

Mary Morgan-Richards

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

95
papers

2,009
citations

236912

25
h-index

289230

40
g-index

96
all docs

96
docs citations

96
times ranked

1901
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Insights into Aotearoa New Zealand's biogeographic history provided by the study of natural hybrid zones. <i>Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand</i> , 2024, 54, 55-74.	1.9	4
2	Recommendations for non-lethal monitoring of tree wētā (<i>Hemideina</i> spp.) using artificial galleries. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2023, 50, 381-393.	1.1	1
3	Lack of assortative mating might explain reduced phenotypic differentiation where two grasshopper species meet. <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2022, 35, 509-519.	1.7	6
4	Unrestricted gene flow between two subspecies of translocated brushtail possums (<i>Trichosurus</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT/Overlock 10 Tf 50 6	2.4	1
5	Chemical Ecology and Olfaction in Short-Horned Grasshoppers (Orthoptera: Acrididae). <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2022, 48, 121-140.	1.8	13
6	Climate change and alpine-adapted insects: modelling environmental envelopes of a grasshopper radiation. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2022, 9, 211596.	2.4	16
7	Relationships among body size components of three flightless New Zealand grasshopper species (Orthoptera, Acrididae) and their ecological applications. <i>Journal of Orthoptera Research</i> , 2022, 31, 91-103.	1.0	2
8	Spatial Variation of <i>Acanthophlebia cruentata</i> (Ephemeroptera), a Mayfly Endemic to Te Ika-a-Māui North Island of Aotearoa, New Zealand. <i>Insects</i> , 2022, 13, 567.	2.2	0
9	Ecology and systematics of the wine wētā and allied species, with description of four new <i>Hemiandrus</i> species. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2021, 48, 47-80.	1.1	4
10	Climate and ice in the last glacial maximum explain patterns of isolation by distance inferred for alpine grasshoppers. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2021, 14, 568-581.	3.0	7
11	Generation of large mitochondrial and nuclear nucleotide sequences and phylogenetic analyses using high-throughput short-read datasets for endangered <i>Placostylinae</i> snails of the southwest Pacific. <i>Molluscan Research</i> , 2021, 41, 243-253.	0.7	2
12	Patterns of regional endemism among New Zealand invertebrates. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2020, 47, 1-19.	1.1	7
13	Phylogenetic topology and timing of New Zealand olive shells are consistent with punctuated equilibrium. <i>Journal of Zoological Systematics and Evolutionary Research</i> , 2020, 58, 209-220.	1.4	2
14	Indigenous plant naming and experimentation reveal a plant-insect relationship in New Zealand forests. <i>Conservation Science and Practice</i> , 2020, 2, e282.	2.0	4
15	Lineage Identification Affects Estimates of Evolutionary Mode in Marine Snails. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2020, 69, 1106-1121.	5.6	2
16	An alpine grasshopper radiation older than the mountains, on Kā-Tiritiri o te Moana (Southern Alps) of Aotearoa (New Zealand). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2020, 147, 106783.	2.7	20
17	Geometric morphometrics and machine learning challenge currently accepted species limits of the land snail <i>Placostylus</i> (Pulmonata: Bothriembryontidae) on the Isle of Pines, New Caledonia. <i>Journal of Molluscan Studies</i> , 2020, 86, 35-41.	1.2	12
18	Loss and gain of sexual reproduction in the same stick insect. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2019, 28, 3929-3941.	3.9	16

