

# Kwame Adu-Bonsaffoh

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

52  
papers

1,028  
citations

566801

15  
h-index

454577

30  
g-index

55  
all docs

55  
docs citations

55  
times ranked

1067  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Women's report of mistreatment during facility-based childbirth: validity and reliability of community survey measures. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2022, 5, e004822.	2.0	5
2	Characteristics of Women Receiving Emergency Caesarean Section: A Cross-Sectional Analysis from Ghana and Dominican Republic. <i>Maternal and Child Health Journal</i> , 2022, 26, 177-184.	0.7	1
3	Maternal near-miss and mortality associated with hypertensive disorders of pregnancy remote from term: a multicenter observational study in Ghana. <i>AJOG Global Reports</i> , 2022, 2, 100045.	0.4	5
4	Prevalence and determinants of self-reported anxiety and stress among women with abortion-related complications admitted to health facilities in Eastern and Southern Africa: A cross-sectional survey. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2022, 156, 53-62.	1.0	6
5	Experiences of women seeking care for abortion complications in health facilities: Secondary analysis of the WHO Multi-Country Survey on Abortion in 11 African countries. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2022, 156, 44-52.	1.0	4
6	Adolescent experiences of mistreatment during childbirth in health facilities: secondary analysis of a community-based survey in four countries. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2022, 5, e007954.	2.0	7
7	Health workers' and hospital administrators' perspectives on mistreatment of women during facility-based childbirth: a multicenter qualitative study in Ghana. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2022, 19, 82.	1.2	7
8	The first 2 h after birth: prevalence and factors associated with neonatal care practices from a multicountry, facility-based, observational study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2021, 9, e72-e80.	2.9	26
9	939 Trial of labor vs. repeat cesarean delivery in sub-saharan africa: a systematic review and metanalysis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 224, S583-S584.	0.7	0
10	Evidence-based interventions to reduce mortality among preterm and low-birthweight neonates in low-income and middle-income countries: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 6, e003618.	2.0	16
11	Neonatal care practices need to be further explored – Authors' reply. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2021, 9, e754.	2.9	0
12	Development of measures for assessing mistreatment of women during facility-based childbirth based on labour observations. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 5, e004080.	2.0	7
13	Prevalence and Determinants of Unintended Pregnancy among Women Receiving Antenatal Care Services: A Facility-Based Cross-Sectional Study in Ghana. <i>Global Journal of Health Science</i> , 2021, 13, 100.	0.1	0
14	Navigating with logics: Care for women with hypertensive disorders of pregnancy in a tertiary hospital in Ghana. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2021, 289, 114402.	1.8	5
15	Adolescents' satisfaction with care for abortion-related complications in 11 Sub-Saharan African countries: A cross-sectional facility-based study. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2021, 156, 63.	1.0	2
16	Vaginal examinations and mistreatment of women during facility-based childbirth in health facilities: secondary analysis of labour observations in Ghana, Guinea and Nigeria. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2021, 5, e006640.	2.0	9
17	Fat-soluble nutrients and Omega-3 fatty acids as modifiable factors influencing preterm birth risk. <i>Placenta</i> , 2020, 98, 38-42.	0.7	6
18	Mistreatment during childbirth – Authors' reply. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2020, 396, 817-818.	6.3	2

