List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Text messaging interventions for reducing alcohol consumption among risky drinkers: systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Addiction, 2021, 116, 1021-1033.	1.7	41
2	A Human, Organization, and Technology Perspective on Patients' Experiences of a Chat-Based and Automated Medical History–Taking Service in Primary Health Care: Interview Study Among Primary Care Patients. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2021, 23, e29868.	2.1	14
3	mHealth intervention for multiple lifestyle behaviour change among high school students in Sweden (LIFE4YOUth): protocol for a randomised controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1406.	1.2	3
4	Six-Month Outcomes from the NEXit Junior Trial of a Text Messaging Smoking Cessation Intervention for High School Students: Randomized Controlled Trial With Bayesian Analysis. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2021, 9, e29913.	1.8	6
5	Multiple lifestyle behaviour mHealth intervention targeting Swedish college and university students: protocol for the <i>Buddy</i> randomised factorial trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e051044.	0.8	3
6	Using Mobile Devices to Deliver Lifestyle Interventions Targeting At-Risk High School Students: Protocol for a Participatory Design Study. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e14588.	0.5	7
7	The Mobile Health Multiple Lifestyle Behavior Interventions Across the Lifespan (MoBILE) Research Program: Protocol for Development, Evaluation, and Implementation. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e14894.	0.5	12
8	Implementing Facilitated Access to a Text Messaging, Smoking Cessation Intervention Among Swedish Patients Having Elective Surgery: Qualitative Study of Patients' and Health Care Professionals' Perspectives. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2020, 8, e17563.	1.8	6
9	Health Care Professionals' Experience of a Digital Tool for Patient Exchange, Anamnesis, and Triage in Primary Care: Qualitative Study. JMIR Human Factors, 2020, 7, e21698.	1.0	20
10	Effects of a Text Messaging Smoking Cessation Intervention Among Online Help Seekers and Primary Health Care Visitors in Sweden: Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial Using a Bayesian Group Sequential Design. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e23677.	0.5	5
11	High School Students' Preferences and Design Recommendations for a Mobile Phone–Based Intervention to Improve Psychological Well-Being: Mixed Methods Study. JMIR Pediatrics and Parenting, 2020, 3, e17044.	0.8	2
12	Adherence to planned risk management interventions in Swedish forensic care: What is said and done according to patient records. International Journal of Law and Psychiatry, 2019, 64, 71-82.	0.5	3
13	Comorbidity of Adult ADHD and Its Subtypes With Substance Use Disorder in a Large Population-Based Epidemiological Study. Journal of Attention Disorders, 2019, 23, 1416-1426.	1.5	96
14	Mobile Phone–Based Smoking-Cessation Intervention for Patients Undergoing Elective Surgery: Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR Research Protocols, 2019, 8, e12511.	0.5	6
15	Clinician experiences of healthy lifestyle promotion and perceptions of digital interventions as complementary tools for lifestyle behavior change in primary care. BMC Family Practice, 2018, 19, 139.	2.9	13
16	Staff Perceptions of Facilitators and Barriers to the Use of a Short- Term Risk Assessment Instrument in Forensic Psychiatry. Journal of Forensic Psychology Research and Practice, 2018, 18, 199-228.	0.4	7
17	Effectiveness of a Text Messaging–Based Intervention Targeting Alcohol Consumption Among University Students: Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2018, 6, e146.	1.8	25
18	Delivery of Brief Interventions for Heavy Drinking in Primary Care: Outcomes of the ODHIN 5-Country Cluster Randomized Trial. Annals of Family Medicine, 2017, 15, 335-340.	0.9	31

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19	Impact of practice, provider and patient characteristics on delivering screening and brief advice for heavy drinking in primary healthcare: Secondary analyses of data from the ODHIN five-country cluster randomized factorial trial. European Journal of General Practice, 2017, 23, 241-245.	0.9	8
20	Short message service (SMS)-based intervention targeting alcohol consumption among university students: study protocol of a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 156.	0.7	11
21	Attitudes and Learning through Practice Are Key to Delivering Brief Interventions for Heavy Drinking in Primary Health Care: Analyses from the ODHIN Five Country Cluster Randomized Factorial Trial. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 121.	1.2	25
22	The Impact of an Implementation Project on Primary Care Staff Perceptions of Delivering Brief Alcohol Advice. Journal of Addiction, 2016, 2016, 1-9.	0.9	0
23	Improving the delivery of brief interventions for heavy drinking in primary health care: outcome results of the Optimizing Delivery of Health Care Intervention (ODHIN) five-country cluster randomized factorial trial. Addiction, 2016, 111, 1935-1945.	1.7	73
24	Structured Risk Assessment Instruments: A Systematic Review of Implementation Determinants. Psychiatry, Psychology and Law, 2016, 23, 602-628.	0.9	24
25	Implementing referral to an electronic alcohol brief advice website in primary healthcare: results from the ODHIN implementation trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010271.	0.8	14
