# Marcela F Lopes

List of Publications by Year
in descending order



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|---|---|---|---|
| 44 papers | 2,056 citations | 304368 22 h-index | 276539 41 g-index |
| 45 all docs | 45 docs citations | 45 times ranked | 2246 citing authors |

| # | Article | IF | Citations |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | From denial to hope: Brazil deals with a prolonged COVID-19 epidemic course. Nature Immunology, 2021, 22, 256-257. | 7.0 | 10 |
| 2 | New Therapeutic Tools to Shape Monocyte Functional Phenotypes in Leishmaniasis. Frontiers in Immunology, 2021, 12, 704429. | 2.2 | 4 |
| 3 | RANK Ligand Helps Immunity to Leishmania major by Skewing M2-Like Into M1 Macrophages. Frontiers in Immunology, 2020, 11, 886. | 2.2 | 9 |
| 4 | Trypanosoma cruzi Infection Induces Cellular Stress Response and Senescence-Like Phenotype in Murine Fibroblasts. Frontiers in Immunology, 2018, 9, 1569. | 2.2 | 17 |
| 5 | Antibody Repertoires Identify Î²-Tubulin as a Host Protective Parasite Antigen in Mice Infected With Trypanosoma cruzi. Frontiers in Immunology, 2018, 9, 671. | 2.2 | 10 |
| 6 | LFA-1 Mediates Cytotoxicity and Tissue Migration of Specific CD8+ T Cells after Heterologous Prime-Boost Vaccination against Trypanosoma cruzi Infection. Frontiers in Immunology, 2017, 8, 1291. | 2.2 | 22 |
| 7 | All-Trans Retinoic Acid Promotes an M1- to M2-Phenotype Shift and Inhibits Macrophage-Mediated Immunity to Leishmania major. Frontiers in Immunology, 2017, 8, 1560. | 2.2 | 61 |
| 8 | Apoptotic CD8 T-lymphocytes disable macrophage-mediated immunity to Trypanosoma cruzi infection. Cell Death and Disease, 2016, 7, e2232-e2232. | 2.7 | 20 |
| 9 | Epigenetic Control of Macrophage Shape Transition towards an Atypical Elongated Phenotype by Histone Deacetylase Activity. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0132984. | 1.1 | 38 |
| 10 | Infection with Leishmania major Induces a Cellular Stress Response in Macrophages. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e85715. | 1.1 | 39 |
| 11 | Innate Immunity toLeishmaniaInfection: Within Phagocytes. Mediators of Inflammation, 2014, 2014, 1-7. | 1.4 | 27 |
| 12 | Inhibition of caspase-8 activity promotes protective Th1- and Th2-mediated immunity to Leishmania major infection. Journal of Leukocyte Biology, 2014, 95, 347-355. | 1.5 | 12 |
| 13 | Pathogen-Induced Proapoptotic Phenotype and High CD95 (Fas) Expression Accompany a Suboptimal CD8+ T-Cell Response: Reversal by Adenoviral Vaccine. PLoS Pathogens, 2012, 8, e1002699. | 2.1 | 57 |
| 14 | Immunity to Protozoan Parasites. Journal of Parasitology Research, 2012, 2012, 1-3. | 0.5 | 8 |
| 15 | Myeloid-derived suppressor cells help protective immunity toLeishmania majorinfection despite suppressed T cell responses. Journal of Leukocyte Biology, 2011, 90, 1191-1197. | 1.5 | 53 |
| 16 | Apoptotic lymphocytes treated with IgG from Trypanosoma cruzi infection increase TNFâ€Î± secretion and reduce parasite replication in macrophages. European Journal of Immunology, 2010, 40, 417-425. | 1.6 | 8 |
| 17 | The importance of apoptosis for immune regulation in Chagas disease. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2009, 104, 259-262. | 0.8 | 19 |
| 18 | Targeting caspases in intracellular protozoan infections. Immunopharmacology and Immunotoxicology, 2009, 31, 159-173. | 1.1 | 15 |