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19	How Women Are Treated During Facility-Based Childbirth in Four Countries: A Cross-sectional Study With Labour Observations and Community-Based Surveys. <i>Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey</i> , 2020, 75, 219-221.	0.2	1
20	Histopathological lesions and exposure to Plasmodium falciparum infections in the placenta increases the risk of preeclampsia among pregnant women. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 8280.	1.6	12
21	Household fuel use and adverse pregnancy outcomes in a Ghanaian cohort study. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2020, 17, 29.	1.2	38
22	Challenges in preterm birth research: Ghanaian perspective. <i>Placenta</i> , 2020, 98, 24-28.	0.7	8
23	How Women Are Treated During Facility-Based Childbirth in Four Countries: A Cross-Sectional Study With Labor Observations and Community-based Surveys. <i>Obstetric Anesthesia Digest</i> , 2020, 40, 134-135.	0.0	2
24	Labour companionship and women's experiences of mistreatment during childbirth: results from a multi-country community-based survey. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020, 5, e003564.	2.0	25
25	How women are treated during facility-based childbirth in four countries: a cross-sectional study with labour observations and community-based surveys. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2019, 394, 1750-1763.	6.3	279
26	Effects of factor v Leiden polymorphism on the pathogenesis and outcomes of preeclampsia. <i>BMC Medical Genetics</i> , 2019, 20, 189.	2.1	3
27	Determinants and outcomes of preterm births at a tertiary hospital in Ghana. <i>Placenta</i> , 2019, 79, 62-67.	0.7	30
28	Methodological development of tools to measure how women are treated during facility-based childbirth in four countries: labor observation and community survey. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2018, 18, 132.	1.4	70
29	Women's perspectives of mistreatment during childbirth at health facilities in Ghana: findings from a qualitative study. <i>Reproductive Health Matters</i> , 2018, 26, 70-87.	1.3	57
30	Endothelial dysfunction in the pathogenesis of pre-eclampsia in Ghanaian women. <i>BMC Physiology</i> , 2017, 17, 5.	3.6	19
31	Evaluating Facility-Based Decision-Making in Women with a Prior Cesarean Delivery and Association with Maternal and Perinatal Outcomes. <i>Maternal and Child Health Journal</i> , 2017, 21, 1845-1852.	0.7	3
32	Perinatal outcomes of hypertensive disorders in pregnancy at a tertiary hospital in Ghana. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2017, 17, 388.	0.9	37
33	PREVALENCE OF HYPERTENSIVE DISORDERS IN PREGNANCY AT KORLE-BU TEACHING HOSPITAL IN GHANA. <i>Journal of Gynecology &amp; Neonatal Biology</i> , 2017, 3, 1-6.	0.2	7
34	857: Perinatal Factors Increasing Preterm Delivery Risk among Adolescent Mothers in Ghana. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 214, S446-S447.	0.7	2
35	How women are treated during facility-based childbirth: development and validation of measurement tools in four countries – phase 1 formative research study protocol. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , 2015, 12, 60.	1.2	53
36	Nitric oxide dysregulation in the pathogenesis of preeclampsia among Ghanaian women. <i>Integrated Blood Pressure Control</i> , 2015, 8, 1.	0.4	15

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37	Clinico-pathological characteristics of cervical cancer in Ghanaian women. <i>Journal of Medical and Biomedical Sciences</i> , 2015, 3, 27-32.	0.2	3
38	ASSESSMENT OF OXIDATIVE STRESS IN EARLY AND LATE ONSET PRE-ECLAMPSIA AMONG GHANAIAI WOMEN. <i>Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons</i> , 2015, 5, 42-58.	0.0	0
39	LINKING UNINTENDED PREGNANCY TO THE BURDEN OF PRE-ECLAMPSIA IN A TERTIARY HOSPITAL IN GHANA. <i>Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons</i> , 2015, 5, 17-29.	0.0	2
40	Corrigendum to "Maternal deaths attributable to hypertensive disorders in a tertiary hospital in Ghana" [Int J Gynecol Obstet 123 (2013) 110-113]. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2014, 127, 117-117.	1.0	0
41	Maternal outcomes of hypertensive disorders in pregnancy at Korle Bu Teaching Hospital, Ghana. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2014, 127, 238-242.	1.0	31
42	Understanding the Continuum of Maternal Morbidity in Accra, Ghana. <i>Maternal and Child Health Journal</i> , 2014, 18, 1648-1657.	0.7	11
43	CURRENT TREND IN VAGINAL BIRTH AFTER CAESAREAN SECTION (VBAC) IN ACCRA. <i>Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons</i> , 2014, 4, x-xi.	0.0	1
44	VAGINAL BIRTH AFTER A PREVIOUS CAESAREAN SECTION: CURRENT TRENDS AND OUTLOOK IN GHANA. <i>Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons</i> , 2014, 4, 1-25.	0.0	8
45	Maternal deaths attributable to hypertensive disorders in a tertiary hospital in Ghana. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2013, 123, 110-113.	1.0	51
46	Assessment of maternal near-miss and quality of care in a hospital-based study in Accra, Ghana. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2013, 123, 58-63.	1.0	70
47	Impaired renal function and increased urinary isoprostane excretion in Ghanaian women with pre-eclampsia. <i>Research and Reports in Tropical Medicine</i> , 2013, 4, 7.	2.8	1
48	Measuring Coverage in MNCH: Validating Women's Self-Report of Emergency Cesarean Sections in Ghana and the Dominican Republic. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e60761.	1.1	35
49	W407 VALIDATING WOMEN'S SELF-REPORT OF EMERGENCY CESAREAN DELIVERY IN GHANA AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2012, 119, S837.	1.0	1
50	O704 MATERNAL NEAR MISS: RESULTS FROM A HOSPITAL-BASED STUDY IN ACCRA, GHANA. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2012, 119, S508.	1.0	0
51	O114 THE ROLE OF ENDOTHELIAL DYSFUNCTION IN THE PATHOGENESIS OF PREECLAMPSIA IN GHANAIAI WOMEN. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2012, 119, S266.	1.0	0
52	Listening to Women's Voices: The Quality of Care of Women Experiencing Severe Maternal Morbidity, in Accra, Ghana. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e44536.	1.1	44