Lil Valentin

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

		18482	25787
333	14,186	62	108
papers	citations	h-index	g-index

399	399	399	5959
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Consensus on revised definitions of Morphological Uterus Sonographic Assessment (<scp>MUSA</scp>) features of adenomyosis: results of modified Delphi procedure. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 118-131.	1.7	80
2	The Risk of Endometrial Malignancy and Other Endometrial Pathology in Women with Abnormal Uterine Bleeding: An Ultrasound-Based Model Development Study by the IETA Group. Gynecologic and Obstetric Investigation, 2022, 87, 54-61.	1.6	5
3	Costâ€effectiveness of cervical length screening and progesterone treatment to prevent spontaneous preterm delivery in Sweden. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 59, 778-792.	1.7	7
4	Imaging in gynecological disease (24): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of ovarian mature cystic teratomas. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 549-558.	1.7	9
5	Ultrasound features of endometrial pathology in women without abnormal uterine bleeding: results from the International Endometrial Tumor Analysis study (<scp>IETA3</scp>). Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 60, 243-255.	1.7	14
6	Typical ultrasound features of various endometrial pathologies described using International Endometrial Tumor Analysis (<scp>IETA</scp>) terminology in women with abnormal uterine bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 164-172.	1.7	35
7	Imaging in gynecological disease (22): clinicalâ€‰andâ€‰ultrasound characteristics of ovarian embryonal carcinomas, nonâ€gestational choriocarcinomas and malignant mixed germ cell tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 987-994.	1.7	7
8	Ultrasound, macroscopic and histological features of malignant ovarian tumors. International Journal of Gynecological Cancer, 2021, 31, 150-151.	2.5	1
9	Secondâ€trimester transvaginal ultrasound measurement of cervical length for prediction of preterm birth: a blinded prospective multicentre diagnostic accuracy study. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 195-206.	2.3	14
10	Vessel morphology depicted by threeâ€dimensional power Doppler ultrasound as secondâ€stage test in adnexal tumors that are difficult to classify: prospective diagnostic accuracy study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 324-334.	1.7	6
11	Psychological impact of early miscarriage and client satisfaction with treatment: a comparison between expectant management and misoprostol treatment in a randomized controlled trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 757-765.	1.7	2
12	Terms, definitions and measurements to describe sonographic features of lymph nodes: consensus opinion from the Vulvar International Tumor Analysis (<scp>VITA</scp>) group. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 861-879.	1.7	24
13	Reply. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 57, 1016-1016.	1.7	0
14	Imaging in gynecological disease: clinical and ultrasound characteristics of ovarian carcinosarcomas. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, , .	1.7	5
15	Effect of secondâ€trimester sonographic cervical length on the risk of spontaneous preterm delivery in different risk groups: A prospective observational multicenter study. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2021, 100, 1644-1655.	2.8	5
16	Ultrasound evaluation of ovarian masses and assessment of the extension of ovarian malignancy. British Journal of Radiology, 2021, 94, 20201375.	2.2	9
17	Reproductive outcome after early miscarriage: comparing vaginal misoprostol treatment with expectant management in planned secondary analysis of randomized controlled trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, , .	1.7	0
18	Re: â€œDiagnostic Accuracies of the Ultrasound and Magnetic Resonance Imaging ADNEX Scoring Systems for Ovarian Adnexal Mass: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysisâ€• Academic Radiology, 2021, 28, 1643-1644.	2.5	1

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19	Validation of ultrasound strategies to assess tumor extension and to predict highâ€risk endometrial cancer in women from the prospective IETA (International Endometrial Tumor Analysis)â€4 cohort. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 115-124.	1.7	26
20	Imaging in gynecological disease (18): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of urinary bladder malignancies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 453-459.	1.7	2
21	Ultrasoundâ€based risk model for preoperative prediction of lymphâ€node metastases in women with endometrial cancer: modelâ€development study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 443-452.	1.7	13
