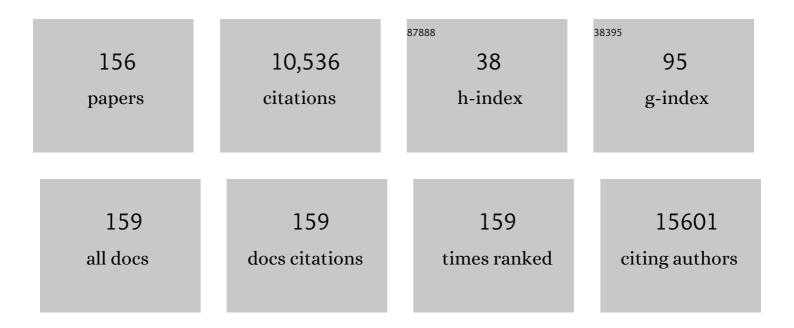
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Toward discovery science of human brain function. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 4734-4739.	7.1	2,703
2	Mapping genomic loci implicates genes and synaptic biology in schizophrenia. Nature, 2022, 604, 502-508.	27.8	929
3	Contribution of copy number variants to schizophrenia from a genome-wide study of 41,321 subjects. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 27-35.	21.4	838
4	A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Recovery in Schizophrenia. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2013, 39, 1296-1306.	4.3	674
5	Rare loss-of-function variants in SETD1A are associated with schizophrenia and developmental disorders. Nature Neuroscience, 2016, 19, 571-577.	14.8	388
6	Use of medications and polypharmacy are increasing among the elderly. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2002, 55, 809-817.	5.0	374
7	Functional segmentation of the brain cortex using high model order group PICA. Human Brain Mapping, 2009, 30, 3865-3886.	3.6	343
8	Prevalence and sociodemographic correlates of alexithymia in a population sample of young adults. Comprehensive Psychiatry, 2001, 42, 471-476.	3.1	173
9	Investigating the possible causal association of smoking with depression and anxiety using Mendelian randomisation meta-analysis: the CARTA consortium. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e006141.	1.9	150
10	The Hopkins Symptom Checklist-25 in screening DSM-III-R axis-I disorders. Nordic Journal of Psychiatry, 2003, 57, 119-123.	1.3	139
11	Co-occurrence of Metabolic Syndrome With Depression and Anxiety in Young Adults: The Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort Study. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2006, 68, 213-216.	2.0	134
12	Childhood adversities as risk factors for adult mental disorders. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2005, 40, 769-777.	3.1	130
13	Sex differences in Cloninger's temperament dimensions—a meta-analysis. Comprehensive Psychiatry, 2007, 48, 161-169.	3.1	130
14	The association of preceding traumatic brain injury with mental disorders, alcoholism and criminality: the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort Study. Psychiatry Research, 2002, 113, 217-226.	3.3	129
15	Estimation of Genetic Correlation via Linkage Disequilibrium Score Regression and Genomic Restricted Maximum Likelihood. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 1185-1194.	6.2	119
16	Epidemiology of alexithymia among adolescents. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2007, 63, 373-376.	2.6	108
17	Reasons for the diagnostic discordance between clinicians and researchers in schizophrenia in the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2003, 38, 305-310.	3.1	106
18	A Comparison of Ten Polygenic Score Methods for Psychiatric Disorders Applied Across Multiple Cohorts. Biological Psychiatry, 2021, 90, 611-620.	1.3	103

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19	Serum C-reactive protein in adolescence and risk of schizophrenia in adulthood: A prospective birth cohort study. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2017, 59, 253-259.	4.1	100
20	Childhood central nervous system infections and risk for schizophrenia. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2004, 254, 9-13.	3.2	95
21	Cohort Profile: 46 years of follow-up of the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966 (NFBC1966). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 50, 1786-1787j.	1.9	92
22	Longitudinal Changes in Total Brain Volume in Schizophrenia: Relation to Symptom Severity, Cognition and Antipsychotic Medication. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e101689.	2.5	92
23	Association of cannabis use with prodromal symptoms of psychosis in adolescence. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2008, 192, 470-471.	2.8	78
24	New alcohol-related genes suggest shared genetic mechanisms with neuropsychiatric disorders. Nature Human Behaviour, 2019, 3, 950-961.	12.0	75
25	Long-term antipsychotic use and brain changes in schizophrenia - a systematic review and meta-analysis. Human Psychopharmacology, 2017, 32, e2574.	1.5	69
26	TTC12-ANKK1-DRD2 and CHRNA5-CHRNA3-CHRNB4 Influence Different Pathways Leading to Smoking Behavior from Adolescence to Mid-Adulthood. Biological Psychiatry, 2011, 69, 650-660.	1.3	67
27	Proteomic, genomic and translational approaches identify CRMP1 for a role in schizophrenia and its underlying traits. Human Molecular Genetics, 2012, 21, 4406-4418.	2.9	67
28	The brain structural disposition to social interaction. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 29, 2247-2252.	2.6	66
