## Gal Yadid

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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96 papers

4,556 citations

94433 37 h-index 65 g-index

97 all docs 97
docs citations

97 times ranked 5054 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Placenta-Derived Mesenchymal-like Adherent Stromal Cells as an Effective Cell Therapy for Cocaine Addiction in a Rat Model. Pharmaceutics, 2022, 14, 1311.	4.5	1
2	Chronic opipramol treatment extinguishes cocaine craving through Rac1 in responders: A rat model study. Addiction Biology, 2021, 26, e13014.	2.6	4
3	RNA editing of the 5-HT2C receptor in the central nucleus of the amygdala is involved in resilience behavior. Translational Psychiatry, 2021, 11, 137.	4.8	6
4	Discovering the Lost Reward: Critical Locations for Endocannabinoid Modulation of the Cortico‰Striatal Loop That Are Implicated in Major Depression. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 1867.	4.1	5
5	Modulation of PARP-1 Activity in a Broad Time Window Attenuates Memorizing Fear. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 6170.	4.1	4
6	Reduction of DNMT3a and RORA in the nucleus accumbens plays a causal role in post-traumatic stress disorder-like behavior: reversal by combinatorial epigenetic therapy. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 7481-7497.	7.9	6
7	Novel Opipramol-Baclofen Combination Alleviates Depression and Craving and Facilitates Recovery From Substance Use Disorder—An Animal Model and a Human Study. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2021, 15, 788708.	2.0	4
8	Who becomes addicted and to what? psychosocial predictors of substance and behavioral addictive disorders. Psychiatry Research, 2020, 291, 113221.	3.3	13
9	Sex differences in testosterone reactivity and sensitivity in a non-model gerbil. General and Comparative Endocrinology, 2020, 291, 113418.	1.8	4
10	Negative and positive life events and their relation to substance and behavioral addictions. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 204, 107562.	3.2	15
11	Qualitative review and quantitative effect size meta-analyses in brain regions identified by cue-reactivity addiction studies Neuropsychology, 2019, 33, 319-334.	1.3	66
12	Personality profiles of substance and behavioral addictions. Addictive Behaviors, 2018, 82, 174-181.	3.0	109
13	Social rank-associated stress vulnerability predisposes individuals to cocaine attraction. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 1759.	3.3	26
14	A DNA Methylation Signature of Addiction in T Cells and Its Reversal With DHEA Intervention. Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience, $2018,11,322.$	2.9	14
15	Evidence for a differential visual M300 brain response in gamblers. Clinical Neurophysiology, 2018, 129, 2228-2238.	1.5	5
16	Dehydroepiandrosterone and Addiction. Vitamins and Hormones, 2018, 108, 385-412.	1.7	1
17	Trait and state binge eating predispose towards cocaine craving. Addiction Biology, 2017, 22, 163-171.	2.6	8
18	<i>In Vivo</i> Neuroimaging of Exosomes Using Gold Nanoparticles. ACS Nano, 2017, 11, 10883-10893.	14.6	290