22	Resources needed to teach midwife sonographers to measure cervical length with transvaginal ultrasound in the second trimester. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2020, 99, 1568-1569.	2.8	1
23	Validation of models to diagnose ovarian cancer in patients managed surgically or conservatively: multicentre cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m2614.	6.0	54
24	Second trimester cervical length measurements with transvaginal ultrasound: A prospective observational agreement and reliability study. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2020, 99, 1476-1485.	2.8	9
25	Predictors of complete miscarriage after expectant management or misoprostol treatment of non-viable early pregnancy in women with vaginal bleeding. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2020, 302, 1279-1296.	1.7	2
26	Imaging in gynecological disease (20): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of adnexal torsion. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 56, 934-943.	1.7	39
27	Sonographic classification and reporting system for diagnosing adenomyosis. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 53, 576-582.	1.7	157
28	GestaTIonal TrophoblAstic NeoplasIa Ultrasound assessMent: TITANIUM study. International Journal of Gynecological Cancer, 2019, 29, 1216-1220.	2.5	7
29	Autoantibodies common in patients with gastrointestinal diseases are not found in patients with endometriosis: A cross-sectional study. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2019, 240, 370-374.	1.1	8
30	Imaging in gynecological disease (15): clinicalâ€‰andâ€‰ultrasound characteristics of uterine sarcoma. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 676-687.	1.7	69
31	Imaging in gynecological disease (16): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of serous cystadenofibromas in adnexa. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 54, 823-830.	1.7	26
32	Risk of complications in patients with conservatively managed ovarian tumours (IOTA5): a 2-year interim analysis of a multicentre, prospective, cohort study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, 448-458.	10.7	110
33	Imaging in gynecological disease (13): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of endometrioid ovarian cancer. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 535-543.	1.7	29
34	Midâ€trimester sonographic cervical consistency index to predict spontaneous preterm birth in a lowâ€risk population. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 629-636.	1.7	20
35	International Endometrial Tumor Analysis (IETA) terminology in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thicknessâ€‰â‰¥â€‰4.5â€‰mm: agreement and reliability study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 259-268.	1.7	20
36	Misoprostol treatment vs expectant management in women with early nonâ€viable pregnancy and vaginal bleeding: a pragmatic randomized controlled trial. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 24-32.	1.7	16

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37	Ultrasound characteristics of endometrial cancer as defined by International Endometrial Tumor Analysis (IETA) consensus nomenclature: prospective multicenter study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 51, 818-828.	1.7	61
38	Differences in ultrasound features of papillations in unilocularâ€solid adnexal cysts: a retrospective international multicenter study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 269-278.	1.7	22
39	Imaging in gynecological disease (14): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of ovarian clear cell carcinoma. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 792-800.	1.7	36
40	Endometrial cancer off-line staging using two-dimensional transvaginal ultrasound and three-dimensional volume contrast imaging: Intermethod agreement, interrater reliability and diagnostic accuracy. Gynecologic Oncology, 2018, 150, 438-445.	1.4	35
41	Prospective temporal validation of mathematical models to calculate risk of endometrial malignancy in patients with postmenopausal bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 49, 649-656.	1.7	13
42	Clinical and ultrasound characteristics of surgically removed adnexal lesions with largest diameter â‰â€‰2.5â€‰cm: a pictorial essay. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 50, 648-656.	1.7	13
43	Clinical Utility of Risk Models to Refer Patients with Adnexal Masses to Specialized Oncology Care: Multicenter External Validation Using Decision Curve Analysis. Clinical Cancer Research, 2017, 23, 5082-5090.	7.0	37
44	Ovarian masses with papillary projections diagnosed and removed during pregnancy: ultrasound features and histological diagnosis. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 50, 116-123.	1.7	17
45	Validation of the Performance of International Ovarian Tumor Analysis (IOTA) Methods in the Diagnosis of Early Stage Ovarian Cancer in a Non-Screening Population. Diagnostics, 2017, 7, 32.	2.6	34
