## **Bradford A Hawkins**

# List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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10,822 98 47 101 h-index g-index citations papers 6.13 101 12,009 5.3 L-index avg, IF ext. citations ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
98	The evolution of critical thermal limits of life on Earth. <i>Nature Communications</i> , <b>2021</b> , 12, 1198	17.4	37
97	The geographical variation of network structure is scale dependent: understanding the biotic specialization of host-parasitoid networks. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2019</b> , 42, 1175-1187	6.5	15
96	An intercontinental comparison of niche conservatism along a temperature gradient. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2018</b> , 45, 1104-1113	4.1	9
95	GlobTherm, a global database on thermal tolerances for aquatic and terrestrial organisms. <i>Scientific Data</i> , <b>2018</b> , 5, 180022	8.2	91
94	Trait syndromes among North American trees are evolutionarily conserved and show adaptive value over broad geographic scales. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2018</b> , 41, 540-550	6.5	8
93	Mean family age of angiosperm tree communities and its climatic correlates along elevational and latitudinal gradients in eastern North America. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2018</b> , 45, 259-268	4.1	8
92	Structural bias in aggregated species-level variables driven by repeated species co-occurrences: a pervasive problem in community and assemblage data. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2017</b> , 44, 1199-1211	4.1	28
91	Stress from cold and drought as drivers of functional trait spectra in North American angiosperm tree assemblages. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , <b>2017</b> , 7, 7548-7559	2.8	8
90	Spatial and evolutionary parallelism between shade and drought tolerance explains the distributions of conifers in the conterminous United States. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2017</b> , 26, 31-42	6.1	26
89	Range maps and checklists provide similar estimates of taxonomic and phylogenetic alpha diversity, but less so for beta diversity, of Brazilian Atlantic Forest anurans. <i>Natureza A Conservacao</i> , <b>2016</b> , 14, 99	-105	4
88	The diversity and abundance of North American bird assemblages fail to track changing productivity. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 96, 1105-14	4.6	19
87	Functional determinants of forest recruitment over broad scales. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2015</b> , 24, 192-202	6.1	12
86	Evolutionary histories of soil fungi are reflected in their large-scale biogeography. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2014</b> , 17, 1086-93	10	60
85	Community phylogenetics at the biogeographical scale: cold tolerance, niche conservatism and the structure of North American forests. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2014</b> , 41, 23-38	4.1	104
84	Identifying global zoogeographical regions: lessons from Wallace. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2013</b> , 40, 2215-2225	4.1	54
83	Biogeographic anomalies in the species richness of Chilean forests: Incorporating evolution into a climatic [historic scenario. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 38, 905-914	1.5	17
82	Range size patterns of New World oscine passerines (Aves): insights from differences among migratory and sedentary clades. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2013</b> , 40, 2261-2273	4.1	9

## (2010-2013)

81	Does fragmentation increase extinction thresholds? A European-wide test with seven forest birds. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2013</b> , 22, 1282-1292	6.1	27
8o	Different evolutionary histories underlie congruent species richness gradients of birds and mammals. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2012</b> , 39, 825-841	4.1	69
79	Species distribution modelling as a macroecological tool: a case study using New World amphibians. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2012</b> , 35, 539-548	6.5	36
78	Deep phylogeny, net primary productivity, and global body size gradient in birds. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , <b>2012</b> , 106, 880-892	1.9	20
77	The imprint of Cenozoic migrations and evolutionary history on the biogeographic gradient of body size in New World mammals. <i>American Naturalist</i> , <b>2012</b> , 180, 246-56	3.7	27
76	Willing or unwilling to share primary biodiversity data: results and implications of an international survey. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , <b>2012</b> , 5, 399-406	6.9	36
<i>75</i>	Eight (and a half) deadly sins of spatial analysis. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2012</b> , 39, 1-9	4.1	100
74	Ice age climate, evolutionary constraints and diversity patterns of European dung beetles. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2011</b> , 14, 741-8	10	150
73	Niche conservatism and species richness patterns of squamate reptiles in eastern and southern Africa. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , <b>2011</b> , 36, 550-558	1.5	11
72	Global angiosperm family richness revisited: linking ecology and evolution to climate. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2011</b> , 38, 1253-1266	4.1	87
71	Tropical niche conservatism as a historical narrative hypothesis for the Neotropics: a case study using the fly family Muscidae. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2011</b> , 38, 1936-1947	4.1	16
70	Climatic niche conservatism and the evolutionary dynamics in species range boundaries: global congruence across mammals and amphibians. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2011</b> , 38, 2237-2247	4.1	66
69	Relationships of climate, residence time, and biogeographical origin with the range sizes and species richness patterns of exotic plants in Great Britain. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , <b>2011</b> , 212, 1901-1911	1.7	15
68	Multiregional comparison of the ecological and phylogenetic structure of butterfly species richness gradients. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2010</b> , 37, 647-656	4.1	45
67	Towards a biogeographic regionalization of the European biota. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2010</b> , 37, 206	57 <sub>4</sub> 2 <u>:</u> 076	5 65
66	Defying the curse of ignorance: perspectives in insect macroecology and conservation biogeography. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , <b>2010</b> , 3, 172	3.8	91
65	Niche conservatism as an emerging principle in ecology and conservation biology. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2010</b> , 13, 1310-24	10	1081
64	Phylogeny, niche conservatism and the latitudinal diversity gradient in mammals. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2010</b> , 277, 2131-8	4.4	188

