

Mohd Nazmul Hasan Apu

List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

17
papers

75
citations

5
h-index

8
g-index

18
ext. papers

98
ext. citations

2.6
avg, IF

1.92
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
17	DPYD*2A and MTHFR C677T predict toxicity and efficacy, respectively, in patients on chemotherapy with 5-fluorouracil for colorectal cancer. <i>Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology</i> , 2018 , 81, 119-129	3.5	13
16	Genetic variants of SULT1A1 and XRCC1 genes and risk of lung cancer in Bangladeshi population. <i>Tumor Biology</i> , 2017 , 39, 1010428317729270	2.9	12
15	Association of TP53 codon 72 and CDH1 genetic polymorphisms with colorectal cancer risk in Bangladeshi population. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 49, 46-52	2.8	11
14	Prevalence of CYP2C19 alleles, pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic variation of clopidogrel and prasugrel in Bangladeshi population. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2015 , 42, 451-7	3	9
13	Pharmacogenetic Variants in MTHFR Gene are Significant Predictors of Methotrexate Toxicities in Bangladeshi Patients With Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia</i> , 2020 , 20, e58-e65	2	7
12	Genetic polymorphisms of GSTP1, XRCC1, XPC and ERCC1: prediction of clinical outcome of platinum-based chemotherapy in advanced non-small cell lung cancer patients of Bangladesh. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2020 , 47, 7073-7082	2.8	5
11	Influence of TPMT polymorphisms on azathioprine-induced myelosuppression in Bangladeshi patients with systemic lupus erythematosus. <i>Drugs and Therapy Perspectives</i> , 2020 , 36, 202-207	1.5	4
10	TP53 genetic polymorphisms and susceptibility to cervical cancer in Bangladeshi women: a case-control study. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2020 , 47, 4357-4364	2.8	3
9	Pharmacokinetics and Bioavailability Study of a Prednisolone Tablet as a Single Oral Dose in Bangladeshi Healthy Volunteers. <i>Dose-Response</i> , 2018 , 16, 1559325818783932	2.3	3
8	The link of ERCC2 rs13181 and ERCC4 rs2276466 polymorphisms with breast cancer in the Bangladeshi population. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2021 , 49, 1847	2.8	2
7	Association of TGFB1 gene polymorphisms with cervical cancer in Bangladeshi women: A case-control study. <i>Tumor Biology</i> , 2021 , 43, 27-35	2.9	2
6	Association between variants of COQ2 and TNF- α genes and statin-induced toxicities in Bangladeshi hyperlipidemic patients. <i>Drugs and Therapy Perspectives</i> , 2019 , 35, 621-626	1.5	1
5	Nicotinic acetylcholine gene cluster CHRNA5-A3-B4 variants influence smoking status in a Bangladeshi population. <i>Pharmacological Reports</i> , 2021 , 73, 574-582	3.9	1
4	Prostate Cancer Risk in Relation to CYP3A4 and CYP3A5 Genotypes in the Bangladeshi Population. <i>Dhaka University Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences</i> , 2016 , 14, 179-185	0.6	1
3	Multi-omics analysis predicts fibronectin 1 as a prognostic biomarker in glioblastoma multiforme.. <i>Genomics</i> , 2022 , 114, 110378	4.3	1
2	Prevalence of NPHS2 gene R229Q polymorphism in Bangladeshi children with nephrotic syndrome. <i>Heliyon</i> , 2020 , 6, e05317	3.6	0
1	SMAD2 rs4940086 heterozygosity increases the risk of cervical cancer development among the women in Bangladesh. <i>Molecular Biology Reports</i> , 2020 , 47, 5033-5040	2.8	