46	Transvaginal ultrasound examination of the endometrium in postmenopausal women without vaginal bleeding. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 390-396.	1.7	20
47	Reply. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 215, 677-678.	1.3	0
48	Systematic approach to sonographic evaluation of the pelvis in women with suspected endometriosis, including terms, definitions and measurements: a consensus opinion from the International Deep Endometriosis Analysis (IDEA) group. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 318-332.	1.7	503
49	Prospective validation of two mathematical models to calculate the risk of endometrial malignancy in patients with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness â‰¥4.5Âmm. European Journal of Cancer, 2016, 59, 179-188.	2.8	7
50	Age-related differences in the sonographic characteristics of endometriomas. Human Reproduction, 2016, 31, 1723-1731.	0.9	43
51	Predicting the risk of malignancy in adnexal masses based on the Simple Rules from the International Ovarian Tumor Analysis group. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 424-437.	1.3	212
52	Morcellation and risk of malignancy in presumed ovarian fibromas/fibrothecomas. Lancet Oncology, The, 2016, 17, 273-274.	10.7	9
53	Re: Accuracy of ultrasonography performed by examiners with varied training and experience in predicting specific pathology of adnexal masses. A. Sayasneh, J. Kaijser, J. Preisler, A. A. Smith, F. Raslan, S. Johnson, R. Husicka, L. Ferrara, C. Stalder, S. Ghaemâ€Maghami, D. Timmerman and T. Bourne. Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol 2015; 45: 605â€“612. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 513-515.	1.7	0
54	Agreement of twoâ€dimensional and threeâ€dimensional transvaginal ultrasound with magnetic resonance imaging in assessment of parametrial infiltration in cervical cancer. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 459-469.	1.7	19

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55	Terms, definitions and measurements to describe sonographic features of myometrium and uterine masses: a consensus opinion from the Morphological Uterus Sonographic Assessment (MUSA) group. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 284-298.	1.7	461
56	Appearance of the endometrium at saline contrast sonohysterography in the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle: a prospective observational study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 339-345.	1.7	13
57	Interobserver Agreement in Describing the Ultrasound Appearance of Adnexal Masses and in Calculating the Risk of Malignancy Using Logistic Regression Models. Clinical Cancer Research, 2015, 21, 594-601.	7.0	12
58	Gastrointestinal symptoms among endometriosis patientsâ€"A case-cohort study. BMC Women's Health, 2015, 15, 59.	2.0	67
59	Prevalence of extrauterine pelvic lesions on transvaginal ultrasound in asymptomatic 20â€“39â€yearâ€old women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 228-237.	1.7	2
60	Evaluating the risk of ovarian cancer before surgery using the ADNEX model to differentiate between benign, borderline, early and advanced stage invasive, and secondary metastatic tumours: prospective multicentre diagnostic study. BMJ, The, 2014, 349, g5920-g5920.	6.0	309
61	Imaging in gynecological disease (10): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of decidualized endometriomas surgically removed during pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 354-360.	1.7	67
62	Preface. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2014, 28, 619.	2.8	0
63	The sensitivity and specificity of transvaginal ultrasound with regard to acute pelvic inflammatory disease: a review of the literature. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2014, 289, 705-714.	1.7	32
64	Imaging in gynecological disease (9): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of tubal cancer. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 328-335.	1.7	28
65	Imaging techniques in the management of abnormal vaginal bleeding in non-pregnant women before and after menopause. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2014, 28, 637-654.	2.8	44
66	Ultrasound deserves to play a prominent role in the diagnosis and management of endometrial cancer. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 483-487.	1.7	10
67	Bâ€flow ultrasound facilitates visualization of contrast medium during hysterosalpingoâ€contrast sonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 221-227.	1.7	8
68	Intra- and interobserver agreement with regard to describing adnexal masses using International Ovarian Tumor Analysis terminology: reproducibility study involving seven observers. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 44, 100-108.	1.7	13
69	Strategies to diagnose ovarian cancer: new evidence from phase 3 of the multicentre international IOTA study. British Journal of Cancer, 2014, 111, 680-688.	6.4	98
