

# Philip Hopkins

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

20  
papers

366  
citations

840585

11  
h-index

794469

19  
g-index

20  
all docs

20  
docs citations

20  
times ranked

836  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The processes of hospital discharge and recovery after blunt thoracic injuries: The patient's perspective. <i>Nursing Open</i> , 2022, 9, 1832-1843.	1.1	4
2	Mapping the impact of ICU design on patients, families and the ICU team: A scoping review. <i>Journal of Critical Care</i> , 2022, 67, 3-13.	1.0	9
3	Fatal COVID-19 outcomes are associated with an antibody response targeting epitopes shared with endemic coronaviruses. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2022, 7, .	2.3	24
4	Effect of tranexamic acid on intracranial haemorrhage and infarction in patients with traumatic brain injury: a pre-planned substudy in a sample of CRASH-3 trial patients. <i>Emergency Medicine Journal</i> , 2021, 38, 270-278.	0.4	12
5	Acute Peritoneal Dialysis With Percutaneous Catheter Insertion for COVID-19-Associated Acute Kidney Injury in Intensive Care: Experience From a UK Tertiary Center. <i>Kidney International Reports</i> , 2021, 6, 265-271.	0.4	18
6	Prospective observational study to examine health-related quality of life and develop models to predict long-term patient-reported outcomes 6 months after hospital discharge with blunt thoracic injuries. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e049292.	0.8	4
7	Challenges associated with recovery from blunt thoracic injuries from hospital admission to six-months after discharge: A qualitative interview study. <i>International Emergency Nursing</i> , 2021, 57, 101045.	0.6	1
8	Building consensus on inpatient discharge pathway components in the management of blunt thoracic injuries: An e-Delphi study amongst an international professional expert panel. <i>Injury</i> , 2021, 52, 2551-2559.	0.7	2
9	Identification of immune correlates of fatal outcomes in critically ill COVID-19 patients. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2021, 17, e1009804.	2.1	39
10	Improving antibiotic stewardship in COVID-19: Bacterial co-infection is less common than with influenza. <i>Journal of Infection</i> , 2020, 81, e55-e57.	1.7	54
11	How does the implementation of a patient pathway-based intervention in the acute care of blunt thoracic injury impact on patient outcomes? A systematic review of the literature. <i>Injury</i> , 2020, 51, 1733-1743.	0.7	15
12	Synthesis of qualitative research studies regarding the factors surrounding UK critical care trial infrastructure. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e030815.	0.8	4
13	Nonvolitional assessment of tibialis anterior force and architecture during critical illness. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 2018, 57, 964-972.	1.0	22
14	Microcirculatory Impairment Is Associated With Multiple Organ Dysfunction Following Traumatic Hemorrhagic Shock: The MICROSHOCK Study. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2018, 46, e889-e896.	0.4	46
15	The long-term outcomes and health-related quality of life of patients following blunt thoracic injury: a narrative literature review. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Trauma, Resuscitation and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018, 26, 67.	1.1	22
16	Do we have adequate tools and skills to manage uncertainty among patients and families in ICU?. <i>Intensive Care Medicine</i> , 2017, 43, 463-464.	3.9	0
17	Real-time point of care microcirculatory assessment of shock: design, rationale and application of the point of care microcirculation (POEM) tool. <i>Critical Care</i> , 2016, 20, 310.	2.5	28
18	Evaluating the feasibility and effectiveness of a critical care discharge information pack for patients and their families: a pilot cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015, 5, e006852.	0.8	28

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Improving critical care discharge summaries: a collaborative quality improvement project using PDSA. BMJ Quality Improvement Reports, 2015, 4, u203938.w3268.	0.8	6
20	â€˜It doesn't do the care for you': a qualitative study of health care professionals' perceptions of the benefits and harms of integrated care pathways for end of life care: FigureÂ1. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e008242.	0.8	28