Alexandra Burton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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623574 642610 45 822 14 23 citations g-index h-index papers 65 65 65 893 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the mental health and well-being of adults with mental health conditions in the UK: a qualitative interview study. Journal of Mental Health, 2023, 32, 1040-1047.	1.0	43
2	Understanding Barriers and Facilitators to Compliance with UK Social Distancing Guidelines During the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Qualitative Interview Study. Behaviour Change, 2023, 40, 30-50.	0.6	11
3	Understanding changes to perceived socioeconomic and psychosocial adversities during COVID-19 for UK freelance cultural workers. Cultural Trends, 2023, 32, 449-473.	1.8	8
4	Exploring how, why and in what contexts older adults are at risk of financial cybercrime victimisation: A realist review. Experimental Gerontology, 2022, 159, 111678.	1.2	9
5	†You're just there, alone in your room with your thoughts': a qualitative study about the psychosocial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic among young people living in the UK. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e053676.	0.8	57
6	How does the delivery of paid home care compare to the care plan for clients living with dementia?. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2022, 30, .	0.7	4
7	Community and cultural engagement for people with lived experience of mental health conditions: what are the barriers and enablers?. BMC Psychology, 2022, 10, 71.	0.9	7
8	Factors shaping the mental health and well-being of people experiencing persistent COVID-19 symptoms or â€`long COVID': qualitative study. BJPsych Open, 2022, 8, e72.	0.3	32
9	Co-designing complex interventions with people living with dementia and their supporters. Dementia, 2022, 21, 426-441.	1.0	10
10	A qualitative study exploring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on People Who Inject Drugs (PWID) and drug service provision in the UK: PWID and service provider perspectives. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2022, 106, 103752.	1.6	12
11	A mixed-methods feasibility study of a goal-focused manualised intervention to support people with dementia to stay living independently at home with support from family carers: NIDUS (New) Tj ETQq $1\ 1\ 0.7843$	141rgBT/C	Ovarlock 10 Tf
12	Supporting self-care of long-term conditions in people with dementia: A systematic review. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2021, 116, 103432.	2.5	7
13	Psychosocial impact on frontline health and social care professionals in the UK during the COVID-19 pandemic: a qualitative interview study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e047353.	0.8	103
14	Supporting independence at home for people living with dementia: a qualitative ethnographic study of homecare. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2021, 56, 2323-2336.	1.6	10
15	†You can't just put somebody in a situation with no armour'. An ethnographic exploration of the training and support needs of homecare workers caring for people living with dementia. Dementia, 2021, 20, 2982-3005.	1.0	14
16	Scaling-up Health-Arts Programmes: the largest study in the world bringing arts-based mental health interventions into a national health service. BJPsych Bulletin, 2021, 45, 32-39.	0.7	18
17	â€~Stressed, uncomfortable, vulnerable, neglected': a qualitative study of the psychological and social impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on UK frontline keyworkers. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e050945.	0.8	29
18	Clinical and cost-effectiveness of a New psychosocial intervention to support Independence in Dementia (NIDUS-family) for family carers and people living with dementia in their own homes: a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2021, 22, 865.	0.7	11

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19	Socioeconomic and Psychosocial Adversities Experienced by Freelancers Working in the UK Cultural Sector During the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Qualitative Study. Frontiers in Psychology, 2021, 12, 672694.	1.1	9
20	Protecting the mental health of groups needing NHS care this winter. BMJ, The, 2021, 375, n3063.	3.0	0
21	Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the mental health and wellbeing of parents with young children: a qualitative interview study. BMC Psychology, 2021, 9, 194.	0.9	41
22	"In the Bengali Vocabulary, There Is No Such Word as Care Home―Caring Experiences of UK Bangladeshi and Indian Family Carers of People Living With Dementia at Home. Gerontologist, The, 2020, 60, 331-339.	2.3	22
