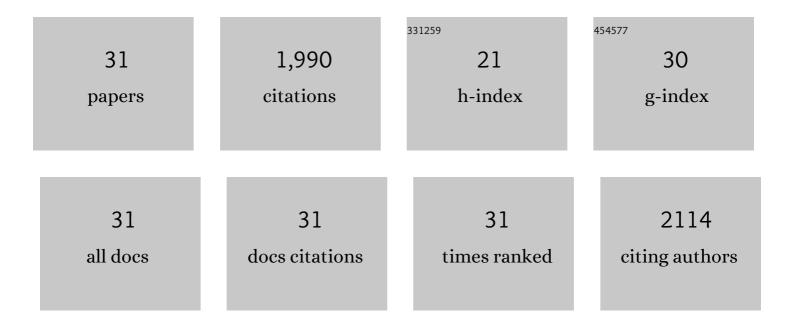
Yong Hwan Kim

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4231118/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



YONG HWAN KIM

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Real-time imaging of de novo arteriovenous malformation in a mouse model of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2009, 119, 3487-96.	3.9	238
2	ALK5- and TGFBR2-independent role of ALK1 in the pathogenesis of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia type 2. Blood, 2008, 111, 633-642.	0.6	212
3	A mouse model for hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia (HHT) type 2. Human Molecular Genetics, 2003, 12, 473-482.	1.4	172
4	Arteriovenous malformation in the adult mouse brain resembling the human disease. Annals of Neurology, 2011, 69, 954-962.	2.8	109
5	Endothelial Depletion of Acvrl1 in Mice Leads to Arteriovenous Malformations Associated with Reduced Endoglin Expression. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e98646.	1.1	107
6	Mouse models of hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia: recent advances and future challenges. Frontiers in Genetics, 2015, 6, 25.	1.1	106
7	VEGF neutralization can prevent and normalize arteriovenous malformations in an animal model for hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia 2. Angiogenesis, 2014, 17, 823-830.	3.7	99
8	Bone morphogenetic protein-9 inhibits lymphatic vessel formation via activin receptor-like kinase 1 during development and cancer progression. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2013, 110, 18940-18945.	3.3	95
9	Increasing brain angiotensin converting enzyme 2 activity decreases anxiety-like behavior in male mice by activating central Mas receptors. Neuropharmacology, 2016, 105, 114-123.	2.0	91
10	Common and Distinctive Pathogenetic Features of Arteriovenous Malformations in Hereditary Hemorrhagic Telangiectasia 1 and Hereditary Hemorrhagic Telangiectasia 2 Animal Models—Brief Report. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2014, 34, 2232-2236.	1.1	85
11	Reduced Mural Cell Coverage and Impaired Vessel Integrity After Angiogenic Stimulation in the <i>Alk1</i> -deficient Brain. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2013, 33, 305-310.	1.1	82
12	Minimal Homozygous Endothelial Deletion of Eng with VEGF Stimulation Is Sufficient to Cause Cerebrovascular Dysplasia in the Adult Mouse. Cerebrovascular Diseases, 2012, 33, 540-547.	0.8	74
13	Effect of Topical Intranasal Therapy on Epistaxis Frequency in Patients With Hereditary Hemorrhagic Telangiectasia. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2016, 316, 943.	3.8	74
14	Neuropilin-1 balances β8 integrin-activated TGFβ signaling to control sprouting angiogenesis in the brain. Development (Cambridge), 2015, 142, 4363-73.	1.2	62
15	Correcting Smad1/5/8, mTOR, and VEGFR2 treats pathology in hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia models. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2020, 130, 942-957.	3.9	48
16	Effects of Long-Term Exercise on Age-Related Hearing Loss in Mice. Journal of Neuroscience, 2016, 36, 11308-11319.	1.7	45
17	Persistent infiltration and pro-inflammatory differentiation of monocytes cause unresolved inflammation in brain arteriovenous malformation. Angiogenesis, 2016, 19, 451-461.	3.7	41
18	Generation of mice with a conditional and reporter allele for <i>Tmem100</i> . Genesis, 2010, 48, 673-678.	0.8	37

Yong Hwan Kim

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	SMAD4 Deficiency Leads to Development of Arteriovenous Malformations in Neonatal and Adult Mice. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2018, 7, e009514.	1.6	36
20	Recent Advances in Basic Research for Brain Arteriovenous Malformation. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2019, 20, 5324.	1.8	34
21	Overexpression of Activin Receptor-Like Kinase 1 in Endothelial Cells Suppresses Development of Arteriovenous Malformations in Mouse Models of Hereditary Hemorrhagic Telangiectasia. Circulation Research, 2020, 127, 1122-1137.	2.0	31
22	CXCL12-CXCR4 signalling plays an essential role in proper patterning of aortic arch and pulmonary arteries. Cardiovascular Research, 2017, 113, 1677-1687.	1.8	25
23	BMP9/ALK1 inhibits neovascularization in mouse models of age-related macular degeneration. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 55957-55969.	0.8	23
24	Conditional knockout of activin like kinase-1 (ALK-1) leads to heart failure without maladaptive remodeling. Heart and Vessels, 2017, 32, 628-636.	0.5	19
25	TMEM100 is a key factor for specification of lymphatic endothelial progenitors. Angiogenesis, 2020, 23, 339-355.	3.7	15
26	PIERCE1 is critical for specification of left-right asymmetry in mice. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 27932.	1.6	11
27	Genetics and Emerging Therapies for Brain Arteriovenous Malformations. World Neurosurgery, 2022, 159, 327-337.	0.7	6
28	Emerging pathogenic mechanisms in human brain arteriovenous malformations: a contemporary review in the multiomics era. Neurosurgical Focus, 2022, 53, E2.	1.0	6
29	Novel experimental model of brain arteriovenous malformations using conditional Alk1 gene deletion in transgenic mice. Journal of Neurosurgery, 2022, 137, 163-174.	0.9	5
30	Suppression of BMP signaling by PHD2 deficiency in Pulmonary Arterial hypertension. Pulmonary Circulation, 2022, 12, e12056.	0.8	2
31	ALK1 signaling plays a pivotal role in regulation of genes involved in angiogenesis and vascular tone: implication on the pathogenetic mechanism for hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia 2 (HHT2). FASEB Journal, 2008, 22, 318.1.	0.2	0