## Liona C Poon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4284249/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

257 papers

17,539 citations

65 h-index 17055 122 g-index

274 all docs

274 docs citations

times ranked

274

11277 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Aspirin versus Placebo in Pregnancies at High Risk for Preterm Preeclampsia. New England Journal of Medicine, 2017, 377, 613-622.	13.9	1,462
2	The International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics ( <scp>FIGO</scp> ) initiative on preâ€eclampsia: A pragmatic guide for firstâ€trimester screening and prevention. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 145, 1-33.	1.0	550
3	Coronavirus disease 2019 in pregnant women: a report based on 116 cases. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 223, 111.e1-111.e14.	0.7	489
4	Competing Risks Model in Early Screening for Preeclampsia by Biophysical and Biochemical Markers. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 8-15.	0.6	464
5	Effect of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVIDâ€19) on maternal, perinatal and neonatal outcome: systematic review. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 15-27.	0.9	424
6	First-Trimester Prediction of Hypertensive Disorders in Pregnancy. Hypertension, 2009, 53, 812-818.	1.3	389
7	Competing risks model in screening for preeclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11-13 weeks gestation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 103.e1-103.e12.	0.7	365
8	ISUOG Practice Guidelines: diagnosis and management of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age fetus and fetal growth restriction. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 298-312.	0.9	351
9	Fetal fraction in maternal plasma cellâ€free <scp>DNA</scp> at 11–13 weeks' gestation: relation to maternal and fetal characteristics. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 26-32.	0.9	325
10	Competing risks model in screening for preeclampsia by maternal characteristics and medical history. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 213, 62.e1-62.e10.	0.7	280
11	Maternal risk factors for hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: a multivariate approach. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2010, 24, 104-110.	1.0	265
12	ASPRE trial: performance of screening for preterm preâ€eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 50, 492-495.	0.9	263
13	Multicenter screening for preâ€eclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11–13 weeks' gestation: comparison with <scp>NICE</scp> guidelines and <scp>ACOG</scp> recommendations. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 756-760.	0.9	251
14	Integrative single-cell and cell-free plasma RNA transcriptomics elucidates placental cellular dynamics. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, E7786-E7795.	3.3	242
15	Screening for preâ€eclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11–13 weeks' gestation. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 186-195.	0.9	241
16	Maternal serum placental growth factor at $11 + 0$ to $13 + 6$ weeks of gestation in the prediction of preâ $\in$ eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 732-739.	0.9	222
17	Metaâ€analysis of secondâ€trimester markers for trisomy 21. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 247-261.	0.9	220
18	Global interim guidance on coronavirus disease 2019 (COVIDâ€19) during pregnancy and puerperium from FIGO and allied partners: Information for healthcare professionals. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2020, 149, 273-286.	1.0	220

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Comparison of diagnostic accuracy of early screening for preâ€eclampsia by NICE guidelines and a method combining maternal factors and biomarkers: results of SPREE. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 743-750.	0.9	219
20	Protocol for Measurement of Mean Arterial Pressure at 11-13 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 31, 42-48.	0.6	197
21	Firstâ€trimester maternal serum pregnancyâ€associated plasma proteinâ€A and preâ€eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 23-33.	0.9	196
22	The 2021 International Society for the Study of Hypertension in Pregnancy classification, diagnosis & Ramp; management recommendations for international practice. Pregnancy Hypertension, 2022, 27, 148-169.	0.6	189
23	FIGO (International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics) initiative on fetal growth: Best practice advice for screening, diagnosis, and management of fetal growth restriction. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 152, 3-57.	1.0	188
24	Early Prediction of Preeclampsia. Obstetrics and Gynecology International, 2014, 2014, 1-11.	0.5	187
25	A Competing Risks Model in Early Screening for Preeclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 32, 171-178.	0.6	182
26	Accuracy of competingâ€risks model in screening for preâ€eclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11â€"13 weeks' gestation. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 751-755.	0.9	182
27	Combined Screening for Preeclampsia and Small for Gestational Age at 11–13 Weeks. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 16-27.	0.6	180
28	Maternal Plasma Cell-Free Fetal and Maternal DNA at 11-13 Weeks' Gestation: Relation to Fetal and Maternal Characteristics and Pregnancy Outcomes. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 215-223.	0.6	179
29	<scp>ISUOG</scp> Interim Guidance on 2019 novel coronavirus infection during pregnancy and puerperium: information for healthcare professionals. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 700-708.	0.9	179
30	A Randomized Trial of a Cervical Pessary to Prevent Preterm Singleton Birth. New England Journal of Medicine, 2016, 374, 1044-1052.	13.9	156
31	Uterine artery Doppler at $11 + 0$ to $13 + 6$ weeks and $21 + 0$ to $24 + 6$ weeks in the prediction of preâ $\in$ eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 138-146.	0.9	152
32	Plasma DNA End-Motif Profiling as a Fragmentomic Marker in Cancer, Pregnancy, and Transplantation. Cancer Discovery, 2020, 10, 664-673.	7.7	152
33	Maternal sildenafil for severe fetal growth restriction (STRIDER): a multicentre, randomised, placebo-controlled, double-blind trial. The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health, 2018, 2, 93-102.	2.7	146
34	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by biophysical and biochemical markers at 11–13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 662-670.	0.9	142
35	Prevention of preeclampsia with aspirin. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, S1108-S1119.	0.7	140
36	Aspirin for Evidence-Based Preeclampsia Prevention trial: effect of aspirin in prevention of preterm preeclampsia in subgroups of women according to their characteristics and medical and obstetrical history. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 585.e1-585.e5.	0.7	136

