

# William A Grobman

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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363  
papers

15,031  
citations

23567

58  
h-index

25787

108  
g-index

369  
all docs

369  
docs citations

369  
times ranked

12619  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	2017 Guidelines of the American Thyroid Association for the Diagnosis and Management of Thyroid Disease During Pregnancy and the Postpartum. <i>Thyroid</i> , 2017, 27, 315-389.	4.5	1,811
2	Chromosomal Microarray versus Karyotyping for Prenatal Diagnosis. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2012, 367, 2175-2184.	27.0	1,082
3	Labor Induction versus Expectant Management in Low-Risk Nulliparous Women. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2018, 379, 513-523.	27.0	727
4	Development of a Nomogram for Prediction of Vaginal Birth After Cesarean Delivery. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 109, 806-812.	2.4	409
5	Racial/ethnic standards for fetal growth: the NICHD Fetal Growth Studies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 449.e1-449.e41.	1.3	348
6	Preterm neonatal morbidity and mortality by gestational age: a contemporary cohort. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 215, 103.e1-103.e14.	1.3	333
7	Association Between Sleep-Disordered Breathing and Hypertensive Disorders of Pregnancy and Gestational Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 129, 31-41.	2.4	245
8	Suspicion and treatment of the macrosomic fetus: A review. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 193, 332-346.	1.3	230
9	Effectiveness of Timing Strategies for Delivery of Individuals With Placenta Previa and Accreta. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 116, 835-842.	2.4	219
10	Chronic Stress and Low Birth Weight Neonates in a Low-Income Population of Women. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 109, 331-338.	2.4	209
11	Racial Disparities in Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes and Psychosocial Stress. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 131, 328-335.	2.4	182
12	Frequency of and Factors Associated With Severe Maternal Morbidity. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 123, 804-810.	2.4	176
13	Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Maternal Morbidity and Obstetric Care. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 125, 1460-1467.	2.4	172
14	A description of the methods of the Nulliparous Pregnancy Outcomes Study: monitoring mothers-to-be (nuMoM2b). <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 212, 539.e1-539.e24.	1.3	160
15	Association of SARS-CoV-2 Infection With Serious Maternal Morbidity and Mortality From Obstetric Complications. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2022, 327, 748.	7.4	159
16	Long-Term Cardiovascular Risks Associated With Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2019, 73, 2106-2116.	2.8	156
17	Elective induction of labor at 39 weeks compared with expectant management: a meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 221, 304-310.	1.3	140
18	Trends in Gestational Diabetes at First Live Birth by Race and Ethnicity in the US, 2011-2019. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2021, 326, 660.	7.4	139

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19	Pregnancy Outcomes for Women With Placenta Previa in Relation to the Number of Prior Cesarean Deliveries. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 110, 1249-1255.	2.4	133
20	Modified obstetric early warning scoring systems (MOEWS): validating the diagnostic performance for severe sepsis in women with chorioamnionitis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 212, 536.e1-536.e8.	1.3	131
21	17 alpha-hydroxyprogesterone caproate to prevent prematurity in nulliparas with cervical length less than 30 mm. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2012, 207, 390.e1-390.e8.	1.3	127
22	Objectively measured short sleep duration and later sleep midpoint in pregnancy are associated with a higher risk of gestational diabetes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 217, 447.e1-447.e13.	1.3	125
23	Outcomes of Induction of Labor After One Prior Cesarean. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 109, 262-269.	2.4	110
24	Cohort Profile: NICHD Fetal Growth Studies—Singletons and Twins. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 47, 25-25l.	1.9	104
25	Can a prediction model for vaginal birth after cesarean also predict the probability of morbidity related to a trial of labor?. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 200, 56.e1-56.e6.	1.3	99
26	Does Information Available at Admission for Delivery Improve Prediction of Vaginal Birth after Cesarean?. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2009, 26, 693-701.	1.4	96
27	Prediction of vaginal birth after cesarean delivery in term gestations: a calculator without race and ethnicity. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 225, 664.e1-664.e7.	1.3	94
28	Elective Induction Compared With Expectant Management in Nulliparous Women With an Unfavorable Cervix. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 117, 583-587.	2.4	90
29	Outcomes associated with introduction of a shoulder dystocia protocol. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 205, 513-517.	1.3	85
30	Sleep Disordered Breathing in a High-Risk Cohort Prevalence and Severity across Pregnancy. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2014, 31, 899-904.	1.4	84
31	Patient perceptions of multiple gestations: An assessment of knowledge and risk aversion. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2001, 185, 920-924.	1.3	83
32	Providing Advice to Parents for Women at Acutely High Risk of Periviable Delivery. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 115, 904-909.	2.4	83
33	Elective Induction Compared With Expectant Management in Nulliparous Women With a Favorable Cervix. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 116, 601-605.	2.4	80
34	Serious maternal complications after early preterm delivery (24-33 weeks gestation). <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 538.e1-538.e9.	1.3	80
35	Dichorionic twin trajectories: the NICHD Fetal Growth Studies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 215, 221.e1-221.e16.	1.3	80
36	Failed Labor Induction. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 117, 267-272.	2.4	79