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19	Parental Post-traumatic Stress Disorder Symptoms Are Related to Successful Aging in Offspring of Holocaust Survivors. Frontiers in Psychology, 2017, 8, 1099.	2.1	13
20	Therapeutic Effect of Astroglia-like Mesenchymal Stem Cells Expressing Glutamate Transporter in a Genetic Rat Model of Depression. Theranostics, 2017, 7, 2690-2703.	10.0	45
21	Effect of dehydroepiandrosterone add-on therapy on mood, decision making and subsequent relapse of polydrug users. Addiction Biology, 2016, 21, 885-894.	2.6	20
22	Electrical stimulation of the vmPFC serves as a remote control to affect VTA activity and improve depressive-like behavior. Experimental Neurology, 2016, 283, 255-263.	4.1	21
23	Dehydroepiandrosterone Attenuates Cocaineâ€ <b>s</b> eeking Behaviour Independently of Corticosterone Fluctuations. Journal of Neuroendocrinology, 2015, 27, 819-826.	2.6	3
24	Role of DNA Methylation in the Nucleus Accumbens in Incubation of Cocaine Craving. Journal of Neuroscience, 2015, 35, 8042-8058.	3.6	137
25	Programmed deep brain stimulation synchronizes VTA gamma band field potential and alleviates depressive-like behavior in rats. Neuropharmacology, 2015, 91, 135-141.	4.1	31
26	Blood BDNF Level Is Gender Specific in Severe Depression. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0127643.	2.5	73
27	Nanoparticle-Based CT Imaging Technique for Longitudinal and Quantitative Stem Cell Tracking within the Brain: Application in Neuropsychiatric Disorders. ACS Nano, 2014, 8, 9274-9285.	14.6	91
28	Neurodegeneration of lateral habenula efferent fibers after intermittent cocaine administration: Implications for deep brain stimulation. Neuropharmacology, 2013, 75, 246-254.	4.1	34
29	$\hat{l}^2$ -Endorphin via the Delta Opioid Receptor is a Major Factor in the Incubation of Cocaine Craving. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2013, 38, 2508-2514.	5.4	28
30	Overexpression of Corticotropin-Releasing Factor Receptor Type 2 in the Bed Nucleus of Stria Terminalis Improves Posttraumatic Stress Disorder-like Symptoms in a Model of Incubation of Fear. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 74, 827-836.	1.3	44
31	Differential responses to distinct psychotropic agents of selectively bred dominant and submissive animals. Behavioural Brain Research, 2013, 236, 225-235.	2.2	41
32	Lateral habenula deep brain stimulation for personalized treatment of drug addiction. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2013, 7, 806.	2.0	26
33	Incensole acetate reduces depressive-like behavior and modulates hippocampal BDNF and CRF expression of submissive animals. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2012, 26, 1584-1593.	4.0	44
34	Abnormality of VTA local field potential in an animal model of depression was restored by patterned DBS treatment. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2012, 22, 64-71.	0.7	19
35	Neutralization of endogenous digitalis-like compounds alters catecholamines metabolism in the brain and elicits anti-depressive behavior. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2012, 22, 72-79.	0.7	23
36	Modulation of Mood States as a Major Factor in Relapse to Substance Use. Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience, 2012, 5, 81.	2.9	9

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37	Cue-induced reinstatement of cocaine seeking in the rat "conflict modelâ€. Effect of prolonged home-cage confinement. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 219, 875-883.	3.1	27
38	Electrical stimulation of the lateral habenula produces an inhibitory effect on sucrose self-administration. Neuropharmacology, 2011, 60, 381-387.	4.1	92
39	High cocaine dosage decreases neurogenesis in the hippocampus and impairs working memory. Addiction Biology, 2011, 16, 251-260.	2.6	72
40	Monitoring of Circadian Rhythms of Heart Rate, Locomotor Activity, and Temperature for Diagnosis and Evaluation of Response to Treatment in an Animal Model of Depression. Journal of Molecular Neuroscience, 2011, 43, 303-308.	2.3	7
41	The Role of the PACAP Signaling System in Depression. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2011, 17, 990-1001.	1.9	30
42	Differential expression of PACAP receptors in postnatal rat brain. Neuropeptides, 2010, 44, 509-514.	2.2	25
43	Selective breeding for dominant and submissive behavior in Sabra mice. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2010, 126, 214-222.	4.1	47
44	The role of dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) in drug-seeking behavior. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2010, 35, 303-314.	6.1	32
45	Electrical stimulation of the lateral habenula produces enduring inhibitory effect on cocaine seeking behavior. Neuropharmacology, 2010, 59, 452-459.	4.1	125
46	Programmed Acute Electrical Stimulation of Ventral Tegmental Area Alleviates Depressive-Like Behavior. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 1057-1066.	5.4	78
47	DHEA Lessens Depressive-Like Behavior via GABA-ergic Modulation of the Mesolimbic System. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 577-584.	5.4	58
48	Early Prediction of the Effectiveness of Antidepressants: Inputs from an Animal Model. Journal of Molecular Neuroscience, 2009, 39, 256-261.	2.3	3
49	Antidepressant treatment facilitates dopamine release and drug seeking behavior in a genetic animal model of depression. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 30, 485-492.	2.6	24
50	The β-Endorphin Role in Stress-Related Psychiatric Disorders. Current Drug Targets, 2009, 10, 1096-1108.	2.1	50
51	The reward system and maternal behavior in an animal model of depression: a microdialysis study. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 196, 281-291.	3.1	39
52	VTA Dopamine Neuron Bursting is Altered in an Animal Model of Depression and Corrected by Desipramine. Journal of Molecular Neuroscience, 2008, 34, 201-209.	2.3	57
53	Dynamics of the dopaminergic system as a key component to the understanding of depression. Progress in Brain Research, 2008, 172, 265-286.	1.4	125
54	The effect of DHEA complementary treatment on heroin addicts participating in a rehabilitation program: A preliminary study. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 18, 406-413.	0.7	9

