Kathryn G Dewey

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

| 330 | 18,528 | 78 | 129 |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| papers | citations | h-index | g-index |
| 368 | 21,368 ext. citations | 5.1 | 7.01 |
| ext. papers | | avg, IF | L-index |

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|---|------|-----------|
| 330 | Provision of small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements does not improve intestinal health among rural Malawian children <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2022 , e13331 | 3.4 | |
| 329 | Longitudinal Assessment of Prenatal, Perinatal, and Early-Life Aflatoxin B Exposure in 828 Mother-Child Dyads from Bangladesh and Malawi <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 6, nzab153 | 0.4 | 1 |
| 328 | Multiple micronutrient supplements versus iron-folic acid supplements and maternal anemia outcomes: an iron dose analysis <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2022 , | 6.5 | 1 |
| 327 | Characteristics and birth outcomes of pregnant adolescents compared to older women: An analysis of individual level data from 140,000 mothers from 20 RCTs <i>EClinicalMedicine</i> , 2022 , 45, 101309 | 11.3 | O |
| 326 | Provision of Small-Quantity Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Increases Plasma Selenium Concentration in Pregnant Women in Malawi: A Secondary Outcome of a Randomized Controlled Trial Current Developments in Nutrition, 2022, 6, nzac013 | 0.4 | |
| 325 | Effect of multiple micronutrient supplements vs iron and folic acid supplements on neonatal mortality: a reanalysis by iron dose <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 1-13 | 3.3 | |
| 324 | Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplementation Increases High-Density Lipoprotein (HDL) Cholesterol Efflux Capacity and Is Associated with Changes in the HDL Glycoproteome in Children. <i>ACS Omega</i> , 2021 , 6, 32022-32031 | 3.9 | O |
| 323 | Infections and systemic inflammation are associated with lower plasma concentration of insulin-like growth factor I among Malawian children. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 113, 380-390 | 7 | О |
| 322 | Consumption of multiple micronutrients or small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements containing iodine at the recommended dose during pregnancy, compared with iron and folic acid, does not affect women& urinary iodine concentration in rural Malawi: a secondary outcome | 3.3 | O |
| 321 | First-Day Use of the Newborn Weight Loss Tool to Predict Excess Weight Loss in Breastfeeding Newborns. <i>Breastfeeding Medicine</i> , 2021 , 16, 230-237 | 2.1 | 1 |
| 320 | A Proposed Framework for Identifying Nutrients and Food Components of Public Health Relevance in the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 1197-1204 | 4.1 | 6 |
| 319 | Maternal Blood Pressure in Relation to Prenatal Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplementation and Adverse Birth Outcomes in a Ghanaian Cohort: A Randomized Controlled Trial and Cohort Analysis. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 1637-1645 | 4.1 | 0 |
| 318 | Responsive Feeding Recommendations: Harmonizing Integration into Dietary Guidelines for Infants and Young Children. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, nzab076 | 0.4 | 4 |
| 317 | Associations of Human Milk Oligosaccharides and Bioactive Proteins with Infant Morbidity and Inflammation in Malawian Mother-Infant Dyads. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, nzab072 | 0.4 | 3 |
| 316 | Multiple-micronutrient supplementation in pregnant adolescents in low- and middle-income countries: a systematic review and a meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Nutrition Reviews</i> , 2021 , | 6.4 | 3 |
| 315 | Perspective: Putting the youngest among us into the nutrition "call for action" for food fortification strategies. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 1257-1260 | 7 | О |
| 314 | Development of Food Pattern Recommendations for Infants and Toddlers 6-24 Months of Age to Support the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2020-2025. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 3113-3124 | 4.1 | 2 |

| 313 | Breastfeeding and risk of overweight in childhood and beyond: a systematic review with emphasis on sibling-pair and intervention studies. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 1774-1790 | 7 | 3 |
|-----|--|------|----|
| 312 | Small-Quantity Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Do Not Affect Plasma or Milk Retinol Concentrations Among Malawian Mothers, or Plasma Retinol Concentrations among Young Malawian or Ghanaian Children in Two Randomized Trials. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 1029-1037 | 4.1 | 0 |
| 311 | Omega-3 Fatty Acid Dietary Supplements Consumed During Pregnancy and Lactation and Child Neurodevelopment: A Systematic Review. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 151, 3483-3494 | 4.1 | 2 |
| 310 | Micronutrient powders and diarrhoea risk in infants and young children. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2021 , 5, e28-e29 | 14.5 | 2 |
