## Arash

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4192077/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

		2258059	2272923	
8	85	3	4	
papers	citations	h-index	g-index	
8	8	8	80	
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors	

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cervical spinal 5-HT <sub>2A</sub> and 5-HT <sub>2B</sub> receptors are both necessary for moderate acute intermittent hypoxia-induced phrenic long-term facilitation. Journal of Applied Physiology, 2019, 127, 432-443.	2.5	39
2	Phrenic motor neuron adenosine 2A receptors elicit phrenic motor facilitation. Journal of Physiology, 2018, 596, 1501-1512.	2.9	25
3	Systemic inflammation suppresses spinal respiratory motor plasticity via mechanisms that require serine/threonine protein phosphatase activity. Journal of Neuroinflammation, 2021, 18, 28.	7.2	18
4	Acute morphine blocks spinal respiratory motor plasticity via longâ€latency mechanisms that require tollâ€like receptor 4 signalling. Journal of Physiology, 2021, 599, 3771-3797.	2.9	3
5	Episode Frequency Determines the Impact of Chronic Intermittent Hypoxia on Phrenic Long Term Facilitation. FASEB Journal, 2017, 31, 1055.10.	0.5	О
6	Impact of Intermittent Hypoxia Protocol on Phosphoâ€p38 and Phosphoâ€ERK MAP Kinase Expression within Phrenic Motoneurons. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 844.1.	0.5	0
7	Daily acute, but not chronic, intermittent hypoxia enhances phrenic motor plasticity in chronic cervical spinal cord injury. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 731.6.	0.5	O
8	Adenosine 2A Receptor Antagonism in Acute Cervical Contusion/Compression Injury Preserves Serotoninâ€Dependent Phrenic Motor Plasticity. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, .	0.5	0