## **Munir Ahmad**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		38660	74018
114	7,465	50	75
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
116	116	116	2222
116	116	116	2232
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Energy structure, digital economy, and carbon emissions: evidence from China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 64606-64629.	2.7	326
2	Does exports diversification and environmental innovation achieve carbon neutrality target of OECD economies?. Journal of Environmental Management, 2021, 291, 112648.	3.8	200
3	Ecological footprint, economic complexity and natural resources rents in Latin America: Empirical evidence using quantile regressions. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2021, 318, 128585.	4.6	191
4	Revealing stylized empirical interactions among construction sector, urbanization, energy consumption, economic growth and CO2 emissions in China. Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 657, 1085-1098.	3.9	184
5	The role of energy prices and non-linear fiscal decentralization in limiting carbon emissions: Tracking environmental sustainability. Energy, 2021, 234, 121243.	4.5	164
6	Solar Energy Development in Pakistan: Barriers and Policy Recommendations. Sustainability, 2019, 11, 1206.	1.6	160
7	Combined role of green productivity growth, economic globalization, and eco-innovation in achieving ecological sustainability for OECD economies. Journal of Environmental Management, 2022, 302, 113980.	3.8	154
8	Towards environmental Sustainability: Devolving the influence of carbon dioxide emission to population growth, climate change, Forestry, livestock and crops production in Pakistan. Ecological Indicators, 2021, 125, 107460.	2.6	152
9	Financial inclusion and the environmental deterioration in Eurozone: The moderating role of innovation activity. Technology in Society, 2022, 69, 101961.	4.8	148
10	Heterogeneity of pollution haven/halo hypothesis and Environmental Kuznets Curve hypothesis across development levels of Chinese provinces. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2021, 285, 124898.	4.6	146
11	The effect of carbon dioxide emission and the consumption of electrical energy, fossil fuel energy, and renewable energy, on economic performance: evidence from Pakistan. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2019, 26, 21760-21773.	2.7	143
12	Prioritizing and overcoming biomass energy barriers: Application of AHP and G-TOPSIS approaches. Technological Forecasting and Social Change, 2022, 177, 121524.	6.2	143
13	The increases and decreases of the environment Kuznets curve (EKC) for 8 OECD countries. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 28535-28543.	2.7	138
14	Analysis of the mechanism of the impact of internet development on green economic growth: evidence from 269 prefecture cities in China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2022, 29, 9990-10004.	2.7	135
15	Linking energy transitions, energy consumption, and environmental sustainability in OECD countries. Gondwana Research, 2022, 103, 445-457.	3.0	135
16	Role of trade openness, export diversification, and renewable electricity output in realizing carbon neutrality dream of China. Journal of Environmental Management, 2021, 297, 113419.	3.8	134
17	Assessing the energy dynamics of Pakistan: Prospects of biomass energy. Energy Reports, 2020, 6, 80-93.	2.5	127
18	Empirics on linkages among industrialization, urbanization, energy consumption, CO2 emissions and economic growth: a heterogeneous panel study of China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2018, 25, 30617-30632.	2.7	118

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19	Does economic prosperity lead to environmental sustainability in developing economies? Environmental Kuznets curve theory. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 22588-22601.	2.7	118
20	Asymmetric investigation to track the effect of urbanization, energy utilization, fossil fuel energy and CO2 emission on economic efficiency in China: another outlook. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 17319-17330.	2.7	111
21	Do economic development and human capital decrease non-renewable energy consumption? Evidence for OECD countries. Energy, 2021, 215, 119147.	4.5	110
22	Heterogeneous links among urban concentration, non-renewable energy use intensity, economic development, and environmental emissions across regional development levels. Science of the Total Environment, 2021, 765, 144527.	3.9	101
23	Perception-based influence factors of intention to adopt COVID-19 epidemic prevention in China. Environmental Research, 2020, 190, 109995.	3.7	100
24	An Evaluation of the Tourism-Induced Environmental Kuznets Curve (T-EKC) Hypothesis: Evidence from G7 Countries. Sustainability, 2020, 12, 9150.	1.6	97
25	The role of information and communication technologies in mitigating carbon emissions: evidence from panel quantile regression. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 21065-21084.	2.7	92
26	Convergence analysis of the ecological footprint: theory and empirical evidence from the USMCA countries. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 32648-32659.	2.7	91
27	Energy trilemma based prioritization of waste-to-energy technologies: Implications for post-COVID-19 green economic recovery in Pakistan. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2021, 284, 124729.	4.6	89
28	Consumers' intention-based influence factors of renewable power generation technology utilization: A structural equation modeling approach. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2019, 237, 117737.	4.6	87
