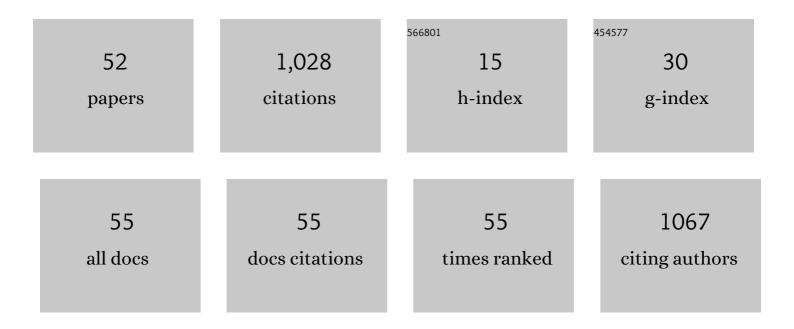
## Kwame Adu-Bonsaffoh

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4187200/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	How women are treated during facility-based childbirth in four countries: a cross-sectional study with labour observations and community-based surveys. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, 1750-1763.	6.3	279
2	Assessment of maternal nearâ€miss and quality of care in a hospitalâ€based study in Accra, Chana. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 123, 58-63.	1.0	70
3	Methodological development of tools to measure how women are treated during facility-based childbirth in four countries: labor observation and community survey. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2018, 18, 132.	1.4	70
4	Women's perspectives of mistreatment during childbirth at health facilities in Ghana: findings from a qualitative study. Reproductive Health Matters, 2018, 26, 70-87.	1.3	57
5	How women are treated during facility-based childbirth: development and validation of measurement tools in four countries – phase 1 formative research study protocol. Reproductive Health, 2015, 12, 60.	1.2	53
6	Maternal deaths attributable to hypertensive disorders in a tertiary hospital in Ghana. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2013, 123, 110-113.	1.0	51
7	Listening to Women's Voices: The Quality of Care of Women Experiencing Severe Maternal Morbidity, in Accra, Ghana. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e44536.	1.1	44
8	Household fuel use and adverse pregnancy outcomes in a Ghanaian cohort study. Reproductive Health, 2020, 17, 29.	1.2	38
9	Perinatal outcomes of hypertensive disorders in pregnancy at a tertiary hospital in Ghana. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 388.	0.9	37
10	Measuring Coverage in MNCH: Validating Women's Self-Report of Emergency Cesarean Sections in Ghana and the Dominican Republic. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e60761.	1.1	35
11	Maternal outcomes of hypertensive disorders in pregnancy at Korle Bu Teaching Hospital, Ghana. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2014, 127, 238-242.	1.0	31
12	Determinants and outcomes of preterm births at a tertiary hospital in Ghana. Placenta, 2019, 79, 62-67.	0.7	30
13	The first 2 h after birth: prevalence and factors associated with neonatal care practices from a multicountry, facility-based, observational study. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e72-e80.	2.9	26
14	Labour companionship and women's experiences of mistreatment during childbirth: results from a multi-country community-based survey. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e003564.	2.0	25
15	Endothelial dysfunction in the pathogenesis of pre-eclampsia in Ghanaian women. BMC Physiology, 2017, 17, 5.	3.6	19
16	Evidence-based interventions to reduce mortality among preterm and low-birthweight neonates in low-income and middle-income countries: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e003618.	2.0	16
17	Nitric oxide dysregulation in the pathogenesis of preeclampsia among Ghanaian women. Integrated Blood Pressure Control, 2015, 8, 1.	0.4	15
18	Histopathological lesions and exposure to Plasmodium falciparum infections in the placenta increases the risk of preeclampsia among pregnant women. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 8280.	1.6	12

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Understanding the Continuum of Maternal Morbidity in Accra, Ghana. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2014, 18, 1648-1657.	0.7	11
20	Vaginal examinations and mistreatment of women during facility-based childbirth in health facilities: secondary analysis of labour observations in Ghana, Guinea and Nigeria. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 5, e006640.	2.0	9
21	Challenges in preterm birth research: Ghanaian perspective. Placenta, 2020, 98, 24-28.	0.7	8
22	VAGINAL BIRTH AFTER A PREVIOUS CAESAREAN SECTION: CURRENT TRENDS AND OUTLOOK IN GHANA. Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons, 2014, 4, 1-25.	0.0	8
23	Development of measures for assessing mistreatment of women during facility-based childbirth based on labour observations. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 5, e004080.	2.0	7
24	PREVALENCE OF HYPERTENSIVE DISORDERS IN PREGNANCY AT KORLE-BU TEACHING HOSPITAL IN GHANA. Journal of Gynecology & Neonatal Biology, 2017, 3, 1-6.	0.2	7
25	Adolescent experiences of mistreatment during childbirth in health facilities: secondary analysis of a community-based survey in four countries. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 5, e007954.	2.0	7
26	Health workers' and hospital administrators' perspectives on mistreatment of women during facility-based childbirth: a multicenter qualitative study in Ghana. Reproductive Health, 2022, 19, 82.	1.2	7
