

Audrie Lin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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28
papers

2,206
citations

516561

16
h-index

526166

27
g-index

40
all docs

40
docs citations

40
times ranked

2884
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effect of Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutrition Interventions on Enteropathogens in Children 14 Months Old: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2023, 227, 434-447.	1.9	23
2	Contamination of Fresh Produce with Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria and Associated Risks to Human Health: A Scoping Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 360.	1.2	42
3	Household finished flooring and soil-transmitted helminth and Giardia infections among children in rural Bangladesh and Kenya: a prospective cohort study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2021, 9, e301-e308.	2.9	20
4	Monitoring of diverse enteric pathogens across environmental and host reservoirs with TaqMan array cards and standard qPCR: a methodological comparison study. <i>Lancet Planetary Health</i> , The, 2021, 5, e297-e308.	5.1	21
5	Characteristics that modify the effect of small-quantity lipid-based nutrient supplementation on child anemia and micronutrient status: an individual participant data meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021, 114, 68S-94S.	2.2	24
6	Telomere length is associated with growth in children in rural Bangladesh. <i>ELife</i> , 2021, 10, .	2.8	3
7	A planetary health model for reducing exposure to faecal contamination in urban informal settlements: Baseline findings from Makassar, Indonesia. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021, 155, 106679.	4.8	24
8	Study design, rationale and methods of the Revitalising Informal Settlements and their Environments (RISE) study: a cluster randomised controlled trial to evaluate environmental and human health impacts of a water-sensitive intervention in informal settlements in Indonesia and Fiji. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e042850.	0.8	29
9	Effective Treatment Strategies for the Removal of Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria, Antibiotic-Resistance Genes, and Antibiotic Residues in the Effluent From Wastewater Treatment Plants Receiving Municipal, Hospital, and Domestic Wastewater: Protocol for a Systematic Review. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2021, 10, e33365.	0.5	4
10	Effects of Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutritional Interventions on Environmental Enteric Dysfunction in Young Children: A Cluster-randomized, Controlled Trial in Rural Bangladesh. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 70, 738-747.	2.9	25
11	Association between Malaria Infection and Early Childhood Development Mediated by Anemia in Rural Kenya. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 902.	1.2	11
12	Effects of Individual and Combined Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutritional Interventions on Child Respiratory Infections in Rural Kenya: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2020, 102, 1286-1295.	0.6	11
13	Effects of single and integrated water, sanitation, handwashing, and nutrition interventions on child soil-transmitted helminth and Giardia infections: A cluster-randomized controlled trial in rural Kenya. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2019, 16, e1002841.	3.9	42
14	Implementing baseline ecological and human health field assessments in the Revitalizing Informal Settlements and their Environments (RISE) programme in Makassar, Indonesia: an interdisciplinary study. <i>Lancet Planetary Health</i> , The, 2019, 3, S8.	5.1	0
15	Effects of water, sanitation, handwashing and nutritional interventions on soil-transmitted helminth infections in young children: A cluster-randomized controlled trial in rural Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007323.	1.3	48
16	Effects of lipid-based nutrient supplements and infant and young child feeding counseling with or without improved water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) on anemia and micronutrient status: results from 2 cluster-randomized trials in Kenya and Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019, 109, 148-164.	2.2	37
17	Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on child development in rural Kenya (WASH Benefits Kenya): a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2018, 2, 269-280.	2.7	59
18	Effects of Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutritional Interventions on Child Enteric Protozoan Infections in Rural Bangladesh: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2018, 67, 1515-1522.	2.9	52

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19	Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Kenya: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e316-e329.	2.9	427
20	Infant Serum and Maternal Milk Vitamin B-12 Are Positively Correlated in Kenyan Infant-Mother Dyads at 1â€“6 Months Postpartum, Irrespective of Infant Feeding Practice. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 148, 86-93.	1.3	4
21	Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Bangladesh: a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e302-e315.	2.9	498
22	Sickle Cell and δ -Thalassemia Traits Influence the Association between Ferritin and Hepcidin in Rural Kenyan Children Aged 14â€“26 Months. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 148, 1903-1910.	1.3	6
23	Characterisation of environmental enteropathy biomarkers and associated risk factors in children in the context of a WASH trial in Timor-Leste. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2018, 221, 901-906.	2.1	7
24	Effects of water, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on telomere length among children in a cluster-randomized controlled trial in rural Bangladesh. <i>ELife</i> , 2017, 6, .	2.8	6
25	Vitamin B-12 Concentrations in Breast Milk Are Low and Are Not Associated with Reported Household Hunger, Recent Animal-Source Food, or Vitamin B-12 Intake in Women in Rural Kenya. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016, 146, 1125-1131.	1.3	28
26	Cluster-randomised controlled trials of individual and combined water, sanitation, hygiene and nutritional interventions in rural Bangladesh and Kenya: the WASH Benefits study design and rationale. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013, 3, e003476.	0.8	188
27	Household Environmental Conditions Are Associated with Enteropathy and Impaired Growth in Rural Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2013, 89, 130-137.	0.6	261
28	Distinct Distal Gut Microbiome Diversity and Composition in Healthy Children from Bangladesh and the United States. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e53838.	1.1	278