

# Bradley S Case

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4483437/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

46  
papers

1,840  
citations

361413

20  
h-index

276875

41  
g-index

52  
all docs

52  
docs citations

52  
times ranked

2963  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Modeling forest stand structure attributes using Landsat ETM+ data: Application to mapping of aboveground biomass and stand volume. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2006, 225, 378-390.	3.2	209
2	Bacteria as Emerging Indicators of Soil Condition. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2017, 83, .	3.1	202
3	The future of farming: The value of ecosystem services in conventional and organic arable land. An experimental approach. <i>Ecological Economics</i> , 2008, 64, 835-848.	5.7	192
4	Using soil bacterial communities to predict physico-chemical variables and soil quality. <i>Microbiome</i> , 2020, 8, 79.	11.1	137
5	Fine-scale spatial patterns in bacterial community composition and function within freshwater ponds. <i>ISME Journal</i> , 2014, 8, 1715-1726.	9.8	110
6	Increased stem density and competition may diminish the positive effects of warming at alpine treeline. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 1668-1679.	3.2	93
7	Experimental evidence that the effectiveness of conservation biological control depends on landscape complexity. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2015, 52, 1274-1282.	4.0	84
8	Agricultural intensification drives landscapeâ€œcontext effects on hostâ€œparasitoid interactions in agroecosystems. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2012, 49, 706-714.	4.0	77
9	The biogeography of stream bacteria. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2013, 22, 544-554.	5.8	67
10	A novel framework for disentangling the scaleâ€œdependent influences of abiotic factors on alpine treeline position. <i>Ecography</i> , 2014, 37, 838-851.	4.5	57
11	Assessing prediction errors of generalized tree biomass and volume equations for the boreal forest region of west-central Canada. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2008, 38, 878-889.	1.7	56
12	A global framework for linking alpineâ€œtreeline ecotone patterns to underlying processes. <i>Ecography</i> , 2021, 44, 265-292.	4.5	52
13	URban Biotopes of Aotearoa New Zealand (URBANZ) II: Floristics, biodiversity and conservation values of urban residential and public woodlands, Christchurch. <i>Urban Forestry and Urban Greening</i> , 2009, 8, 149-162.	5.3	49
14	Relating aspen defoliation to changes in leaf area derived from field and satellite remote sensing data. <i>Canadian Journal of Remote Sensing</i> , 2003, 29, 299-313.	2.4	36
15	Connecting through space and time: catchmentâ€œscale distributions of bacteria in soil, stream water and sediment. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2020, 22, 1000-1010.	3.8	31
16	Using satellite image data to estimate aboveground shelterbelt carbon stocks across an agricultural landscape. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2012, 156, 142-150.	5.3	28
17	Following Rapoport's Rule: the geographic range and genome size of bacterial taxa decline at warmer latitudes. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2017, 19, 3152-3162.	3.8	25
18	Frost controls spring phenology of juvenile Smith fir along elevational gradients on the southeastern Tibetan Plateau. <i>International Journal of Biometeorology</i> , 2019, 63, 963-972.	3.0	25

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	When a foundation crumbles: forecasting forest dynamics following the decline of the foundation species <i>Tsuga canadensis</i> . <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01893.	2.2	23
20	Interacting effects of management and environmental variability at multiple scales on invasive species distributions. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 1210-1218.	4.0	22
21	Species Diversity Associated with Foundation Species in Temperate and Tropical Forests. <i>Forests</i> , 2019, 10, 128.	2.1	21
22	Digital elevation modelling of soil type and drainage within small forested catchments. <i>Canadian Journal of Soil Science</i> , 2005, 85, 127-137.	1.2	19
23	Using codispersion analysis to characterize spatial patterns in species co-occurrences. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 32-39.	3.2	17
24	Trees on farms: Investigating and mapping woody re-vegetation potential in an intensely-farmed agricultural landscape. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2014, 183, 93-102.	5.3	15
25	Using codispersion analysis to quantify and understand spatial patterns in species-environment relationships. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 211, 735-749.	7.3	15
26	Fire facilitates warming-induced upward shifts of alpine treelines by altering interspecific interactions. <i>Trees - Structure and Function</i> , 2019, 33, 1051-1061.	1.9	15
27	The roles of non-production vegetation in agroecosystems: A research framework for filling process knowledge gaps in a social-ecological context. <i>People and Nature</i> , 2020, 2, 292-304.	3.7	14
28	The onset of xylogenesis is not related to distance from the crown in Smith fir trees from the southeastern Tibetan Plateau. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2016, 46, 885-889.	1.7	13
29	Measuring change in biological communities: multivariate analysis approaches for temporal datasets with low sample size. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2021, 9, e11096.	2.0	12
30	Local-scale topoclimate effects on treeline elevations: a country-wide investigation of New Zealand's southern beech treelines. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2015, 3, e1334.	2.0	12
31	Accounting for shifts in the frequency of suitable environments when testing for niche overlap. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 6, 59-66.	5.2	11
32	How many samples? Soil variability affects confidence in the use of common agroecosystem soil indicators. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019, 102, 401-409.	6.3	11
33	Large-scale tree planting initiatives as an opportunity to derive carbon and biodiversity co-benefits: a case study from Aotearoa New Zealand. <i>New Forests</i> , 2022, 53, 589-602.	1.7	11
34	Changes in the analysis of temporal community dynamics data: a 29-year literature review. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2021, 9, e11250.	2.0	10
35	Achieving win-win outcomes for pastoral farming and biodiversity conservation in New Zealand. <i>New Zealand Journal of Ecology</i> , 2020, 44, .	1.1	10
36	Restoring mature-phase forest tree species through enrichment planting in New Zealand's lowland landscapes. <i>New Zealand Journal of Ecology</i> , 2020, 44, .	1.1	8

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37	Interactions between landscape structure and bird mobility traits affect the connectivity of agroecosystem networks. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2021, 129, 107962.	6.3	7
38	Can ecosystem-scale translocations mitigate the impact of climate change on terrestrial biodiversity? Promises, pitfalls, and possibilities. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2016, 5, 146.	1.6	5
39	Patterns of range size in New Zealand ferns and lycophytes. , 2018, 42, .		5
40	Simulating topoclimatic data to support bioclimatic research in alpine environments: application and assessment of a mesoscale atmospheric model. <i>International Journal of Climatology</i> , 2016, 36, 885-899.	3.5	4
41	Sensitivity of Codispersion to Noise and Error in Ecological and Environmental Data. <i>Forests</i> , 2018, 9, 679.	2.1	4
42	Land-use history impacts spatial patterns and composition of woody plant species across a 35-hectare temperate forest plot. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2022, 10, e12693.	2.0	4
43	Detecting Ecological Patterns Along Environmental Gradients: Alpine Treeline Ecotones. <i>Chance</i> , 2016, 29, 10-15.	0.2	3
44	The significance of sheep and beef farms to conservation of native vegetation in New Zealand. <i>New Zealand Journal of Ecology</i> , 0, , .	1.1	2
45	Factors affecting home range size of feral cats: a meta-analysis. <i>New Zealand Journal of Ecology</i> , 0, , .	1.1	2
46	The New Zealand Beef and Sheep Sector's Contribution to Biodiversity and Carbon Sequestration. <i>Proceedings (mdpi)</i> , 2019, 8, 48.	0.2	0