

Akiomi Inoue

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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57
papers

1,211
citations

331670

21
h-index

414414

32
g-index

60
all docs

60
docs citations

60
times ranked

1063
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Development of a Short Questionnaire to Measure an Extended Set of Job Demands, Job Resources, and Positive Health Outcomes: The New Brief Job Stress Questionnaire. <i>Industrial Health</i> , 2014, 52, 175-189.	1.0	83
2	Organizational justice, psychological distress, and work engagement in Japanese workers. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2010, 83, 29-38.	2.3	78
3	Association of Occupation, Employment Contract, and Company Size with Mental Health in a National Representative Sample of Employees in Japan. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2010, 52, 227-240.	2.1	66
4	Measuring Workplace Bullying: Reliability and Validity of the Japanese Version of the Negative Acts Questionnaire. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2010, 52, 216-226.	2.1	65
5	Socioeconomic Determinants of Bullying in the Workplace: A National Representative Sample in Japan. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0119435.	2.5	55
6	Relationship between sickness presenteeism (WHO-HPQ) with depression and sickness absence due to mental disease in a cohort of Japanese workers. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2015, 180, 14-20.	4.1	55
7	Reliability and Validity of the Japanese Version of the Organizational Justice Questionnaire. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2009, 51, 74-83.	2.1	47
8	Optimal Cutoff Values of WHO-HPQ Presenteeism Scores by ROC Analysis for Preventing Mental Sickness Absence in Japanese Prospective Cohort. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e111191.	2.5	40
9	Three job stress models/concepts and oxidative DNA damage in a sample of workers in Japan. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2009, 66, 329-334.	2.6	39
10	Organizational Justice and Psychological Distress Among Permanent and Non-permanent Employees in Japan: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2013, 20, 265-276.	1.7	37
11	Job stressors and long-term sick leave due to depressive disorders among Japanese male employees: findings from the Japan Work Stress and Health Cohort study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2010, 64, 229-235.	3.7	36
12	Work Engagement as a Predictor of Onset of Major Depressive Episode (MDE) among Workers, Independent of Psychological Distress: A 3-Year Prospective Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0148157.	2.5	35
13	Job demands, job resources, and work engagement of Japanese employees: a prospective cohort study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2013, 86, 441-449.	2.3	33
14	Association of Job Demands with Work Engagement of Japanese Employees: Comparison of Challenges with Hindrances (J-HOPE). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e91583.	2.5	33
15	Association between working hours, work engagement, and work productivity in employees: A cross-sectional study of the Japanese Study of Health, Occupation, and Psychosocial Factors Relates Equity. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2019, 61, 182-188.	2.1	32
16	Optimum Cutoff Point of the Japanese Short Version of the Effort-Reward Imbalance Questionnaire. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2013, 55, 340-348.	2.1	31
17	The Association of Workplace Social Capital With Work Engagement of Employees in Health Care Settings. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2016, 58, 265-271.	1.7	31
18	Interpersonal conflict and depression among Japanese workers with high or low socioeconomic status: Findings from the Japan Work Stress and Health Cohort Study. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2010, 71, 173-180.	3.8	30

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19	Construct validity and test-retest reliability of the World Mental Health Japan version of the World Health Organization Health and Work Performance Questionnaire Short Version: a preliminary study. <i>Industrial Health</i> , 2020, 58, 375-387.	1.0	30
20	Workplace incivility in Japan: Reliability and validity of the Japanese version of the modified Work Incivility Scale. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2017, 59, 237-246.	2.1	27
21	Workplace social capital and the onset of major depressive episode among workers in Japan: a 3-year prospective cohort study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2017, 71, 606-612.	3.7	23
22	Organizational Justice and Major Depressive Episodes in Japanese Employees: A Cross-sectional Study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2013, 55, 47-55.	2.1	22
23	The Mediating and Moderating Effects of Workplace Social Capital on the Associations between Adverse Work Characteristics and Psychological Distress among Japanese Workers. <i>Industrial Health</i> , 2014, 52, 313-323.	1.0	21
24	Work engagement and high-sensitivity C-reactive protein levels among Japanese workers: a 1-year prospective cohort study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2015, 88, 651-658.	2.3	21
25	Buffering effects of job resources on the association of overtime work hours with psychological distress in Japanese white-collar workers. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2015, 88, 631-640.	2.3	20
26	Effect of the National Stress Check Program on mental health among workers in Japan: A 1-year retrospective cohort study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2018, 60, 298-306.	2.1	19
27	Do time-invariant confounders explain away the association between job stress and workers' mental health?: Evidence from Japanese occupational panel data. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2015, 126, 138-144.	3.8	18
28	Effect of Anxiety About COVID-19 Infection in the Workplace on the Association Between Job Demands and Psychological Distress. <i>Frontiers in Public Health</i> , 2021, 9, 722071.	2.7	17
29	Interaction effect of job insecurity and role ambiguity on psychological distress in Japanese employees: a cross-sectional study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2018, 91, 391-402.	2.3	15
30	Buffering effect of workplace social capital on the association of job insecurity with psychological distress in Japanese employees: a cross-sectional study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2016, 58, 460-469.	2.1	14
31	Source-specific workplace social support and high-sensitivity C-reactive protein levels among Japanese workers: A 1-year prospective cohort study. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2016, 59, 676-684.	2.1	12
32	Association of workplace social capital with psychological distress: results from a longitudinal multilevel analysis of the J-HOPE Study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e022569.	1.9	12
33	The effect of changes in overtime work hours on depressive symptoms among Japanese white-collar workers: A 2-year follow-up study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2019, 61, 320-327.	2.1	12
34	Organizational Justice and Physiological Coronary Heart Disease Risk Factors in Japanese Employees: a Cross-Sectional Study. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2015, 22, 775-785.	1.7	10
35	Psychosocial Work Environment Explains the Association of Job Dissatisfaction With Long-term Sickness Absence: A One-Year Prospective Study of Japanese Employees. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 30, 390-395.	2.4	9
36	Effect Modification by Coping Strategies on the Association of Organizational Justice with Psychological Distress in Japanese Workers. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2014, 56, 111-123.	2.1	8