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55	Multifunctional tellurium molecule protects and restores dopaminergic neurons in Parkinson's disease models. FASEB Journal, 2007, 21, 1870-1883.	0.5	66
56	Decoding of dopaminergic mesolimbic activity and depressive behavior. Journal of Molecular Neuroscience, 2007, 32, 72-79.	2.3	34
57	Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) attenuates cocaine-seeking behavior in the self-administration model in rats. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2006, 16, 329-339.	0.7	36
58	Two Different Putative Genetic Animal Models of Childhood Depression. Biological Psychiatry, 2006, 59, 17-23.	1.3	75
59	Modulation of Dopamine Transmission by 5HT2C and 5HT3 Receptors: A Role in the Antidepressant Response. Current Drug Targets, 2006, 7, 165-175.	2.1	69
60	Dopamine-2 receptors in the arcuate nucleus modulate cocaine-seeking behavior. NeuroReport, 2006, 17, 1633-1636.	1.2	22
61	Dopamine-1 Receptor Agonist, but not Cocaine, Modulates $ f  \le 1 < $ sub> $ f  \le 1 < $ sub> Gene Expression in SVG Cells. Journal of Molecular Neuroscience, 2006, 29, 169-176.	2.3	4
62	DHEA, a Neurosteroid, Decreases Cocaine Self-Administration and Reinstatement of Cocaine-Seeking Behavior in Rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2006, 31, 2231-2236.	5.4	43
63	Variability of the mesolimbic neuronal activity in a rat model of depression. NeuroReport, 2005, 16, 513-516.	1.2	21
64	The Flinders Sensitive Line rat: A selectively bred putative animal model of depression. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2005, 29, 739-759.	6.1	354
65	Understanding Through Animal Models. CNS Spectrums, 2005, 10, 181-181.	1.2	1
66	Increased arachidonic acid concentration in the brain of Flinders Sensitive Line rats, an animal model of depression. Journal of Lipid Research, 2005, 46, 1093-1096.	4.2	30
67	The involvement of dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) and its sulfate ester (DHEAS) in blocking the therapeutic effect of electroconvulsive shocks in an animal model of depression. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2005, 15, 253-262.	0.7	31
68	Immobility in the swim test and observations of maternal behavior in lactating flinders sensitive line rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2005, 161, 155-163.	2.2	27
69	Abnormal patterns of maternal behavior in a genetic animal model of depression. Physiology and Behavior, 2005, 84, 607-615.	2.1	48
70	Hyperfunctionality of serotonin-2C receptor-mediated inhibition of accumbal dopamine release in an animal model of depression is reversed by antidepressant treatment. Neuropharmacology, 2005, 48, 34-42.	4.1	102
71	The serotonin–dopamine interaction is critical for fast-onset action of antidepressant treatment: in vivo studies in an animal model of depression. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2004, 28, 141-147.	4.8	91
72	Dimensional complexity of the neuronal activity in a rat model of depression. NeuroReport, 2004, 15, 1983-1986.	1.2	10