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Predictive performance of the competing risk model in screening for preeclampsia. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, 199.e1-199.e13.	0.7	136
38	First trimester preeclampsia screening and prediction. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, S1071-S1097.e2.	0.7	135
39	Fetal Fraction in Maternal Plasma Cell-Free DNA at 11–13 Weeks' Gestation: Effect of Maternal and Fetal Factors. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 31, 237-243.	0.6	132
40	Novel coronavirus infection and pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 435-437.	0.9	127
41	Clinical evaluation of a first trimester algorithm predicting the risk of hypertensive disease of pregnancy. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2013, 53, 532-539.	0.4	126
42	Pregnant women with <scp>SARS oV</scp> â€2 infection are at higher risk of death and pneumonia: propensity score matched analysis of a nationwide prospective cohort ( <scp>COV19Mx</scp> ). Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 224-231.	0.9	126
43	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: combined screening by uterine artery Doppler, blood pressure and serum PAPPâ€A at 11–13 weeks. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2010, 30, 216-223.	1.1	121
44	Cervical pessary placement for prevention of preterm birth in unselected twin pregnancies: a randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 3.e1-3.e9.	0.7	120
45	Firstâ€trimester maternal factors and biomarker screening for preeclampsia. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2014, 34, 618-627.	1.1	113
46	Birthweight with Gestation and Maternal Characteristics in Live Births and Stillbirths. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 32, 156-165.	0.6	111
47	Clinical implementation of routine screening for fetal trisomies in the <scp>UK</scp> <scp>NHS</scp> : cellâ€free <scp>DNA</scp> test contingent on results from firstâ€trimester combined test. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 45-52.	0.9	108
48	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by uterine artery Doppler at 11–13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 142-148.	0.9	107
49	Firstâ€trimester contingent screening for trisomy 21 by biomarkers and maternal blood cellâ€free <scp>DNA</scp> testing. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 42, 41-50.	0.9	107
50	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by uterine artery Doppler imaging and blood pressure at 11–13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 497-502.	0.9	106
51	Birth weight in live births and stillbirths. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 602-606.	0.9	106
52	Prediction of preâ€eclampsia by a combination of maternal history, uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 877-883.	0.9	105
53	Mean Arterial Pressure at $11 < sup > +0 <   sup > +0 <   sup > +6 <   sup > Weeks in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. Hypertension, 2008, 51, 1027-1033.$	1.3	104
54	Reference range of birth weight with gestation and firstâ€trimester prediction of smallâ€forâ€gestation neonates. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2011, 31, 58-65.	1.1	100

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Aspirin for Evidence-Based Preeclampsia Prevention trial: influence of compliance on beneficial effect of aspirin in prevention of preterm preeclampsia. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 685.e1-685.e5.	0.7	100
56	Maternal serum placental growth factor (PIGF) in small for gestational age pregnancy at 11 <sup>+0</sup> to 13 <sup>+6</sup> weeks of gestation. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2008, 28, 1110-1115.	1.1	94
57	First-Trimester Screening for Spontaneous Preterm Delivery with Maternal Characteristics and Cervical Length. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 31, 154-161.	0.6	93
58	Prediction and prevention of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: evidence from SPREE and ASPRE. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 52-59.	0.9	91
59	Association of placental perfusion, as assessed by magnetic resonance imaging and uterine artery Doppler ultrasound, and its relationship to pregnancy outcome. Placenta, 2013, 34, 885-891.	0.7	86
60	Umbilical and fetal middle cerebral artery Doppler at 35â€"37 weeks' gestation in the prediction of adverse perinatal outcome. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 82-92.	0.9	85
61	Aspirin for Evidence-Based Preeclampsia Prevention trial: effect of aspirin on length of stay in the neonatal intensive care unit. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 218, 612.e1-612.e6.	0.7	84
62	Mean arterial pressure in the three trimesters of pregnancy: effects of maternal characteristics and medical history. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 698-706.	0.9	83
63	<scp>ISUOG</scp> Interim Guidance on coronavirus disease 2019 (COVIDâ€19) during pregnancy and puerperium: information for healthcare professionals – an update. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 848-862.	0.9	80
64	Normal Ranges of Embryonic Length, Embryonic Heart Rate, Gestational Sac Diameter and Yolk Sac Diameter at 6–10 Weeks. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2010, 28, 207-219.	0.6	76
65	Successful induction of labor: prediction by preinduction cervical length, angle of progression and cervical elastography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 468-475.	0.9	74
66	Prospective evaluation of screening performance of first-trimester prediction models for preterm preeclampsia in an Asian population. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 221, 650.e1-650.e16.	0.7	73
67	The first-trimester of pregnancy – A window of opportunity for prediction and prevention of pregnancy complications and future life. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2018, 145, 20-30.	1.1	71
68	Risk factors for anxiety and depression among pregnant women during the COVID-19 pandemic. Medicine (United States), 2020, 99, e21279.	0.4	69
69	Hypertensive Disorders in Pregnancy: Screening by Systolic Diastolic and Mean Arterial Pressure at 11–13 Weeks. Hypertension in Pregnancy, 2011, 30, 93-107.	0.5	68
70	Tetralogy of Fallot in the fetus in the current era. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 29, 625-627.	0.9	62
71	First-Trimester Maternal Serum a Disintegrin and Metalloprotease 12 (ADAM12) and Adverse Pregnancy Outcome. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 112, 1082-1090.	1.2	62
72	Study protocol for the randomised controlled trial: combined multimarker screening and randomised patient treatment with ASpirin for evidence-based PREeclampsia prevention (ASPRE). BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011801.	0.8	62