27	Fat-soluble nutrients and Omega-3 fatty acids as modifiable factors influencing preterm birth risk. Placenta, 2020, 98, 38-42.	0.7	6
28	Prevalence and determinants of selfâ€reported anxiety and stress among women with abortionâ€related complications admitted to health facilities in Eastern and Southern Africa: AÂcrossâ€sectional survey. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2022, 156, 53-62.	1.0	6
29	Women's report of mistreatment during facility-based childbirth: validity and reliability of community survey measures. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 5, e004822.	2.0	5
30	Navigating with logics: Care for women with hypertensive disorders of pregnancy in a tertiary hospital in Ghana. Social Science and Medicine, 2021, 289, 114402.	1.8	5
31	Maternal near-miss and mortality associated with hypertensive disorders of pregnancy remote from term: a multicenter observational study in Ghana. AJOG Global Reports, 2022, 2, 100045.	0.4	5
32	Experiences of women seeking care for abortion complications in health facilities: Secondary analysis of the WHO Multiâ€Country Survey on Abortion in 11 African countries. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2022, 156, 44-52.	1.0	4
33	Evaluating Facility-Based Decision-Making in Women with a Prior Cesarean Delivery and Association with Maternal and Perinatal Outcomes. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2017, 21, 1845-1852.	0.7	3
34	Effects of factor v Leiden polymorphism on the pathogenesis and outcomes of preeclampsia. BMC Medical Genetics, 2019, 20, 189.	2.1	3
35	Clinico-pathological characteristics of cervical cancer in Ghanaian women. Journal of Medical and Biomedical Sciences, 2015, 3, 27-32.	0.2	3
36	857: Perinatal Factors Increasing Preterm Delivery Risk among Adolescent Mothers in Ghana. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, S446-S447.	0.7	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Mistreatment during childbirth – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 817-818.	6.3	2
38	How Women Are Treated During Facility-Based Childbirth in Four Countries: A Cross-Sectional Study With Labor Observations and Community-based Surveys. Obstetric Anesthesia Digest, 2020, 40, 134-135.	0.0	2
39	Adolescents' satisfaction with care for abortionâ€related complications in 11 Subâ€Saharan African countries: A crossâ€sectional facilityâ€based study. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 156, 63.	1.0	2
40	LINKING UNINTENDED PREGNANCY TO THE BURDEN OF PRE-ECLAMPSIA IN A TERTIARY HOSPITAL IN GHANA. Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons, 2015, 5, 17-29.	0.0	2
41	W407 VALIDATING WOMEN'S SELFâ€REPORT OF EMERGENCY CESAREAN DELIVERY IN GHANA AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2012, 119, S837.	1.0	1
42	Impaired renal function and increased urinary isoprostane excretion in Ghanaian women with pre-eclampsia. Research and Reports in Tropical Medicine, 2013, 4, 7.	2.8	1
43	How Women Are Treated During Facility-Based Childbirth in Four Countries: A Cross-sectional Study With Labour Observations and Community-Based Surveys. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2020, 75, 219-221.	0.2	1
44	CURRENT TREND IN VAGINAL BIRTH AFTER CAESAREAN SECTION (VBAC) IN ACCRA. Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons, 2014, 4, x-xi.	0.0	1
45	Characteristics of Women Receiving Emergency Caesarean Section: A Cross-Sectional Analysis from Ghana and Dominican Republic. Maternal and Child Health Journal, 2022, 26, 177-184.	0.7	1
46	O704 MATERNAL NEAR MISS: RESULTS FROM A HOSPITALâ€BASED STUDY IN ACCRA, GHANA. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2012, 119, S508.	1.0	0
47	O114 THE ROLE OF ENDOTHELIAL DYSFUNCTION IN THE PATHOGENESIS OF PREECLAMPSIA IN GHANAIAN WOMEN. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2012, 119, S266.	1.0	0
48	Corrigendum to "Maternal deaths attributable to hypertensive disorders in a tertiary hospital in Ghana―[Int J Gynecol Obstet 123 (2013) 110-113]. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2014, 127, 117-117.	1.0	0
49	939 Trial of labor vs. repeat cesarean delivery in sub-saharan africa: a systematic review and metanalysis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 224, S583-S584.	0.7	0
50	Neonatal care practices need to be further explored – Authors' reply. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e754.	2.9	0
51	Prevalence and Determinants of Unintended Pregnancy among Women Receiving Antenatal Care Services: A Facility-Based Cross-Sectional Study in Ghana. Global Journal of Health Science, 2021, 13, 100.	0.1	0
52	ASSESSMENT OF OXIDATIVE STRESS IN EARLY AND LATE ONSET PRE-ECLAMPSIA AMONG GHANAIAN WOMEN. Journal of the West African Colleges of Surgeons, 2015, 5, 42-58.	0.0	0