Robert L Hanson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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275 papers

22,060 citations

76 h-index 135 g-index

279 all docs

279 docs citations

times ranked

279

22697 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Intrauterine exposure to diabetes conveys risks for type 2 diabetes and obesity: a study of discordant sibships. Diabetes, 2000, 49, 2208-2211.	0.3	1,099
2	Childhood Obesity, Other Cardiovascular Risk Factors, and Premature Death. New England Journal of Medicine, 2010, 362, 485-493.	13.9	1,096
3	Adiponectin and development of type 2 diabetes in the Pima Indian population. Lancet, The, 2002, 360, 57-58.	6.3	1,001
4	The transcriptional landscape of age in human peripheral blood. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 8570.	5.8	533
5	Components of the "Metabolic Syndrome" and Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2002, 51, 3120-3127.	0.3	523
6	The 1997 American Diabetes Association and 1999 World Health Organization criteria for hyperglycemia in the diagnosis and prediction of diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2000, 23, 1108-1112.	4.3	481
7	An Autosomal Genomic Scan for Loci Linked to Type II Diabetes Mellitus and Body-Mass Index in Pima Indians. American Journal of Human Genetics, 1998, 63, 1130-1138.	2.6	461
8	Evaluation of Simple Indices of Insulin Sensitivity and Insulin Secretion for Use in Epidemiologic Studies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2000, 151, 190-198.	1.6	423
9	Increasing prevalence of Type II diabetes in American Indian children. Diabetologia, 1998, 41, 904-910.	2.9	382
10	Periodontal Disease and Mortality in Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2005, 28, 27-32.	4.3	364
11	Evidence for genetic linkage to alcohol dependence on chromosomes 4 and 11 from an autosome-wide scan in an american indian population. , 1998, 81, 216-221.		352
12	Sib-pair linkage analysis for susceptibility genes for microvascular complications among Pima Indians with type 2 diabetes. Pima Diabetes Genes Group. Diabetes, 1998, 47, 821-830.	0.3	310
13	Inflammatory Markers, Adiponectin, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in the Pima Indian. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 1745-1751.	4.3	309
14	Breastfeeding and incidence of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus in Pima Indians. Lancet, The, 1997, 350, 166-168.	6.3	295
15	Association between uncoupling protein polymorphisms (UCP2-UCP3) and energy metabolism/obesity in Pima indians. Human Molecular Genetics, 1998, 7, 1431-1435.	1.4	261
16	A high fasting plasma insulin concentration predicts type 2 diabetes independent of insulin resistance: evidence for a pathogenic role of relative hyperinsulinemia. Diabetes, 2000, 49, 2094-2101.	0.3	256
17	A calpain-10 gene polymorphism is associated with reduced muscle mRNA levels and insulin resistance. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2000, 106, R69-R73.	3.9	254
18	Birth weight, type 2 diabetes, and insulin resistance in Pima Indian children and young adults. Diabetes Care, 1999, 22, 944-950.	4.3	246