63	Grids versus regional species lists: are broad-scale patterns of species richness robust to the violation of constant grain size?. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , <b>2009</b> , 18, 3127-3137	3.4	25
62	Spatial species-richness gradients across scales: a meta-analysis. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2009</b> , 36, 132	-1447	479
61	Tropical niche conservatism and the species richness gradient of North American butterflies. Journal of Biogeography, <b>2009</b> , 36, 1698-1711	4.1	63
60	Coefficient shifts in geographical ecology: an empirical evaluation of spatial and non-spatial regression. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2009</b> , 32, 193-204	6.5	207
59	Visions for insect conservation and diversity: spanning the gap between practice and theory. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , <b>2009</b> , 2, 1-4	3.8	5
58	Why do mountains support so many species of birds?. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2008</b> , 31, 306-315	6.5	96
57	Insect conservation: finding the way forward. Insect Conservation and Diversity, 2008, 1, 67-69	3.8	32
56	Insect Conservation and Diversityla new journal for the Royal Entomological Society. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , <b>2008</b> , 1, 1-1	3.8	3
55	Water-energy and the geographical species richness pattern of European and North African dragonflies (Odonata). <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , <b>2008</b> , 1, 142-150	3.8	44
54	Bergmann's rule and the geography of mammal body size in the Western Hemisphere. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2008</b> , 17, 274-283	6.1	107
53	What Do Range Maps and Surveys Tell Us About Diversity Patterns?. Folia Geobotanica, 2008, 43, 345-35	5 <b>5</b> .4	37
52	Why do mountains support so many species of birds?. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2008</b> , 080402111339396-???	6.5	
51	Macroevolutionary dynamics in environmental space and the latitudinal diversity gradient in New World birds. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2007</b> , 274, 43-52	4.4	38
50	Contemporary richness of holarctic trees and the historical pattern of glacial retreat. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2007</b> , 30, 173-182	6.5	78
49	Seeing the forest for the trees: partitioning ecological and phylogenetic components of Bergmann's rule in European Carnivora. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2007</b> , 30, 598-608	6.5	6
48	Red herrings revisited: spatial autocorrelation and parameter estimation in geographical ecology. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2007</b> , 30, 375-384	6.5	165
47	Partitioning phylogenetic and adaptive components of the geographical body-size pattern of New World birds. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2007</b> , 17, 070817112457004-???	6.1	5
46	Seeing the forest for the trees: partitioning ecological and phylogenetic components of Bergmann's rule in European Carnivora. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2007</b> , 30, 598-608	6.5	68

## (2004-2007)

45	Global models for predicting woody plant richness from climate: comment. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2007</b> , 88, 255-9; discussion 259-62	4.6	17
44	Climate, niche conservatism, and the global bird diversity gradient. <i>American Naturalist</i> , <b>2007</b> , 170 Suppl 2, S16-27	3.7	183
43	Range maps and species richness patterns: errors of commission and estimates of uncertainty. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2007</b> , 30, 649-662	6.5	20
42	Metabolic theory and diversity gradients: where do we go from here?. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2007</b> , 88, 1898-902	4.6	36
41	A global evaluation of metabolic theory as an explanation for terrestrial species richness gradients. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2007</b> , 88, 1877-88	4.6	109
40	The geographic distribution of mammal body size in Europe. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2006</b> , 15, 173-181	6.1	83
39	Mapping macroecology. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2006, 15, 433-437	6.1	24
38	Beyond Rapoport's rule: evaluating range size patterns of New World birds in a two-dimensional framework. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2006</b> , 15, 461-469	6.1	78
37	Broad-scale patterns of body size in squamate reptiles of Europe and North America. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2006</b> , 33, 781-793	4.1	146
36	Post-Eocene climate change, niche conservatism, and the latitudinal diversity gradient of New World birds. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2006</b> , 33, 770-780	4.1	179
35	Mapping macroecology <b>2006</b> , 15, 433		2
34	Beyond Rapoport's rule: evaluating range size patterns of New World birds in a two-dimensional framework <b>2006</b> , 15, 461		1
33	Energy, water and large-scale patterns of reptile and amphibian species richness in Europe. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , <b>2005</b> , 28, 65-70	1.7	122
32	The mid-domain effect and diversity gradients: is there anything to learn?. <i>American Naturalist</i> , <b>2005</b> , 166, E140-3	3.7	74
31	Water links the historical and contemporary components of the Australian bird diversity gradient. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2005</b> , 32, 1035-1042	4.1	134
30	Predictions and tests of climate-based hypotheses of broad-scale variation in taxonomic richness. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2004</b> , 7, 1121-1134	10	838
29	Summer vegetation, deglaciation and the anomalous bird diversity gradient in eastern North America. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2004</b> , 13, 321-325	6.1	37
28	Macroecological explanations for differences in species richness gradients: a canonical analysis of South American birds. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2004</b> , 31, 1819-1827	4.1	29