| 309 | Characteristics that modify the effect of small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplementation on child anemia and micronutrient status: an individual participant data meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 68S-94S | 7 | 7 |
| 308 | Small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements for the prevention of child malnutrition and promotion of healthy development: overview of individual participant data meta-analysis and programmatic implications. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 3S-14S | 7 | 7 |
| 307 | Characteristics that modify the effect of small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplementation on child growth: an individual participant data meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 15S-42S | 7 | 15 |
| 306 | Small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements for children age 6-24 months: a systematic review and individual participant data meta-analysis of effects on developmental outcomes and effect modifiers. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 114, 43S-67S | 7 | 7 |
| 305 | Effects of Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutritional Interventions on Environmental Enteric Dysfunction in Young Children: A Cluster-randomized, Controlled Trial in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020 , 70, 738-747 | 11.6 | 14 |
| 304 | Infant and Child Diets of Hunter-Fisher-Gatherer Societies: A Systematic Review. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 4, 896-896 | 0.4 | 78 |
| 303 | The impact of maternal supplementation during pregnancy and the first 6 months postpartum on the growth status of the next child born after the intervention period: Follow-up results from Bangladesh and Ghana. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 16, e12927 | 3.4 | 1 |
| 302 | Environmental exposures and child and maternal gut microbiota in rural Malawi. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 34, 161-170 | 2.7 | 6 |
| 301 | Impact of a nutritional supplement during gestation and early childhood on child salivary cortisol, hair cortisol, and telomere length at 4-6 years of age: a follow-up of a randomized controlled trial. <i>Stress</i> , 2020 , 23, 597-606 | 3 | 0 |
| 300 | Supplementation with Small-Quantity Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Does Not Increase Child Morbidity in a Semiurban Setting in Ghana: A Secondary Outcome Noninferiority Analysis of the International Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements (iLiNS)-DYAD Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal</i> | 4.1 | 2 |
| 299 | Lipid-based nutrient supplements and all-cause mortality in children 6-24 months of age: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 111, 207-218 | 7 | 20 |
| 298 | Provision of Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements to Mothers During Pregnancy and 6 Months Postpartum and to Their Infants from 6 to 18 Months Promotes Infant Gut Microbiota Diversity at 18 Months of Age but Not Microbiota Maturation in a Rural Malawian Setting: Secondary Outcomes | 4.1 | 11 |
| 297 | Antenatal multiple micronutrient supplementation: call to action for change in recommendation. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2020 , 1465, 5-7 | 6.5 | 2 |
| 296 | Reducing Child Stunting: Moving Forward on Evaluating Effectiveness of Programs. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 150, 2843-2845 | 4.1 | 1 |

| 295 | The double burden of malnutrition-further perspective. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2020 , 396, 814-815 | 40 | |
|--------------------------|--|---|---------------|
| 294 | Infant gut microbiota characteristics generally do not modify effects of lipid-based nutrient supplementation on growth or inflammation: secondary analysis of a randomized controlled trial in Malawi. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 14861 | 4.9 | 1 |
| 293 | Nutrient supplementation during the first 1000 days and growth of infants born to pregnant adolescents. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2020 , 1468, 25-34 | 6.5 | 5 |
| 292 | Maternal and child factors associated with child body fatness in a Ghanaian cohort. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 23, 309-318 | 3.3 | 1 |
| 291 | Associations of human milk oligosaccharides and bioactive proteins with infant growth and development among Malawian mother-infant dyads. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , | 7 | 15 |
| 290 | The association of gut microbiota characteristics in Malawian infants with growth and inflammation. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019 , 9, 12893 | 4.9 | 10 |
| 289 | Maternal Lipid-based Nutrient and Multiple Micronutrient Supplementation Affect B-vitamins in Milk Differently in Malawian Compared to Ghanaian Mothers (P24-045-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 3, | 0.4 | 78 |
| 288 | Maternal and Infant Supplementation with Small-Quantity Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Increases InfantsRron Status at 18 Months of Age in a Semiurban Setting in Ghana: A Secondary Outcome Analysis of the iLiNS-DYAD Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 149, 149- | 4.1 158 | 8 |
