List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/432597/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Patterns of Maternal Distress from Pregnancy Through Childhood Predict Psychopathology During Early Adolescence. Child Psychiatry and Human Development, 2023, 54, 470-480.	1.1	10
2	Intergenerational risk and resilience pathways from discrimination and acculturative stress to infant mental health. Development and Psychopathology, 2023, 35, 899-911.	1.4	6
3	Maternal Depressive Symptoms Predict General Liability in Child Psychopathology. Journal of Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology, 2022, 51, 85-96.	2.2	16
4	Development of the infant gut microbiome predicts temperament across the first year of life. Development and Psychopathology, 2022, 34, 1914-1925.	1.4	10
5	Maternal caregiving ameliorates the consequences of prenatal maternal psychological distress on child development. Development and Psychopathology, 2022, 34, 1376-1385.	1.4	8
6	The acute and persisting impact of COVID-19 on trajectories of adolescent depression: Sex differences and social connectedness. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 299, 246-255.	2.0	34
7	The contribution of racism-related stress and adversity to disparities in birth outcomes: evidence and research recommendations. F&S Reports, 2022, 3, 5-13.	0.4	6
8	Prenatal exposure to maternal psychological distress and telomere length in childhood. Developmental Psychobiology, 2022, 64, e22238.	0.9	8
9	Real-time feedback of air quality in children's bedrooms reduces exposure to secondhand smoke. Tobacco Prevention and Cessation, 2022, 8, 1-5.	0.2	0
10	Contribution of earlyâ€life unpredictability to neuropsychiatric symptom patterns in adulthood. Depression and Anxiety, 2022, 39, 706-717.	2.0	18
11	Maternal prenatal cortisol programs the infant hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenal axis. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2021, 125, 105106.	1.3	18
12	Prenatal maternal mood entropy is associated with child neurodevelopment Emotion, 2021, 21, 489-498.	1.5	17
13	A predictable home environment may protect child mental health during the COVID-19 pandemic. Neurobiology of Stress, 2021, 14, 100291.	1.9	98
14	Perceived neighborhood cohesion buffers COVID-19 impacts on mental health in a United States sample. Social Science and Medicine, 2021, 285, 114269.	1.8	20
15	Aberrant Maturation of the Uncinate Fasciculus Follows Exposure to Unpredictable Patterns of Maternal Signals. Journal of Neuroscience, 2021, 41, 1242-1250.	1.7	31
16	Cesarean delivery and infant cortisol regulation. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 122, 104862.	1.3	12
17	Unpredictable maternal behavior is associated with a blunted infant cortisol response. Developmental Psychobiology, 2020, 62, 882-888.	0.9	23
18	Prenatal maternal psychological distress and fetal developmental trajectories: associations with infant temperament. Development and Psychopathology, 2020, 32, 1685-1695.	1.4	24

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Across continents and demographics, unpredictable maternal signals are associated with children's cognitive function. EBioMedicine, 2019, 46, 256-263.	2.7	36
20	The influence of unpredictable, fragmented parental signals on the developing brain. Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology, 2019, 53, 100736.	2.5	79
21	Childhood poverty and the organization of structural brain connectome. NeuroImage, 2019, 184, 409-416.	2.1	37
22	Prenatal Risk for Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD): Fetal Cortisol Exposure Predicts Child ASD Symptoms. Clinical Psychological Science, 2019, 7, 349-361.	2.4	13
23	Can Placental Corticotropin-Releasing Hormone Inform Timing of Antenatal Corticosteroid Administration?. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2019, 104, 443-450.	1.8	9
24	Measuring novel antecedents of mental illness: the Questionnaire of Unpredictability in Childhood. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2019, 44, 876-882.	2.8	52
25	Cortical Thinning and Neuropsychiatric Outcomes in Children Exposed to Prenatal Adversity: A Role for Placental CRH?. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 175, 471-479.	4.0	53
26	Network specialization during adolescence: Hippocampal effective connectivity in boys and girls. Neurolmage, 2018, 175, 402-412.	2.1	18
27	A longitudinal study of women's depression symptom profiles during and after the postpartum phase. Depression and Anxiety, 2018, 35, 292-304.	2.0	17
28	Prenatal maternal mood patterns predict child temperament and adolescent mental health. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 228, 83-90.	2.0	87
29	Exposure to traumatic events in childhood predicts cortisol production among high risk pregnant women. Biological Psychology, 2018, 139, 186-192.	1.1	39
30	Women's Pregnancy Life History and Alzheimer's Risk: Can Immunoregulation Explain the Link?. American Journal of Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementias, 2018, 33, 516-526.	0.9	44
31	Does Anhedonia Presage Increased Risk of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder?. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2018, 38, 249-265.	0.8	25
32	Temperament factors and dimensional, latent bifactor models of child psychopathology: Transdiagnostic and specific associations in two youth samples. Psychiatry Research, 2017, 252, 139-146.	1.7	84
33	Exposure to unpredictable maternal sensory signals influences cognitive development across species. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 10390-10395.	3.3	131
34	Developmental origins of the human hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis. Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, 12, 321-339.	1.2	104
35	Validation of Minimally-Invasive Sample Collection Methods for Measurement of Telomere Length. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2017, 9, 397.	1.7	43
36	Abnormal dendritic maturation of developing cortical neurons exposed to corticotropin releasing hormone (CRH): Insights into effects of prenatal adversity?. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0180311.	1.1	30