#	Article	IF	Citations
73	Intrauterine vertical transmission of SARSâ€CoVâ€2: what we know so far. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 724-725.	0.9	62
74	Optimal Method and Timing of Intrauterine Intervention in Twin Reversed Arterial Perfusion Sequence: Case Study and Meta-Analysis. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 35, 267-279.	0.6	61
75	Umbilical and fetal middle cerebral artery Doppler at 30–34 weeks' gestation in the prediction of adverse perinatal outcome. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 409-420.	0.9	61
76	Detection and characterization of jagged ends of double-stranded DNA in plasma. Genome Research, 2020, 30, 1144-1153.	2.4	61
77	Prediction of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: screening by fetal biometry at 30–34 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 551-558.	0.9	60
78	Trichorionic and Dichorionic Triplet Pregnancies at 10-14 Weeks: Outcome after Embryo Reduction Compared to Expectant Management. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 34, 199-205.	0.6	59
79	First-Trimester Prediction of Macrosomia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2011, 29, 139-147.	0.6	57
80	Competing Risks Model in Screening for Preeclampsia by Serum Placental Growth Factor and Soluble fms-Like Tyrosine Kinase-1 at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 35, 240-248.	0.6	56
81	The effect of gestational age and cervical length measurements in the prediction of spontaneous preterm birth in twin pregnancies: an individual patient level metaâ€analysis. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 877-884.	1.1	54
82	ASPRE trial: incidence of preterm preâ€eclampsia in patients fulfilling ACOG and NICE criteria according to risk by FMF algorithm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 738-742.	0.9	54
83	Singleâ€cell <scp>RNA</scp> expression profiling of SARSâ€CoVâ€2â€related <scp>ACE2</scp> and <scp>TMPRSS2</scp> in human trophectoderm and placenta. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 248-256.	0.9	54
84	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by biophysical and biochemical markers at 19-24 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 437-445.	0.9	53
85	Firstâ€trimester maternal serum matrix metalloproteinaseâ€9 (MMPâ€9) and adverse pregnancy outcome. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2009, 29, 553-559.	1.1	52
86	Large loop excision of transformation zone and cervical length in the prediction of spontaneous preterm delivery. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2012, 119, 692-698.	1.1	52
87	Association of placental T2 relaxation times and uterine artery Doppler ultrasound measures of placental blood flow. Placenta, 2013, 34, 474-479.	0.7	52
88	Prediction of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: screening by fetal biometry at 35–37 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 559-565.	0.9	52
89	First-Trimester Contingent Screening for Trisomies 21, 18 and 13 by Biomarkers and Maternal Blood Cell-Free DNA Testing. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 35, 185-192.	0.6	51
90	The diagnosis and management of suspected fetal growth restriction: an evidence-based approach. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, 366-378.	0.7	51