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19	Common Variants in 40 Genes Assessed for Diabetes Incidence and Response to Metformin and Lifestyle Intervention in the Diabetes Prevention Program. Diabetes, 2010, 59, 2672-2681.	0.3	234
20	Relation of central adiposity and body mass index to the development of diabetes in the Diabetes Prevention Program. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 1212-1218.	2.2	219
21	New Susceptibility Loci Associated with Kidney Disease in Type 1 Diabetes. PLoS Genetics, 2012, 8, e1002921.	1.5	216
22	Gestational Glucose Tolerance and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Young Pima Indian Offspring. Diabetes, 2006, 55, 460-465.	0.3	213
23	An autosomal genomic scan for loci linked to prediabetic phenotypes in Pima Indians Journal of Clinical Investigation, 1998, 101, 1757-1764.	3.9	199
24	Physical Activity, Obesity, and the Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes in a High-Risk Population. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 158, 669-675.	1.6	193
25	Type 2 diabetes and low birth weight: the role of paternal inheritance in the association of low birth weight and diabetes. Diabetes, 2000, 49, 445-449.	0.3	188
26	Autosomal Genomic Scan for Loci Linked to Obesity and Energy Metabolism in Pima Indians. American Journal of Human Genetics, 1998, 62, 659-668.	2.6	186
27	Identification of PVT1 as a Candidate Gene for End-Stage Renal Disease in Type 2 Diabetes Using a Pooling-Based Genome-Wide Single Nucleotide Polymorphism Association Study. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 975-983.	0.3	184
28	Plasma glucose and prediction of microvascular disease and mortality: evaluation of 1997 American Diabetes Association and 1999 World Health Organization criteria for diagnosis of diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2000, 23, 1113-1118.	4.3	183
29	Heritability of the Severity of Diabetic Retinopathy: The FIND-Eye Study. , 2008, 49, 3839.		163
30	Body Mass Index as a Measure of Adiposity in Children and Adolescents: Relationship to Adiposity by Dual Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry and to Cardiovascular Risk Factors. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2001, 86, 4061-4067.	1.8	157
31	The interleukin-6 (\hat{a} '174) G/C promoter polymorphism is associated with type-2 diabetes mellitus in Native Americans and Caucasians. Human Genetics, 2003, 112, 409-413.	1.8	157
32	Rheumatoid arthritis and mortality. A longitudinal study in pima indians. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 1993, 36, 1045-1053.	6.7	151
33	Do Measures of Body Fat Distribution Provide Information on the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Addition to Measures of General Obesity?: Comparison of anthropometric predictors of type 2 diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 2556-2561.	4.3	150
34	Large meta-analysis of genome-wide association studies identifies five loci for lean body mass. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 80.	5.8	147
35	Gene for susceptibility to diabetic nephropathy in type 2 diabetes maps to 18q22.3-23. Kidney International, 2002, 62, 2176-2183.	2.6	144
36	Genome-Wide Scans for Diabetic Nephropathy and Albuminuria in Multiethnic Populations: The Family Investigation of Nephropathy and Diabetes (FIND). Diabetes, 2007, 56, 1577-1585.	0.3	140

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37	Metaâ€Analysis of Genomeâ€wide Linkage Studies in BMI and Obesity. Obesity, 2007, 15, 2263-2275.	1.5	138
38	Childhood Predictors of Young-Onset Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 2964-2972.	0.3	135
39	Association Analysis of Variation in/Near <i>FTO</i> , <i>CDKAL1</i> , <i>SLC30A8</i> , <i>HHEX</i> , <i>EXT2</i> , <i>IGF2BP2</i> , <i>LOC387761</i> , and <i>CDKN2B</i> With Type 2 Diabetes and Related Quantitative Traits in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2009, 58, 478-488.	0.3	133
40	Incidence of Retinopathy and Nephropathy in Youth-Onset Compared With Adult-Onset Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 76-81.	4.3	128
41	Ethnic-Difference Markers for Use in Mapping by Admixture Linkage Disequilibrium. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2002, 70, 737-750.	2.6	123
42	Adiponectin Concentrations Are Influenced by Renal Function and Diabetes Duration in Pima Indians with Type 2 Diabetes. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2004, 89, 4010-4017.	1.8	119
43	A Genomewide Single-Nucleotide–Polymorphism Panel for Mexican American Admixture Mapping. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2007, 80, 1014-1023.	2.6	119
44	Prediction of Diabetic Nephropathy Using Urine Proteomic Profiling 10 Years Prior to Development of Nephropathy. Diabetes Care, 2007, 30, 638-643.	4.3	118
45	Albuminuria and Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate as Predictors of Diabetic End-Stage Renal Disease and Death. Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN, 2011, 6, 2444-2451.	2.2	118
46	Genome-Wide Association and Trans-ethnic Meta-Analysis for Advanced Diabetic Kidney Disease: Family Investigation of Nephropathy and Diabetes (FIND). PLoS Genetics, 2015, 11, e1005352.	1.5	118
47	The effect of salsalate on insulin action and glucose tolerance in obese non-diabetic patients: results of a randomised double-blind placebo-controlled study. Diabetologia, 2009, 52, 385-393.	2.9	115
48	Changing Patterns of Type 2 Diabetes Incidence Among Pima Indians. Diabetes Care, 2007, 30, 1758-1763.	4.3	114
49	Individual Estimates of European Genetic Admixture Associated with Lower Body-Mass Index, Plasma Glucose, and Prevalence of Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2000, 66, 527-538.	2.6	110
50	Changes in BMI and Weight Before and After the Development of Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2001, 24, 1917-1922.	4.3	110
51	Glucose, insulin concentrations and obesity in childhood and adolescence as predictors of NIDDM. Diabetologia, 1994, 37, 617-623.	2.9	107
52	Genome-Wide Linkage Analyses to Identify Loci for Diabetic Retinopathy. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 1160-1166.	0.3	106
53	Body Size and Shape Changes and the Risk of Diabetes in the Diabetes Prevention Program. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 1680-1685.	0.3	104
54	Genome-Wide Linkage Analysis Assessing Parent-of-Origin Effects in the Inheritance of Type 2 Diabetes and BMI in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2001, 50, 2850-2857.	0.3	103