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37	A universal mid-trimester transvaginal cervical length screening program and its associated reduced preterm birth rate. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 365.e1-365.e5.	1.3	79
38	Risk-adjusted models for adverse obstetric outcomes and variation in risk-adjusted outcomes across hospitals. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 209, 446.e1-446.e30.	1.3	77
39	Shoulder dystocia: Simulation and a team-centered protocol. Seminars in Perinatology, 2014, 38, 205-209.	2.5	76
40	When Has an Induction Failed?. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 105, 705-709.	2.4	75
41	Can differences in obstetric outcomes be explained by differences in the care provided? The MFMU Network APEX study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 147.e1-147.e16.	1.3	75
42	Defining failed induction of labor. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 218, 122.e1-122.e8.	1.3	75
43	Prediction of uterine rupture associated with attempted vaginal birth after cesarean delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 199, 30.e1-30.e5.	1.3	74
44	Association of the Duration of Active Pushing With Obstetric Outcomes. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 667-673.	2.4	73
45	Methods of clinical prediction. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 194, 888-894.	1.3	72
46	Association of Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes With Hypertension 2 to 7 Years Postpartum. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2019, 8, e013092.	3.7	72
47	Elective induction: An analysis of economic and health consequences. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2002, 187, 858-863.	1.3	71
48	Validation of the Prediction Model for Success of Vaginal Birth After Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 114, 1029-1033.	2.4	70
49	Opioid prescribing patterns among postpartum women. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 219, 103.e1-103.e8.	1.3	69
50	Triggers, bundles, protocols, and checklists—what every maternal care provider needs to know. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 444-451.	1.3	68
51	A core outcome set for pre-eclampsia research: an international consensus development study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2020, 127, 1516-1526.	2.3	68
52	Preference assessment of prenatal diagnosis for Down syndrome: is 35 years a rational cutoff?. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2002, 22, 1195-1200.	2.3	67
53	Does a postpartum hemorrhage patient safety program result in sustained changes in management and outcomes?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, 140-144.e1.	1.3	66
54	Cord Blood Biomarkers of Placental Maternal Vascular Underperfusion Predict Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia-Associated Pulmonary Hypertension. Journal of Pediatrics, 2017, 185, 33-41.	1.8	66