#	Article	IF	Citations
91	<scp>FIGO</scp> (International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics) Postpregnancy Initiative: Longâ€term Maternal Implications of Pregnancy Complications—Followâ€up Considerations. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 147, 1-31.	1.0	50
92	Is high fetal nuchal translucency associated with submicroscopic chromosomal abnormalities on array <scp>CGH</scp> ?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 620-624.	0.9	49
93	Reproductive outcomes after surgical treatment of asherman syndrome: A systematic review. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 59, 98-114.	1.4	46
94	Maternal plasma cellâ€freeDNAin the prediction of preâ€eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 106-111.	0.9	45
95	Risk of preterm birth following surgical treatment for cervical disease: executive summary of a recent symposium. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 1426-1429.	1.1	44
96	Second-Trimester Uterine Artery Doppler in the Prediction of Stillbirths. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 28-35.	0.6	43
97	STRIDER (Sildenafil TheRapy in dismal prognosis early onset fetal growth restriction): an international consortium of randomised placebo-controlled trials. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 440.	0.9	43
98	Single-molecule sequencing reveals a large population of long cell-free DNA molecules in maternal plasma. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	3.3	43
99	Cervical cerclage for preterm birth prevention in twin gestation with short cervix: a retrospective cohort study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 752-756.	0.9	42
100	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure at 35-37 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 715-721.	0.9	41
101	Cervical length and maternal factors in expectantly managed prolonged pregnancy: prediction of onset of labor and mode of delivery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 646-651.	0.9	40
102	Maternal serum placental growth factor at $11\hat{a}\in$ "13 weeks in chromosomally abnormal pregnancies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 382-386.	0.9	40
103	Prediction of largeâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: screening by maternal factors and biomarkers in the three trimesters of pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 332-339.	0.9	40
104	Maternal hemodynamics, fetal biometry and Doppler indices in pregnancies followed up for suspected fetal growth restriction. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 507-514.	0.9	40
105	Does low-dose aspirin initiated before 11 weeks' gestation reduce the rate of preeclampsia?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 222, 437-450.	0.7	40
106	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by biophysical and biochemical markers at 30-34 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 446-451.	0.9	39
107	ISUOG Safety Committee Position Statement on safe performance of obstetric and gynecological scans and equipment cleaning in context of COVIDâ€19. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 709-712.	0.9	39
108	First-Trimester Screening for Neural Tube Defects Using Alpha-Fetoprotein. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 31, 109-114.	0.6	38

#	Article	IF	Citations
109	Prediction of Preeclampsia by Mean Arterial Pressure at 11-13 and 20-24 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 36, 28-37.	0.6	38
110	ISUOG Consensus Statement on organization of routine and specialist obstetric ultrasound services in context of COVIDâ€19. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 863-870.	0.9	38
111	Uterine Artery Doppler at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 156-163.	0.6	37
112	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by maternal serum biochemical markers at 19-24 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 341-349.	0.9	37
113	UK NHS pilot study on cellâ€free DNA testing in screening for fetal trisomies: factors affecting uptake. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 67-73.	0.9	36
114	Maternal serum retinol-binding protein-4 at 11–13weeks' gestation in normal and pathological pregnancies. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2013, 62, 814-819.	1.5	35
115	Metabolomic determination of pathogenesis of late-onset preeclampsia. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2017, 30, 658-664.	0.7	35
116	ISUOG Safety Committee Position Statement on use of personal protective equipment and hazard mitigation in relation to SARS oVâ€₂ for practitioners undertaking obstetric and gynecological ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 886-891.	0.9	35
117	Fetal fraction of cellâ€free <scp>DNA</scp> in maternal plasma in the prediction of spontaneous preterm delivery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 101-105.	0.9	34
118	A literature review and best practice advice for second and third trimester risk stratification, monitoring, and management of preâ€eclampsia. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 154, 3-31.	1.0	34
119	Integrated Proteomic and Metabolomic prediction of Term Preeclampsia. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 16189.	1.6	33
120	Maternal Serum Placental Growth Factor, Pregnancy-Associated Plasma Protein-A and Free $\hat{l}^2$ -Human Chorionic Gonadotrophin at 30-33 Weeks in the Prediction of Pre-Eclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 164-172.	0.6	32
121	Competing Risks Model in Screening for Preeclampsia by Biophysical and Biochemical Markers at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 36, 9-17.	0.6	32
122	Good clinical practice advice: Management of twin pregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 330-337.	1.0	32
123	Firstâ€trimester maternal serum tumor necrosis factor receptorâ€1 and preâ€eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 135-141.	0.9	31
124	Prediction of Preeclampsia by Uterine Artery Doppler at 20-24 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 34, 241-247.	0.6	31
125	Urine albumin concentration and albuminâ€toâ€creatinine ratio at 11 <sup>+0</sup> to 13 <sup>+6</sup> weeks in the prediction of preâ€eclampsia. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 866-873.	1.1	30
126	How feasible is expectant management of interstitial ectopic pregnancy?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 317-321.	0.9	30

