

Masahito Ueyama

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4311182/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

71
papers

2,238
citations

201385

27
h-index

276539

41
g-index

76
all docs

76
docs citations

76
times ranked

3291
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	SoilTemp: A global database of near-surface temperature. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 6616-6629.	4.2	122
2	Increasing contribution of peatlands to boreal evapotranspiration in a warming climate. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2020, 10, 555-560.	8.1	106
3	New data-driven estimation of terrestrial CO ₂ fluxes in Asia using a standardized database of eddy covariance measurements, remote sensing data, and support vector regression. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2017, 122, 767-795.	1.3	90
4	Statistical upscaling of ecosystem CO ₂ fluxes across the terrestrial tundra and boreal domain: Regional patterns and uncertainties. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 4040-4059.	4.2	83
5	FLUXNET-CH<sub>4</sub>: a global, multi-ecosystem dataset and analysis of methane seasonality from freshwater wetlands. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2021, 13, 3607-3689.	3.7	79
6	Influences of various calculation options on heat, water and carbon fluxes determined by open- and closed-path eddy covariance methods. <i>Tellus, Series B: Chemical and Physical Meteorology</i> , 2022, 64, 19048.	0.8	77
7	Autumn warming reduces the <sc><sc>CO₂</sc></sc> sink of a black spruce forest in interior Alaska based on a nine-year eddy covariance measurement. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 1161-1173.	4.2	76
8	Cross-biome synthesis of source versus sink limits to tree growth. <i>Science</i> , 2022, 376, 758-761.	6.0	76
9	Growing season and spatial variations of carbon fluxes of Arctic and boreal ecosystems in Alaska (USA). <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2013, 23, 1798-1816.	1.8	74
10	Assessment of winter fluxes of CO ₂ and CH ₄ in boreal forest soils of central Alaska estimated by the profile method and the chamber method: a diagnosis of methane emission and implications for the regional carbon budget. <i>Tellus, Series B: Chemical and Physical Meteorology</i> , 2007, 59, 223-233.	0.8	67
11	Upscaling terrestrial carbon dioxide fluxes in Alaska with satellite remote sensing and support vector regression. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2013, 118, 1266-1281.	1.3	60
12	Dynamics of ecosystem carbon balance recovering from a clear-cutting in a cool-temperate forest. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2014, 197, 26-39.	1.9	54
13	Understory CO ₂ , sensible heat, and latent heat fluxes in a black spruce forest in interior Alaska. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2015, 214-215, 80-90.	1.9	53
14	Simulating carbon and water cycles of larch forests in East Asia by the BIOME-BGC model with AsiaFlux data. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2010, 7, 959-977.	1.3	50
15	Latitudinal gradient of spruce forest understory and tundra phenology in Alaska as observed from satellite and ground-based data. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2016, 177, 160-170.	4.6	48
16	Response of the carbon cycle in sub-arctic black spruce forests to climate change: Reduction of a carbon sink related to the sensitivity of heterotrophic respiration. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2009, 149, 582-602.	1.9	43
17	Increased high-latitude photosynthetic carbon gain offset by respiration carbon loss during an anomalous warm winter to spring transition. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 682-696.	4.2	41
18	Multi-model analysis of terrestrial carbon cycles in Japan: limitations and implications of model calibration using eddy flux observations. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2010, 7, 2061-2080.	1.3	40