29	Non-participation may bias the results of a psychiatric survey. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2007, 42, 403-409.	3.1	58
30	Schizophrenia in the Offspring of Antenatally Depressed Mothers in the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort: Relationship to Family History of Psychosis. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2010, 167, 70-77.	7.2	58
31	Longitudinal regional brain volume loss in schizophrenia: Relationship to antipsychotic medication and change in social function. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 168, 297-304.	2.0	56
32	Aberrant Functional Connectivity in the Default Mode and Central Executive Networks in Subjects with Schizophrenia ââ,¬â€œ A Whole-Brain Resting-State ICA Study. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2015, 6, 26.	2.6	51
33	Cloninger's Temperament Dimensions, Socio-economic and Lifestyle Factors and Metabolic Syndrome Markers at Age 31 Years in the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966. Journal of Health Psychology, 2007, 12, 371-382.	2.3	48
34	Hospital-Treated Psychiatric Disorders in Adults with a Single-Parent and Two-Parent Family Background: A 28-Year Follow-up of the 1966 Northern Finland Birth Cohort. Family Process, 1998, 37, 335-344.	2.6	47
35	Criminality in the offspring of antenatally depressed mothers: a 33-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2003, 74, 273-278.	4.1	43
36	International comparison of Cloninger's temperament dimensions. Personality and Individual Differences, 2006, 41, 1515-1526.	2.9	42

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37	Early-life origins of schizotypal traits in adulthood. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2009, 195, 132-137.	2.8	41
38	Identifying Schizophrenia and Other Psychoses With Psychological Scales in the General Population. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 2011, 199, 230-238.	1.0	41
39	Genome-Wide Association Study of Psychosis Proneness in the Finnish Population. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2017, 43, 1304-1314.	4.3	41
40	Impact of temperament on depression and anxiety symptoms and depressive disorder in a population-based birth cohort. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 131, 393-397.	4.1	39
41	Birth measures and depression at age 31Âyears: The Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort Study. Psychiatry Research, 2008, 160, 263-270.	3.3	37
42	Habitual coffee consumption and cognitive function: a Mendelian randomization meta-analysis in up to 415,530 participants. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 7526.	3.3	36
43	Birth order and risk for schizophrenia: a 31-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2001, 104, 148-152.	4.5	35
44	Social Situation of Expectant Mothers and Alexithymia 31 Years Later in Their Offspring: A Prospective Study. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2003, 65, 307-312.	2.0	35
45	Association between duration of untreated psychosis and brain morphology in schizophrenia within the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Schizophrenia Research, 2010, 123, 145-152.	2.0	35
46	Recovery From Schizophrenic Psychoses Within the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2005, 66, 375-383.	2.2	35
47	The Effect of Gray Matter ICA and Coefficient of Variation Mapping of BOLD Data on the Detection of Functional Connectivity Changes in Alzheimer's Disease and bvFTD. Frontiers in Human Neuroscience, 2016, 10, 680.	2.0	34
48	Distinct Loci in the <i>CHRNA5</i> / <i>CHRNA3</i> / <i>CHRNB4</i> Gene Cluster Are Associated With Onset of Regular Smoking. Genetic Epidemiology, 2013, 37, 846-859.	1.3	32
49	Inter-correlations between Cloninger's temperament dimensions — A meta-analysis. Psychiatry Research, 2008, 160, 106-114.	3.3	31
50	The Association of Genotype-Based Inbreeding Coefficient with a Range of Physical and Psychological Human Traits. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e103102.	2.5	31
51	Neuregulin-1 genotype is associated with structural differences in the normal human brain. NeuroImage, 2012, 59, 2057-2061.	4.2	30
52	Brain structural deficits and working memory fMRI dysfunction in young adults who were diagnosed with ADHD in adolescence. European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2016, 25, 529-538.	4.7	30
53	Data on schizotypy and affective scales are gender and education dependent — Study in the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Psychiatry Research, 2010, 178, 408-413.	3.3	28
54	Maternal cigarette smoking during pregnancy predicts drug use via externalizing behavior in two communityâ€based samples of adolescents. Addiction, 2014, 109, 1718-1729.	3.3	28

