Milena Sant

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

 206
 17,475
 60
 129

 papers
 citations
 h-index
 g-index

 212
 20,506
 5
 5.7

 ext. papers
 ext. citations
 avg, IF
 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
206	Differences in the management and survival of metastatic colorectal cancer in Europe. A population-based study. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2021 , 53, 639-645	3.3	1
205	First-line imatinib vs second- and third-generation TKIs for chronic-phase CML: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020 , 4, 2723-2735	7.8	17
204	Endocrine treatment and incidence of relapse in women with oestrogen receptor-positive breast cancer in Europe: a population-based study. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2020 , 183, 439-450	4.4	2
203	Hypofractionated irradiation in 794 elderly breast cancer patients: An observational study. <i>Breast Journal</i> , 2020 , 26, 188-196	1.2	3
202	High consistency between characteristics of primary intraductal breast cancer and subtype of subsequent ipsilateral invasive cancer. <i>Tumori</i> , 2020 , 106, 64-69	1.7	
201	Decoding Immune Heterogeneity of Triple Negative Breast Cancer and Its Association with Systemic Inflammation. <i>Cancers</i> , 2019 , 11,	6.6	21
200	Comorbidities, age and period of diagnosis influence treatment and outcomes in early breast cancer. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2019 , 144, 2118-2127	7.5	15
199	Patient, tumor, and healthcare factors associated with regional variability in lung cancer survival: a Spanish high-resolution population-based study. <i>Clinical and Translational Oncology</i> , 2019 , 21, 621-629	3.6	7
198	Resection of pancreatic cancer in Europe and USA: an international large-scale study highlighting large variations. <i>Gut</i> , 2019 , 68, 130-139	19.2	86
197	Hypofractionated Whole-Breast Irradiation With or Without Boost in Elderly Patients: Clinical Evaluation of an Italian Experience. <i>Clinical Breast Cancer</i> , 2018 , 18, e1059-e1066	3	9
196	Global surveillance of trends in cancer survival 2000-14 (CONCORD-3): analysis of individual records for 37 513 025 patients diagnosed with one of 18 cancers from 322 population-based registries in 71 countries. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2018 , 391, 1023-1075	40	1735
195	Is low survival for cancer in Eastern Europe due principally to late stage at diagnosis?. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2018 , 93, 127-137	7·5	12
194	Cancer survival in adult patients in Spain. Results from nine population-based cancer registries. <i>Clinical and Translational Oncology</i> , 2018 , 20, 201-211	3.6	34
193	Discontinuation of hormone therapy for elderly breast cancer patients after hypofractionated whole-breast radiotherapy. <i>Medical Oncology</i> , 2018 , 35, 107	3.7	7
192	Trastuzumab and Hypofractionated Whole Breast Radiotherapy: A Victorious Combination?. <i>Clinical Breast Cancer</i> , 2018 , 18, e363-e371	3	9
191	Analysis of incidence, mortality and survival for pancreatic and biliary tract cancers across Europe, with assessment of influence of revised European age standardisation on estimates. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 55, 52-60	2.8	20
190	Worldwide comparison of survival from childhood leukaemia for 1995-2009, by subtype, age, and sex (CONCORD-2): a population-based study of individual data for 89 828 children from 198 registries in 53 countries. <i>Lancet Haematology,the</i> , 2017 , 4, e202-e217	14.6	97

189	Survival of 86,690 patients with thyroid cancer: A population-based study in 29 European countries from EUROCARE-5. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 77, 140-152	7.5	41
188	Trends in net survival from esophageal cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S24-S31	2	12
187	Trends in net survival from corpus uteri cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S100-S106	2	
186	Trends in net survival lung cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S70-S76	2	6
185	New insights into survival trend analyses in cancer population-based studies: the SUDCAN methodology. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S9-S15	2	7
184	Trends in net survival from prostate cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S114-S120	2	3
183	Trends in net survival from rectal cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S48-S55	2	9
182	Trends in net survival from liver cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S56-S62	2	2
181	Worldwide comparison of ovarian cancer survival: Histological group and stage at diagnosis (CONCORD-2). <i>Gynecologic Oncology</i> , 2017 , 144, 396-404	4.9	63
180	The histology of ovarian cancer: worldwide distribution and implications for international survival comparisons (CONCORD-2). <i>Gynecologic Oncology</i> , 2017 , 144, 405-413	4.9	55
179	Medical ovariectomy in menopausal breast cancer patients with high testosterone levels: a further step toward tailored therapy. <i>Endocrine-Related Cancer</i> , 2017 , 24, C21-C29	5.7	3
178	Quality analysis of population-based information on cancer stage at diagnosis across Europe, with presentation of stage-specific cancer survival estimates: AŒUROCARE-5 study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 84, 335-353	7.5	18
177	Trends in net survival from breast cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S85-S91	2	6
176	Trends in net survival from kidney cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S121-S127	2	2
175	Trends in net survival from skin malignant melanoma in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S77-S84	2	8
174	Trends in net survival from cervical cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S92-S99	2	3
173	Trends in net survival from colon cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S40-S47	2	3
172	Trends in net survival from head and neck cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S16-S23	2	7

