

Teppei Fujikawa

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

29
papers

1,564
citations

471061

17
h-index

476904

29
g-index

32
all docs

32
docs citations

32
times ranked

2293
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	SIRT1 Deacetylase in POMC Neurons Is Required for Homeostatic Defenses against Diet-Induced Obesity. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2010, 12, 78-87.	7.2	216
2	Xbp1s in Pomc Neurons Connects ER Stress with Energy Balance and Glucose Homeostasis. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2014, 20, 471-482.	7.2	213
3	Leptin therapy improves insulin-deficient type 1 diabetes by CNS-dependent mechanisms in mice. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 17391-17396.	3.3	190
4	SIRT1 Deacetylase in SF1 Neurons Protects against Metabolic Imbalance. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2011, 14, 301-312.	7.2	138
5	Central Administration of Resveratrol Improves Diet-Induced Diabetes. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2009, 150, 5326-5333.	1.4	118
6	Leptin Engages a Hypothalamic Neurocircuitry to Permit Survival in the Absence of Insulin. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2013, 18, 431-444.	7.2	115
7	Revisiting the Ventral Medial Nucleus of the Hypothalamus: The Roles of SF-1 Neurons in Energy Homeostasis. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 7, 71.	1.4	93
8	POMC neurons expressing leptin receptors coordinate metabolic responses to fasting via suppression of leptin levels. <i>ELife</i> , 2018, 7, .	2.8	77
9	Enhanced insulin sensitivity in skeletal muscle and liver by physiological overexpression of SIRT6. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2015, 4, 846-856.	3.0	47
10	Elevated resistin levels induce central leptin resistance and increased atherosclerotic progression in mice. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2014, 57, 1209-1218.	2.9	44
11	SF-1 expression in the hypothalamus is required for beneficial metabolic effects of exercise. <i>ELife</i> , 2016, 5, .	2.8	37
12	High-Phosphate Diet Induces Exercise Intolerance and Impairs Fatty Acid Metabolism in Mice. <i>Circulation</i> , 2019, 139, 1422-1434.	1.6	36
13	NURR1 activation in skeletal muscle controls systemic energy homeostasis. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 11299-11308.	3.3	35
14	Increased Noradrenergic Activity in the Ventromedial Hypothalamus during Treadmill Running in Rats. <i>Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology</i> , 2010, 56, 185-190.	0.2	32
15	Noradrenergic projections to the ventromedial hypothalamus regulate fat metabolism during endurance exercise. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 190, 239-250.	1.1	21
16	Deadenylase-dependent mRNA decay of GDF15 and FGF21 orchestrates food intake and energy expenditure. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2022, 34, 564-580.e8.	7.2	21
17	Living without insulin: the role of leptin signaling in the hypothalamus. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 9, 108.	1.4	20
18	Increase in transforming growth factor- β 2 in the brain during infection is related to fever, not depression of spontaneous motor activity. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 144, 1133-1140.	1.1	16

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Glucose-Lowering by Leptin in the Absence of Insulin Does Not Fully Rely on the Central Melanocortin System in Male Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2019, 160, 651-663.	1.4	14
20	Transforming growth factor-beta in the brain enhances fat oxidation via noradrenergic neurons in the ventromedial and paraventricular hypothalamic nucleus. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2007, 1173, 92-101.	1.1	11
21	P110 [̂] in the ventromedial hypothalamus regulates glucose and energy metabolism. <i>Experimental and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2019, 51, 1-9.	3.2	10
22	Central regulation of glucose metabolism in an insulin-dependent and independent manner. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2021, 33, e12941.	1.2	9
23	CB1Rs in VMH neurons regulate glucose homeostasis but not body weight. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 321, E146-E155.	1.8	9
24	Leptin Receptors in RIP-Cre25Mgn Neurons Mediate Anti-dyslipidemia Effects of Leptin in Insulin-Deficient Mice. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2020, 11, 588447.	1.5	8
25	Inhibition of fatty acid oxidation activates transforming growth factor-beta in cerebrospinal fluid and decreases spontaneous motor activity. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2010, 101, 370-375.	1.0	7
26	Blood Lactate Functions as a Signal for Enhancing Fatty Acid Metabolism during Exercise via TGF- [̂] beta; in the Brain. <i>Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology</i> , 2012, 58, 88-95.	0.2	7
27	Intracisternal administration of transforming growth factor- [̂] 2 evokes fever through the induction of cyclooxygenase-2 in brain endothelial cells. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2008, 294, R266-R275.	0.9	6
28	Hypothalamic-mediated control of glucose balance in the presence and absence of insulin. <i>Aging</i> , 2014, 6, 92-97.	1.4	5
29	Blood lactate functions as a signal for enhancing fatty acid metabolism during exercise via TGF- [̂] 2 in the brain. <i>Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology</i> , 2012, 58, 88-95.	0.2	3