Amy L Brewster

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Relationship Status Update on Astrocytic VEGFR-3 and mTOR Signaling: It's Complicated. Epilepsy Currents, 2021, 21, 117-119.	0.8	1
2	Dendritic and Spine Loss in Epilepsy: What Seizures Got to Do With It?. Epilepsy Currents, 2021, 21, 186-188.	0.8	0
3	Suppression of Microgliosis With the Colony-Stimulating Factor 1 Receptor Inhibitor PLX3397 Does Not Attenuate Memory Defects During Epileptogenesis in the Rat. Frontiers in Neurology, 2021, 12, 651096.	2.4	8
4	Hit by a Smooth CD8: T-Cell Attack on Hippocampal Neurons Triggers Limbic Encephalitis and Epilepsy. Epilepsy Currents, 2021, 21, 369-371.	0.8	2
5	Emerging Roles for Microglial Phagocytic Signaling in Epilepsy. Epilepsy Currents, 2020, 20, 33-38.	0.8	31
6	Seizing the Alzheimer's Brain: A Role for Sirtuin 3 in Hyperexcitability. Epilepsy Currents, 2020, 20, 224-226.	0.8	1
7	Increased expression of Fragile X mental retardation protein in malformative lesions of patients with focal cortical dysplasia. NeuroReport, 2020, 31, 1036-1041.	1.2	1
8	Getting Excited Through Cyclin: A Role for Endothelial Cdk5 Signaling in Hippocampal Hyperexcitability. Epilepsy Currents, 2020, 20, 396-398.	0.8	0
9	Early treatment with C1 esterase inhibitor improves weight but not memory deficits in a rat model of status epilepticus. Physiology and Behavior, 2019, 212, 112705.	2.1	11
10	Human Microglia Seize the Chance to be Different. Epilepsy Currents, 2019, 19, 190-192.	0.8	6
11	Repeated Use of the Psychoactive Substance Ethylphenidate Impacts Neurochemistry and Reward Learning in Adolescent Male and Female Mice. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2019, 13, 124.	2.8	3
12	Status epilepticus triggers long-lasting activation of complement C1q-C3 signaling in the hippocampus that correlates with seizure frequency in experimental epilepsy. Neurobiology of Disease, 2018, 109, 163-173.	4.4	51
13	Enhanced classical complement pathway activation and altered phagocytosis signaling molecules in human epilepsy. Experimental Neurology, 2017, 295, 184-193.	4.1	62
14	Status Epilepticus Triggers Time-Dependent Alterations in Microglia Abundance and Morphological Phenotypes in the Hippocampus. Frontiers in Neurology, 2017, 8, 700.	2.4	68
15	Spatiotemporal profile of Map2 and microglial changes in the hippocampal CA1 region following pilocarpine-induced status epilepticus. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 24988.	3.3	45
16	Early cardiac electrographic and molecular remodeling in a model of status epilepticus and acquired epilepsy. Epilepsia, 2016, 57, 1907-1915.	5.1	19
17	Neuronal Hyperactivity Disturbs ATP Microgradients, Impairs Microglial Motility, and Reduces Phagocytic Receptor Expression Triggering Apoptosis/Microglial Phagocytosis Uncoupling. PLoS Biology, 2016, 14, e1002466.	5.6	140
18	Neuronal Hyperactivity Accelerates Depletion of Neural Stem Cells and Impairs Hippocampal Neurogenesis. Cell Stem Cell, 2015, 16, 488-503.	11.1	226

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19	mTOR inhibition suppresses established epilepsy in a mouse model of cortical dysplasia. Epilepsia, 2015, 56, 636-646.	5.1	82
20	Rapamycin Reverses Status Epilepticus-Induced Memory Deficits and Dendritic Damage. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e57808.	2.5	94
21	Differential Dorso-ventral Distributions of Kv4.2 and HCN Proteins Confer Distinct Integrative Properties to Hippocampal CA1 Pyramidal Cell Distal Dendrites. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2012, 287, 17656-17661.	3.4	43
22	Kv4.2 knockout mice have hippocampal-dependent learning and memory deficits. Learning and Memory, 2012, 19, 182-189.	1.3	48
23	Hyperpolarization-activated cation current Ih of dentate gyrus granule cells is upregulated in human and rat temporal lobe epilepsy. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 2012, 420, 156-160.	2.1	34
24	Inhibition of the mammalian target of rapamycin blocks epilepsy progression in NS-Pten conditional knockout mice. Epilepsia, 2011, 52, 2065-2075.	5.1	99
25	Autonomic and cellular mechanisms mediating detrimental cardiac effects of status epilepticus. Epilepsy Research, 2010, 91, 66-73.	1.6	44
26	Postnatal Expression Pattern of HCN Channel Isoforms in Thalamic Neurons: Relationship to Maturation of Thalamocortical Oscillations. Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 29, 8847-8857.	3.6	79
27	Febrile seizures: Mechanisms and relationship to epilepsy. Brain and Development, 2009, 31, 366-371.	1.1	163
28	Activityâ€dependent heteromerization of the hyperpolarizationâ€activated, cyclicâ€nucleotide gated (HCN) channels: role of Nâ€linked glycosylation. Journal of Neurochemistry, 2008, 105, 68-77.	3.9	52
29	Mechanisms of seizure-induced â€ [~] transcriptional channelopathy' of hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide gated (HCN) channels. Neurobiology of Disease, 2008, 29, 297-305.	4.4	82
30	Localization of HCN1 Channels to Presynaptic Compartments: Novel Plasticity That May Contribute to Hippocampal Maturation. Journal of Neuroscience, 2007, 27, 4697-4706.	3.6	65
31	Fever, febrile seizures and epilepsy. Trends in Neurosciences, 2007, 30, 490-496.	8.6	196
32	Regulated expression of HCN channels and cAMP levels shape the properties of the h current in developing rat hippocampus. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2006, 24, 94-104.	2.6	75
33	Functional stabilization of weakened thalamic pacemaker channel regulation in rat absence epilepsy. Journal of Physiology, 2006, 575, 83-100.	2.9	64
34	Formation of heteromeric hyperpolarization-activated cyclic nucleotide-gated (HCN) channels in the hippocampus is regulated by developmental seizures. Neurobiology of Disease, 2005, 19, 200-207.	4.4	113
35	Enhanced Expression of a Specific Hyperpolarization-Activated Cyclic Nucleotide-Gated Cation Channel (HCN) in Surviving Dentate Gyrus Granule Cells of Human and Experimental Epileptic Hippocampus. Journal of Neuroscience, 2003, 23, 6826-6836.	3.6	179
36	Developmental Febrile Seizures Modulate Hippocampal Gene Expression of Hyperpolarization-Activated Channels in an Isoform- and Cell-Specific Manner. Journal of Neuroscience, 2002, 22, 4591-4599.	3.6	252

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	A REST paradox: Does it control or enhance neural activity?. Epilepsy Currents, 0, , 153575972210815.	0.8	0