27	Does plant richness influence animal richness?: the mammals of Catalonia (NE Spain). <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , <b>2004</b> , 10, 247-252	5	40
26	□ atitude □ nd geographic patterns in species richness. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2004</b> , 27, 268-272	6.5	167
25	Bergmann's rule and the mammal fauna of northern North America. <i>Ecography</i> , <b>2004</b> , 27, 715-724	6.5	151
24	Invited Views in Basic and Applied Ecology: Are we making progress toward understanding the global diversity gradient?. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , <b>2004</b> , 5, 1-3	3.2	24
23	A test of multiple hypotheses for the species richness gradient of South American owls. <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>2004</b> , 140, 633-8	2.9	27
22	Water Inergy balance and the geographic pattern of species richness of western Palearctic butterflies. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , <b>2003</b> , 28, 678-686	2.1	85
21	Food web complexity and higher-level ecosystem services. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2003</b> , 6, 587-593	10	73
20	Relative influences of current and historical factors on mammal and bird diversity patterns in deglaciated North America. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2003</b> , 12, 475-481	6.1	141
19	Spatial autocorrelation and red herrings in geographical ecology. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2003</b> , 12, 53-64	6.1	740
18	PRODUCTIVITY AND HISTORY AS PREDICTORS OF THE LATITUDINAL DIVERSITY GRADIENT OF TERRESTRIAL BIRDS. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2003</b> , 84, 1608-1623	4.6	349
17	ENERGY, WATER, AND BROAD-SCALE GEOGRAPHIC PATTERNS OF SPECIES RICHNESS. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>2003</b> , 84, 3105-3117	4.6	1566
16	Does herbivore diversity depend on plant diversity? The case of California butterflies. <i>American Naturalist</i> , <b>2003</b> , 161, 40-9	3.7	215
15	Basic biogeography. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , <b>2002</b> , 29, 1716-1716	4.1	
14	The mid-domain effect cannot explain the diversity gradient of Nearctic birds. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , <b>2002</b> , 11, 419-426	6.1	83
13	Parasitoids of grass-feeding chalcid wasps: a comparison of German and British communities. <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>2001</b> , 129, 445-451	2.9	12
12	Area and the latitudinal diversity gradient for terrestrial birds. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , <b>2001</b> , 4, 595-601	10	28
11	Ecology's oldest pattern?. <i>Endeavour</i> , <b>2001</b> , 25, 133-4	0.5	21
10	Top-down and bottom-up forcesin the population and community ecology of insects. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , <b>2001</b> , 2, 293-294	3.2	4

### LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

9	More haste, less science?. <i>Nature</i> , <b>1999</b> , 400, 498	50.4	4	
8	EFFECTS OF SAMPLING EFFORT ON CHARACTERIZATION OF FOOD-WEB STRUCTURE. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>1999</b> , 80, 1044-1055	4.6	170	
7	Patterns of diversity for aphidiine (Hymenoptera: Braconidae) parasitoid assemblages on aphids (Homoptera). <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>1998</b> , 116, 234-242	2.9	13	
6	Critical appraisals allow the analytical review of existing knowledge on current topics of significance in ecological entomology. They should assess the worth or quality of the work in the field and suggest areas for investigation <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , <b>1998</b> , 23, 340-349	2.1	52	
5	PREDATORS, PARASITOIDS, AND PATHOGENS AS MORTALITY AGENTS IN PHYTOPHAGOUS INSECT POPULATIONS. <i>Ecology</i> , <b>1997</b> , 78, 2145-2152	4.6	230	
4	The colonization of native phytophagous insects in North America by exotic parasitoids. <i>Oecologia</i> , <b>1997</b> , 112, 566-571	2.9	89	
3	The usefulness of destructive host feeding parasitoids in classical biological control: theory and observation conflict. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , <b>1996</b> , 21, 41-46	2.1	67	
2	Latitudinal body-size gradients for the bees of the eastern United States. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , <b>1995</b> , 20, 195-198	2.1	41	
1	Accumulation of native parasitoid species on introduced herbivores: a comparison of hosts as natives and hosts as invaders. <i>American Naturalist</i> , <b>1993</b> , 141, 847-65	3.7	189	