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55	Incidence of Mental Disorders in the Finnish UKKI Study. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1996, 168, 672-678.	2.8	27
56	Interaction of early environment, gender and genes of monoamine neurotransmission in the aetiology of depression in a large population-based Finnish birth cohort. BMJ Open, 2011, 1, e000087-e000087.	1.9	27
57	Young people at risk for psychosis: case finding and sample characteristics of the Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Microbial Biotechnology, 2013, 7, 146-154.	1.7	26
58	Association between the duration of untreated psychosis and short- and long-term outcome in schizophrenia within the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Schizophrenia Research, 2013, 143, 3-10.	2.0	25
59	Ability to speak at the age of 1 year and alexithymia 30 years later. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2003, 54, 491-495.	2.6	24
60	Socio-demographic and clinical predictors of occupational status in schizophrenic psychoses—follow-up within the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Psychiatry Research, 2007, 150, 217-225.	3.3	24
61	Longitudinal Pathways from Cumulative Contextual Risk at Birth to School Functioning in Adolescence: Analysis of Mediation Effects and Gender Moderation. Journal of Youth and Adolescence, 2017, 46, 180-196.	3.5	23
62	DISC1 Conditioned GWAS for Psychosis Proneness in a Large Finnish Birth Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30643.	2.5	22
63	Negative symptoms and their predictors in schizophrenia within the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Psychiatry Research, 2010, 178, 121-125.	3.3	21
64	Linking the Developmental and Degenerative Theories of Schizophrenia: Association Between Infant Development and Adult Cognitive Decline. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2014, 40, 1319-1327.	4.3	21
65	Long-term antipsychotic and benzodiazepine use and brain volume changes in schizophrenia: The Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966 study. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2017, 266, 73-82.	1.8	21
66	Somatization and alexithymia in young adult Finnish population. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2005, 27, 244-249.	2.4	20
67	Association of depressiveness with chronic facial pain: A longitudinal study. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2013, 71, 644-649.	1.6	20
68	Maternal prepregnancy body mass index and offspring white matter microstructure: results from three birth cohorts. International Journal of Obesity, 2019, 43, 1995-2006.	3.4	20
69	Temporary parental separation at birth and substance use disorder in adulthood. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2008, 43, 11-17.	3.1	19
70	Default mode network in young people with familial risk for psychosis — The Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Schizophrenia Research, 2013, 143, 239-245.	2.0	19
71	Smoking in pregnancy, adolescent mental health and cognitive performance in young adult offspring: results from a matched sample within a Finnish cohort. BMC Psychiatry, 2016, 16, 430.	2.6	19
72	Inflammation, hippocampal volume, and cognition in schizophrenia: results from the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2021, 271, 609-622.	3.2	19

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73	No Association of COMT (Val158Met) Genotype with Brain Structure Differences between Men and Women. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e33964.	2.5	18
74	The effect of prenatal smoking exposure on daily smoking among teenage offspring. Addiction, 2017, 112, 134-143.	3.3	18
75	Hospital Presentation for Self-Harm in Youth as a Risk Marker for Later Psychotic and Bipolar Disorders: A Cohort Study of 59 476 Finns. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2021, 47, 1685-1694.	4.3	18
76	Developmental precursors of psychosis. Current Psychiatry Reports, 2004, 6, 168-175.	4.5	17
77	Associations between psychotic-like symptoms and inattention/hyperactivity symptoms. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2011, 46, 17-27.	3.1	17
78	Brain structure in different psychosis risk groups in the Northern Finland 1986 Birth Cohort. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 153, 143-149.	2.0	17
79	Co-Occurrence of Personality Disorders with Mood, Anxiety, and Substance use Disorders in a Young Adult Population. Journal of Personality Disorders, 2006, 20, 102-112.	1.4	16