26	User satisfaction with the structure and content of the NEXit intervention, a text messaging-based smoking cessation programme. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 1179.	1.2	21
27	Effectiveness of Short Message Service Text-Based Smoking Cessation Intervention Among University Students. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 321.	2.6	85
28	Text Message-Based Intervention Targeting Alcohol Consumption Among University Students: Findings From a Formative Development Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2016, 4, e119.	1.8	31
29	Impact of primary healthcare providers' initial role security and therapeutic commitment on implementing brief interventions in managing risky alcohol consumption: a cluster randomised factorial trial. Implementation Science, 2015, 11, 96.	2.5	8
30	Formative content development and evaluation of a text message intervention for excessive alcohol consumption among university students Addiction Science & Clinical Practice, 2015, 10, .	1.2	0
31	Professional's Attitudes Do Not Influence Screening and Brief Interventions Rates for Hazardous and Harmful Drinkers: Results from ODHIN Study. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2015, 50, 430-437.	0.9	32
32	Implementing healthy lifestyle promotion in primary care: a quasi-experimental cross-sectional study evaluating a team initiative. BMC Health Services Research, 2015, 15, 31.	0.9	8
33	SMS-based smoking cessation intervention among university students: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial (NEXit trial). Trials, 2015, 16, 140.	0.7	18
34	Online Alcohol Assessment and Feedback for Hazardous and Harmful Drinkers: Findings From the AMADEUS-2 Randomized Controlled Trial of Routine Practice in Swedish Universities. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2015, 17, e170.	2.1	28
35	Towards implementing coordinated healthy lifestyle promotion in primary care: a mixed method study. International Journal of Integrated Care, 2015, 15, e030.	0.1	4
36	Internet Applications for Screening and Brief Interventions for Alcohol in Primary Care Settings ââ,¬â€œ Implementation and Sustainability. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2014, 5, 151.	1.3	18

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37	Long-term impact of a real-world coordinated lifestyle promotion initiative in primary care: a quasi-experimental cross-sectional study. BMC Family Practice, 2014, 15, 201.	2.9	7
38	Deception in Research Is Morally Problematic … and so too Is Not Using It Morally: Reply to Open Peer Commentaries on "The Use of Deception in Public Health Behavioral Intervention Trials: A Case Study of Three Online Alcohol Trials― American Journal of Bioethics, 2014, 14, W9-W12.	0.5	1
39	Implementation of healthy lifestyle promotion in primary care: Patients as coproducers. Patient Education and Counseling, 2014, 97, 283-290.	1.0	10
40	Feasibility and User Perception of a Fully Automated Push-Based Multiple-Session Alcohol Intervention for University Students: Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2014, 2, e30.	1.8	35
41	Implementing training and support, financial reimbursement, and referral to an internet-based brief advice program to improve the early identification of hazardous and harmful alcohol consumption in primary care (ODHIN): study protocol for a cluster randomized factorial trial. Implementation Science. 2013. 8. 11.	2.5	44
42	Alcohol assessment & feedback by e-mail for university student hazardous and harmful drinkers: study protocol for the AMADEUS-2 randomised controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 949.	1.2	14
43	What makes emergency department patients reduce their alcohol consumption? – A computer-based intervention study in Sweden. International Emergency Nursing, 2013, 21, 3-9.	0.6	14
44	Comparison of Systematic Versus Targeted Screening for Detection of Risky Drinking in Primary Care. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2013, 48, 172-179.	0.9	8
45	The Use of Deception in Public Health Behavioral Intervention Trials: A Case Study of Three Online Alcohol Trials. American Journal of Bioethics, 2013, 13, 39-47.	0.5	34
46	Alcohol assessment and feedback by email for university students: main findings from a randomised controlled trial. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2013, 203, 334-340.	1.7	57
47	Acute Alcohol Consumption and Motivation to Reduce Drinking Among Injured Patients in a Swedish Emergency Department. Journal of Addictions Nursing, 2012, 23, 152-158.	0.2	3
48	When is it appropriate to address patients' alcohol consumption in health care—national survey of views of the general population in Sweden. Addictive Behaviors, 2012, 37, 1211-1216.	1.7	16
49	Alcohol email assessment and feedback study dismantling effectiveness for university students (AMADEUS-1): study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2012, 13, 49.	0.7	19
50	Effectiveness of a Proactive Mail-Based Alcohol Internet Intervention for University Students: Dismantling the Assessment and Feedback Components in a Randomized Controlled Trial. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2012, 14, e142.	2.1	44
51	Electronic screening and brief intervention for risky drinking in Swedish university students — A randomized controlled trial. Addictive Behaviors, 2011, 36, 654-659.	1.7	38
52	Referral to an Electronic Screening and Brief Alcohol Intervention in Primary Health Care in Sweden: Impact of Staff Referral to the Computer. International Journal of Telemedicine and Applications, 2011, 2011, 1-10.	1.1	8