#	Article	IF	Citations
127	Interâ€arm blood pressure differences in pregnant women. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 1122-1130.	1.1	29
128	Maternal serum resistin at $11$ to $13$ weeks' gestation in normal and pathological pregnancies. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2012, 61, 699-705.	1.5	29
129	Maternal Serum Placental Growth Factor (PIGF) Isoforms 1 and 2 at 11-13 Weeks' Gestation in Normal and Pathological Pregnancies. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 36, 106-116.	0.6	29
130	Good clinical practice advice: Antenatal corticosteroids for fetal lung maturation. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 352-355.	1.0	29
131	Increased Sylvian fissure angle as early sonographic sign of malformation of cortical development. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 199-206.	0.9	29
132	Prediction of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: screening by fetal biometry at 19–24 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 198-207.	0.9	28
133	Labor progress determined by ultrasound is different in women requiring cesarean delivery from those who experience a vaginal delivery following induction ofÂlabor. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 221, 335.e1-335.e18.	0.7	28
134	Good clinical practice advice: Iron deficiency anemia inÂpregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 322-324.	1.0	28
135	Transvaginal threeâ€dimensional ultrasound assessment of Sylvian fissures at 18–30 weeks' gestation. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 190-198.	0.9	28
136	Maternal serum ADAM12 (A disintegrin and metalloprotease) in chromosomally abnormal pregnancy at 11-13 weeks. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 200, 508.e1-508.e6.	0.7	27
137	First trimester urinary placental growth factor and development of preâ€eclampsia. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 643-647.	1.1	27
138	Systolic, Diastolic and Mean Arterial Pressure at 30-33 Weeks in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 173-181.	0.6	26
139	Prediction of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: screening by placental growth factor and soluble fmsâ€like tyrosine kinaseâ€1 at 35–37 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 191-197.	0.9	25
140	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure at 30-34 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 707-714.	0.9	25
141	The predictive value of cervical shear wave elastography in the outcome of labor induction. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2020, 99, 59-68.	1.3	25
142	Firstâ€ŧrimester preâ€eclampsia biomarker profiles in Asian population: multicenter cohort study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 206-214.	0.9	25
143	Why we should not stop giving aspirin to pregnant women during the COVIDâ€19 pandemic. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 841-843.	0.9	25
144	The Use of Ultrasound and other Markers for Early Detection of Preeclampsia. Women's Health, 2016, 12, 199-207.	0.7	24

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	From firstâ€trimester screening to risk stratification of evolving preâ€eclampsia in second and third trimesters of pregnancy: comprehensive approach. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 5-12.	0.9	24
146	Competing Risk Model in Screening for Preeclampsia by Mean Arterial Pressure and Uterine Artery Pulsatility Index at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 36, 18-27.	0.6	23
147	Protocol for measurement of mean arterial pressure at 10–40 weeks' gestation. Pregnancy Hypertension, 2017, 10, 155-160.	0.6	23
148	Good clinical practice advice: Prediction of preterm labor and preterm premature rupture of membranes. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 340-346.	1.0	23
149	Novel Ratio Soluble Fms-like Tyrosine Kinase-1/Angiotensin-II (sFlt-1/ANG-II) in Pregnant Women Is Associated with Critical Illness in COVID-19. Viruses, 2021, 13, 1906.	1.5	23
150	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure at 19-24 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 332-340.	0.9	21
151	Prediction of smallâ€forâ€gestationalâ€age neonates: screening by maternal biochemical markers at 30–34 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 208-215.	0.9	21
152	Maternal cardiac function at 35–37 weeks' gestation: prediction of preâ€eclampsia and gestational hypertension. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 61-66.	0.9	20
153	Maternal serum cytokines at 30–33 weeks in the prediction of preeclampsia. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2013, 33, 823-830.	1.1	19
154	Pre-Induction Transperineal Ultrasound Assessment for the Prediction of Labor Outcome. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2019, 45, 256-267.	0.6	18
155	The effect of parity on longitudinal maternal hemodynamics. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 221, 249.e1-249.e14.	0.7	18
156	Prediction of labor outcome using serial transperineal ultrasound in the first stage of labor. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 32, 31-37.	0.7	18
157	Whole genome miRNA profiling revealed miR-199a as potential placental pathogenesis of selective fetal growth restriction in monochorionic twin pregnancies. Placenta, 2020, 92, 44-53.	0.7	18
158	Audit of the effectiveness of cervical preparation with Dilapan prior to late second-trimester (20-24) Tj ETQq0 0 0 r Gynaecology, 2007, 114, 485-488.	rgBT /Over 1.1	rlock 10 Tf 5 17
159	Maternal cardiac function at 35–37 weeks' gestation: relationship with birth weight. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 67-72.	0.9	17
160	Inter-manufacturer comparison of automated immunoassays for the measurement of soluble FMS-like tyrosine kinase-1 and placental growth factor. Pregnancy Hypertension, 2019, 17, 165-171.	0.6	17
161	Maternal hemodynamics in screenâ€positive and screenâ€negative women of the ASPRE trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 51-57.	0.9	17
162	Bradycardiaâ€toâ€delivery interval and fetal outcomes in umbilical cord prolapse. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 170-177.	1.3	17