70	Prediction of scar integrity and vaginal birth after caesarean delivery. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2013, 27, 285-295.	2.8	72
71	Risk of malignancy in unilocular cysts: a study of 1148 adnexal masses classified as unilocular cysts at transvaginal ultrasound and review of the literature. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 80-89.	1.7	66
72	Improving strategies for diagnosing ovarian cancer: a summary of the International Ovarian Tumor Analysis (<scp>IOTA</scp>) studies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 9-20.	1.7	153

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73	Imaging in gynecological disease (8): ultrasound characteristics of recurrent borderline ovarian tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 452-458.	1.7	27
74	Ultrasound for diagnosing acute salpingitis: a prospective observational diagnostic study. Human Reproduction, 2013, 28, 1569-1579.	0.9	28
75	Ultraschall Emissionen: Thermische (TI) und mechanische (MI) Indizes. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2013, 34, 422-434.	1.5	18
76	Intraâ€•and interobserver agreement when describing adnexal masses using the International Ovarian Tumor Analysis terms and definitions: a study on threeâ€dimensional ultrasound volumes. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 318-327.	1.7	21
77	Intra- and interobserver reproducibility of assessment of Doppler ultrasound findings in adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 42, 93-101.	1.7	14
78	Unilocular adnexal cysts with papillary projections but no other solid components: is there a diagnostic method that can classify them reliably as benign or malignant before surgery?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 41, 570-581.	1.7	26
79	External Validation of Diagnostic Models to Estimate the Risk of Malignancy in Adnexal Masses. Clinical Cancer Research, 2012, 18, 815-825.	7.0	72
80	Agreement Between Prenatal Ultrasonography and Fetal Autopsy Findings: A Retrospective Study of Second Trimester Terminations of Pregnancy. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2012, 33, E31-E37.	1.5	11
81	Key findings from the International Ovarian Tumor Analysis (IOTA) study: an approach to the optimal ultrasound based characterisation of adnexal pathology. Australasian Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2012, 15, 82-86.	0.6	5
82	Number of Antral Follicles, Ovarian Volume, and Vascular Indices in Asymptomatic Women 20 to 39 Years Old as Assessed by 3-Dimensional Sonography. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2012, 31, 1635-1649.	1.7	31
83	Imaging in gynecological disease (7): clinical and ultrasound features of Brenner tumors of the ovary. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 40, 706-713.	1.7	29
84	Clinically oriented threeâ€step strategy for assessment of adnexal pathology. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 40, 582-591.	1.7	61
85	Detection of intracavitary uterine pathology using offline analysis of threeâ€dimensional ultrasound volumes: interobserver agreement and diagnostic accuracy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 40, 459-463.	1.7	16
86	Lesion size affects diagnostic performance of IOTA logistic regression models, IOTA simple rules and risk of malignancy index in discriminating between benign and malignant adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 40, 345-354.	1.7	23
87	Ovarian size and vascularization as assessed by three-dimensional grayscale and power Doppler ultrasound in asymptomatic women 20â€“39 years old using combined oral contraceptives. Contraception, 2012, 86, 257-267.	1.5	17
88	A Mathematical Model for Interpretable Clinical Decision Support with Applications in Gynecology. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e34312.	2.5	27
89	Triaging women with ovarian masses for surgery: observational diagnostic study to compare RCOG guidelines with an International Ovarian Tumour Analysis (IOTA) group protocol. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2012, 119, 662-671.	2.3	49
90	Improved modeling of clinical data with kernel methods. Artificial Intelligence in Medicine, 2012, 54, 103-114.	6.5	15

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91	Clinical Importance of Appearance of Cesarean Hysterotomy Scar at Transvaginal Ultrasonography in Nonpregnant Women. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 525-532.	2.4	122
92	Clinical Importance of Appearance of Cesarean Hysterotomy Scar at Transvaginal Ultrasonography in Nonpregnant Women. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 1438-1439.	2.4	1
93	Performance of the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists' Ovarian Tumor Referral Guidelines With a Multivariate Index Assay. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 118, 1179-1181.	2.4	9