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Inferring CO ₂ fertilization effect based on global monitoring land-atmosphere exchange with a theoretical model. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2020, 15, 084009.	2.2	38
20	The role of permafrost in water exchange of a black spruce forest in Interior Alaska. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2012, 161, 107-115.	1.9	36
21	Substantial hysteresis in emergent temperature sensitivity of global wetland CH ₄ emissions. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2266.	5.8	34
22	Controlling factors on the interannual CO ₂ budget at a subarctic black spruce forest in interior Alaska. <i>Tellus, Series B: Chemical and Physical Meteorology</i> , 2006, 58, 491-501.	0.8	33
23	Site-level model data synthesis of terrestrial carbon fluxes in the CarboEastAsia eddy-covariance observation network: toward future modeling efforts. <i>Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2013, 18, 13-20.	0.7	31
24	The biophysical climate mitigation potential of boreal peatlands during the growing season. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2020, 15, 104004.	2.2	31
25	Diurnal, weekly, seasonal, and spatial variabilities in carbon dioxide flux in different urban landscapes in Sakai, Japan. <i>Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics</i> , 2016, 16, 14727-14740.	1.9	29
26	Recent Changes in Terrestrial Gross Primary Productivity in Asia from 1982 to 2011. <i>Remote Sensing</i> , 2013, 5, 6043-6062.	1.8	28
27	Long-term measurement of terpenoid flux above a <i>Larix kaempferi</i> forest using a relaxed eddy accumulation method. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> , 2014, 83, 53-61.	1.9	28
28	Methane exchange in a poorly-drained black spruce forest over permafrost observed using the eddy covariance technique. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2015, 214-215, 157-168.	1.9	28
29	Carbon dioxide balance in early-successional forests after forest fires in interior Alaska. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2019, 275, 196-207.	1.9	28
30	Dataset of CarboEastAsia and uncertainties in the CO ₂ budget evaluation caused by different data processing. <i>Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2013, 18, 41-48.	0.7	26
31	Delayed responses of an Arctic ecosystem to an extreme summer: impacts on net ecosystem exchange and vegetation functioning. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 11, 5877-5888.	1.3	24
32	Determination of the gas exchange phenology in an evergreen coniferous forest from 7 years of eddy covariance flux data using an extended big-leaf analysis. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2013, 28, 373-385.	0.7	23
33	Surface energy exchange in a dense urban built-up area based on two-year eddy covariance measurements in Sakai, Japan. <i>Urban Climate</i> , 2017, 19, 155-169.	2.4	23
34	The sensitivity of carbon sequestration to harvesting and climate conditions in a temperate cypress forest: Observations and modeling. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2011, 222, 3216-3225.	1.2	22
35	Measurement of methane flux over an evergreen coniferous forest canopy using a relaxed eddy accumulation system with tuneable diode laser spectroscopy detection. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2012, 109, 39-49.	1.3	22
36	Quick Recovery of Carbon Dioxide Exchanges in a Burned Black Spruce Forest in Interior Alaska. <i>Scientific Online Letters on the Atmosphere</i> , 2011, 7, 105-108.	0.6	22

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	The ABCflux database: Arctic boreal CO ₂ flux observations and ancillary information aggregated to monthly time steps across terrestrial ecosystems. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2022, 14, 179-208.	3.7	22
38	An inter-comparison between Gill and Campbell sonic anemometers. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2014, 195-196, 123-131.	1.9	21
39	Influence of Source/Sink Distributions on Flux Gradient Relationships in the Roughness Sublayer Over an Open Forest Canopy Under Unstable Conditions. <i>Boundary-Layer Meteorology</i> , 2010, 136, 391-405.	1.2	20
40	Variations in fraction of absorbed photosynthetically active radiation and comparisons with MODIS data in burned black spruce forests of interior Alaska. <i>Polar Science</i> , 2013, 7, 113-124.	0.5	20
41	Methane uptake in a temperate forest soil using continuous closed-chamber measurements. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2015, 213, 1-9.	1.9	20
42	Change in surface energy balance in Alaska due to fire and spring warming, based on upscaling eddy covariance measurements. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 119, 1947-1969.	1.3	18
43	Optimization of a biochemical model with eddy covariance measurements in black spruce forests of Alaska for estimating CO ₂ fertilization effects. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2016, 222, 98-111.	1.9	18
44	Environmental controls on methane fluxes in a cool temperate bog. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2020, 281, 107852.	1.9	18
45	Continuous measurement of methane flux over a larch forest using a relaxed eddy accumulation method. <i>Theoretical and Applied Climatology</i> , 2012, 109, 461-472.	1.3	15
46	A cool-temperate young larch plantation as a net methane source - A 4-year continuous hyperbolic relaxed eddy accumulation and chamber measurements. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> , 2018, 184, 110-120.	1.9	15
47	Does summer warming reduce black spruce productivity in interior Alaska?. <i>Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2015, 20, 52-59.	0.7	13
48	Reconciliation of top-down and bottom-up CO ₂ fluxes in Siberian larch forest. <i>Environmental Research Letters</i> , 2017, 12, 125012.	2.2	13
49	Applications of MODIS-visible bands index, greenery ratio to estimate CO ₂ budget of a rice paddy in Japan. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2009, 65, 365-374.	0.8	13
50	Satellite-Based Modeling of the Carbon Fluxes in Mature Black Spruce Forests in Alaska: A Synthesis of the Eddy Covariance Data and Satellite Remote Sensing Data. <i>Earth Interactions</i> , 2010, 14, 1-27.	0.7	11
51	Effects of water vapor dilution on trace gas flux, and practical correction methods. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2015, 71, 65-76.	0.8	11
52	Investigating the sensitivity of soil heterotrophic respiration to recent snow cover changes in Alaska using a satellite-based permafrost carbon model. <i>Biogeosciences</i> , 2020, 17, 5861-5882.	1.3	11
53	The role of carbon flux and biometric observations in constraining a terrestrial ecosystem model: a case study in disturbed forests in East Asia. <i>Ecological Research</i> , 2013, 28, 893-905.	0.7	10
54	Spatial and seasonal variations of CO ₂ flux and photosynthetic and respiratory parameters of larch forests in East Asia. <i>Soil Science and Plant Nutrition</i> , 2015, 61, 61-75.	0.8	10