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Cortisol in human milk predicts child BMI. Obesity, 2016, 24, 2471-2474.	1.5	54
38	Gestational hormone profiles predict human maternal behavior at 1-year postpartum. Hormones and Behavior, 2016, 85, 19-25.	1.0	29
39	Fetal exposure to placental corticotropin-releasing hormone is associated with child self-reported internalizing symptoms. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2016, 67, 10-17.	1.3	37
40	Letter to the Editor: Demonstration of Elevated Cerebrospinal Fluid CRH Levels During Pregnancy Provides Support for (Not Against) the Link Between CRH and Postpartum Depression. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2016, 101, L5-L6.	1.8	2
41	Intra-Individual Consistency in Endocrine Profiles Across Successive Pregnancies. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, 4637-4647.	1.8	4
42	The Authors Reply. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2015, 77, 242-243.	1.3	1
43	Fetal programming of children's obesity risk. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2015, 53, 29-39.	1.3	62
44	Evaluation of the Association Between Placental Corticotrophin-Releasing Hormone and Postpartum Depressive Symptoms. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2014, 76, 355-362.	1.3	67
45	Pregnancy anxiety and prenatal cortisol trajectories. Biological Psychology, 2014, 100, 13-19.	1.1	96
46	Longer Gestation among Children Born Full Term Influences Cognitive and Motor Development. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113758.	1.1	46
47	New insights into the role of perinatal HPA-axis dysregulation in postpartum depression. Neuropeptides, 2013, 47, 363-370.	0.9	170
48	Increasing Parity Is Associated with Cumulative Effects on Memory. Journal of Women's Health, 2012, 21, 1038-1045.	1.5	32
49	Sex moderates associations between prenatal glucocorticoid exposure and human fetal neurological development. Developmental Science, 2012, 15, 601-610.	1.3	57
50	Giving birth to a new brain: Hormone exposures of pregnancy influence human memory. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2010, 35, 1148-1155.	1.3	94
51	Risk of Postpartum Depressive Symptoms With Elevated Corticotropin-Releasing Hormone in Human Pregnancy. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2009, 66, 162.	13.8	151
52	Pattern of perceived stress and anxiety in pregnancy predicts preterm birth Health Psychology, 2008, 27, 43-51.	1.3	270
53	Ethnic differences in adrenocorticotropic hormone, cortisol and corticotropin-releasing hormone during pregnancy. Peptides, 2007, 28, 1155-1161.	1.2	84
54	Recreating cardiovascular responses with rumination: The effects of a delay between harassment and its recall. International Journal of Psychophysiology, 2007, 66, 135-140.	0.5	58

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Prenatal Exposure to Maternal Depression and Cortisol Influences Infant Temperament. Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2007, 46, 737-746.	0.3	532
56	Postnatal maternal cortisol levels predict temperament in healthy breastfed infants. Early Human Development, 2007, 83, 675-681.	0.8	73
57	Prenatal stress and stress physiology influences human fetal and infant development. , 2005, , 183-201.		2
58	Pregnancy affects appraisal of negative life events. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2004, 56, 47-52.	1.2	104
59	The Role of Rumination in Recovery from Reactivity: Cardiovascular Consequences of Emotional States. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2002, 64, 714-726.	1.3	217
60	On the reliable assessment of cardiovascular recovery: An application of curve-fitting techniques. Psychophysiology, 2000, 37, 543-550.	1.2	62
61	Corticotrophin-releasing Hormone and Fetal Responses in Human Pregnancy. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1999, 897, 66-75.	1.8	50