

# V Bhargavi Rao

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4505214/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

12  
papers

785  
citations

1307366

7  
h-index

1199470

12  
g-index

14  
all docs

14  
docs citations

14  
times ranked

968  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The potential public health consequences of COVID-19 on malaria in Africa. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2020, 26, 1411-1416.	15.2	128
2	Prioritising pathogens for the management of severe febrile patients to improve clinical care in low- and middle-income countries. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 20, 117.	1.3	4
3	Quantifying the incidence of severe-febrile-illness hospital admissions in sub-Saharan Africa. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0220371.	1.1	11
4	A systematic review of the epidemiology of human monkeypox outbreaks and implications for outbreak strategy. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007791.	1.3	413
5	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine use during humanitarian crises. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2019, 37, 6787-6792.	1.7	12
6	Malaria in pregnancy: a call for a safe, efficient, and patient-centred approach to first-trimester treatment. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e607-e608.	2.9	3
7	Seasonal upsurge of pneumococcal meningitis in the Central African Republic. <i>Wellcome Open Research</i> , 2018, 3, 134.	0.9	2
8	Hepatitis C seroprevalence and HIV co-infection in sub-Saharan Africa: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , The, 2015, 15, 819-824.	4.6	107
9	Overcoming health systems barriers to successful malaria treatment. <i>Trends in Parasitology</i> , 2013, 29, 164-180.	1.5	58
10	The Potential Impact of Improving Appropriate Treatment for Fever on Malaria and Non-Malarial Febrile Illness Management in Under-5s: A Decision-Tree Modelling Approach. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e69654.	1.1	17
11	Zinc Cream and Reliability of Tuberculosis Skin Testing. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2007, 13, 1101-1104.	2.0	29
12	The Use of AZT to Reduce the Risk of Vertical Transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus. <i>McGill Journal of Medicine</i> , 1998, 4, .	0.1	1