23	"l just keep thinking that I don't want to rely on people.―a qualitative study of how people living with dementia achieve and maintain independence at home: stakeholder perspectives. BMC Geriatrics, 2020, 20, 5.	1.1	36
24	APPLEâ€Tree (Active Prevention in People at risk of dementia: Lifestyle, bEhaviour change and Technology) Tj ETC Psychiatry, 2020, 35, 811-819.	Qq0 0 0 rş 1.3	gBT /Overlock 13
25	Exploring how people with dementia can be best supported to manage long-term conditions: a qualitative study of stakeholder perspectives. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e041873.	0.8	4
26	Severe mental illness diagnosis in English general hospitals 2006-2017: A registry linkage study. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003306.	3.9	8
27	A qualitative study exploring the barriers and facilitators of implementing a cardiovascular disease risk reducing intervention for people with severe mental illness into primary care contexts across England: the †PRIMROSE' trial. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 753.	0.9	18
28	Is there an association between perceived social support and cardiovascular health behaviours in people with severe mental illnesses?. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 1659-1669.	1.6	3
29	" <i>Falling through the cracks</i> ― Stakeholders' views around the concept and diagnosis of mild cognitive impairment and their understanding of dementia prevention. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2020, 35, 1349-1357.	1.3	12
30	Exploring how health behaviours are supported and changed in people with severe mental illness: A qualitative study of a cardiovascular risk reducing intervention in Primary Care in England. British Journal of Health Psychology, 2020, 25, 428-451.	1.9	5
31	Severe mental illness diagnosis in English general hospitals 2006-2017: A registry linkage study. , 2020, 17, e1003306.		0
32	Severe mental illness diagnosis in English general hospitals 2006-2017: A registry linkage study. , 2020, 17, e1003306.		0
33	Severe mental illness diagnosis in English general hospitals 2006-2017: A registry linkage study. , 2020, 17, e1003306.		0
34	Severe mental illness diagnosis in English general hospitals 2006-2017: A registry linkage study. , 2020, 17, e1003306.		0
35	Severe mental illness diagnosis in English general hospitals 2006-2017: A registry linkage study. , 2020, 17, e1003306.		0
36	A systematic review of observational studies of adult home care. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2019, 27, 1388-1400.	0.7	13

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37	F3â€04â€01: BARRIERS AND FACILITATORS FOR RETAINING INDEPENDENCE AT HOME FROM A UK MULTIâ€STAKEHOLDER PERSPECTIVE. Alzheimer's and Dementia, 2019, 15, P868.	0.4	O
38	Planning and enabling meaningful patient and public involvement in dementia research. Current Opinion in Psychiatry, 2019, 32, 557-562.	3.1	28
39	Primary care management of cardiovascular risk for people with severe mental illnesses: the Primrose research programme including cluster RCT. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2019, 7, 1-98.	0.4	6
40	Clinical and cost-effectiveness of an intervention for reducing cholesterol and cardiovascular risk for people with severe mental illness in English primary care: a cluster randomised controlled trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2018, 5, 145-154.	3.7	66
41	Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a cardiovascular risk prediction algorithm for people with severe mental illness (PRIMROSE). BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e018181.	0.8	13
42	Barriers, facilitators, and effective interventions for lowering cardiovascular disease risk in people with severe mental illnesses: evidence from a systematic review and focus group study. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, S30.	6.3	1
43	Evaluating the clinical and cost effectiveness of a behaviour change intervention for lowering cardiovascular disease risk for people with severe mental illnesses in primary care (PRIMROSE study): study protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2016, 17, 80.	0.7	17
44	Lowering Cardiovascular Disease Risk for People with Severe Mental Illnesses in Primary Care: A Focus Group Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0136603.	1.1	22
45	What are the active ingredients of â€~arts in health' activities? Development of the INgredients iN ArTs in hEalth (INNATE) Framework. Wellcome Open Research, 0, 7, 10.	0.9	18