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55	Routine hepatitis C virus screening in pregnancy: A cost-effectiveness analysis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 192, 1153-1161.	1.3	65
56	Implications of sleep-disordered breathing in pregnancy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 210, 559.e1-559.e6.	1.3	65
57	Association of Maternal Obesity With Longitudinal Ultrasonographic Measures of Fetal Growth. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 24.	6.2	65
58	Blood pressure trajectory and category and risk of hypertensive disorders of pregnancy in nulliparous women. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 221, 277.e1-277.e8.	1.3	63
59	Glycaemic status during pregnancy and longitudinal measures of fetal growth in a multi-racial US population: a prospective cohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the, 2020, 8, 292-300.	11.4	62
60	Associations of Maternal Cardiovascular Health in Pregnancy With Offspring Cardiovascular Health in Early Adolescence. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 325, 658.	7.4	62
61	Evaluation of delivery options for second-stage events. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 638.e1-638.e10.	1.3	60
62	Sleep During Pregnancy: The nuMoM2b Pregnancy and Sleep Duration and Continuity Study. Sleep, 2017, 40, .	1.1	59
63	Consequences of a Primary Elective Cesarean Delivery Across the Reproductive Life. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 121, 789-797.	2.4	56
64	Activity Restriction Among Women With a Short Cervix. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 121, 1181-1186.	2.4	56
65	Fetal growth velocity: the NICHD fetal growth studies. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 219, 285.e1-285.e36.	1.3	56
66	Cost-effectiveness of risk-based screening for cervical length to prevent preterm birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 100.e1-100.e7.	1.3	52
67	Sleep-Disordered Breathing: A Risk Factor for Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes?. American Journal of Perinatology, 2012, 29, 277-282.	1.4	51
68	Obstetric Safety and Quality. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 126, 196-206.	2.4	51
69	Pregnancy as a Window to Future Cardiovascular Health: Design and Implementation of the nuMoM2b Heart Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 183, 519-530.	3.4	49
70	Induction of labor versus expectant management for women with a prior cesarean delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, 358.e1-358.e6.	1.3	48
71	A protocol for developing, disseminating, and implementing a core outcome set for pre-eclampsia. Pregnancy Hypertension, 2016, 6, 274-278.	1.4	48
72	Patterns of peripheral cytokine expression during pregnancy in two cohorts and associations with inflammatory markers in cord blood. American Journal of Reproductive Immunology, 2016, 76, 406-414.	1.2	48

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73	Patterns of leisure-time physical activity across pregnancy and adverse pregnancy outcomes. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2018, 15, 68.	4.6	48
74	Validation of a Prediction Model for Vaginal Birth After Cesarean. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada</i> , 2013, 35, 119-124.	0.7	47
75	Pre-Pregnancy Hypertension Among Women in Rural and Urban Areas of the United States. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2020, 76, 2611-2619.	2.8	47
76	Comprehensive pregnancy monitoring with a network of wireless, soft, and flexible sensors in high- and low-resource health settings. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	46
77	Relationship between 17-alpha hydroxyprogesterone caproate concentration and spontaneous preterm birth. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 210, 128.e1-128.e6.	1.3	45
78	Patterns of gestational weight gain and birthweight outcomes in the Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development Fetal Growth Studiesâ€“Singletons: a prospective study. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 217, 346.e1-346.e11.	1.3	45
79	Mothersâ€™ childhood hardship forecasts adverse pregnancy outcomes: Role of inflammatory, lifestyle, and psychosocial pathways. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2017, 65, 11-19.	4.1	45
80	Role of early second-trimester uterine artery Doppler screening to predict small-for-gestational-age babies in nulliparous women. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 217, 594.e1-594.e10.	1.3	45
81	The change in the rate of vaginal birth after caesarean section. <i>Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology</i> , 2011, 25, 37-43.	1.7	43
82	Cost-effectiveness of elective induction of labor at 41 weeks in nulliparous women. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 204, 137.e1-137.e9.	1.3	43
83	Racial/Ethnic Disparities in Measures of Self-reported Psychosocial States and Traits during Pregnancy. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2016, 33, 1426-1432.	1.4	43
84	Cost-effectiveness of dilation and evacuation versus the induction of labor for second-trimester pregnancy termination. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 194, 768-773.	1.3	42
85	Putting the â€œMâ€ back in maternal-fetal medicine:Â€5-year report card on a collaborative effort to address maternal morbidity and mortality in the United States. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 221, 311-317.e1.	1.3	42
86	Risk of Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes Among Pregnant Individuals With Gestational Diabetes by Race and Ethnicity in the United States, 2014-2020. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2022, 327, 1356.	7.4	42
87	Predictors of Induction Success. <i>Seminars in Perinatology</i> , 2012, 36, 344-347.	2.5	41
88	Predicting successful intended vaginal delivery after previous caesarean section: external validation of two predictive models in a Dutch nationwide registrationâ€“based cohort with a high intended vaginal delivery rate. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2014, 121, 840-847.	2.3	40
89	Outcomes after physical examination-indicated cerclage in twin gestations. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 211, 46.e1-46.e5.	1.3	39
90	Nonmedically indicated induction vs expectant treatment in term nulliparous women. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 212, 103.e1-103.e7.	1.3	39