171	Trends in net survival from stomach cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S32-S39	2	4
170	Trends in net survival from pancreatic cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S63-S69	2	11
169	Trends in net survival from ovarian cancer in six European Latin countries: results from the SUDCAN population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S107-S113	2	6
168	Burden and centralised treatment in Europe of rare tumours: results of RARECAREnet-a population-based study. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2017 , 18, 1022-1039	21.7	138
167	Geographical variability in survival of European children with central nervous system tumours. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 82, 137-148	7.5	20
166	Trends in net survival from 15 cancers in six European Latin countries: the SUDCAN population-based study material. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2017 , 26 Trends in cancer net surviv, S3-S8	2	2
165	Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy Exerts Selection Pressure Towards Luminal Phenotype Breast Cancer. Breast Care, 2017 , 12, 391-394	2.4	5
164	Socioeconomic deprivation worsens the outcomes of Italian women with hormone receptor-positive breast cancer and decreases the possibility of receiving standard care. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 68402-68414	3.3	6
163	A novel approach to breast cancer prevention: reducing excessive ovarian androgen production in elderly women. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2016 , 158, 553-61	4.4	8
162	Time trends in axilla management among early breast cancer patients: Persisting major variation in clinical practice across European centers. <i>Acta Oncolgica</i> , 2016 , 55, 712-9	3.2	16
161	Out-of-pocket costs for cancer survivors between 5 and 10 years from diagnosis: an Italian population-based study. <i>Supportive Care in Cancer</i> , 2016 , 24, 2225-2233	3.9	13
160	Increased Incidence of Breast Cancer in Postmenopausal Women with High Body Mass Index at the Modena Screening Program. <i>Journal of Breast Cancer</i> , 2016 , 19, 283-291	3	22
159	Association of adiposity, dysmetabolisms, and inflammation with aggressive breast cancer subtypes: a cross-sectional study. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2016 , 157, 179-89	4.4	27
158	Factors influencing acute and late toxicity in the era of adjuvant hypofractionated breast radiotherapy. <i>Breast</i> , 2016 , 29, 90-5	3.6	22
157	Population-based method for investigating adherence to international recommendations for pathology reporting of primary cutaneous melanoma: Results of a EUROCARE-5 high resolution study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2015 , 39, 424-9	2.8	4
156	Urinary tract cancer survival in Europe 1999-2007: Results of the population-based study EUROCARE-5. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2217-2230	7.5	51
155	Prognoses and improvement for head and neck cancers diagnosed in Europe in early 2000s: The EUROCARE-5 population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2130-2143	7.5	250
154	Survival for oesophageal, stomach and small intestine cancers in Europe 1999-2007: Results from EUROCARE-5. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2144-2157	7.5	106

