

Graeme Hoddinott On Behalf Of The Tre

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

56
papers

1,290
citations

394421

19
h-index

395702

33
g-index

59
all docs

59
docs citations

59
times ranked

1694
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effect of Universal Testing and Treatment on HIV Incidence – HPTN 071 (PopART). <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019, 381, 207-218.	27.0	255
2	HIV prevention for South African youth: which interventions work? A systematic review of current evidence. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2010, 10, 102.	2.9	159
3	Understanding the Time Needed to Link to Care and Start ART in Seven HPTN 071 (PopART) Study Communities in Zambia and South Africa. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2019, 23, 929-946.	2.7	45
4	HIV-related stigma and universal testing and treatment for HIV prevention and care: design of an implementation science evaluation nested in the HPTN 071 (PopART) cluster-randomized trial in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016, 31, 1342-1354.	2.7	41
5	Community intervention improves knowledge of HIV status of adolescents in Zambia. <i>Aids</i> , 2017, 31, S221-S232.	2.2	41
6	Good Health and Moral Responsibility: Key Concepts Underlying the Interpretation of Treatment as Prevention in South Africa and Zambia Before Rolling Out Universal HIV Testing and Treatment. <i>AIDS Patient Care and STDs</i> , 2016, 30, 425-434.	2.5	39
7	Differences in health-related quality of life between HIV-positive and HIV-negative people in Zambia and South Africa: a cross-sectional baseline survey of the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2017, 5, e1133-e1141.	6.3	37
8	The long shadow post-tuberculosis. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , The, 2019, 19, 1170-1171.	9.1	37
9	Predictors of timely linkage to ART within universal test and treat in the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial in Zambia and South Africa: findings from a nested case-control study. <i>Journal of the International AIDS Society</i> , 2017, 20, e25037.	3.0	36
10	Levofloxacin versus placebo for the prevention of tuberculosis disease in child contacts of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis: study protocol for a phase III cluster randomised controlled trial (TB-CHAMP). <i>Trials</i> , 2018, 19, 693.	1.6	36
11	Shorter treatment for minimal tuberculosis (TB) in children (SHINE): a study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2018, 19, 237.	1.6	33
12	Individual and community-level risk factors for HIV stigma in 21 Zambian and South African communities. <i>Aids</i> , 2018, 32, 783-793.	2.2	33
13	“Being seen” at the clinic: Zambian and South African health worker reflections on the relationship between health facility spatial organisation and items and HIV stigma in 21 health facilities, the HPTN 071 (PopART) study. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019, 55, 87-99.	3.3	30
14	Implementing Community Engagement for Combination Prevention: Lessons Learnt From the First Year of the HPTN 071 (PopART) Community-Randomized Study. <i>Current HIV/AIDS Reports</i> , 2016, 13, 194-201.	3.1	25
15	Development of parallel measures to assess HIV stigma and discrimination among people living with HIV, community members and health workers in the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Journal of the International AIDS Society</i> , 2019, 22, e25421.	3.0	24
16	Stigma and Judgment Toward People Living with HIV and Key Population Groups Among Three Cadres of Health Workers in South Africa and Zambia: Analysis of Data from the HPTN 071 (PopART) Trial. <i>AIDS Patient Care and STDs</i> , 2020, 34, 38-50.	2.5	24
17	“The difference that makes a difference”: highlighting the role of variable contexts within an HIV Prevention Community Randomised Trial (HPTN 071/PopART) in 21 study communities in Zambia and South Africa. <i>AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV</i> , 2016, 28, 99-107.	1.2	23
18	Households, fluidity, and HIV service delivery in Zambia and South Africa – an exploratory analysis of longitudinal qualitative data from the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial. <i>Journal of the International AIDS Society</i> , 2018, 21, e25135.	3.0	21