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55	A Genome-Wide Association Study of IVGTT-Based Measures of First-Phase Insulin Secretion Refines the Underlying Physiology of Type 2 Diabetes Variants. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 2296-2309.	0.3	102
56	Secular trends in birth weight, BMI, and diabetes in the offspring of diabetic mothers. Diabetes Care, 2000, 23, 1249-1254.	4.3	101
57	Incidence and Determinants of Elevated Urinary Albumin Excretion in Pima Indians With NIDDM. Diabetes Care, 1995, 18, 182-187.	4.3	99
58	Habitual physical activity in children: the role of genes and the environment. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 82, 901-908.	2.2	99
59	IL6 Gene Promoter Polymorphisms and Type 2 Diabetes: Joint Analysis of Individual Participants' Data From 21 Studies. Diabetes, 2006, 55, 2915-2921.	0.3	99
60	Genetic Studies of the Etiology of Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians: Hunting for Pieces to a Complicated Puzzle. Diabetes, 2004, 53, 1181-1186.	0.3	96
61	Mexican American ancestry-informative markers: examination of population structure and marker characteristics in European Americans, Mexican Americans, Amerindians and Asians. Human Genetics, 2004, 114, 263-271.	1.8	96
62	The Gln223Arg polymorphism of the leptin receptor in Pima Indians: influence on energy expenditure, physical activity and lipid metabolism. International Journal of Obesity, 2002, 26, 1629-1632.	1.6	95
63	A Search for Variants Associated With Young-Onset Type 2 Diabetes in American Indians in a 100K Genotyping Array. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 3045-3052.	0.3	94
64	Homocysteine as a risk factor for nephropathy and retinopathy in Type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2003, 46, 766-772.	2.9	93
65	Genome-Wide Linkage Analysis of Serum Adiponectin in the Pima Indian Population. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 2419-2425.	0.3	93
66	Extension of Type 2 Diabetes Genome-Wide Association Scan Results in the Diabetes Prevention Program. Diabetes, 2008, 57, 2503-2510.	0.3	93
67	Genome-Wide Scan for Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate in Multi-Ethnic Diabetic Populations: The Family Investigation of Nephropathy and Diabetes (FIND). Diabetes, 2008, 57, 235-243.	0.3	92
68	Decreasing incidence and prevalence of rheumatoid arthritis in pima indians over a twenty-fiveâ€"year period. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 1994, 37, 1158-1165.	6.7	91
69	Rate of Weight Gain, Weight Fluctuation, and Incidence of NIDDM. Diabetes, 1995, 44, 261-266.	0.3	89
70	The Role of Insulin Receptor Substrate-1 Gene (IRS1) in Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 3005-3009.	0.3	89
71	Both Subcutaneous and Visceral Adipose Tissue Correlate Highly with Insulin Resistance in African Americans. Obesity, 2004, 12, 1352-1359.	4.0	88
72	Effect of Losartan on Prevention and Progression of Early Diabetic Nephropathy in American Indians With Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2013, 62, 3224-3231.	0.3	88