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153	The EUROCARE-5 study on cancer survival in Europe 1999-2007: Database, quality checks and statistical analysis methods. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2104-2119	7.5	77
152	Survival patterns in lung and pleural cancer in Europe 1999-2007: Results from the EUROCARE-5 study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2242-2253	7.5	62
151	Survival of women with cancers of breast and genital organs in Europe 1999-2007: Results of the EUROCARE-5 study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2191-2205	7.5	147
150	Survival in patients with primary liver cancer, gallbladder and extrahepatic biliary tract cancer and pancreatic cancer in Europe 1999-2007: Results of EUROCARE-5. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2169-2178	7.5	99
149	Spatial variation in mortality risk for hematological malignancies near a petrochemical refinery: A population-based case-control study. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2015 , 140, 641-8	7.9	5
148	Survival variations by country and age for lymphoid and myeloid malignancies in Europe 2000-2007: Results of EUROCARE-5 population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2254-2268	7.5	30
147	Global surveillance of cancer survival 1995-2009: analysis of individual data for 25,676,887 patients from 279 population-based registries in 67 countries (CONCORD-2). <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2015 , 385, 977-1010	40	1431
146	Changes in dynamics of excess mortality rates and net survival after diagnosis of follicular lymphoma or diffuse large B-cell lymphoma: comparison between European population-based data (EUROCARE-5). <i>Lancet Haematology,the</i> , 2015 , 2, e481-91	14.6	28
145	Survival of male genital cancers (prostate, testis and penis) in Europe 1999-2007: Results from the EUROCARE-5 study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2206-2216	7.5	60
144	Age and case mix-standardised survival for all cancer patients in Europe 1999-2007: Results of EUROCARE-5, a population-based study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2120-2129	7.5	48
143	A breast cancer clinical registry in an Italian comprehensive cancer center: an instrument for descriptive, clinical, and experimental research. <i>Tumori</i> , 2015 , 101, 440-6	1.7	9
142	Survival of adults with primary malignant brain tumours in Europe; Results of the EUROCARE-5 study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 51, 2231-2241	7.5	45
141	Cancer survival in Europe 1999-2007 by country and age: results of EUROCARE5-a population-based study. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2014 , 15, 23-34	21.7	1239
140	Policy statement on multidisciplinary cancer care. European Journal of Cancer, 2014, 50, 475-80	7.5	191
139	Disease presentation, treatment and survival for Italian colorectal cancer patients: a EUROCARE high resolution study. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014 , 24, 98-100	2.1	5
138	Survival for haematological malignancies in Europe between 1997 and 2008 by region and age: results of EUROCARE-5, a population-based study. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2014 , 15, 931-42	21.7	183
137	Childhood cancer survival in Europe 1999-2007: results of EUROCARE-5a population-based study. <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2014 , 15, 35-47	21.7	574
136	Risk of death for hematological malignancies for residents close to an Italian petrochemical refinery: a population-based case-control study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2014 , 25, 1635-44	2.8	9

135	Management of rectal cancers in relation to treatment guidelines: a population-based study comparing Italian and French patients. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2014 , 46, 645-51	3.3	6
134	Cancer Rehabilitation Services: An Italian Population-based Cohort Study. <i>Tumori</i> , 2014 , 100, 346-351	1.7	2
133	Relative and disease-free survival for breast cancer in relation to subtype: a population-based study. <i>Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013 , 139, 1569-77	4.9	28
132	Impact of diabetes on overall and cancer-specific mortality in colorectal cancer patients. <i>Journal of Cancer Research and Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013 , 139, 1303-10	4.9	29
131	Key factors influencing lung cancer survival in northern Italy. Cancer Epidemiology, 2013, 37, 226-32	2.8	10
130	Predictions of survival up to 10 years after diagnosis for European women with breast cancer in 2000-2002. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013 , 132, 2404-12	7.5	57
129	Patterns of adjuvant chemotherapy for stage II and III colon cancer in France and Italy. <i>Digestive and Liver Disease</i> , 2013 , 45, 687-91	3.3	7
128	High fasting blood glucose and obesity significantly and independently increase risk of breast cancer death in hormone receptor-positive disease. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013 , 49, 3881-8	7.5	43
127	Cancer prevalence estimates in Europe at the beginning of 2000. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2013 , 24, 1660-6	10.3	31
126	Breast cancer survival in the US and Europe: a CONCORD high-resolution study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013 , 132, 1170-81	7.5	74
125	Tumor size, node status, grading, HER2 and estrogen receptor status still retain a strong value in patients with operable breast cancer diagnosed in recent years. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2013 , 132, E58-65	7.5	9
124	Colorectal cancer survival in the USA and Europe: a CONCORD high-resolution study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013 , 3, e003055	3	60
123	Recent trends of cancer mortality in Romanian adults: mortality is still increasing, although young adults do better than the middle-aged and elderly population. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2013 , 22, 199-209	2	6
122	Survival and cure trends for European children, adolescents and young adults diagnosed with acute lymphoblastic leukemia from 1982 to 2002. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2013 , 98, 744-52	6.6	28
121	Survival of European patients diagnosed with myeloid malignancies: a HAEMACARE study. Haematologica, 2013 , 98, 230-8	6.6	52
120	Survival for ovarian cancer in Europe: the across-country variation did not shrink in the past decade. <i>Acta Oncolgica</i> , 2012 , 51, 441-53	3.2	73
119	Regional inequalities in cancer care persist in Italy and can influence survival. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 36, 541-7	2.8	24
118	Oesophageal cancer survival in Europe: a EUROCARE-4 study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 36, 505-12	2.8	75