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19	HIV Stigma and Viral Suppression Among People Living With HIV in the Context of Universal Test and Treat: Analysis of Data From the HPTN 071 (PopART) Trial in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes</i> (1999), 2020, 85, 561-570.	2.1	21
20	Why MSM in Rural South African Communities Should be an HIV Prevention Research Priority. <i>AIDS and Behavior</i> , 2013, 17, 70-76.	2.7	20
21	A narrative analysis positioning HIV relative to personal (sexual) relationship challenges in an agony aunt column in the Western Cape, South Africa â€” Aunty Monaâ€™s â€œlove adviceâ€. <i>AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV</i> , 2016, 28, 83-89.	1.2	20
22	Retention in care and factors critical for effectively implementing antiretroviral adherence clubs in a rural district in South Africa. <i>Journal of the International AIDS Society</i> , 2019, 22, e25396.	3.0	19
23	Morbidity and mortality up to 5 years post tuberculosis treatment in South Africa: A pilot study. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 85, 57-63.	3.3	19
24	Acceptability of a first-line anti-tuberculosis formulation for children: qualitative data from the SHINE trial. <i>International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease</i> , 2019, 23, 1263-1268.	1.2	19
25	Association between HIV stigma and antiretroviral therapy adherence among adults living with HIV: baseline findings from the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2020, 25, 1246-1260.	2.3	18
26	HIV Care Cascade Among Adolescents in a â€œTest and Treatâ€-Community-Based Intervention: HPTN 071 (PopART) for Youth Study. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 2021, 68, 719-727.	2.5	18
27	Value and Limitations of Broad Brush Surveys Used in Community-Randomized Trials in Southern Africa. <i>Qualitative Health Research</i> , 2019, 29, 700-718.	2.1	17
28	Stigma and HIV service access among transfeminine and gender diverse women in South Africa â€” a narrative analysis of longitudinal qualitative data from the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020, 20, 1898.	2.9	16
29	Strengthening universal HIV â€”test-and-treatâ€ approaches with social science research. <i>Aids</i> , 2016, 30, 969-970.	2.2	13
30	The Impact of Tuberculosis on the Well-Being of Adolescents and Young Adults. <i>Pathogens</i> , 2021, 10, 1591.	2.8	13
31	Spinning plates: livelihood mobility, household responsibility and anti-retroviral treatment in an urban Zambian community during the HPTN 071 (PopART) study. <i>Journal of the International AIDS Society</i> , 2018, 21, e25117.	3.0	12
32	The effect of universal testing and treatment on HIV stigma in 21 communities in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Aids</i> , 2020, 34, 2125-2135.	2.2	12
33	Universal HIV testing and treatment and HIV stigma reduction: a comparative thematic analysis of qualitative data from the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial in South Africa and Zambia. <i>Sociology of Health and Illness</i> , 2021, 43, 167-185.	2.1	12
34	How â€”placeâ€ matters for addressing the HIV epidemic: evidence from the HPTN 071 (PopART) cluster-randomised controlled trial in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Trials</i> , 2021, 22, 251.	1.6	12
35	A novel approach for eliciting adolescent MDR-TB treatment tolerability: qualitative data from South Africa. <i>International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease</i> , 2020, 24, 43-47.	1.2	9
36	Linkage to TB care: A qualitative study to understand linkage from the patientsâ€™ perspective in the Western Cape Province, South Africa. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0260200.	2.5	9

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37	Opportunities for Mobile App-Based Adherence Support for Children With Tuberculosis in South Africa. <i>JMIR MHealth and UHealth</i> , 2020, 8, e19154.	3.7	8
38	The Lived Experience Of Participants in an African Randomised trial (LEOPARD): protocol for an in-depth qualitative study within a multisite randomised controlled trial for HIV-associated cryptococcal meningitis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e039191.	1.9	7
39	Community-based health workers implementing universal access to HIV testing and treatment: lessons from South Africa and Zambia—HPTN 071 (PopART). <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2021, 36, 881-890.	2.7	7
40	Impact of a community-wide combination HIV prevention intervention on knowledge of HIV status among adolescents. <i>Aids</i> , 2021, 35, 275-285.	2.2	6
41	Transition to an in-facility electronic Tuberculosis register: Lessons from a South African pilot project. <i>Southern African Journal of HIV Medicine</i> , 2020, 21, 1025.	0.9	6
42	Rates of viral suppression in a cohort of people with stable HIV from two community models of ART delivery versus facility-based HIV care in Lusaka, Zambia: a cluster-randomised, non-inferiority trial nested in the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial. <i>Lancet HIV</i> , 2022, 9, e13-e23.	4.7	6
43	Trends in Responses to DHS Questions Should Not Be Interpreted as Reflecting an Increase in Anticipated Stigma in Africa. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2017, 75, e22-e23.	2.1	5
44	The act of telling: South African women's narratives of HIV status disclosure to intimate partners in the HPTN 071 (PopART) HIV prevention trial. <i>Women's Health</i> , 2021, 17, 174550652199820.	1.5	5
45	Community narratives about women and HIV risk in 21 high-burden communities in Zambia and South Africa. <i>International Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2017, Volume 9, 861-870.	2.6	4
46	TB is a disease which hides in the body: Qualitative data on conceptualisations of tuberculosis recurrence among patients in Zambia and South Africa. <i>Global Public Health</i> , 2022, 17, 1713-1727.	2.0	4
47	Is home-based HIV testing universally acceptable? Findings from a case-control study nested within the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2018, 23, 678-690.	2.3	3
48	OUP accepted manuscript. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2021, 36, 923-938.	2.7	3
49	Social science is needed to understand the impact of paediatric MDR-TB treatment on children and their families. <i>International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease</i> , 2018, 22, 4-4.	1.2	2
50	Caregiver-child separation during tuberculosis hospitalisation: a qualitative study in South Africa. <i>South African Journal of Psychology</i> , 2021, 51, 409-421.	2.0	2
51	Effects of unhealthy alcohol use on brain morphometry and neurocognitive function among people with HIV. <i>Journal of NeuroVirology</i> , 2022, 28, 35-45.	2.1	2
52	Practical and psychosocial challenges faced by caregivers influence the acceptability of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis preventive therapy for young children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0268560.	2.5	2
53	Effects of Hazardous Alcohol use on Neurocognition in HIV Positive Individuals. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 41, S639-S639.	0.2	0
54	Motivating people living with HIV to initiate antiretroviral treatment outside national guidelines in three clinics in the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial, South Africa. <i>African Journal of AIDS Research</i> , 2021, 20, 32-41.	0.9	0

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55	Underlying reasons why some people haven't tested for HIV – a discourse analysis of qualitative data from Cape Town, South Africa. <i>Sahara J</i> , 2021, 18, 105-112.	0.7	0
56	Women's sexual scripting in the context of universal access to antiretroviral treatment – findings from the HPTN 071 (PopART) trial in South Africa. <i>BMC Women's Health</i> , 2021, 21, 370.	2.0	0