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Comorbidity, poverty and social vulnerability as risk factors for mortality in pregnant women with confirmed <scp>SARSâ€CoV</scp> â€2 infection: analysis of 13 062 positive pregnancies including 176 maternal deaths in Mexico. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 59, 76-82.	0.9	17
164	Predicting the Risk to Develop Preeclampsia in the First Trimester Combining Promoter Variant -98A/C of LGALS13 (Placental Protein 13), Black Ethnicity, Previous Preeclampsia, Obesity, and Maternal Age. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2018, 43, 250-265.	0.6	16
165	Factors that affect ultrasound-determined labor progress in women undergoing induction of labor. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, 592.e1-592.e15.	0.7	16
166	Screening and Prevention of Preeclampsia. Maternal-Fetal Medicine, 2019, 1, 25-30.	0.4	16
167	Objective assessment of the fetal facial profile at second and third trimester of pregnancy. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2019, 39, 107-115.	1.1	16
168	Young pregnant women are also at an increased risk of mortality and severe illness due to coronavirus disease 2019: analysis of the Mexican National Surveillance Program. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 224, 404-407.	0.7	16
169	Relationship between viral load, infectionâ€toâ€delivery interval and motherâ€toâ€child transfer of <scp>antiâ€SARSâ€CoV</scp> â€2 antibodies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 974-978.	0.9	16
170	Evidence of possible <scp>SARSâ€CoV</scp> â€2 vertical transmission according to World Health Organization criteria in asymptomatic pregnant women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 900-908.	0.9	16
171	Maternal Serum Soluble Endoglin at 30-33 Weeks in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 149-155.	0.6	15
172	Maternal Thyroid Function at Gestational Weeks 11–13 in Twin Pregnancies. Thyroid, 2013, 23, 1165-1171.	2.4	15
173	Maternal serum anti-MÃ⅓llerian hormone at 11–13 weeks' gestation in the prediction of preeclampsia. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2015, 28, 865-868.	0.7	15
174	Maternal cardiovascular function at 35–37 weeks' gestation: relation to maternal characteristics. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 39-45.	0.9	15
175	Maternal Serum Placental Growth Factor Isoforms 1 and 2 at 11-13, 20-24 and 30-34 Weeks' Gestation in Late-Onset Pre-Eclampsia and Small for Gestational Age Neonates. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 35, 249-257.	0.6	14
176	Uterine artery pulsatility index in the first trimester: assessment of intersonographer and intersampling site measurement differences. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2018, 31, 2276-2283.	0.7	14
177	Body mass index at 11–13 weeks' gestation and pregnancy complications in a Southern Chinese population: a retrospective cohort study. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 32, 2056-2068.	0.7	14
178	Good clinical practice advice: First trimester screening and prevention of preâ€eclampsia in singleton pregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 325-329.	1.0	13
179	Increased levels of soluble fmsâ€like tyrosine kinaseâ€1 are associated with adverse outcomes in pregnant women with COVID â€19. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, , .	0.9	13
180	Outcome of radiofrequency ablation for selective fetal reduction before <i>vs</i> at or after 16 gestational weeks in complicated monochorionic pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 214-220.	0.9	12

#	Article	IF	Citations
181	Application of an individualized nomogram in firstâ€trimester screening for trisomy 21. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 56-66.	0.9	12
182	Cost-utility of a first-trimester screening strategy versus the standard of care for nulliparous women to prevent pre-term pre-eclampsia in Belgium. Pregnancy Hypertension, 2021, 25, 219-224.	0.6	12
183	First trimester prediction of HELLP syndrome. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2016, 36, 29-33.	1.1	11
184	Protocol for the prospective validation study:  Screening programme for preâ€eclampsia' ( <scp>SPREE</scp> ). Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 50, 175-179.	0.9	11
185	Transverse technique: complementary approach to measurement of firstâ€trimester uterine artery Doppler. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 639-647.	0.9	11
186	Maternal serum activin-A at 30–33 weeks in the prediction of preeclampsia. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2013, 26, 733-737.	0.7	10
187	IONA test for firstâ€trimester detection of trisomies 21, 18 and 13. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 184-187.	0.9	10
188	Good clinical practice advice: Thyroid and pregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 347-351.	1.0	10
189	Maternal cardiac function in women at high risk for preâ€eclampsia treated with 150Âmg aspirin or placebo: an observational study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2020, 127, 1018-1025.	1.1	10
190	Effective Aspirin Treatment of Women at Risk for Preeclampsia Delays the Metabolic Clock of Gestation. Hypertension, 2021, 78, 1398-1410.	1.3	10
191	Prediction of spontaneous preterm birth and preterm prelabor rupture of membranes using maternal factors, obstetric history and biomarkers of placental function at 11–13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 192-199.	0.9	10
192	C-reactive protein at $11\hat{a}$ €"13 weeks $\hat{a}$ €™ gestation in spontaneous early preterm delivery. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2012, 25, 2475-2478.	0.7	9
193	Second-Trimester Screening for Trisomy-21 Using Prefrontal Space Ratio. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 34, 50-55.	0.6	9
194	Effect of change in posture on maternal functional hemodynamics at 35–37 weeks' gestation. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 368-374.	0.9	9
195	Good clinical practice advice: Micronutrients in the periconceptional period and pregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 317-321.	1.0	9
196	Good clinical practice advice: Role of ultrasound in the management of twin pregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 338-339.	1.0	8
197	Accuracy of the FMF Bayes theorem-based model for predicting preeclampsia at 11–13 weeks of gestation in a Japanese population. Hypertension Research, 2021, 44, 685-691.	1.5	8
198	<scp>ASPRE</scp> trial: risk factors for development of preterm preâ€eclampsia despite aspirin prophylaxis. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 546-552.	0.9	8