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117	Looking at Differences in Stage and Treatment of Colorectal Cancers across Italy: A EUROCARE-5 High Resolution Study. <i>Tumori</i> , 2012 , 98, 671-677	1.7	3
116	Survival of European patients with central nervous system tumors. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2012 , 131, 173-85	7.5	51
115	Differences in Stage and Treatment of Breast Cancer across Italy Point to Inequalities in access to and Availability of Proper Care. <i>Tumori</i> , 2012 , 98, 204-209	1.7	7
114	Differences in stage and treatment of breast cancer across Italy point to inequalities in access to and availability of proper care. <i>Tumori</i> , 2012 , 98, 204-9	1.7	2
113	Looking at differences in stage and treatment of colorectal cancers across Italy: a EUROCARE-5 high resolution study. <i>Tumori</i> , 2012 , 98, 671-7	1.7	1
112	Do Pre-Diagnostic Drinking Habits Influence Breast Cancer Survival?. <i>Tumori</i> , 2011 , 97, 142-148	1.7	16
111	Sant M, Allemani C, Tereanu C, et al; HAEMACARE Working Group. Incidence of hematologic malignancies in Europe by morphologic subtype: results of the HAEMACARE project. Blood. 2010;116(19):3724B734 <i>Blood</i> , 2011 , 117, 3477-3477	2.2	3
110	Prognoses for head and neck cancers in Europe diagnosed in 1995-1999: a population-based study. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2011 , 22, 165-174	10.3	30
109	Survival of European patients diagnosed with lymphoid neoplasms in 2000-2002: results of the HAEMACARE project. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2011 , 96, 720-8	6.6	57
108	Do pre-diagnostic drinking habits influence breast cancer survival?. <i>Tumori</i> , 2011 , 97, 142-8	1.7	14
107	What reasons lie behind long-term survival differences for gastric cancer within Europe?. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2010 , 46, 1086-92	7.5	29
106	Variation in 'standard care' for breast cancer across Europe: a EUROCARE-3 high resolution study. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2010 , 46, 1528-36	7.5	58
105	Incidence of hematologic malignancies in Europe by morphologic subtype: results of the HAEMACARE project. <i>Blood</i> , 2010 , 116, 3724-34	2.2	624
104	Population-based incidence of childhood leukaemias and lymphomas in Spain (1993-2002). <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2010 , 19, 247-55	2	11
103	European disparities in malignant digestive endocrine tumours survival. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2010 , 126, 2928-34	7.5	45
102	Operative mortality after gastric cancer resection and long-term survival differences across Europe. <i>British Journal of Surgery</i> , 2010 , 97, 235-9	5.3	42
101	The EUROCARE-4 database on cancer survival in Europe: data standardisation, quality control and methods of statistical analysis. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 909-30	7.5	109
100	Long-term survival expectations of cancer patients in Europe in 2000-2002. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 1028-41	7.5	77