| 287 | Food Aid for Nutrition: Narrative Review of Major Research Topics Presented at a Scientific Symposium Held October 21, 2017, at the 21st International Congress of Nutrition in Buenos Aires, Argentina. <i>Food and Nutrition Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 40, 111-123 | 1.8 | 2 |
| | | | |
| 286 | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 110, 520 | 7 | |
| 286 285 | | 7 3.6 | |
| | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 110, 520 Does anthropometric status at 6[months predict the over-dispersion of malaria infections in | | 78 |
| 285 | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 110, 520 Does anthropometric status at 6[months predict the over-dispersion of malaria infections in children aged 6-18[months? A prospective cohort study. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2019 , 18, 143 Maternal Blood Pressure in Relation to Birth Outcomes and Consumption of a Lipid-Based Nutrient | 3.6 | 78 78 |
| 285 284 | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 110, 520 Does anthropometric status at 6[months predict the over-dispersion of malaria infections in children aged 6-18[months? A prospective cohort study. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2019 , 18, 143 Maternal Blood Pressure in Relation to Birth Outcomes and Consumption of a Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplement (P11-001-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 3, Processed Food Consumption Among 36 Mo-old Children in Rural Bangladesh (P11-088-19). <i>Current</i> | 3.6 | |
| 285 284 283 | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 520 Does anthropometric status at 6 months predict the over-dispersion of malaria infections in children aged 6-18 months? A prospective cohort study. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 143 Maternal Blood Pressure in Relation to Birth Outcomes and Consumption of a Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplement (P11-001-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, Processed Food Consumption Among 36 Mo-old Children in Rural Bangladesh (P11-088-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, Review of the evidence regarding the use of antenatal multiple micronutrient supplementation in | 3.6 0.4 | 78 |
| 285 284 283 | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 520 Does anthropometric status at 6[months predict the over-dispersion of malaria infections in children aged 6-18[months? A prospective cohort study. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 143 Maternal Blood Pressure in Relation to Birth Outcomes and Consumption of a Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplement (P11-001-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, Processed Food Consumption Among 36 Mo-old Children in Rural Bangladesh (P11-088-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, Review of the evidence regarding the use of antenatal multiple micronutrient supplementation in low- and middle-income countries. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2019, 1444, 6-21 Provision of Pre- and Postnatal Nutritional Supplements Generally Did Not Increase or Decrease Common Childhood Illnesses in Bangladesh: A Cluster-Randomized Effectiveness Trial. Journal of | 3.60.40.46.5 | 78 36 |
| 285 284 283 282 | Reply to S Rahman and S Ireen. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 520 Does anthropometric status at 6imonths predict the over-dispersion of malaria infections in children aged 6-18imonths? A prospective cohort study. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 143 Maternal Blood Pressure in Relation to Birth Outcomes and Consumption of a Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplement (P11-001-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, Processed Food Consumption Among 36 Mo-old Children in Rural Bangladesh (P11-088-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, Review of the evidence regarding the use of antenatal multiple micronutrient supplementation in low- and middle-income countries. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2019, 1444, 6-21 Provision of Pre- and Postnatal Nutritional Supplements Generally Did Not Increase or Decrease Common Childhood Illnesses in Bangladesh: A Cluster-Randomized Effectiveness Trial. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 1271-1281 Newborn physical condition and breastfeeding behaviours: Secondary outcomes of a cluster-randomized trial of prenatal lipid-based nutrient supplements in Bangladesh. Maternal and | 3.6 0.4 0.4 6.5 | 78 36 6 |

| 277 | Maternal hemoglobin concentrations across pregnancy and maternal and child health: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2019 , 1450, 47-68 | 6.5 | 50 | |
|-----|--|-----|----|--|
| 276 | Maternal and Infant Lipid-Based Nutritional Supplementation Increases Height of Ghanaian Children at 4-6 Years Only if the Mother Was Not Overweight Before Conception. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 149, 847-855 | 4.1 | 10 | |