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
199	Management of hypertriglyceridaemia-induced acute pancreatitis in pregnancy. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2015, 28, 954-958.	0.7	7
200	Reasons for accepting or declining participation in the ASPRE trial: A qualitative study with women at high risk of preterm preâ€eclampsia. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2019, 39, 1127-1135.	1.1	7
201	Incidence of preâ€eclampsia and other perinatal complications among pregnant women with congenital heart disease: systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 519-528.	0.9	7
202	Prediction of spontaneous preterm birth by cervical length in the first trimester of pregnancy: Comparison of two measurement methods. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 1305-1312.	1.3	7
203	Update on diagnosis of hyperglycemia in pregnancy and gestational diabetes mellitus from FIGO's Pregnancy & Nonâ€Communicable Diseases Committee. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 154, 189-194.	1.0	7
204	Screening for spontaneous preterm birth by cervical length and shear-wave elastography in the first trimester of pregnancy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 227, 500.e1-500.e14.	0.7	7
205	Current controversies in prenatal diagnosis 3: is there still a value in a nuchal translucency screening ultrasound in conjunction with maternal plasma nonâ€invasive cellâ€free DNA testing?. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2016, 36, 20-24.	1.1	6
206	Shearâ€wave sonoelastographic assessment of cervix in pregnancy. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2020, 99, 1458-1468.	1.3	6
207	Prelabor short-term variability in fetal heart rate by computerized cardiotocogram and maternal fetal doppler indices for the prediction of labor outcomes. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2022, 35, 1318-1327.	0.7	6
208	The usefulness of ultrasound before induction of labor. American Journal of Obstetrics & Samp; Gynecology MFM, 2021, 3, 100423.	1.3	6
209	Perspectives on administration of COVID-19 vaccine to pregnant and lactating women: a challenge for low- and middle-income countries. AJOG Global Reports, 2021, 1, 100020.	0.4	6
210	Impact of replacing or adding pregnancyâ€associated plasma <scp>proteinâ€A</scp> at 11–13 weeks on screening for preterm preâ€eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 200-206.	0.9	6
211	First Trimester Screening for Gestational Diabetes Mellitus with Maternal Factors and Biomarkers. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2022, 49, 256-264.	0.6	6
212	Demographic factors that can be used to predict early-onset pre-eclampsia. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2015, 28, 535-539.	0.7	5
213	Aspirin Versus Placebo in Pregnancies at High Risk for Preterm Preeclampsia. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2018, 73, 11-12.	0.2	5
214	Mini-combined test compared with NICE guidelines for early risk-assessment for pre-eclampsia: the SPREE diagnostic accuracy study. Efficacy and Mechanism Evaluation, 2020, 7, 1-156.	0.9	5
215	Maternal serum ferritin at 11- to 13-week gestation in spontaneous early preterm delivery. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2012, 25, 1852-1855.	0.7	4
216	Transperineal ultrasound assessment of fetal head elevation by maneuvers used for managing umbilical cord prolapse. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 58, 603-608.	0.9	4

#	Article	IF	Citations
217	Preeclampsia: Universal Screening or Universal Prevention for Low and Middle-Income Settings?. Revista Brasileira De Ginecologia E Obstetricia, 2021, 43, 334-338.	0.3	4
218	Prospective Evaluation of International Prediction of Pregnancy Complications Collaborative Network Models for Prediction of Preeclampsia: Role of Serum sFlt-1 at 11–13 Weeks' Gestation. Hypertension, 2022, 79, 314-322.	1.3	4
219	Blood pressure levels correlate with intra-individual variability using an automated device in early pregnancy. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2008, 22, 438-440.	1.0	3
220	Maternal serum tumour necrosis factor receptor 1 (TNF-R1) at 30–33 weeks in the prediction of preeclampsia. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2013, 26, 763-767.	0.7	3
221	Clinical evaluation of a first trimester pregnancy algorithm predicting the risk of small for gestational age neonates. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 59, 670-676.	0.4	3
222	Genetic association of retroesophageal left brachiocephalic vein. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 836-837.	0.9	3
223	Feasibility, Reliability, and Agreement of Transperineal Ultrasound Measurement: Results from a Longitudinal Cohort Study. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2020, 47, 721-730.	0.6	3
224	Comparison of uterine artery Doppler measurements at 6Âweeks of pregnancy after IVF between pregnancies that resulted in miscarriage and ongoing pregnancies. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 152, 249-255.	1.0	3
225	The Use of Somatex Shunt for Fetal Pleural Effusion: A Cohort of 8 Procedures. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2021, 48, 440-447.	0.6	3
226	Monochorionic twins with selective fetal growth restriction: insight from placental whole-transcriptome analysis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 223, 749.e1-749.e16.	0.7	3
227	<scp>SARSâ€CoV</scp> â€2â€specific antibodies and neutralization capacity in breast milk following infection <i>vs</i> vaccination. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 425-427.	0.9	3
228	Re: Prediction of early―and lateâ€onset pregnancyâ€induced hypertension using placental volume on threeâ€dimensional ultrasound and uterine artery Doppler. T. Arakaki, J. Hasegawa, M. Nakamura, S. Hamada, M. Muramoto, H. Takita, K. Ichizuka and A. Sekizawa. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol 2015; 45: 539–543. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 513-513.	0.9	2
229	Maternal Plasma Cell-Free DNA in the Prediction of Pre-Eclampsia. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2015, 70, 377-378.	0.2	2
230	A Randomized Trial of a Cervical Pessary to Prevent Preterm Singleton Birth. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2016, 71, 392-393.	0.2	2
231	Do specific ultrasonography features identified at the time of early pregnancy loss predict fetal chromosomal abnormality? – A systematic review and meta-analysis. Genes and Diseases, 2019, 6, 129-137.	1.5	2
232	Impact of preimplantation genetic testing for aneuploidy on obstetrical practice. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 31, 127-131.	0.9	2
233	Effect of race on longitudinal central hemodynamics in pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 37-43.	0.9	2
234	Placental microRNA dataset of monochorionic twin pregnancies with and without selective fetal growth restriction. Data in Brief, 2020, 30, 105403.	0.5	2

