## Nuntawoot Jongrungklang

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4507719/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

1307594 1372567 10 115 10 7 citations h-index g-index papers 10 10 10 119 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Rooting and Physiological Trait Responses to Early Drought Stress of Sugarcane Cultivars. Sugar Tech, 2018, 20, 396-406.	1.8	24
2	Association of Physiological Responses and Root Distribution Patterns of Ratooning Ability and Yield of the Second Ratoon Cane in Sugarcane Elite Clones. Agronomy, 2019, 9, 200.	3.0	16
3	Impact of Arbuscular Mycorrhizal Fungi on Growth and Productivity of Sugarcane Under Field Conditions. Sugar Tech, 2020, 22, 451-459.	1.8	16
4	Root distribution patterns of peanut genotypes with different drought resistance levels under earlyâ€season drought stress. Journal of Agronomy and Crop Science, 2018, 204, 111-122.	3.5	13
5	Responses of Total Biomass, Shoot Dry Weight, Yield and Yield Components of Jerusalem Artichoke (Helianthus tuberosus L.) Varieties under Different Terminal Drought Duration. Agriculture (Switzerland), 2020, 10, 198.	3.1	13
6	Rainfall variability and its effects on growing period and grain yield for rainfed lowland rice under transplanting system in Northeast Thailand. Plant Production Science, 2020, 23, 48-59.	2.0	12
7	Efficacy of Post-Emergence Herbicides against Important Weeds of Sugarcane in North-East Thailand. Agronomy, 2021, 11, 429.	3.0	8
8	Improved Physiological Performances of Sugarcane During Maturation and Ripening Phase by Inoculation of Arbuscular Mycorrhizal Fungi. Sugar Tech, 2021, 23, 336-342.	1.8	6
9	Changes in root xylem anatomy of peanut genotypes with different drought resistance levels under earlyâ€season drought. Journal of Agronomy and Crop Science, 2021, 207, 803-813.	3.5	4
10	Variations in Root Distribution Patterns and Cane Yield of 16 Elite Sugarcane Clones Grown Under Varied Soil Conditions. Sugar Tech, 2020, 22, 1018-1031.	1.8	3