

Anu Chacko

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

13
papers

177
citations

1163117

8
h-index

1125743

13
g-index

13
all docs

13
docs citations

13
times ranked

156
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Natural killer cells and single nucleotide polymorphisms of specific ion channels and receptor genes in myalgic encephalomyelitis/chronic fatigue syndrome. <i>The Application of Clinical Genetics</i> , 2016, 9, 39.	3.0	44
2	<i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> can infect the central nervous system via the olfactory and trigeminal nerves and contributes to Alzheimer's disease risk. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 2759.	3.3	26
3	Single nucleotide polymorphisms and genotypes of transient receptor potential ion channel and acetylcholine receptor genes from isolated B lymphocytes in myalgic encephalomyelitis/chronic fatigue syndrome patients. <i>Journal of International Medical Research</i> , 2016, 44, 1381-1394.	1.0	19
4	<i>Burkholderia pseudomallei</i> invades the olfactory nerve and bulb after epithelial injury in mice and causes the formation of multinucleated giant glial cells in vitro. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0008017.	3.0	17
5	Increased sensitivity to tryptophan bioavailability is a positive adaptation by the human strains of <i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> . <i>Molecular Microbiology</i> , 2014, 93, 797-813.	2.5	15
6	Why are olfactory ensheathing cell tumors so rare?. <i>Cancer Cell International</i> , 2019, 19, 260.	4.1	15
7	Evolution to a Chronic Disease Niche Correlates with Increased Sensitivity to Tryptophan Availability for the Obligate Intracellular Bacterium <i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> . <i>Journal of Bacteriology</i> , 2014, 196, 1915-1924.	2.2	11
8	Dysregulation of Protein Kinase Gene Expression in NK Cells from Chronic Fatigue Syndrome/Myalgic Encephalomyelitis Patients. <i>Gene Regulation and Systems Biology</i> , 2016, 10, GRSB.S40036.	2.3	9
9	<i>Chlamydia muridarum</i> Can Invade the Central Nervous System via the Olfactory and Trigeminal Nerves and Infect Peripheral Nerve Glial Cells. <i>Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology</i> , 2020, 10, 607779.	3.9	7
10	Antimicrobial responses of peripheral and central nervous system glia against <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> . <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 10722.	3.3	4
11	Novel characterisation of mast cell phenotypes from peripheral blood mononuclear cells in chronic fatigue syndrome/myalgic encephalomyelitis patients. <i>Asian Pacific Journal of Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2017, 35, 75-81.	0.4	4
12	<i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i> Infects Glial Cells and Invades the Central Nervous System via the Olfactory and Trigeminal Nerves. <i>Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology</i> , 2022, 12, 793416.	3.9	4
13	Human <i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> isolates demonstrate ability to recover infectivity following penicillin treatment whereas animal isolates do not. <i>FEMS Microbiology Letters</i> , 2015, 362, .	1.8	2