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Inferring methane fluxes at a larch forest using Lagrangian, Eulerian, and hybrid inverse models. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research G: Biogeosciences</i> , 2014, 119, 2018-2031.	1.3	9
56	A technique for high-accuracy flux measurement using a relaxed eddy accumulation system with an appropriate averaging strategy. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2009, 65, 315-325.	0.8	8
57	High-precision measurements of the methane flux over a larch forest based on a hyperbolic relaxed eddy accumulation method using a laser spectrometer. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2013, 178-179, 183-193.	1.9	8
58	Impact of anomalous climates on carbon allocation to biomass production of leaves, woody components, and fine roots in a cool-temperate deciduous forest. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2015, 201, 38-50.	1.9	8
59	Feature of Wind Profile in and above a Forest Canopy in a Complex Terrain. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2004, 60, 25-32.	0.8	8
60	Applications of NOAA/AVHRR and Observed Fluxes to Estimate 3 Regional Carbon Fluxes over Black Spruce Forests in Alaska. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2007, 63, 171-183.	0.8	7
61	Cooling and Moistening of the Planetary Boundary Layer in Interior Alaska Due to a Postfire Change in Surface Energy Exchange. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research D: Atmospheres</i> , 2020, 125, e2020JD032968.	1.2	6
62	Cooling effect of an urban park by enhanced heat transport efficiency. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2020, 76, 148-153.	0.8	6
63	Is the empirical coefficient b for the relaxed eddy accumulation method constant?. <i>Journal of Atmospheric Chemistry</i> , 2014, 71, 79-94.	1.4	5
64	Leaf- and ecosystem-scale photosynthetic parameters for the overstory and understory of boreal forests in interior Alaska. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2018, 74, 79-86.	0.8	4
65	Partitioning methane flux by the eddy covariance method in a cool temperate bog based on a Bayesian framework. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2022, 316, 108852.	1.9	4
66	Observation of vertical profiles of NO, O ₃ , and VOCs to estimate their sources and sinks by inverse modeling in a Japanese larch forest. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2020, 76, 1-10.	0.8	3
67	The Mechanism of Sensible Heat Transfer in and above a Forest. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2004, 60, 133-140.	0.8	3
68	Satellite Observations of Decadal Scale CO ₂ Fluxes Over Black Spruce Forests in Alaska Associated with Climate Variability. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2009, 65, 47-60.	0.8	3
69	Constraining models for methane oxidation based on long-term continuous chamber measurements in a temperate forest soil. <i>Agricultural and Forest Meteorology</i> , 2021, 310, 108654.	1.9	2
70	Vertical Distribution of CO ₂ Flux within and above a Larch Forest-Experimental and Numerical Approach-. <i>J Agricultural Meteorology</i> , 2006, 62, 9-14.	0.8	1
71	A decade of CO ₂ flux measured by the eddy covariance method including the COVID-19 pandemic period in an urban center in Sakai, Japan. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2022, 304, 119210.	3.7	0