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19	Parthenogenetic Females of the Stick Insect <i>Clitarchus hookeri</i> Maintain Sexual Traits. <i>Insects</i> , 2019, 10, 202.	2.2	9
20	Spatial genetics of a high elevation lineage of Rhytididae land snails in New Zealand: the <i>Powelliphanta Kawatiri</i> complex. <i>Molluscan Research</i> , 2019, 39, 280-289.	0.7	3
21	Tuatara and a new morphometric dataset for <i>Rhynchocephalia</i> : Comments on Herrera Flores et al. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2019, 62, 321-334.	2.2	6
22	Diversity and distribution of <i>Pleioplectron</i> Hutton cave weta (Orthoptera: Rhaphidophoridae). <i>European Journal of Taxonomy</i> , 2019, , .	0.6	3
23	Anthropogenic cause of range shifts and gene flow between two grasshopper species revealed by environmental modelling, geometric morphometrics and population genetics. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2018, 11, 415-434.	3.0	16
24	Genome statistics and phylogenetic reconstructions for Southern Hemisphere whelks (Gastropoda: Penion chathamensis). <i>European Journal of Taxonomy</i> , 2018, , .	1.0	2
25	The ectoparasites of hybrid ducks in New Zealand (Mallard x Grey Duck). <i>International Journal for Parasitology: Parasites and Wildlife</i> , 2018, 7, 335-342.	1.5	2
26	First detection of <i>Wolbachia</i> in the New Zealand biota. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0195517.	2.5	6
27	Genetic structure and shell shape variation within a rocky shore whelk suggest both diverging and constraining selection with gene flow. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2018, , .	1.6	2
28	Evolutionary lineages of marine snails identified using molecular phylogenetics and geometric morphometric analysis of shells. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2018, 127, 626-637.	2.7	16
29	Reinstatement of the New Zealand cave weta genus <i>Miotopus</i> Hutton (Orthoptera: Rhaphidophoridae) and description of a new species. <i>European Journal of Taxonomy</i> , 2018, , .	0.6	3
30	Geometric morphometric analysis reveals that the shells of male and female siphon whelks (<i>Penion chathamensis</i>) are the same size and shape. <i>Molluscan Research</i> , 2017, 37, 194-201.	0.7	15
31	Male tree weta are attracted to cuticular scent cues but do not discriminate according to sex or among two closely related species. <i>Ethology</i> , 2017, 123, 825-834.	1.1	4
32	Closing the gap: Avian lineage splits at a young, narrow seaway imply a protracted history of mixed population response. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2017, 26, 5752-5772.	3.9	12
33	A phylogeny of Southern Hemisphere whelks (Gastropoda: Buccinulidae) and concordance with the fossil record. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2017, 114, 367-381.	2.7	26
34	Explaining large mitochondrial sequence differences within a population sample. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2017, 4, 170730.	2.4	33
35	Genetic distinctiveness of the Waikawa Island mouse population indicates low rate of dispersal from mainland New Zealand. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2017, 41, .		1
36	Lineages, splits and divergence challenge whether the terms anagenesis and cladogenesis are necessary. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2016, 117, 165-176.	1.6	24

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37	Little or no gene flow despite $F_{ST} < 1$ hybrids at two interspecific contact zones. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 2390-2404.	1.9	9
38	Identification of a Rare Gecko from North Island New Zealand, and Genetic Assessment of Its Probable Origin: A Novel Mainland Conservation Priority?. <i>Journal of Herpetology</i> , 2016, 50, 77.	0.5	11
39	Speciation through the looking-glass. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2016, , .	1.6	1
40	Three new ground weta species and a redescription of <i>Hemiandrus maculifrons</i> . <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2016, 43, 363-383.	1.1	5
41	Genetic diversity and gene flow in a rare New Zealand skink despite fragmented habitat in a volcanic landscape. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2016, 119, 37-51.	1.6	7
42	Phylogenetics and Conservation in New Zealand: The Long and the Short of It. <i>Topics in Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2016, , 81-97.	1.0	5
43	Sticky Genomes: Using NGS Evidence to Test Hybrid Speciation Hypotheses. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0154911.	2.5	8
44	Correlation between shell phenotype and local environment suggests a role for natural selection in the evolution of <i>Placostylus</i> snails. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2015, 24, 4205-4221.	3.9	36
45	Improved resolution of cave weta diversity (Orthoptera: Rhaphidophoridae): ecological implications for Te Pahi, Far North, New Zealand. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2015, 42, 1-16.	1.1	5
46	Intercontinental island hopping: Colonization and speciation of the grasshopper genus <i>Phaulacridium</i> (Orthoptera: Acrididae) in Australasia. <i>Zoologischer Anzeiger</i> , 2015, 255, 71-79.	0.9	7
47	Comparative cytogenetics of North Island tree weta in sympatry. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2015, 42, 73-84.	1.1	3
48	Elevational variation in adult body size and growth rate but not in metabolic rate in the tree weta <i>Hemideina crassidens</i> . <i>Journal of Insect Physiology</i> , 2015, 75, 30-38.	2.0	13
49	Morphological differentiation despite gene flow in an endangered grasshopper. <i>BMC Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2014, 14, 216.	3.2	16
50	Shifting ranges of two tree weta species (<i>Hemideina</i> spp.): competitive exclusion and changing climate. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 524-535.	3.0	42
51	Convergent local adaptation in size and growth rate but not metabolic rate in a pair of parapatric Orthoptera species. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2014, 113, 123-135.	1.6	14
52	Molecular evolution and the latitudinal biodiversity gradient. <i>Heredity</i> , 2013, 110, 501-510.	2.6	89
53	Multiple lines of evidence suggest mosaic polyploidy in the hybrid parthenogenetic stick insect lineage <i>Acanthoxyla</i> . <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2013, 6, 537-548.	3.0	12
54	New Zealand ground weta (<i>Anostomatidae</i> : <i>Hemiandrus</i>): descriptions of two species with notes on their biology. <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 2013, 40, 314-329.	1.1	12