29	Links among energy intensity, non-linear financial development, and environmental sustainability: New evidence from Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation countries. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2022, 330, 129747.	4.6	84
30	Empirics on influencing mechanisms among energy, finance, trade, environment, and economic growth: a heterogeneous dynamic panel data analysis of China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2019, 26, 14148-14170.	2.7	83
31	Stylized heterogeneous dynamic links among healthcare expenditures, land urbanization, and CO2 emissions across economic development levels. Science of the Total Environment, 2021, 753, 142228.	3.9	80
32	Critical factors influencing wind power industry: A diamond model based study of India. Energy Reports, 2019, 5, 1222-1235.	2.5	75
33	Perceived critical factors affecting consumers' intention to purchase renewable generation technologies: Rural-urban heterogeneity. Energy, 2021, 218, 119494.	4.5	75
34	Relating consumers' information and willingness to buy electric vehicles: Does personality matter?. Transportation Research, Part D: Transport and Environment, 2021, 100, 103049.	3.2	75
35	Do Economic Policy Uncertainty and Geopolitical Risk Lead to Environmental Degradation? Evidence from Emerging Economies. Sustainability, 2021, 13, 5866.	1.6	73
36	Assessing Public Willingness to Wear Face Masks during the COVID-19 Pandemic: Fresh Insights from the Theory of Planned Behavior. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 4577.	1.2	71

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37	Evaluating Green Technology Strategies for the Sustainable Development of Solar Power Projects: Evidence from Pakistan. Sustainability, 2021, 13, 12997.	1.6	71
38	Factors influencing renewable energy generation development: a way to environmental sustainability. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 51714-51732.	2.7	70
39	Do rural-urban migration and industrial agglomeration mitigate the environmental degradation across China's regional development levels?. Sustainable Production and Consumption, 2021, 27, 679-697.	5.7	69
40	Modeling consumers' information acquisition and 5G technology utilization: Is personality relevant?. Personality and Individual Differences, 2022, 188, 111450.	1.6	67
41	Does carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, and GHG emissions influence the agriculture? Evidence from China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 28768-28779.	2.7	66
42	Dynamic relationship among agriculture-energy-forestry and carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions: empirical evidence from China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 34078-34089.	2.7	63
43	On the indirect environmental outcomes of COVID-19: short-term revival with futuristic long-term implications. International Journal of Environmental Health Research, 2022, 32, 1271-1281.	1.3	63
44	Are the intensity of energy use, land agglomeration, CO <sub>2</sub> emissions, and economic progress dynamically interlinked across development levels?. Energy and Environment, 2021, 32, 690-721.	2.7	62
45	Reinvestigating the Environmental Kuznets Curve (EKC) hypothesis by a composite model constructed on the Armey curve hypothesis with government spending for the US States. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2022, 29, 16472-16483.	2.7	62
46	Analysis on barriers to biogas dissemination in Rwanda: AHP approach. Renewable Energy, 2021, 163, 1127-1137.	4.3	61
47	An asymmetrical analysis to explore the dynamic impacts of CO2 emission to renewable energy, expenditures, foreign direct investment, and trade in Pakistan. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 53520-53532.	2.7	61
48	A Techno-Economic Analysis of Off-Grid Solar PV System: A Case Study for Punjab Province in Pakistan. Processes, 2019, 7, 708.	1.3	59
49	Modeling Impact of Word of Mouth and E-Government on Online Social Presence during COVID-19 Outbreak: A Multi-Mediation Approach. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 2954.	1.2	59
50	The impact of export composition on environment and energy demand: evidence from newly industrialized countries. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 33599-33612.	2.7	59
51	Intention-Based Critical Factors Affecting Willingness to Adopt Novel Coronavirus Prevention in Pakistan: Implications for Future Pandemics. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 6167.	1.2	59
52	Analyzing Renewable Energy Sources of a Developing Country for Sustainable Development: An Integrated Fuzzy Based-Decision Methodology. Processes, 2020, 8, 825.	1.3	58
53	Dynamic interactive links among sustainable energy investment, air pollution, and sustainable development in regional China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 1502-1518.	2.7	58
54	Estimating the connection of information technology, foreign direct investment, trade, renewable energy and economic progress in Pakistan: evidence from ARDL approach and cointegrating regression analysis. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 50623-50635.	2.7	57

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55	Household-based critical influence factors of biogas generation technology utilization: A case of Punjab province of Pakistan. Renewable Energy, 2020, 154, 650-660.	4.3	56
56	Estimating dynamic interactive linkages among urban agglomeration, economic performance, carbon emissions, and health expenditures across developmental disparities. Sustainable Production and Consumption, 2021, 26, 239-255.	5.7	55