| 275 | Lipid based nutrient supplements during pregnancy may improve foetal growth in HIV infected women - A cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0215760 | 3.7 | 1 | |
| 274 | Benefits of supplementation with multiple micronutrients in pregnancy. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2019 , 1444, 3-5 | 6.5 | 10 | |
| 273 | Timing of introduction of complementary foods and beverages and growth, size, and body composition: a systematic review. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 935S-955S | 7 | 23 | |
| 272 | Types and amounts of complementary foods and beverages consumed and growth, size, and body composition: a systematic review. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 956S-977S | 7 | 19 | |
| 271 | Gestational weight gain and newborn anthropometric outcomes in rural Bangladesh. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 15, e12816 | 3.4 | 3 | |
| 270 | Exposure to a slightly sweet lipid-based nutrient supplement during early life does not increase the level of sweet taste most preferred among 4- to 6-year-old Ghanaian children: follow-up of a randomized controlled trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 1224-1232 | 7 | 2 | |
| 269 | Maternal-Infant Supplementation with Small-Quantity Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Does Not Affect Child Blood Pressure at 4-6 Y in Ghana: Follow-up of a Randomized Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 149, 522-531 | 4.1 | 5 | |
| 268 | The effects of a nutrient supplementation intervention in Ghana on parentsRinvestments in their children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0212178 | 3.7 | 1 | |
| 267 | Exposure to a Slightly Sweet Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplement During Early Life Does Not Increase the Preference for or Consumption of Sweet Foods and Beverages by 4-6-y-Old Ghanaian Preschool Children: Follow-up of a Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 149, 532-541 | 4.1 | 4 | |
| 266 | Complementary feeding and food allergy, atopic dermatitis/eczema, asthma, and allergic rhinitis: a systematic review. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 890S-934S | 7 | 26 | |
| 265 | Complementary feeding and micronutrient status: a systematic review. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 852S-871S | 7 | 30 | |
| 264 | Complementary feeding and developmental milestones: a systematic review. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 879S-889S | 7 | 12 | |
| 263 | Path analyses of risk factors for linear growth faltering in four prospective cohorts of young children in Ghana, Malawi and Burkina Faso. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019 , 4, e001155 | 6.6 | 15 | |
| 262 | Prenatal and postnatal lipid-based nutrient supplementation and cognitive, social-emotional, and motor function in preschool-aged children in Ghana: a follow-up of a randomized controlled trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 322-334 | 7 | 8 | |
| 261 | Maternal Hemoglobin Concentrations Across Pregnancy and Maternal and Child Health: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis (P11-033-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 3, | 0.4 | 1 | |
| 260 | Are Dietary Amino Acids or Protein Quality Associated with Infant Length Gain from 6 to 12 Months in Rural Malawi? (P10-010-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 3, | 0.4 | 78 | |

| 259 | Maternal Functional Health Literacy Does Not Predict Child Growth, Development, or Illness from 6 to 18 Mo of Age in Malawi (P11-004-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 3, | 0.4 | 78 |
|-----|--|---------------------|------------------|
| 258 | The effects of supplementing maternal and infant diets with lipid-based nutrient supplements on physical activity and sedentary behaviour at preschool age in Ghana. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 122, 884-894 | 3.6 | 2 |
| 257 | Factors associated with diarrhea and acute respiratory infection in children under two years of age in rural Bangladesh. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2019 , 19, 386 | 2.6 | 14 |
| 256 | A Prospective Study on Child Morbidity and Gut Microbiota in Rural Malawi. <i>Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 69, 431-437 | 2.8 | 5 |
| 255 | A behaviour change intervention with lipid-based nutrient supplements had little impact on young child feeding indicators in rural Kenya. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 15, e12660 | 3.4 | 7 |
| 254 | Associations between antenatal depression and neonatal outcomes in Malawi. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 15, e12709 | 3.4 | 4 |
| 253 | Prenatal Iron Deficiency and Replete Iron Status Are Associated with Adverse Birth Outcomes, but Associations Differ in Ghana and Malawi. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 149, 513-521 | 4.1 | 10 |
| 252 | Complementary feeding and bone health: a systematic review. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 109, 872S-878S | 7 | 7 |