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91	Are the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality obstetric trauma indicators valid measures of hospital safety?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 195, 868-874.	1.3	38
92	Relationship between obstetricians' cognitive and affective traits and delivery outcomes among women with a prior cesarean. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 213, 413.e1-413.e7.	1.3	38
93	The cost-effectiveness of voluntary intrapartum rapid human immunodeficiency virus testing for women without adequate prenatal care. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 181, 1062-1071.	1.3	37
94	The use of psychosocial stress scales in preterm birth research. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 402-434.	1.3	37
95	Psychometric properties of stress and anxiety measures among nulliparous women. Journal of Psychosomatic Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 38, 53-62.	2.1	37
96	Risk factors for severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 infection in pregnant women. American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology MFM, 2020, 2, 100198.	2.6	37
97	NuMoM2b Sleep-Disordered Breathing study: objectives and methods. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, 542.e1-542.e127.	1.3	35
98	Association of Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes With Self-Reported Measures of Sleep Duration and Timing in Women Who Are Nulliparous. Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine, 2018, 14, 2047-2056.	2.6	35
99	Plasma and cerebrospinal fluid inflammatory cytokines in perinatal depression. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, 271.e1-271.e10.	1.3	35
100	Counseling and surveillance of obstetrical risks for female childhood, adolescent, and young adult cancer survivors: recommendations from the International Late Effects of Childhood Cancer Guideline Harmonization Group. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 224, 3-15.	1.3	35
101	Trends in induction of labor at early-term gestation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 204, 435.e1-435.e6.	1.3	34
102	Validation of a Vaginal Birth After Cesarean Delivery Prediction Model in Women With Two Prior Cesarean Deliveries. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 125, 948-952.	2.4	34
103	Association between gestational PFAS exposure and Children's adiposity in a diverse population. Environmental Research, 2022, 203, 111820.	7.5	34
104	Healthy dietary patterns and common pregnancy complications: a prospective and longitudinal study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 114, 1229-1237.	4.7	33
105	Delivery timing and cesarean delivery risk in women with mild gestational diabetes mellitus. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 244.e1-244.e7.	1.3	32
106	The relationship between obstetricians' cognitive and affective traits and their patients' delivery outcomes. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 692.e1-692.e6.	1.3	32
107	Prenatal Stress and the Cortisol Awakening Response in African-American and Caucasian Women in the Third Trimester of Pregnancy. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2016, 20, 2142-2149.	1.5	32
108	Machine learning as a strategy to account for dietary synergy: an illustration based on dietary intake and adverse pregnancy outcomes. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 1235-1243.	4.7	32

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109	Quality of periconceptional dietary intake and maternal and neonatal outcomes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 223, 121.e1-121.e8.	1.3	32
110	Infertility patients and their partners differences in the desire for twin gestations. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 102, 152-155.	2.4	31
111	Elective Induction: When? Ever?. <i>Clinical Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 50, 537-546.	1.1	31
112	Placental Villous Vascularity is Decreased in Premature Infants with Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia-Associated Pulmonary Hypertension. <i>Pediatric and Developmental Pathology</i> , 2016, 19, 101-107.	1.0	31
113	What We Have Learned About Trial of Labor After Cesarean Delivery from the Maternal-Fetal Medicine Units Cesarean Registry. <i>Seminars in Perinatology</i> , 2016, 40, 281-286.	2.5	31
114	Transcriptome and regulatory maps of decidua-derived stromal cells inform gene discovery in preterm birth. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2020, 6, .	10.3	31
115	FIGO good practice recommendations on cervical cerclage for prevention of preterm birth. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2021, 155, 19-22.	2.3	31
116	The association between cervical excisional procedures, midtrimester cervical length, and preterm birth. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 211, 242.e1-242.e4.	1.3	30
117	The relationship between first-trimester subchorionic hematoma, cervical length, and preterm birth. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 403.e1-403.e4.	1.3	30
118	Prospective parents'™ perspectives on antenatal decision making for the anticipated birth of a periviable infant. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2019, 32, 820-825.	1.5	30
119	Health resource utilization of labor induction versus expectant management. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 222, 369.e1-369.e11.	1.3	30
120	Quality measures in high-risk pregnancies: Executive Summary of a Cooperative Workshop of the Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, and the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 217, B2-B25.	1.3	29
121	Inpatient opioid use after vaginal delivery. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 219, 608.e1-608.e7.	1.3	29
122	The association between chorionic villus sampling and preeclampsia. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2009, 29, 800-803.	2.3	28
123	Rates and Prediction of Successful Vaginal Birth After Cesarean. <i>Seminars in Perinatology</i> , 2010, 34, 244-248.	2.5	28
124	Trajectories of antenatal depression and adverse pregnancy outcomes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 226, 108.e1-108.e9.	1.3	28
125	Factors associated with success of emergent second-trimester cerclage. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 101, 565-569.	2.4	27
126	Association of Recorded Estimated Fetal Weight and Cesarean Delivery in Attempted Vaginal Delivery at Term. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 128, 487-494.	2.4	27