80	Volumes of brain, grey and white matter and cerebrospinal fluid in schizophrenia in the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort: An epidemiological approach to analysis. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2009, 174, 116-120.	1.8	16
81	Different vulnerability indicators for psychosis and their neuropsychological characteristics in the Northern Finland 1986 Birth Cohort. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2011, 33, 385-394.	1.3	16
82	Seasonal variation in affective and other clinical symptoms among high-risk families for bipolar disorders in an Arctic population. International Journal of Circumpolar Health, 2015, 74, 29671.	1.2	16
83	Functional mapping of dynamic happy and fearful facial expressions in young adults with familial risk for psychosis — Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 164, 242-249.	2.0	16
84	Parental separation at birth and criminal behaviour in adulthood. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2003, 38, 354-359.	3.1	15
85	Somatization disorder in young adult population. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2004, 26, 9-12.	2.4	15
86	Neuropeptide precursor VGF is genetically associated with social anhedonia and underrepresented in the brain of major mental illness: its downregulation by DISC1. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 5859-5865.	2.9	15
87	Structural and functional alterations in the brain gray matter among first-degree relatives of schizophrenia patients: A multimodal meta-analysis of fMRI and VBM studies. Schizophrenia Research, 2020, 216, 14-23.	2.0	15
88	DTI abnormalities in adults with past history of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder: a tract-based spatial statistics study. Acta Radiologica, 2015, 56, 990-996.	1.1	13
89	Body mass index and brain white matter structure in young adults at risk for psychosis – The Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2016, 254, 169-176.	1.8	13
90	Frequent intoxication and alcohol tolerance in adolescence: associations with psychiatric disorders in young adulthood. Addiction, 2020, 115, 888-900.	3.3	13

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91	Associations between early development and outcome in schizophrenia — A 35-year follow-up of the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort. Schizophrenia Research, 2008, 99, 29-37.	2.0	12
92	Temperament Clusters in a Normal Population: Implications for Health and Disease. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e33088.	2.5	12
93	Interaction between compound genetic risk for schizophrenia and high birth weight contributes to social anhedonia and schizophrenia in women. Psychiatry Research, 2018, 259, 148-153.	3.3	12
94	A neurobiological pathway to smoking in adolescence: TTC12-ANKK1-DRD2 variants and reward response. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2018, 28, 1103-1114.	0.7	12
95	Depressive symptoms as predictors of visual memory deficits in middle-age. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 264, 29-34.	4.1	12
96	Verbal learning and memory and their associations with brain morphology and illness course in schizophrenia spectrum psychoses. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2012, 34, 698-713.	1.3	11
97	Obsessive-Compulsive Personality Disorder Is Common Among Occupational Health Care Clients With Depression. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 168-171.	1.7	11
98	Association between Dopamine Receptor D2 (DRD2) Variations rs6277 and rs1800497 and Cognitive Performance According to Risk Type for Psychosis: A Nested Case Control Study in a Finnish Population Sample. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0127602.	2.5	11
99	Central executive network in young people with familial risk for psychosis — The Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 161, 177-183.	2.0	11
100	Association between family history of psychiatric disorders and long-term outcome in schizophrenia – The Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966 study. Psychiatry Research, 2017, 249, 16-22.	3.3	11
101	Severe mood disorders and schizophrenia in the adult offspring of antenatally depressed mothers in the Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort: Relationship to parental severe mental disorder. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 249, 63-72.	4.1	11
102	Changes in verbal learning and memory in schizophrenia and non-psychotic controls in midlife: A nine-year follow-up in the Northern Finland Birth Cohort study 1966. Psychiatry Research, 2015, 228, 671-679.	3.3	10
103	Early adversity and brain response to faces in young adulthood. Human Brain Mapping, 2017, 38, 4470-4478.	3.6	10