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|---|---|---|---|
| 19 | Apoptosis differentially regulates mesenteric and subcutaneous lymph node immune responses to Trypanosoma cruzi. European Journal of Immunology, 2008, 38, 139-146. | 1.6 | 16 |
| 20 | Inhibition of caspase-8 activity reduces IFN-gamma expression by T cells from Leishmania major infection. Anais Da Academia Brasileira De Ciencias, 2008, 80, 129-136. | 0.3 | 6 |
| 21 | Neutrophils Activate Macrophages for Intracellular Killing of Leishmania major through Recruitment of TLR4 by Neutrophil Elastase. Journal of Immunology, 2007, 179, 3988-3994. | 0.4 | 128 |
| 22 | The Fas death pathway controls coordinated expansions of type 1 CD8 and type 2 CD4 T cells inTrypanosoma cruziinfection. Journal of Leukocyte Biology, 2007, 81, 942-951. | 1.5 | 37 |
| 23 | Cross-talk between apoptosis and cytokines in the regulation of parasitic infection. Cytokine and Growth Factor Reviews, 2007, 18, 97-105. | 3.2 | 18 |
| 24 | Decoding caspase signaling in host immunity to the protozoan Trypanosoma cruzi. Trends in Immunology, 2007, 28, 366-372. | 2.9 | 17 |
| 25 | Caspase inhibition reduces lymphocyte apoptosis and improves host immune responses toTrypanosoma cruzi infection. European Journal of Immunology, 2007, 37, 738-746. | 1.6 | 30 |
| 26 | The importance of aberrant T-cell responses in Chagas disease. Trends in Parasitology, 2005, 21, 237-243. | 1.5 | 52 |
| 27 | Caspase-8 Activity Prevents Type 2 Cytokine Responses and Is Required for Protective T Cell-Mediated Immunity against Trypanosoma cruzi Infection. Journal of Immunology, 2005, 174, 6314-6321. | 0.4 | 38 |
| 28 | Macrophage Interactions with Neutrophils RegulateLeishmania majorInfection. Journal of Immunology, 2004, 172, 4454-4462. | 0.4 | 200 |
| 29 | Viral FLIP Impairs Survival of Activated T Cells and Generation of CD8+ T Cell Memory. Journal of Immunology, 2004, 172, 6313-6323. | 0.4 | 45 |
| 30 | Ectopic T cell receptor expression causes B cell immunodeficiency in transgenic mice. European Journal of Immunology, 2004, 34, 890-898. | 1.6 | 4 |
| 31 | Production and Characterization of a T Cell Receptor Transgenic Mouse Recognizing the Immunodominant Epitope of theTorpedo californicaAcetylcholine Receptor. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2003, 998, 379-383. | 1.8 | 0 |
| 32 | Costimulation of Host T Lymphocytes by a Trypanosomaltrans-Sialidase: Involvement of CD43 Signaling. Journal of Immunology, 2002, 168, 5192-5198. | 0.4 | 64 |
| 33 | Apoptosis Underlies Immunopathogenic Mechanisms in Acute Silicosis. American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology, 2002, 27, 78-84. | 1.4 | 64 |
| 34 | T cell receptor transgenic mice recognizing the immunodominant epitope of the Torpedo californica acetylcholine receptor. European Journal of Immunology, 2002, 32, 2055. | 1.6 | 4 |
| 35 | Intracellular protozoan parasites and apoptosis: diverse strategies to modulate parasiteâ€“host interactions. Trends in Parasitology, 2001, 17, 480-486. | 1.5 | 155 |
| 36 | FAS Ligand Triggers Pulmonary Silicosis. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2001, 194, 155-164. | 4.2 | 106 |

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|---|---|---|---|
| 37 | The macrophage haunted by cell ghosts: a pathogen grows. Trends in Immunology, 2000, 21, 489-494. | 7.5 | 50 |
| 38 | Uptake of apoptotic cells drives the growth of a pathogenic trypanosome in macrophages. Nature, 2000, 403, 199-203. | 13.7 | 426 |
| 39 | Experimental Chagas disease: phagocytosis of apoptotic lymphocytes deactivates macrophages and fuels parasite growth. , 2000, 5, 221-224. | | 9 |
| 40 | Increased susceptibility of Fas ligand-deficientgld mice toTrypanosoma cruzi infection due to a Th2-biased host immune response. European Journal of Immunology, 1999, 29, 81-89. | 1.6 | 66 |
| 41 | Increased susceptibility of Fas ligand-deficient gld mice to Trypanosoma cruzi infection due to a Th2-biased host immune response. , 1999, 29, 81. | | 2 |
| 42 | Programmed T-cell death in experimental chagas disease. Parasitology Today, 1995, 11, 391-394. | 3.1 | 40 |
| 43 | Trypanosoma cruzi: Both Chemically Induced and Triatomine-Derived Metacyclic Trypomastigotes Cause the Same Immunological Disturbances in the Infected Mammalian Host. Experimental Parasitology, 1995, 80, 194-204. | 0.5 | 29 |
| 44 | Trypanosoma cruzi-induced immunosuppression: blockade of costimulatory T-cell responses in infected hosts due to defective T-cell receptor-CD3 functioning. Infection and Immunity, 1994, 62, 1484-1488. | 1.0 | 21 |