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73	A C-reactive protein promoter polymorphism is associated with type 2 diabetes mellitus in Pima Indians. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2003, 78, 136-144.	0.5	84
74	Common Polymorphisms in the Adiponectin Gene ACDC Are Not Associated With Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2005, 54, 284-289.	0.3	84
75	Determinants of end-stage renal disease in Pima Indians with Type 2 (non-insulin-dependent) diabetes mellitus and proteinuria. Diabetologia, 1993, 36, 1087-1093.	2.9	82
76	Diagnosing diabetes mellitus - do we need new criteria?. Diabetologia, 1997, 40, 247-255.	2.9	82
77	Segregation analysis of diabetic nephropathy in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2000, 49, 1049-1056.	0.3	80
78	Association of urinary KIM-1, L-FABP, NAG and NGAL with incident end-stage renal disease and mortality in American Indians with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Diabetologia, 2015, 58, 188-198.	2.9	80
79	Progression to Type 2 Diabetes Characterized by Moderate Then Rapid Glucose Increases. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 2054-2061.	0.3	79
80	TCF7L2 Is Not a Major Susceptibility Gene for Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 3082-3088.	0.3	79
81	A trans-ancestral meta-analysis of genome-wide association studies reveals loci associated with childhood obesity. Human Molecular Genetics, 2019, 28, 3327-3338.	1.4	76
82	HbA1c and the Prediction of Type 2 Diabetes in Children and Adults. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 16-21.	4.3	75
83	Higher prevalence of type 2 diabetes, metabolic syndrome and cardiovascular diseases in gypsies than in non-gypsies in Slovakia. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2003, 62, 95-103.	1.1	74
84	Comparison of World Health Organization and National Diabetes Data Group Procedures to Detect Abnormalities of Glucose Tolerance During Pregnancy. Diabetes Care, 1994, 17, 1264-1268.	4.3	73
85	The Pro12Ala variant at the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor \hat{I}^3 gene and change in obesity-related traits in the Diabetes Prevention Program. Diabetologia, 2007, 50, 2451-2460.	2.9	72
86	Assessment of Parent-of-Origin Effects in Linkage Analysis of Quantitative Traits. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2001, 68, 951-962.	2.6	71
87	Genome-wide Association Study of Platelet Count Identifies Ancestry-Specific Loci in Hispanic/Latino Americans. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2016, 98, 229-242.	2.6	71
88	A Locus Influencing Total Serum Cholesterol on Chromosome 19p. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2000, 20, 2651-2656.	1.1	70
89	Differential methylation of genes in individuals exposed to maternal diabetes in utero. Diabetologia, 2017, 60, 645-655.	2.9	68
90	The Insulin Gene Variable Number Tandem Repeat Class I/III Polymorphism Is in Linkage Disequilibrium With Birth Weight but Not Type 2 Diabetes in the Pima Population. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 187-193.	0.3	67