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55	Tolerance for Nutrient Imbalance in an Intermittently Feeding Herbivorous Cricket, the Wellington Tree Weta. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e84641.	2.5	13
56	Little and large: body size and genetic clines in a New Zealand gecko (<i>Woodworthia maculata</i>) along a coastal transect. Ecology and Evolution, 2012, 2, 273-285.	1.9	5
57	Shape and sound reveal genetic cohesion not speciation in the New Zealand orthopteran, <i>Hemiandrus pallitarsis</i> , despite high mitochondrial DNA divergence. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2012, 105, 169-186.	1.6	17
58	DNA and Morphology Unite Two Species and 10 Million Year Old Fossils. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e52083.	2.5	10
59	The Invertebrate Life of New Zealand: A Phylogeographic Approach. Insects, 2011, 2, 297-325.	2.2	41
60	Does predation result in adult sex ratio skew in a sexually dimorphic insect genus?. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2011, 24, 2321-2328.	1.7	18
61	Mutualism or opportunism? Tree fuchsia (<i>Fuchsia excorticata</i>) and tree weta (<i>Hemideina</i>) interactions. Austral Ecology, 2011, 36, 261-268.	1.5	11
62	Phylogenetic information of genes, illustrated with mitochondrial data from a genus of gastropod molluscs. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2011, 104, 770-785.	1.6	4
63	Geographic parthenogenesis and the common tea-tree stick insect of New Zealand. Molecular Ecology, 2010, 19, 1227-1238.	3.9	48
64	Status of the New Zealand cave weta (Rhaphidophoridae) genera <i>Pachyrhamma</i> , <i>Gymnoplectron</i> and <i>Turbottoplectron</i> . Invertebrate Systematics, 2010, 24, 131.	1.3	10
65	Toward Resolving Deep Neoaves Phylogeny: Data, Signal Enhancement, and Priors. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2009, 26, 313-326.	8.9	87
66	A review of genetic analyses of hybridisation in New Zealand. Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand, 2009, 39, 15-34.	1.9	47
67	Are you my mother? Phylogenetic analysis reveals orphan hybrid stick insect genus is part of a monophyletic New Zealand clade. Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, 2008, 48, 799-808.	2.7	30
68	Bird evolution: testing the metaves clade with six new mitochondrial genomes. BMC Evolutionary Biology, 2008, 8, 20.	3.2	70
69	Diversification of New Zealand weta (Orthoptera: Ensifera: Anostostomatidae) and their relationships in Australasia. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2008, 363, 3427-3437.	4.0	47
70	Fewer species of <i>Argosarchus</i> and <i>Clitarchus</i> stick insects (Phasmida, Phasmatinae): evidence from nuclear and mitochondrial DNA sequence data. Zoologica Scripta, 2005, 34, 483-491.	1.7	18
71	Hybrid origin of a parthenogenetic genus?. Molecular Ecology, 2005, 14, 2133-2142.	3.9	37
72	After the deluge: mitochondrial DNA indicates Miocene radiation and Pliocene adaptation of tree and giant weta (Orthoptera: Anostostomatidae). Journal of Biogeography, 2005, 32, 295-309.	3.0	71

