMC Family Practice, 2019, 20, 121.	2.9	1
15	Continuity of care as a predictor of ongoing frequent attendance in primary care: a retrospective cohort study. BJGP Open, 2020, 4, bjgpopen20X101083.	1.8	1
16	The effectiveness of low dead space syringes for reducing the risk of hepatitis C virus acquisition among people who inject drugs - findings from a national survey in England, Wales, and Northern Ireland. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, , .	5.8	0