| 251 | Effects of lipid-based nutrient supplements and infant and young child feeding counseling with or without improved water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) on anemia and micronutrient status: results from 2 cluster-randomized trials in Kenya and Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Clinical</i> | 7 | 20 |
| 250 | Nutrition, 2019 , 109, 148-164 Ghanaian parentsRperceptions of pre and postnatal nutrient supplements and their effects. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2018 , 14, e12608 | 3.4 | 6 |
| 249 | Willingness to pay for small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements for women and children: Evidence from Ghana and Malawi. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 14, e12518 | 3.4 | 10 |
| 248 | Factors associated with nutritional status and dietary practices of Bangladeshi adolescents in early pregnancy. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2018 , 1416, 66 | 6.5 | 6 |
| 247 | Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Kenya: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018 , 6, e3 | 16 - è32 | 9 ³⁰⁷ |
| 246 | Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Bangladesh: a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018 , 6, e302-e315 | 13.6 | 329 |
| 245 | Association between breast milk intake at 9-10[months of age and growth and development among Malawian young children. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 14, e12582 | 3.4 | 2 |
| 244 | Supplementation during pregnancy with small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements or multiple micronutrients, compared with iron and folic acid, increases women urinary iodine concentration in semiurban Ghana: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , | 3.4 | 9 |
| 243 | Co-causation of reduced newborn size by maternal undernutrition, infections, and inflammation. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 14, e12585 | 3.4 | 12 |
| 242 | Unintended effects of a targeted maternal and child nutrition intervention on household expenditures, labor income, and the nutritional status of non-targeted siblings in Ghana. <i>World Development</i> 2018 107 138-150 | 5.5 | 8 |

| 241 | Local foods can meet micronutrient needs for women in urban Burkina Faso, but only if rarely consumed micronutrient-dense foods are included in daily diets: A linear programming exercise. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 14, | 3.4 | 13 |
|-----|---|-------------|----|
| 240 | Maternal supplementation with small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements during pregnancy and lactation does not reduce depressive symptoms at 6months postpartum in Ghanaian women: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Archives of Womenis Mental Health</i> , 2018 , 21, 55-63 | 5 | 8 |
| 239 | Effects of lipid-based nutrient supplements or multiple micronutrient supplements compared with iron and folic acid supplements during pregnancy on maternal haemoglobin and iron status. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 14, e12640 | 3.4 | 5 |
| 238 | A method to develop vocabulary checklists in new languages and their validity to assess early language development. <i>Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 37, 13 | 2.5 | 7 |
| 237 | Prenatal and Postnatal Supplementation with Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Reduces Anemia and Iron Deficiency in 18-Month-Old Bangladeshi Children: A Cluster-Randomized Effectiveness Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 148, 1167-1176 | 4.1 | 10 |
| 236 | Associations of maternal nutrition during pregnancy and post-partum with maternal cognition and caregiving. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 14, e12546 | 3.4 | 11 |
| 235 | The association of malaria morbidity with linear growth, hemoglobin, iron status, and development in young Malawian children: a prospective cohort study. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2018 , 18, 396 | 2.6 | 6 |
| 234 | Pre-pregnancy body mass index (BMI) and maternal gestational weight gain are positively associated with birth outcomes in rural Malawi. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0206035 | 3.7 | 19 |
| 233 | Daily Maternal Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplementation with 20 mg Iron, Compared with Iron and Folic Acid with 60 mg Iron, Resulted in Lower Iron Status in Late Pregnancy but Not at 6 Months Postpartum in Either the Mothers or Their Infants in Bangladesh. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 148, 1615- | 4.1 1624 | 4 |
| 232 | Adherence to recommendations on lipid-based nutrient supplement and iron and folic acid tablet consumption among pregnant and lactating women participating in a community health programme in northwest Bangladesh. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, | 3.4 | 12 |
| 231 | Effects of an intervention on infant growth and development: evidence for different mechanisms at work. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, | 3.4 | 10 |
| 230 | The impact of maternal diet fortification with lipid-based nutrient supplements on postpartum depression in rural Malawi: a randomised-controlled trial. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, | 3.4 | 9 |