57	Do renewable energy sources improve clean environmental-economic growth? Empirical investigation from South Asian economies. Energy Exploration and Exploitation, 2021, 39, 1491-1514.	1.1	53
58	Another outlook to sector-level energy consumption in Pakistan from dominant energy sources and correlation with economic growth. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 33735-33750.	2.7	52
59	Assessment of public intention to get vaccination against <scp>COVID</scp> â€19: Evidence from a developing country. Journal of Evaluation in Clinical Practice, 2022, 28, 63-73.	0.9	51
60	Does energy-industry investment drive economic performance in regional China: Implications for sustainable development. Sustainable Production and Consumption, 2021, 27, 176-192.	5.7	50
61	Empirical investigation of urban land use efficiency and influencing factors of the Yellow River basin Chinese cities. Land Use Policy, 2022, 117, 106117.	2.5	50
62	Do inward foreign direct investment and economic development improve local environmental quality: aggregation bias puzzle. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 34676-34696.	2.7	49
63	Competitive assessment of Indian wind power industry: A five forces model. Journal of Renewable and Sustainable Energy, 2019, $11$ , .	0.8	47
64	Modeling heterogeneous dynamic interactions among energy investment, SO2 emissions and economic performance in regional China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 2730-2744.	2.7	47
65	How do climatic change, cereal crops and livestock production interact with carbon emissions? Updated evidence from China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 30702-30713.	2.7	47
66	Analyzing long-term empirical interactions between renewable energy generation, energy use, human capital, and economic performance in Pakistan. Energy, Sustainability and Society, 2019, 9, .	1.7	46
67	Assessing long- and short-run dynamic interplay among balance of trade, aggregate economic output, real exchange rate, and CO2 emissions in Pakistan. Environment, Development and Sustainability, 2022, 24, 7283-7323.	2.7	46
68	The nexus between misallocation of land resources and green technological innovation: a novel investigation of Chinese cities. Clean Technologies and Environmental Policy, 2021, 23, 2101-2115.	2.1	45
69	Factors influencing consumers' willingness to buy green energy technologies in a green perceived value framework. Energy Sources, Part B: Economics, Planning and Policy, 2021, 16, 669-685.	1.8	45
70	Natural resources, technological progress, and ecological efficiency: Does financial deepening matter for G-20 economies?. Resources Policy, 2022, 77, 102770.	4.2	45
71	Does Demographic Transition with Human Capital Dynamics Matter for Economic Growth? A Dynamic Panel Data Approach to GMM. Social Indicators Research, 2019, 142, 753-772.	1.4	44
72	Does democracy improve environmental quality of GCC region? Analysis robust to cross-section dependence and slope heterogeneity. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 62927-62942.	2.7	43

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73	Natural resources and environmental quality: Exploring the regional variations among Chinese provinces with a novel approach. Resources Policy, 2022, 77, 102745.	4.2	42
74	Revealing long- and short-run empirical interactions among foreign direct investment, renewable power generation, and CO2 emissions in China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2019, 26, 22220-22245.	2.7	41
75	Towards long-term sustainable environment: does agriculture and renewable energy consumption matter?. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 53141-53160.	2.7	39
76	Modeling Causal Interactions Between Energy Investment, Pollutant Emissions, and Economic Growth: China Study. Biophysical Economics and Sustainability, 2020, 5, 1.	0.7	37
77	The role of innovation investment and institutional quality on green total factor productivity: evidence from 46 countries along the "Belt and Road― Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2022, 29, 16597-16611.	2.7	37
78	Does temperature matter for COVID-19 transmissibility? Evidence across Pakistani provinces. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 59705-59719.	2.7	35
79	Impact of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) on daily routines and air environment: evidence from Turkey. Air Quality, Atmosphere and Health, 2021, 14, 381-387.	1.5	32
80	Progress in nuclear energy with carbon pricing to achieve environmental sustainability agenda: on the edge of one's seat. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 34328-34343.	2.7	32
81	Innovation decisions through firm life cycle: A new evidence from emerging markets. International Review of Economics and Finance, 2022, 78, 51-67.	2.2	31
82	Retesting the EKC hypothesis through transmission of the ARMEY curve model: an alternative composite model approach with theory and policy implications for NAFTA countries. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2022, 29, 46587-46599.	2.7	31
83	The criticality of international tourism and technological innovation for carbon neutrality across regional development levels. Technological Forecasting and Social Change, 2022, 182, 121848.	6.2	31
84	Causal linkages between energy investment and economic growth: a panel data modelling analysis of China. Energy Sources, Part B: Economics, Planning and Policy, 2018, 13, 363-374.	1.8	30
85	Solar energy technology adoption and diffusion by micro, small, and medium enterprises: sustainable energy for climate change mitigation. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2022, 29, 49385-49403.	2.7	30