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91	Association of Physical Activity and Serum Insulin Concentrations in Two Populations at High Risk for Type 2 Diabetes but Differing by BMI. Diabetes Care, 2001, 24, 1175-1180.	4.3	66
92	The U-shaped association between body mass index and mortality: Relationship with weight gain in a native American population. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1995, 48, 903-916.	2.4	65
93	Subcutaneous Abdominal Adipocyte Size, a Predictor of Type 2 Diabetes, Is Linked to Chromosome 1q21–q23 and Is Associated with a Common Polymorphism in LMNA in Pima Indians. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2001, 72, 231-238.	0.5	65
94	Genome-wide linkage analysis assessing parent-of-origin effects in the inheritance of birth weight. Human Genetics, 2002, 110, 503-509.	1.8	65
95	A Genome-Wide Association Study in American Indians Implicates <i>DNER</i> as a Susceptibility Locus for Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2014, 63, 369-376.	0.3	63
96	Gamma Globulin Levels Predict Type 2 Diabetes in the Pima Indian Population. Diabetes, 2001, 50, 1598-1603.	0.3	62
97	SIRT1 is associated with a decrease in acute insulin secretion and a sex specific increase in risk for type 2 diabetes in Pima Indians. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2011, 104, 661-665.	0.5	60
98	Strong Parent-of-Origin Effects in the Association of <i>KCNQ1</i> Variants With Type 2 Diabetes in American Indians. Diabetes, 2013, 62, 2984-2991.	0.3	60
99	Glycated haemoglobin, plasma glucose and diabetic retinopathy: cross-sectional and prospective analyses. Diabetologia, 1993, 36, 428-432.	2.9	59
100	Joint swelling as a predictor of death from cardiovascular disease in a population study of Pima Indians. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2001, 44, 1170-1176.	6.7	59
101	Potential epigenetic dysregulation of genes associated with MODY and type 2 diabetes in humans exposed to a diabetic intrauterine environment: An analysis of genome-wide DNA methylation. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2014, 63, 654-660.	1.5	59
102	Kidney cytosine methylation changes improve renal function decline estimation in patients with diabetic kidney disease. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 2461.	5. 8	59
103	Interaction Between an $11\hat{1}^2$ HSD1 Gene Variant and Birth Era Modifies the Risk of Hypertension in Pima Indians. Hypertension, 2004, 44, 681-688.	1.3	58
104	Genetic variation in UCP2 (uncoupling protein-2) is associated with energy metabolism in Pima Indians. Diabetologia, 2005, 48, 2292-2295.	2.9	58
105	Longitudinal Studies of Incidence and Progression of Diabetic Retinopathy Assessed by Retinal Photography in Pima Indians. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 320-326.	4.3	57
106	Lower Metabolic Rate in Individuals Heterozygous for Either a Frameshift or a Functional Missense MC4R Variant. Diabetes, 2008, 57, 3267-3272.	0.3	57
107	Racial/ethnic differences in the burden of type 2 diabetes over the life course: a focus on the USA and India. Diabetologia, 2019, 62, 1751-1760.	2.9	57
108	The Effect of Indian or Anglo Dietary Preference on the Incidence of Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes Care, 2001, 24, 811-816.	4.3	56

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109	Association of dopamine D2 receptor polymorphisms Ser311Cys and TaqlA with obesity or type 2 diabetes mellitus in Pima Indians. International Journal of Obesity, 2000, 24, 1233-1238.	1.6	55
110	A Novel Missense Substitution (Val1483lle) in the Fatty Acid Synthase Gene (FAS) Is Associated With Percentage of Body Fat and Substrate Oxidation Rates in Nondiabetic Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2004, 53, 1915-1919.	0.3	55
111	Greater Impact of Melanocortin-4 Receptor Deficiency on Rates of Growth and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes During Childhood Compared With Adulthood in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2012, 61, 250-257.	0.3	55
112	Comparison of Body Size Measurements as Predictors of NIDDM in Pima Indians. Diabetes Care, 1995, 18, 435-439.	4.3	54
113	Genomewide Linkage Scan for Diabetic Renal Failure and Albuminuria: The FIND Study. American Journal of Nephrology, 2011, 33, 381-389.	1.4	52
114	A Loss-of-Function Splice Acceptor Variant in <i>IGF2</i> Is Protective for Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 2903-2914.	0.3	52
115	Preventing non-insulin-dependent diabetes. Diabetes, 1995, 44, 483-488.	0.3	51
116	<i>ABCC8</i> R1420H Loss-of-Function Variant in a Southwest American Indian Community: Association With Increased Birth Weight and Doubled Risk of Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2015, 64, 4322-4332.	0.3	50
117	Variations in Peptide YY and Y2 Receptor Genes Are Associated With Severe Obesity in Pima Indian Men. Diabetes, 2005, 54, 1598-1602.	0.3	49
118	Novel polymorphisms in the neuropeptide-YY5 receptor associated with obesity in Pima Indians. International Journal of Obesity, 2000, 24, 580-584.	1.6	48
119	Variants in Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor 4Â Are Modestly Associated With Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2005, 54, 3035-3039.	0.3	48
120	The Association of ENPP1K121Q with Diabetes Incidence Is Abolished by Lifestyle Modification in the Diabetes Prevention Program. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2009, 94, 449-455.	1.8	48
121	Higher Energy Expenditure in Humans Predicts Natural Mortality. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2011, 96, E972-E976.	1.8	48
122	The Relationship of Menstrual Irregularity to Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indian Women. Diabetes Care, 1998, 21, 346-349.	4.3	46
123	Alcohol consumption predicts hypertension but not diabetes Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2004, 65, 184-190.	2.4	46
124	Cytosine methylation predicts renal function decline in American Indians. Kidney International, 2018, 93, 1417-1431.	2.6	46
125	Analysis of the association between diabetic nephropathy and polymorphisms in the aldose reductase gene in Type 1 and Type 2 diabetes mellitus. Diabetic Medicine, 2001, 18, 906-914.	1.2	45
126	Plasma concentrations of macrophage migration inhibitory factor are elevated in Pima Indians compared to Caucasians and are associated with insulin resistance. Diabetologia, 2002, 45, 1739-1741.	2.9	45