104	The relationship of dispositional compassion for others with depressive symptoms over a 15-year prospective follow-up. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 250, 354-362.	4.1	10
105	The progression of disorder-specific brain pattern expression in schizophrenia over 9 years. NPJ Schizophrenia, 2021, 7, 32.	3.6	10
106	Temperament profiles and somatization—an epidemiological study of young adult people. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2006, 61, 841-846.	2.6	9
107	Poor premorbid school performance, but not severity of illness, predicts cognitive decline in schizophrenia in midlife. Schizophrenia Research: Cognition, 2015, 2, 120-126.	1.3	9
108	Enhancing sense of coherence via early intervention among depressed occupational health care clients. Nordic Journal of Psychiatry, 2015, 69, 515-522.	1.3	9

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109	Symptoms associated with psychosis risk in an adolescent birth cohort: improving questionnaire utility with a multidimensional approach. Microbial Biotechnology, 2011, 5, 343-348.	1.7	8
110	White matter structure in young adults with familial risk for psychosis – The Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2015, 233, 388-393.	1.8	8
111	Careless responses in survey data and the validity of a screening instrument. Nordic Psychology, 2016, 68, 114-123.	0.8	8
112	Polygenic burden has broader impact on health, cognition, and socioeconomic outcomes than most rare and high-risk copy number variants. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 4884-4895.	7.9	8
113	Early Environment and Neurobehavioral Development Predict Adult Temperament Clusters. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e38065.	2.5	8
114	Associations Between Maternal Prenatal C-Reactive Protein and Risk Factors for Psychosis in Adolescent Offspring: Findings From the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1986. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2021, 47, 766-775.	4.3	8
115	Interactions between uncoupling protein 2 gene polymorphisms, obesity and alcohol intake on liver function: a large meta-analysed population-based study. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2015, 173, 863-872.	3.7	7
116	Cerebellar activity in young people with familial risk for psychosis — The Oulu Brain and Mind Study. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 169, 46-53.	2.0	7
117	Cognition, psychosis risk and metabolic measures in two adolescent birth cohorts. Psychological Medicine, 2018, 48, 2609-2623.	4.5	7
118	Association between developmental milestones and age of schizophrenia onset: Results from the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966. Schizophrenia Research, 2019, 208, 228-234.	2.0	7
119	Cat ownership in childhood and development of schizophrenia. Schizophrenia Research, 2019, 206, 444-445.	2.0	7
120	Polygenic Risk Score for Schizophrenia and Face-Processing Network in Young Adulthood. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2019, 45, 835-845.	4.3	7
121	Use of inverse probability weighting to adjust for non-participation in estimating brain volumes in schizophrenia patients. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2011, 194, 326-332.	1.8	6
122	Antisocial and borderline personality disorders in the offspring of antenatally depressed mothers – a follow-up until mid-adulthood in the Northern Finland 1966 birth cohort. Nordic Journal of Psychiatry, 2020, 74, 138-146.	1.3	6
123	Implementation of CYP2D6 copy-number imputation panel and frequency of key pharmacogenetic variants in Finnish individuals with a psychotic disorder. Pharmacogenomics Journal, 2022, 22, 166-172.	2.0	6
124	Interrater Agreement when Assessing Alexithymia Using the Drawing Completion Test (Wartegg) Tj ETQq0 0 0	rgBT /Over	lock္ 10 Tf 50
125	Predictors of Long-Term Change in Adult Cognitive Performance: Systematic Review and Data from the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966. Clinical Neuropsychologist, 2016, 30, 17-50	2.3	5

126Parental suicide attempts and offspring's risk of attempting or dying by suicide: does the timing of a
parental suicide attempt matter?. Psychological Medicine, 2021, , 1-10.4.5

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127	Early Associations of Schizophrenia in the 1966 North Finland General Population Birth Cohort. International Journal of Mental Health, 2000, 29, 84-90.	1.3	4
128	Profiles of Contextual Risk at Birth and Adolescent Substance Use. Journal of Child and Family Studies, 2018, 27, 717-724.	1.3	4
129	Relationship between BMI and emotion-handling capacity in an adult Finnish population: The Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1966. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0203660.	2.5	4