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127	Stress during pregnancy and gestational weight gain. <i>Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2018, 38, 462-467.	2.0	27
128	Fetal growth patterns in pregnancy-associated hypertensive disorders: NICHD Fetal Growth Studies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 221, 635.e1-635.e16.	1.3	27
129	Performance of a proteomic preterm delivery predictor in a large independent prospective cohort. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics &amp; Gynecology MFM</i> , 2020, 2, 100140.	2.6	27
130	Associations of neighbourhood crime with adverse pregnancy outcomes among women in Chicago: analysis of electronic health records from 2009 to 2013. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2018, 72, 230-236.	3.7	26
131	Readability, content, and quality of COVID-19 patient education materials from academic medical centers in the United States. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2021, 49, 690-693.	2.3	26
132	Developing Tools to Report Racism in Maternal Health for the CDC Maternal Mortality Review Information Application (MMRIA): Findings from the MMRIA Racism & Discrimination Working Group. <i>Maternal and Child Health Journal</i> , 2022, 26, 661-669.	1.5	26
133	The relationship between timing of postpartum hemorrhage interventions and adverse outcomes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 239.e1-239.e3.	1.3	25
134	Cost-effectiveness of Antenatal Corticosteroid Therapy vs No Therapy in Women at Risk of Late Preterm Delivery. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2019, 173, 462.	6.2	25
135	Does the presence of a condition-specific obstetric protocol lead to detectable improvements in pregnancy outcomes?. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 86.e1-86.e6.	1.3	23
136	Predictors of shoulder dystocia at the time of operative vaginal delivery. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 215, 624.e1-624.e5.	1.3	23
137	Associations of gestational cardiovascular health with pregnancy outcomes: the Hyperglycemia and Adverse Pregnancy Outcome study. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 224, 210.e1-210.e17.	1.3	23
138	Infertility Patients and Their Partners. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 102, 152-155.	2.4	22
139	Medically Indicatedâ€”Iatrogenic Prematurity. <i>Clinics in Perinatology</i> , 2011, 38, 423-439.	2.1	22
140	Racial Residential Segregation and Hypertensive Disorder of Pregnancy Among Women in Chicago: Analysis of Electronic Health Record Data. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2018, 31, 1221-1227.	2.0	22
141	Associations of perceived prenatal stress and adverse pregnancy outcomes with perceived stress years after delivery. <i>Archives of Women's Mental Health</i> , 2020, 23, 361-369.	2.6	22
142	Early and current life adversity: Past and present influences on maternal diurnal cortisol rhythms during pregnancy. <i>Developmental Psychobiology</i> , 2021, 63, 305-319.	1.6	22
143	The Association between Maternal Race and Ethnicity and Risk Factors for Primary Cesarean Delivery in Nulliparous Women. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2021, 38, 350-356.	1.4	22
144	Association of Health Literacy Among Nulliparous Individuals and Maternal and Neonatal Outcomes. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2021, 4, e2122576.	5.9	22

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145	Indomethacin tocolysis and intraventricular hemorrhage. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2001, 97, 921-925.	2.4	21
146	The association between cervical dysplasia, a short cervix, and preterm birth. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 543.e1-543.e4.	1.3	21
147	Prediction of Spontaneous Preterm Birth Among Nulliparous Women With a Short Cervix. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2016, 35, 1293-1297.	1.7	21
148	Maternal Income during Pregnancy is Associated with Chronic Placental Inflammation at Birth. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2017, 34, 1003-1010.	1.4	21
149	Neonatal outcomes of elective early-term births after demonstrated fetal lung maturity. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 219, 296.e1-296.e8.	1.3	21
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