| 229 | Impact of small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplement on hemoglobin, iron status and biomarkers of inflammation in pregnant Ghanaian women. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, | 3.4 | 26 |
| 228 | Lipid-based nutrient supplementation in the first 1000 d improves child growth in Bangladesh: a cluster-randomized effectiveness trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 105, 944-957 | 7 | 60 |
| 227 | Maternal Supplementation with Small-Quantity Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Compared with Multiple Micronutrients, but Not with Iron and Folic Acid, Reduces the Prevalence of Low Gestational Weight Gain in Semi-Urban Ghana: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , | 4.1 | 21 |
| 226 | Effects of a lipid-based nutrient supplement during pregnancy and lactation on maternal plasma fatty acid status and lipid profile: Results of two randomized controlled trials. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2017 , 117, 28-35 | 2.8 | 15 |
| 225 | Plasma Ferritin and Hepcidin Are Lower at 4 Months Postpartum among Women with Elevated C-Reactive Protein or 🛭 - Acid Glycoprotein. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 147, 1194-1199 | 4.1 | 2 |
| 224 | Effect of iron supplementation during lactation on maternal iron status and oxidative stress: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, | 3.4 | 6 |

| 223 | Impact of small quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements on infant and young child feeding practices at 18 months of age: results from four randomized controlled trials in Africa. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, e12377 | 3.4 | 26 |
|-----|--|---------------|-----|
| 222 | Daily Consumption of Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Containing 250 g Iodine Does Not Increase Urinary Iodine Concentrations in Pregnant and Postpartum Women in Bangladesh. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 147, 1586-1592 | 4.1 | 13 |
| 221 | Predictors and pathways of language and motor development in four prospective cohorts of young children in Ghana, Malawi, and Burkina Faso. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2017 , 58, 1264-1275 | 7.9 | 34 |
| 220 | Home fortification during the first 1000 d improves child development in Bangladesh: a cluster-randomized effectiveness trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 105, 958-969 | 7 | 26 |
| 219 | Meeting nutritional needs in the first 1000 days: a place for small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplements. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2017 , 1392, 18-29 | 6.5 | 22 |
| 218 | U-shaped curve for risk associated with maternal hemoglobin, iron status, or iron supplementation. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 106, 1694S-1702S | 7 | 78 |
| 217 | Modifiers of the effect of maternal multiple micronutrient supplementation on stillbirth, birth outcomes, and infant mortality: a meta-analysis of individual patient data from 17 randomised trials in low-income and middle-income countries. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2017 , 5, e1090-e1100 | 13.6 | 119 |
| 216 | Bacterial communities found in placental tissues are associated with severe chorioamnionitis and adverse birth outcomes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017 , 12, e0180167 | 3.7 | 68 |
| 215 | Malaria, malnutrition, and birthweight: A meta-analysis using individual participant data. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2017 , 14, e1002373 | 11.6 | 25 |
| 214 | International summit on the nutrition of adolescent girls and young women: consensus statement. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2017 , 1400, 3-7 | 6.5 | 11 |
| 213 | Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements During Pregnancy and Lactation Did Not Affect Human Milk Oligosaccharides and Bioactive Proteins in a Randomized Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 147, 1867-187 | 7 4 .1 | 13 |
| 212 | Prenatal Lipid-Based Nutrient Supplements Do Not Affect Pregnancy or Childbirth Complications or Cesarean Delivery in Bangladesh: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Effectiveness Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 147, 1776-1784 | 4.1 | 6 |
| 211 | Maternal plasma cholesterol and duration of pregnancy: A prospective cohort study in Ghana. <i>Maternal and Child Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 13, | 3.4 | 5 |
| 210 | Dietary gap assessment: an approach for evaluating whether a country food supply can support healthy diets at the population level. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 20, 2277-2288 | 3.3 | 8 |
| 209 | Eating down or simply eating less? The diet and health implications of these practices during pregnancy and postpartum in rural Bangladesh. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 20, 1928-1940 | 3.3 | 14 |
| 208 | Providing lipid-based nutrient supplement during pregnancy does not reduce the risk of maternal P falciparum parasitaemia and reproductive tract infections: a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2017 , 17, 35 | 3.2 | 9 |
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