

# Wenli Yu

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4322987/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

21  
papers

2,901  
citations

430754

18  
h-index

713332

21  
g-index

23  
all docs

23  
docs citations

23  
times ranked

4716  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A Highly Conserved Neutralizing Epitope on Group 2 Influenza A Viruses. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 333, 843-850.	6.0	772
2	Structural basis of a shared antibody response to SARS-CoV-2. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 369, 1119-1123.	6.0	536
3	A stable trimeric influenza hemagglutinin stem as a broadly protective immunogen. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 349, 1301-1306.	6.0	480
4	Receptor mimicry by antibody F045â€œ092 facilitates universal binding to the H3 subtype of influenza virus. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 3614.	5.8	175
5	Broadly protective human antibodies that target the active site of influenza virus neuraminidase. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 366, 499-504.	6.0	162
6	A small-molecule fusion inhibitor of influenza virus is orally active in mice. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 363, .	6.0	98
7	Three mutations switch H7N9 influenza to human-type receptor specificity. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2017, 13, e1006390.	2.1	83
8	N-Glycolylneuraminic Acid as a Receptor for Influenza A Viruses. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019, 27, 3284-3294.e6.	2.9	78
9	SARS-CoV-2 Beta variant infection elicits potent lineage-specific and cross-reactive antibodies. <i>Science</i> , 2022, 375, 782-787.	6.0	60
10	A Human-Infecting H10N8 Influenza Virus Retains a Strong Preference for Avian-type Receptors. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2015, 17, 377-384.	5.1	54
11	Structural Basis of Protection against H7N9 Influenza Virus by Human Anti-N9 Neuraminidase Antibodies. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2019, 26, 729-738.e4.	5.1	51
12	Influenza H7N9 Virus Neuraminidase-Specific Human Monoclonal Antibodies Inhibit Viral Egress and Protect from Lethal Influenza Infection in Mice. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2019, 26, 715-728.e8.	5.1	49
13	Structure and Receptor Binding of the Hemagglutinin from a Human H6N1 Influenza Virus. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2015, 17, 369-376.	5.1	44
14	A single mutation in Taiwanese H6N1 influenza hemagglutinin switches binding to humanâ€œtype receptors. <i>EMBO Molecular Medicine</i> , 2017, 9, 1314-1325.	3.3	44
15	Immunological memory to hyperphosphorylated tau in asymptomatic individuals. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2017, 133, 767-783.	3.9	43
16	The 150-Loop Restricts the Host Specificity of Human H10N8 Influenza Virus. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2017, 19, 235-245.	2.9	35
17	A broad and potent neutralization epitope in SARS-related coronaviruses. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	3.3	34
18	Design and Structure of an Engineered Disulfide-Stabilized Influenza Virus Hemagglutinin Trimer. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 7417-7420.	1.5	32

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Structural Basis for a Switch in Receptor Binding Specificity of Two H5N1 Hemagglutinin Mutants. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2015, 13, 1683-1691.	2.9	18
20	A common antigenic motif recognized by naturally occurring human VH5â€“51/ML4â€“1 anti-tau antibodies with distinct functionalities. <i>Acta Neuropathologica Communications</i> , 2018, 6, 43.	2.4	15
21	Influenza chimeric hemagglutinin structures in complex with broadly protective antibodies to the stem and trimer interface. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	3.3	10