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73	Decreased limbic vesicular monoamine transporter 2 in a genetic rat model of depression. Brain Research, 2003, 965, 174-179.	2.2	40
74	5-HT1A receptor subsensitivity in infancy and supersensitivity in adulthood in an animal model of depression. Brain Research, 2003, 980, 100-108.	2.2	44
75	Transplantation of glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor-expressing cells into the striatum and nucleus accumbens attenuates acquisition of cocaine self-administration in rats. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2003, 18, 2093-2098.	2.6	42
76	Comment on "preclinical models: status of basic research in depression― Biological Psychiatry, 2003, 53, 268-270.	1.3	0
77	Chronic inositol treatment reduces depression-like immobility of Flinders Sensitive Line rats in the forced swim test. Depression and Anxiety, 2002, 15, 148-151.	4.1	19
78	Serotonin-Mediated Increases in the Extracellular Levels of $\hat{l}^2$ -Endorphin in the Arcuate Nucleus and Nucleus Accumbens: A Microdialysis Study. Journal of Neurochemistry, 2002, 73, 2569-2574.	3.9	40
79	Association between depressive behavior and absence of serotonin-dopamine interaction in the nucleus accumbens. Psychopharmacology, 2001, 155, 434-439.	3.1	150
80	Dopamine increases glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor in human fetal astrocytes. Glia, 2001, 33, 143-150.	4.9	27
81	Limbic dopaminergic adaptation to a stressful stimulus in a rat model of depression. Brain Research, 2001, 896, 43-47.	2.2	120
82	Estimation of striatal dopamine spillover and metabolism in vivo. NeuroReport, 2000, 11, 3367-3373.	1.2	12
83	Screening for new antidepressants with fast onset and long-lasting action. Drug Development Research, 2000, 50, 392-399.	2.9	16
84	Alterations in Endogenous Brain $\hat{l}^2$ -Endorphin Release by Adrenal Medullary Transplants in the Spinal Cord. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2000, 23, 709-716.	5.4	17
85	Increased catecholamine levels in specific brain regions of a rat model of depression: normalization by chronic antidepressant treatment. Brain Research, 1999, 824, 243-250.	2.2	117
86	Neurochemical alterations in the cerebellum of a murine model of Niemann–Pick type C disease. Brain Research, 1998, 799, 250-256.	2.2	27
87	Heterogeneous neurochemical responses to different stressors: a test of Selye's doctrine of nonspecificity. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 1998, 275, R1247-R1255.	1.8	119
88	High Serotonin and 5â€Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid Levels in Limbic Brain Regions in a Rat Model of Depression; Normalization by Chronic Antidepressant Treatment. Journal of Neurochemistry, 1997, 69, 2477-2483.	3.9	156
89	In Vivo Expression of Inducible Nitric Oxide Synthase in Cerebellar Neurons. Journal of Neurochemistry, 1996, 66, 1504-1509.	3.9	79
90	Functional α3-glycine receptors in rat adrenal. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1995, 288, 399-401.	2.6	8

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91	Effects of Various Stressors on <i>In Vivo</i> Norepinephrine Release in the Hypothalamic Paraventricular Nucleus and on the Pituitaryâ€Adrenocortical Axis. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1995, 771, 115-130.	3.8	141
92	Inhibitory effect of strychnine on acetylcholine receptor activation in bovine adrenal medullary chromaffin cells. British Journal of Pharmacology, 1994, 113, 471-478.	5.4	14
93	Glycine stimulates striatal dopamine release in conscious rats. British Journal of Pharmacology, 1993, 110, 50-53.	5.4	37
94	Methylprednisolone Does Not Decrease Eicosanoid Concentrations or Edema in Brain Tissue or Improve Neurologic Outcome After Head Trauma in Rats. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1992, 75, 238???244.	2.2	25
95	Effects of the glycine prodrug milacemide (2â€Nâ€pentylaminoacetamide) on catecholamine secretion from isolated adrenal medulla chromaffin cells. British Journal of Pharmacology, 1991, 104, 760-764.	5.4	8
96	THROMBOXANE INHIBITION DOES NOT PREVENT BRAIN EDEMA AFTER HEAD TRAUMA. Critical Care Medicine, 1988, 16, 451.	0.9	0