99	The advantage of women in cancer survival: an analysis of EUROCARE-4 data. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 1017-27	7.5	186
98	EUROCARE-4. Survival of cancer patients diagnosed in 1995-1999. Results and commentary. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 931-91	7.5	643
97	The cancer survival gap between elderly and middle-aged patients in Europe is widening. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 1006-16	7.5	148
96	Survival trends in European cancer patients diagnosed from 1988 to 1999. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 1042-66	7.5	113
95	Multiple tumours in survival estimates. European Journal of Cancer, 2009, 45, 1080-94	7.5	72
94	The cure of cancer: a European perspective. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 1067-79	7.5	68
93	Survival of European children and young adults with cancer diagnosed 1995-2002. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009 , 45, 992-1005	7·5	390
92	Influence of morphology on survival for non-Hodgkin lymphoma in Europe and the United States. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2008 , 44, 579-87	7.5	29
91	Cancer survival in five continents: a worldwide population-based study (CONCORD). <i>Lancet Oncology, The</i> , 2008 , 9, 730-56	21.7	852
90	Meningioma. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2008, 67, 153-71	7	221
90	Meningioma. <i>Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology</i> , 2008 , 67, 153-71 ©omments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, Millen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis [International Journal of Cancer, 2007 , 120, 2280-2280	7 7·5	221
	Comments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, Millen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis [International Journal of Cancer, 2007,	<i>,</i>	221
89	©omments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, Millen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis [International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2280-2280] Salad vegetables dietary pattern protects against HER-2-positive breast cancer: a prospective	7.5	
89	©omments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, Mfilen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis [International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2280-2280] Salad vegetables dietary pattern protects against HER-2-positive breast cancer: a prospective Italian study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 911-4 Trends in cervical cancer survival in Europe, 1983-1994: a population-based study. Gynecologic	7.5 7.5	57
89 88 87	© Comments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, Millen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis [International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2280-2280] Salad vegetables dietary pattern protects against HER-2-positive breast cancer: a prospective Italian study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 911-4 Trends in cervical cancer survival in Europe, 1983-1994: a population-based study. Gynecologic Oncology, 2007, 105, 609-19 Ten-year survival and risk of relapse for testicular cancer: a EUROCARE high resolution study.	7.5 7.5 4.9	57 25
89 88 87 86	Comments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, MBlen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis [International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2280-2280] Salad vegetables dietary pattern protects against HER-2-positive breast cancer: a prospective Italian study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 911-4 Trends in cervical cancer survival in Europe, 1983-1994: a population-based study. Gynecologic Oncology, 2007, 105, 609-19 Ten-year survival and risk of relapse for testicular cancer: a EUROCARE high resolution study. European Journal of Cancer, 2007, 43, 585-92 Hepatocellular carcinoma: trends of incidence and survival in Europe and the United States at the	7.5 7.5 4.9 7.5	57 25 51
89 88 87 86 85	[Imments to IJC-06-2150, Zahal PH, Milen J. Constant relative survival rates in Sweden and Norway when adjusting for screening-related overdiagnosis[] International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2280-2280 Salad vegetables dietary pattern protects against HER-2-positive breast cancer: a prospective Italian study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 911-4 Trends in cervical cancer survival in Europe, 1983-1994: a population-based study. Gynecologic Oncology, 2007, 105, 609-19 Ten-year survival and risk of relapse for testicular cancer: a EUROCARE high resolution study. European Journal of Cancer, 2007, 43, 585-92 Hepatocellular carcinoma: trends of incidence and survival in Europe and the United States at the end of the 20th century. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2007, 102, 1661-70; quiz 1660, 1671 Survival for eight major cancers and all cancers combined for European adults diagnosed in	7.5 7.5 4.9 7.5	57 25 51 103

(2003-2006)

81	Time trends of breast cancer survival in Europe in relation to incidence and mortality. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2006 , 119, 2417-22	7.5	83
80	Should we use incidence, survival or mortality to assess breast cancer trends in European women?. <i>Nature Clinical Practice Oncology</i> , 2006 , 3, 228-9		8
79	Survival from rare cancer in adults: a population-based study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2006, 7, 132-40	21.7	94
78	Colon cancer prevalence and estimation of differing care needs of colon cancer patients. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2004 , 15, 1136-42	10.3	20
77	Breast carcinoma survival in Europe and the United States. <i>Cancer</i> , 2004 , 100, 715-22	6.4	135
76	Explaining gastric cancer survival differences among European countries. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2004 , 109, 737-41	7.5	70
75	Prognostic value of morphology and hormone receptor status in breast cancer - a population-based study. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2004 , 91, 1263-8	8.7	28
74	Lower incidence rates but thicker melanomas in Eastern Europe before 1992: a comparison with Western Europe. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2004 , 40, 1045-52	7.5	27
73	Electronic availability of EUROCARE-3 data: a tool for further analysis. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14 Suppl 5, v150-5	10.3	28
72	Cancer prevalence in Central Europe: the EUROPREVAL Study. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14, 313-22	10.3	45
71	The EUROCARE-3 database: methodology of data collection, standardisation, quality control and statistical analysis. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14 Suppl 5, v14-27	10.3	66
70	Childhood cancer survival in Europe. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14 Suppl 5, v119-27	10.3	93
69	Stage at diagnosis is a key explanation of differences in breast cancer survival across Europe. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2003 , 106, 416-22	7.5	207
68	Cancer survival in European adolescents and young adults. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2003 , 39, 2600-1	9 ⁻ .5	70
67	Differences in colorectal cancer survival between European and US populations: the importance of sub-site and morphology. <i>European Journal of Cancer</i> , 2003 , 39, 2214-22	7.5	91
66	EUROCARE-3: survival of cancer patients diagnosed 1990-94results and commentary. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14 Suppl 5, v61-118	10.3	516
65	EUROCARE-3 summary: cancer survival in Europe at the end of the 20th century. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14 Suppl 5, v128-49	10.3	332
64	European health systems and cancer care. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14 Suppl 5, v41-60	10.3	104

63	Cancer prevalence in Northern Europe: the EUROPREVAL study. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2003 , 14, 946-57	10.3	14
62	Contrasts in cancer prevalence in Connecticut, Iowa, and Utah. <i>Cancer</i> , 2002 , 95, 430-9	6.4	7
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