130	Brain response to facial expressions in adults with adolescent ADHD. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2019, 292, 54-61.	1.8	4
131	Cumulative incidences of hospitalâ€ŧreated psychiatric disorders are increasing in five Finnish birth cohorts. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2021, 143, 119-129.	4.5	4
132	Teachers' assessments of children aged eight predict life satisfaction in adolescence. European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2011, 20, 469-479.	4.7	3
133	Reaction Time and Visual Memory in Connection with Alcohol Use in Schizophrenia and Schizoaffective Disorder. Brain Sciences, 2021, 11, 688.	2.3	3
134	Trajectories of adolescent psychotic-like experiences and early cannabis exposure: Results from a Finnish Birth Cohort Study. Schizophrenia Research, 2022, 246, 95-102.	2.0	3
135	Symptomatic psychosis risk and physiological fluctuation in functional MRI data. Schizophrenia Research, 2020, 216, 339-346.	2.0	2
136	The relationship of genetic susceptibilities for psychosis with physiological fluctuation in functional MRI data. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2020, 297, 111031.	1.8	2
137	Association of participation in the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1986 with mental disorders and suicidal behaviour. Epidemiology and Health, 2022, 44, e2022005.	1.9	2
138	Sleep in Psychotic Disorders: Results From Nationwide SUPER Finland Study. Schizophrenia Bulletin Open, 2022, 3, .	1.7	2
139	Dispositional optimism and pessimism in association with cognitive abilities in early and middle adulthood. Personality and Individual Differences, 2022, 196, 111710.	2.9	2
140	Predictors of early and long-term clinical outcome in schizophrenic psychosis–The Northern Finland 1966 Birth Cohort study. International Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2011, 26, e157-e158.	1.7	1
141	F134. MATERNAL PRENATAL C-REACTIVE PROTEIN AND ADOLESCENT NEURODEVELOPMENTAL OUTCOMES IN THE NORTHERN FINLAND BIRTH COHORT 1986. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2018, 44, S272-S272.	4.3	1
142	Reaction Time and Visual Memory in Connection to Alcohol Use in Persons with Bipolar Disorder. Brain Sciences, 2021, 11, 1154.	2.3	1
143	Cardiometabolic Disorders in the Offspring of Parents With Severe Mental Illness. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2022, 84, 2-9.	2.0	1
144	Temperament profiles in women with somatization disorder. Psychiatry and Clinical Neurosciences, 2007, 61, 578-578.	1.8	0

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145	Verbal learning and memory and their associations with brain morphology and illness course in subjects with schizophrenic psychoses. International Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2011, 26, e177-e178.	1.7	0
146	Structural MRI in the 1986 Northern Finland Birth Cohort. International Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2011, 26, e140-e141.	1.7	0
147	A systematic review and meta-analysis of recovery from schizophrenic psychoses. International Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2011, 26, e159-e160.	1.7	0
148	T127. OFFSPRING OF ANTENATALLY DEPRESSED MOTHERS AND PARENTS WITH SEVERE MENTAL DISORDER – LONG FOLLOW-UP IN THE NORTHERN FINLAND 1966 BIRTH COHORT. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2018, 44, S164-S165.	A 4.3	0
149	Cerebellar white matter in young adults with a familial risk for psychosis. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2019, 287, 41-48.	1.8	0
150	M29. SPECIFIC SYMPTOMS IN ADOLESCENCE PREDICT PSYCHOSIS IN THE NORTHERN FINLAND BIRTH COHORT 1986. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2020, 46, S145-S145.	4.3	0
151	M127. BODY MASS INDEX IN THE MIDDLE-AGED OFFSPRING OF PARENTS WITH SEVERE MENTAL ILLNESS. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2020, 46, S183-S184.	4.3	0
152	M130. COMPARISON OF CUMULATIVE INCIDENCE OF HOSPITAL TREATED PSYCHOSIS IN FIVE FINNISH BIRTH COHORTS. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2020, 46, S184-S185.	4.3	0
153	Optic Nerve Parameters and Cognitive Function in the Northern Finland Birth Cohort Eye Study. Ophthalmic Epidemiology, 2021, , 1-9.	1.7	0
154	Reaction Time and Visual Memory in Connection to Hazardous Drinking Polygenic Scores in Schizophrenia, Schizoaffective Disorder and Bipolar Disorder. Brain Sciences, 2021, 11, 1422.	2.3	0
155	Body mass index in the middle-aged offspring of parents with severe mental illness. Psychological Medicine, 2022, , 1-7.	4.5	0
156	Intervention effect of participation in the Northern Finland Birth Cohort 1986 study – Special reference to mental disorders and suicidal behavior. Nordic Journal of Psychiatry, 0, , 1-1.	1.3	0