94	Improving the preoperative classification of adnexal masses as benign or malignant by second-stage tests. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 37, 100-106.	1.7	14
95	Prediction of endometrial malignancy in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness â‰¥ 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 37, 232-240.	1.7	43
96	Imaging of gynecological disease (6): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of ovarian dysgerminoma. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 37, 596-602.	1.7	41
97	Adnexal masses difficult to classify as benign or malignant using subjective assessment of grayâ€scale and Doppler ultrasound findings: logistic regression models do not help. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 456-465.	1.7	70
98	Earlyâ€stage cervical cancer: agreement between ultrasound and histopathological findings with regard to tumor size and extent of local disease. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 707-715.	1.7	29
99	Effect of gelâ€instillation sonography on Doppler ultrasound findings in endometrial polyps. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 355-359.	1.7	19
100	OC17.06: Clinical Data Miner (CDM)â€”a webâ€based electronic data capture framework for multiâ€centric studies with imaging modalities. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 33-33.	1.7	0
101	OC21.02: Selection of women with an ovarian tumor for surgery in specialist centers: a comparison of two triaging protocols. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 39-39.	1.7	0
102	OC21.04: A prediction model to distinguish between benign, borderline, stage I invasive, higher stage invasive, and metastatic adnexal tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 40-40.	1.7	0
103	OC27.03: Incidental ultrasound findings in the ovaries of asymptomatic premenopausal women. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 49-49.	1.7	0
104	OP08.04: Showing pictograms in electronic data capture software improves interrater agreement. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 78-79.	1.7	1
105	OP19.07: Reference values for size and vascularization of ovaries in premenopausal women obtained by three-dimensional gray scale and power Doppler ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 112-112.	1.7	0
106	OP24.05: Intra- and inter-observer reproducibility of Doppler ultrasound features in adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 126-126.	1.7	0
107	OP24.08: Intraâ€and interâ€observer reproducibility of two morphological ultrasound features of adnexal masses and of ultrasound diagnosis regarding malignancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 38, 127-127.	1.7	0
108	A Novel Approach to Predict the Likelihood of Specific Ovarian Tumor Pathology Based on Serum CA-125: A Multicenter Observational Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2011, 20, 2420-2428.	2.5	32

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109	Use of ultrasound pattern recognition by expert operators to identify borderline ovarian tumors: a study of diagnostic performance and interobserver agreement. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 84-88.	1.7	17
110	Confidence of expert ultrasound operators in making a diagnosis of adnexal tumor: effect on diagnostic accuracy and interobserver agreement. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 89-93.	1.7	24
111	Threeâ€dimensional ultrasound imaging for discrimination between benign and malignant endometrium in women with postmenopausal bleeding and sonographic endometrial thickness of at least 4.5 mm. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 94-102.	1.7	35
112	Terms, definitions and measurements to describe the sonographic features of the endometrium and intrauterine lesions: a consensus opinion from the International Endometrial Tumor Analysis (IETA) group. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 103-112.	1.7	212
113	Cesarean section scar defects: agreement between transvaginal sonographic findings with and without saline contrast enhancement. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 75-83.	1.7	159
114	Acoustic streaming cannot discriminate reliably between endometriomas and other types of adnexal lesion: a multicenter study of 633 adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 349-353.	1.7	45
115	Reply by Drs Vikhareva Osser & Valentin. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 251-251.	1.7	0
116	Prospective external validation of the â€˜ovarian crescent signâ€™ as a single ultrasound parameter to distinguish between benign and malignant adnexal pathology. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 81-87.	1.7	23
117	Ovarian cancer prediction in adnexal masses using ultrasoundâ€based logistic regression models: a temporal and external validation study by the IOTA group. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 36, 226-234.	1.7	154