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127	Common Variation in SIM1 Is Reproducibly Associated With BMI in Pi ma Indians. Diabetes, 2009, 58, 1682-1689.	0.3	45
128	ELMO1 variants and susceptibility to diabetic nephropathy in American Indians. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2010, 101, 383-390.	0.5	44
129	Metabolic Effects of the Gly1057Asp Polymorphism in IRS-2 and Interactions With Obesity. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 1544-1550.	0.3	43
130	Diabetic nephropathy: a risk factor for diabetes mellitus in offspring. Diabetologia, 1995, 38, 221-226.	2.9	42
131	Family and genetic studies of indices of insulin sensitivity and insulin secretion in Pima Indians. Diabetes/Metabolism Research and Reviews, 2001, 17, 296-303.	1.7	42
132	Early Excess Weight Gain of Children in the Pima Indian Population. Pediatrics, 2002, 109, e33-e33.	1.0	41
133	Weight, Adiposity, and Physical Activity as Determinants of an Insulin Sensitivity Index in Pima Indian Children. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 2524-2530.	4.3	41
134	Predictive Power of Sequential Measures of Albuminuria for Progression to ESRD or Death in Pima Indians With Type 2 Diabetes. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2008, 51, 759-766.	2.1	41
135	Plasma lipoproteins and incidence of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus in Pima Indians: protective effect of HDL cholesterol in women. Atherosclerosis, 1997, 128, 113-119.	0.4	40
136	Genetics of diabetic nephropathy in the pima indians. Current Diabetes Reports, 2001, 1, 275-281.	1.7	39
137	Associations between persistent organic pollutants, type 2 diabetes, diabetic nephropathy and mortality. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 74, 521-527.	1.3	38
138	Variant in the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (p85alpha): preliminary evidence indicates a potential role of this variant in the acute insulin response and type 2 diabetes in Pima women. Diabetes, 1998, 47, 973-975.	0.3	37
139	Variation Within the Gene Encoding the Upstream Stimulatory Factor 1 Does Not Influence Susceptibility to Type 2 Diabetes in Samples From Populations With Replicated Evidence of Linkage to Chromosome 1q. Diabetes, 2006, 55, 2541-2548.	0.3	37
140	Whole exome sequencing identifies variation in CYB5A and RNF10 associated with adiposity and type 2 diabetes. Obesity, 2014, 22, 984-988.	1.5	37
141	Physical Activity Levels in American-Indian Adults. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2009, 37, 481-487.	1.6	36
142	Evaluation of <i>A2BP1</i> as an Obesity Gene. Diabetes, 2010, 59, 2837-2845.	0.3	36
143	Bimodal distribution of RNA expression levels in human skeletal muscle tissue. BMC Genomics, 2011, 12, 98.	1,2	36
144	Comparison of Serum Cystatin C, Serum Creatinine, Measured GFR, and Estimated GFR to Assess the Risk of Kidney Failure in American Indians With Diabetic Nephropathy. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2013, 62, 33-41.	2.1	36