53	Different Methods of Early Identification of Risky Drinking: A Review of Clinical Signs. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2011, 46, 283-291.	0.9	16
54	Hazardous Drinking Concepts, Limits and Methods: Low Levels of Awareness, Knowledge and Use in the Swedish Population. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2011, 46, 638-645.	0.9	20

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55	Improvement of Physical Activity by a Kiosk-based Electronic Screening and Brief Intervention in Routine Primary Health Care: Patient-Initiated Versus Staff-Referred. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2011, 13, e99.	2.1	15
56	Is there a demand for physical activity interventions provided by the health care sector? Findings from a population survey. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 34.	1.2	27
57	Reach and effectiveness of a computer-based alcohol intervention in a Swedish emergency room. International Emergency Nursing, 2010, 18, 138-146.	0.6	24
58	Alcohol consumption and motivation to reduce drinking among emergency care patients in Sweden. International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion, 2009, 16, 133-141.	1.0	4
59	Alcohol use among university students in Sweden measured by an electronic screening instrument. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 229.	1.2	51
60	Alcohol consumption is associated with progression of hepatic fibrosis in non-alcoholic fatty liver disease. Scandinavian Journal of Gastroenterology, 2009, 44, 366-374.	0.6	183
61	Implementation of a computerized alcohol advice concept in routine emergency care. International Emergency Nursing, 2009, 17, 113-121.	0.6	13
62	Alcohol use before and during pregnancy and factors influencing change among Swedish women. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2008, 87, 768-774.	1.3	41
63	A systematic review of emergency care brief alcohol interventions for injury patients. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2008, 35, 184-201.	1.5	180
64	Asking patients about their drinking. Addictive Behaviors, 2008, 33, 301-314.	1.7	27
65	Linking drinking to injury–Âcausal attribution of injury to alcohol intake among patients in a Swedish emergency room. International Journal of Injury Control and Safety Promotion, 2007, 14, 93-102.	1.0	10
66	Implementation of computerized alcohol screening and advice in an emergency department – a nursing staff perspective. International Emergency Nursing, 2007, 15, 3-9.	0.7	27
67	Respondent satisfaction regarding SF-36 and EQ-5D, and patients' perspectives concerning health outcome assessment within routine health care. Quality of Life Research, 2007, 16, 1647-1654.	1.5	30
68	Frequency of heavy episodic drinking among nonfatal injury patients attending an emergency room. Accident Analysis and Prevention, 2007, 39, 757-766.	3.0	16
69	Patients'and doctors' views of using the schedule for individual quality of life in clinical practice. The Journal of Supportive Oncology, 2007, 5, 281-7.	2.3	22
70	Effectiveness of strategies to implement brief alcohol intervention in primary healthcare. Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, 2006, 24, 5-15.	0.6	118
71	Feasibility of an email-based electronic screening and brief intervention (e-SBI) to college students in Sweden. Addictive Behaviors, 2006, 31, 777-787.	1.7	44
72	Role of preexisting disease in patients' perceptions of health-related quality of life after intensive care*. Critical Care Medicine, 2005, 33, 1557-1564.	0.4	65

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73	ATTITUDES OF SWEDISH GENERAL PRACTITIONERS AND NURSES TO WORKING WITH LIFESTYLE CHANGE, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2005, 40, 388-393.	0.9	67
74	CAN SCREENING AND SIMPLE WRITTEN ADVICE REDUCE EXCESSIVE ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION AMONG EMERGENCY CARE PATIENTS?. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2005, 40, 401-408.	0.9	21
75	Advice to patients in Swedish primary care regarding alcohol and other lifestyle habits: how patients report the actions of GPs in relation to their own expectations and satisfaction with the consultation. European Journal of Public Health, 2005, 15, 615-620.	0.1	49
76	Feasibility of a computerized alcohol screening and personalized written advice in the ED: opportunities and obstacles. International Emergency Nursing, 2005, 13, 44-53.	0.7	25
77	Acceptability of a computerized alcohol screening and advice routine in an emergency department setting—a patient perspective. Addictive Behaviors, 2005, 30, 767-776.	1.7	32
78	Under what circumstances are nurses willing to engage in brief alcohol interventions?. Addictive Behaviors, 2005, 30, 1049-1053.	1.7	30
79	Routine screening for risky alcohol consumption at an emergency department using the AUDIT-C questionnaire. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2004, 74, 71-75.	1.6	39
80	Measuring health-related quality of life in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in a routine hospital setting: feasibility and perceived value. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2003, 1, 5.	1.0	27
81	EARLY INTERVENTION FOR PROBLEM DRINKERS: READINESS TO PARTICIPATE AMONG GENERAL PRACTITIONERS AND NURSES IN SWEDISH PRIMARY HEALTH CARE. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2002, 37, 38-42.	0.9	67
82	Pharmacological Intervention in Older Patients with Rheumatoid Arthritis. Drugs and Aging, 1995, 7, 338-346.	1.3	8
83	Assessment of Quality of Life in Rheumatoid Arthritis. Pharmacoeconomics, 1994, 5, 286-298.	1.7	15