118	Endometriomas: their ultrasound characteristics. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 730-740.	1.7	190
119	Polytomous diagnosis of ovarian tumors as benign, borderline, primary invasive or metastatic: development and validation of standard and kernel-based risk prediction models. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2010, 10, 96.	3.1	27
120	Risk factors for incomplete healing of the uterine incision after caesarean section. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2010, 117, 1119-1126.	2.3	144
121	Ultrasound Experience Substantially Impacts on Diagnostic Performance and Confidence when Adnexal Masses Are Classified Using Pattern Recognition. Gynecologic and Obstetric Investigation, 2010, 69, 160-168.	1.6	54
122	Simple ultrasound rules to distinguish between benign and malignant adnexal masses before surgery: prospective validation by IOTA group. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 341, c6839-c6839.	2.3	336
123	Normal gynaecological anatomy (uterus, tubes, ovaries). , 2009, , 285-297.		0
124	Prospective Internal Validation of Mathematical Models to Predict Malignancy in Adnexal Masses: Results from the International Ovarian Tumor Analysis Study. Clinical Cancer Research, 2009, 15, 684-691.	7.0	97
125	Characterising acute gynaecological pathology with ultrasound: an overview and case examples. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 23, 577-593.	2.8	14
126	A scoring system to differentiate malignant from benign masses in specific ultrasoundâ€based subgroups of adnexal tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 92-101.	1.7	36

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127	Re: Prevalence of endometrial polyps and abnormal uterine bleeding in a Danish population aged 20â€“74 years. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 369-370.	1.7	47
128	Twoâ€•and threeâ€dimensional saline contrast sonohysterography: interobserver agreement, agreement with hysteroscopy and diagnosis of endometrial malignancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 574-582.	1.7	34
129	Imaging in gynecological disease (5): clinical and ultrasound characteristics in fibroma and fibrothecoma of the ovary. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 188-195.	1.7	76
130	High prevalence of defects in Cesarean section scars at transvaginal ultrasound examination. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 90-97.	1.7	219
131	Adding a single CA 125 measurement to ultrasound imaging performed by an experienced examiner does not improve preoperative discrimination between benign and malignant adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 345-354.	1.7	57
132	Ultrasound methods to distinguish between malignant and benign adnexal masses in the hands of examiners with different levels of experience. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 454-461.	1.7	34
133	Diagnostic accuracy of transvaginal ultrasound examination for assigning a specific diagnosis to adnexal masses. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 462-470.	1.7	156
134	Diagnostic performance of routine ultrasound screening for fetal abnormalities in an unselected Swedish population in 2000â€“2005. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 526-533.	1.7	62
135	Intravenous contrast ultrasound examination using contrastâ€tuned imaging (CnTIâ„¢) and the contrast medium SonoVueÂ® for discrimination between benign and malignant adnexal masses with solid components. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 699-710.	1.7	50
136	Imaging in gynaecology: How good are we in identifying endometriomas?. Facts, Views & Vision in ObGyn, 2009, 1, 7-17.	1.1	8
137	Using Bayesian neural networks with ARD input selection to detect malignant ovarian masses prior to surgery. Neural Computing and Applications, 2008, 17, 489-500.	5.6	9
138	Imaging of gynecological disease (2): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of Sertoli cell tumors, Sertoliâ€“Leydig cell tumors and Leydig cell tumors. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 31, 85-91.	1.7	72
139	Changes in ultrasound morphology of the uterus and ovaries during the menopausal transition and early postmenopause: a 4â€year longitudinal study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 31, 210-217.	1.7	20
140	Imaging of gynecological disease (3): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of granulosa cell tumors of the ovary. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 31, 450-456.	1.7	71
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142	Imaging of gynecological disease (4): clinical and ultrasound characteristics of struma ovarii. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 210-219.	1.7	60
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