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145	One-hour and two-hour postload plasma glucose concentrations are comparable predictors of type 2 diabetes mellitus in Southwestern Native Americans. Diabetologia, 2017, 60, 1704-1711.	2.9	36
146	Meprin \hat{l}^2 metalloprotease gene polymorphisms associated with diabetic nephropathy in the Pima Indians. Human Genetics, 2005, 118, 12-22.	1.8	35
147	Variants in ACAD10 are associated with type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance and lipid oxidation in Pima Indians. Diabetologia, 2010, 53, 1349-1353.	2.9	35
148	Familial and Metabolic Factors Related to Blood Pressure in Pima Indian Children. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1994, 140, 123-131.	1.6	34
149	Common Variation in the LMNA Gene (Encoding Lamin A/C) and Type 2 Diabetes: Association Analyses in 9,518 Subjects. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 879-883.	0.3	34
150	Role of Established Type 2 Diabetes–Susceptibility Genetic Variants in a High Prevalence American Indian Population. Diabetes, 2015, 64, 2646-2657.	0.3	34
151	Which Test for Diagnosing Diabetes?. Diabetes Care, 1995, 18, 1042-1044.	4.3	33
152	Parental hypertension and proteinuria in Pima Indians with NIDDM. Diabetologia, 1996, 39, 433-438.	2.9	33
153	Meta-Analysis of Genome-Wide Linkage Studies of Quantitative Lipid Traits in Families Ascertained for Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 890-896.	0.3	33
154	HLA-DRB1 reduces the risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus by increased insulin secretion. Diabetologia, 2011, 54, 1684-1692.	2.9	33
155	Environmentally Driven Increases in Type 2 Diabetes and Obesity in Pima Indians and Non-Pimas in Mexico Over a 15-Year Period: The Maycoba Project. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 2075-2082.	4.3	33
156	The Arg59Trp variant in ANGPTL8 (betatrophin) is associated with total and HDL-cholesterol in American Indians and Mexican Americans and differentially affects cleavage of ANGPTL3. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2016, 118, 128-137.	0.5	33
157	Admixture Mapping Identifies an Amerindian Ancestry Locus Associated with Albuminuria in Hispanics in the United States. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2017, 28, 2211-2220.	3.0	33
158	Comparison of screening tests for non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. Archives of Internal Medicine, 1993, 153, 2133-2140.	4.3	33
159	Variants in ARHGEF11, a Candidate Gene for the Linkage to Type 2 Diabetes on Chromosome 1q, Are Nominally Associated With Insulin Resistance and Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 1454-1459.	0.3	32
160	A Genome-Wide Association Study Using a Custom Genotyping Array Identifies Variants in <i>GPR158</i> Associated With Reduced Energy Expenditure in American Indians. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 2284-2295.	0.3	32
161	A cross-sectional and longitudinal comparison of the rome criteria for active rheumatoid arthritis (equivalent to the american college of rheumatology 1958 criteria) and the american college of rheumatology 1987 criteria for rheumatoid arthritis. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 1994, 37, 1479-1486.	6.7	31
162	An autosomal genomic scan for loci linked to plasma leptin concentration in Pima Indians. International Journal of Obesity, 2000, 24, 559-565.	1.6	31

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163	Validity of the CAGE questionnaire in an American Indian population Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2001, 62, 294-300.	2.4	31
164	Variants in the Cav2.3 ($\hat{l}\pm 1E$) Subunit of Voltage-Activated Ca2+ Channels Are Associated With Insulin Resistance and Type 2 Diabetes in Pima Indians. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 3089-3094.	0.3	31
165	Urinary monocyte chemoattractant protein-1 and hepcidin and early diabetic nephropathy lesions in type 1 diabetes mellitus. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2015, 30, 599-606.	0.4	31
166	Linkage Disequilibrium Mapping of the Replicated Type 2 Diabetes Linkage Signal on Chromosome 1q. Diabetes, 2009, 58, 1704-1709.	0.3	30
167	A Genomeâ€Wide Association Study of BMI in American Indians. Obesity, 2011, 19, 2102-2106.	1.5	29
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