#	Article	IF	Citations
235	Dopplerâ€based predictive model for methotrexate resistance in lowâ€risk gestational trophoblastic neoplasia with myometrial invasion: prospective study of 147 patients. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 829-839.	0.9	2
236	Scientific effort in combating COVID $\hat{a} \in \mathbb{R}^9$ in obstetrics and gynecology. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 189-194.	0.9	2
237	First Trimester Screening for Preeclampsia: An Asian Perspective. Maternal-Fetal Medicine, 2021, 3, 116-123.	0.4	2
238	Impact of replacing or adding placental growth factor on Down syndrome screening: A prospective cohort study. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2021, 41, 1111-1117.	1.1	2
239	Assessment of embryo morphology following perinatal exposure to aspirin, ibuprofen and paracetamol using whole embryo culture system. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2024, 35, 8786-8793.	0.7	2
240	Re: Impact of aspirin on trophoblastic invasion in women with abnormal uterine artery Doppler at 11-14 weeks: a randomized controlled study. E. Scazzocchio, D. Oros, D. Diaz, J. C. Ramirez, M. Ricart, E. Meler, R. González de AgÃ⅓ero, E. Gratacos and F. Fi. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 433-433.	0.9	1
241	How has COVID-19 impacted obstetrics?. , 2021, 21, 9-11.		1
242	The use of ultrasound, fibronectin and other parameters to predict the success of labour induction. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 79, 27-27.	1.4	1
243	OPO4.10: Tetralogy of Fallot in the fetus in the current era. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 28, 441-441.	0.9	0
244	OC20.03: Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by uterine artery Doppler and blood pressure at 11-13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 37-37.	0.9	0
245	First-Trimester Contingent Screening for Trisomies 21, 18, and 13 by Biomarkers and Maternal Blood Cell-Free DNA Testing. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2014, 69, 529-531.	0.2	0
246	Reply. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 789-789.	0.9	0
247	Clinical Implementation of Routine Screening for Fetal Trisomies in the UK NHS. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2016, 71, 275-276.	0.2	0
248	Reply. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 218, 464-465.	0.7	0
249	ASPRE Trial: Incidence of Preterm Preeclampsia in Patients Fulfilling ACOG and NICE Criteria According to Risk by FMF Algorithm. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2018, 73, 623-625.	0.2	0
250	Comment on "First Trimester screening for early and late preeclampsia based on maternal characteristics, biophysical parameters, and angiogenic factors― Prenatal Diagnosis, 2018, 38, 891-891.	1.1	0
251	Prenatal visualization of paraumbilical veins in fetus with intraâ€abdominal umbilical vein stricture and intrauterine growth restriction. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 697-698.	0.9	0
252	Bronchopulmonary sequestration successfully treated with prenatal radiofrequency ablation of the feeding artery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 58, 325-327.	0.9	0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
253	The significance of low first trimester serum progesterone in ongoing early pregnancies presenting as pregnancies of unknown location. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2021, 258, 294-298.	0.5	0
254	How Different Are Diverse Populations in Screening for Preeclampsia?. Maternal-Fetal Medicine, 2021, 3, 87-90.	0.4	0
255	Reply. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 643-644.	0.9	0
256	Does Low-Dose Aspirin Initiated Before 11 Weeks' Gestation Reduce the Rate of Preeclampsia?. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2020, 75, 581-582.	0.2	0
257	Effects of strict public health measures on seroprevalence of anti–SARS-CoV-2 antibodies during pregnancy. , 2022, , .		0