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37	Association between maternity harassment and depression during pregnancy amid the COVID-19 state of emergency. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2021, 63, e12196.	2.1	8
38	Psychometric assessment of a scale to measure bonding workplace social capital. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0179461.	2.5	7
39	Workplace social capital and refraining from seeking medical care in Japanese employees: a 1-year prospective cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e036910.	1.9	7
40	Implementation and effectiveness of the Stress Check Program, a national program to monitor and control workplace psychosocial factors in Japan: a systematic review. Translated secondary publication. <i>International Journal of Workplace Health Management</i> , 2020, 13, 649-670.	1.9	6
41	Associations between work-related stressors and QALY in a general working population in Japan: a cross-sectional study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2021, 94, 1375-1383.	2.3	6
42	Organizational Justice and Refraining from Seeking Medical Care Among Japanese Employees: A 1-Year Prospective Cohort Study. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 2019, 26, 76-84.	1.7	5
43	Modifying effect of cigarette smoking on the association of organizational justice with serious psychological distress in Japanese employees: a cross-sectional study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2016, 89, 901-910.	2.3	4
44	The Association Between Unit-Level Workplace Social Capital and Intention to Leave Among Employees in Health Care Settings: A Cross-Sectional Multilevel Study. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2020, 62, e186-e191.	1.7	4
45	Association Between Adaptation of Management Philosophy and Mission Statement, and Work Engagement Among Japanese Workers. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2021, 63, e601-e604.	1.7	4
46	Organizational justice and illness reporting among Japanese employees with chronic diseases. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0223595.	2.5	3
47	Social Support During Emergency Work and Subsequent Serious Psychological Distress. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2019, 61, e240-e246.	1.7	3
48	Psychosocial Mechanisms of Psychological Health Disparity in Japanese Workers. <i>Industrial Health</i> , 2013, 51, 472-481.	1.0	3
49	Assessing workplace civility: Validity and 1-year test-retest reliability of a Japanese version of the CREW Civility Scale. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2022, 64, e12332.	2.1	3
50	Suggestions for new organizational-level item pools for the national Stress Check Program from management philosophy and mission statement: A qualitative study using unsupervised learning. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2022, 64, e12335.	2.1	3
51	Role ambiguity as an amplifier of the association between job stressors and workers' psychological ill-being: Evidence from an occupational survey in Japan. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2021, 63, e12310.	2.1	2
52	Effect of Working from Home on the Association between Job Demands and Psychological Distress. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 6287.	2.6	2
53	Organizational Justice and Cognitive Failures in Japanese Employees. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, 901-906.	1.7	1
54	Determining whether periodic health checkups have any preventive effect on deterioration in health among middle-aged adults: A hazards model analysis in Japan. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2021, 63, e12291.	2.1	1

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Association between Long Working Hours and Psychological Distress: The Effect Modification by Request to Stay Home When Sick in the Workplace during the COVID-19 Pandemic. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 3907.	2.6	1
56	Reliability and Validity of the Japanese Version of the 12-Item Psychosocial Safety Climate Scale (PSC-12). International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12954.	2.6	1
57	Combined effect of high stress and job dissatisfaction on long-term sickness absence: a 1-year prospective study of Japanese employees. Environmental and Occupational Health Practice, 2020, 2, n/a.	0.5	0