86	Towards Sustainable Rice Production in Asia: The Role of Climatic Factors. Earth Systems and Environment, 2022, 6, 1-14.	3.0	29
87	Investigating the myth of smokeless industry: environmental sustainability in the ASEAN countries and the role of service sector and renewable energy. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 55344-55361.	2.7	29
88	The Nexus between Team Culture, Innovative Work Behaviour and Tacit Knowledge Sharing: Theory and Evidence. Sustainability, 2021, 13, 4333.	1.6	27
89	Dynamic causality among urban agglomeration, electricity consumption, construction industry, and economic performance: generalized method of moments approach. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 2374-2385.	2.7	26
90	Do Financial Development and Economic Openness Matter for Economic Progress in an Emerging Country? Seeking a Sustainable Development Path. Journal of Risk and Financial Management, 2021, 14, 237.	1.1	26

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91	Assessing the impacts of climate change on cereal production in Bangladesh: evidence from ARDL modeling approach. International Journal of Climate Change Strategies and Management, 2022, 14, 125-147.	1.5	26
92	Does air pollution affect clean production of sustainable environmental agenda through low carbon energy financing? evidence from ASEAN countries. Energy and Environment, 2022, 33, 472-486.	2.7	24
93	Combined role of industrialization and urbanization in determining carbon neutrality: empirical story of Pakistan. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2022, 29, 15551-15563.	2.7	23
94	Factors Affecting Electric Bike Adoption: Seeking an Energy-Efficient Solution for the Post-COVID Era. Frontiers in Energy Research, 2022, 9, .	1.2	23
95	Climate change and food security of South Asia: fresh evidence from a policy perspective using novel empirical analysis. Journal of Environmental Planning and Management, 2023, 66, 169-190.	2.4	23
96	Interventions for the Current COVID-19 Pandemic: Frontline Workers' Intention to Use Personal Protective Equipment. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 793642.	1.3	22
97	Household-based factors affecting uptake of biogas plants in Bangladesh: Implications for sustainable development. Renewable Energy, 2022, 194, 858-867.	4.3	22
98	Wind Energy Development in South Asia: Status, Potential and Policies., 2019,,.		21
99	Reconnoitering school children vulnerability and its determinants: Evidence from flood disaster-hit rural communities of Pakistan. International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction, 2022, 70, 102735.	1.8	20
100	Do economic openness and electricity consumption matter for environmental deterioration: silver bullet or a stake? Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2021, 28, 54069-54084.	2.7	19
101	Investigating the Influence of International Tourism in Pakistan and Its Linkage to Economic Growth: Evidence From ARDL Approach. SAGE Open, 2020, 10, 215824402093252.	0.8	18
102	Households' Perception and Environmentally Friendly Technology Adoption: Implications for Energy Efficiency. Frontiers in Energy Research, 2022, 10, .	1.2	18
103	Empirics on heterogeneous links among urbanization, the intensity of electric power consumption, water-based emissions, and economic progress in regional China. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 38937-38950.	2.7	17
104	Estimating interlinks of carbon emissions from transportation, industrialization, and solid/liquid fuels with economic progress: evidence from Pakistan. International Journal of Environmental Science and Technology, 2023, 20, 1981-1996.	1.8	17
105	Lessons learned from the COVID-19 pandemic in planning the future energy systems of developing countries using an integrated MCDM approach in the off-grid areas of Bangladesh. Renewable Energy, 2022, 189, 25-38.	4.3	14
106	Waste-to-Renewable Energy Transition: Biogas Generation for Sustainable Development. Frontiers in Environmental Science, 2022, 10, .	1.5	13
107	Revealing heterogeneous causal links among financial development, construction industry, energy use, and environmental quality across development levels. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2020, 27, 4976-4996.	2.7	12
108	Do Primary Energy Consumption and Economic Growth Drive Each Other in Pakistan? Implications for Energy Policy. Biophysical Economics and Sustainability, 2021, 6, 1.	0.7	8

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109	Structural Equation Modeling-Based Consumer's Intention to Utilize Renewable Energy Technologies: A Case of Pakistan. , 2019, , .		7
110	Dynamic Long-Run Connections among Renewable Energy Generation, Energy Consumption, Human Capital and Economic Performance in Pakistan., 2019,,.		7
111	Exploring the best hybrid energy system for the off-grid rural energy scheme in Bangladesh using a comprehensive decision framework. Energy Sources, Part A: Recovery, Utilization and Environmental Effects, 0, , 1-20.	1.2	7
112	Systematic analysis of factors affecting biogas technology acceptance: Insights from the diffusion of innovation. Sustainable Energy Technologies and Assessments, 2022, 52, 102122.	1.7	5
113	Integrating the Role of Green Fiscal Policies With Energy Prices Volatility and Energy Efficiency: Presenting a COVID-19 Perspective. Frontiers in Energy Research, 2022, 9, .	1.2	3
114	Dynamic Causal Linkages Among Urbanization, Energy Consumption, Pollutant Emissions and Economic Growth in China., 2021,, 90-105.		2