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73	Chromosome rearrangements are not accompanied by expected genome size change in the tree weta <i>Hemideina thoracica</i> (Orthoptera, Anostostomatidae). <i>Journal of Orthoptera Research</i> , 2005, 14, 143-148.	1.0	2
74	Chloroplast DNA diversity of <i>Hieracium Pilosella</i> (Asteraceae) introduced to New Zealand: reticulation, hybridization, and invasion. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2004, 91, 73-85.	1.7	35
75	Phylogenetics of New Zealand's tree, giant and tusked weta (Orthoptera: Anostostomatidae): evidence from mitochondrial DNA. <i>Journal of Orthoptera Research</i> , 2004, 13, 185-196.	1.0	23
76	Interspecific hybridization among <i>Hieracium</i> species in New Zealand: evidence from flow cytometry. <i>Heredity</i> , 2004, 93, 34-42.	2.6	50
77	Colour, Allozyme and Karyotype Variation Show Little Concordance in the New Zealand Giant Scree Weta <i>Deinacrida Connectens</i> (Orthoptera: Stenopelmatidae). <i>Hereditas</i> , 2004, 125, 265-276.	1.4	8
78	Robertsonian Translocations and B Chromosomes in the Wellington Tree Weta, <i>Hemideina Crassidens</i> (Orthoptera: Anostostomatidae). <i>Hereditas</i> , 2004, 132, 49-54.	1.4	18
79	A COMPARISON OF FIVE HYBRID ZONES OF THE WETA <i>HEMIDEINA THORACICA</i> (ORTHOPTERA:) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 307. Evolution; <i>International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2003, 57, 849-861.	2.3	49
80	A COMPARISON OF FIVE HYBRID ZONES OF THE WETA <i>HEMIDEINA THORACICA</i> (ORTHOPTERA:) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 307. Evolution; <i>International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2003, 57, 849.	2.3	1
81	Fission or fusion? Mitochondrial DNA phylogenetics of the chromosome races of <i>Hemideina crassidens</i> (Orthoptera: Anostostomatidae). <i>Cytogenetic and Genome Research</i> , 2002, 96, 217-222.	1.1	5
82	Phylogenetic and biosystematic relationships in four highly disjunct polyploid complexes in the subgenera and in (Aspleniaceae). <i>Organisms Diversity and Evolution</i> , 2002, 2, 299-311.	1.6	40
83	Polyploidy, phylogeography and Pleistocene refugia of the rockfern <i>Asplenium ceterach</i> : evidence from chloroplast DNA. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2002, 11, 2003-2012.	3.9	167
84	A phylogenetic analysis of New Zealand giant and tree weta (Orthoptera : Anostostomatidae :) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 307. 2001, 15, 1.	1.3	26
85	Chromosome races with Pliocene origins: evidence from mtDNA. <i>Heredity</i> , 2001, 86, 303-312.	2.6	47
86	Patterns of molecular genetic variation in <i>Plantago major</i> and <i>P. intermedia</i> in relation to ozone resistance. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2000, 145, 501-509.	7.3	17
87	Characterization of a hybrid zone between two chromosomal races of the weta <i>Hemideina thoracica</i> following a geologically recent volcanic eruption. <i>Heredity</i> , 2000, 85, 586-592.	2.6	28
88	Phylogeographical pattern correlates with Pliocene mountain building in the alpine scree weta (Orthoptera, Anostostomatidae). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2000, 9, 657-666.	3.9	120
89	Genetic structure and differentiation of <i>Plantago major</i> reveals a pair of sympatric sister species. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 1999, 8, 1027-1036.	3.9	30
90	PCR markers distinguish <i>Plantago major</i> subspecies. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 1998, 96, 282-286.	3.6	59

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91	Intraspecific karyotype variation is not concordant with allozyme variation in the Auckland tree weta of New Zealand, <i>Hemideina thoracica</i> (Orthoptera: Stenopelmatidae). <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 1997, 60, 423-442.	1.6	23
92	Hybridisation of tree weta on Banks Peninsula, New Zealand, and colour polymorphism within <i>Hemideina ricta</i> (Orthoptera: Stenopelmatidae). <i>New Zealand Journal of Zoology</i> , 1995, 22, 393-399.	1.1	11
93	A new species of tree weta from the North Island of New Zealand (<i>Hemideina</i> Stenopelmatidae:). <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10</i>	0.3	17
94	Taxonomic status of tree weta from Stephens Island, Mt Holdsworth and Mt Arthur, based on allozyme variation. <i>Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand</i> , 1995, 25, 301-312.	1.9	22
95	On the distribution of tree weta in the North Island, New Zealand. <i>Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand</i> , 1995, 25, 485-493.	1.9	30