

Francesco Errico

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

55
papers

2,214
citations

159585

30
h-index

223800

46
g-index

55
all docs

55
docs citations

55
times ranked

2164
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Analysis of mRNA and Protein Levels of CAP2, DLG1 and ADAM10 Genes in Post-Mortem Brain of Schizophrenia, Parkinson's and Alzheimer's Disease Patients. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 1539.	4.1	10
2	Abnormal RasGRP1 Expression in the Post-Mortem Brain and Blood Serum of Schizophrenia Patients. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2022, 12, 328.	4.0	4
3	Machine Learning algorithm unveils glutamatergic alterations in the post-mortem schizophrenia brain. <i>NPJ Schizophrenia</i> , 2022, 8, 8.	3.6	16
4	Prenatal and Early Postnatal Cerebral d-Aspartate Depletion Influences l-Amino Acid Pathways, Bioenergetic processes, and Developmental Brain Metabolism. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , 2021, 20, 727-739.	3.7	8
5	High performance liquid chromatography determination of l-glutamate, l-glutamine and glycine content in brain, cerebrospinal fluid and blood serum of patients affected by Alzheimer's disease. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2021, 53, 435-449.	2.7	14
6	Cerebrospinal fluid levels of l-glutamate signal central inflammatory neurodegeneration in multiple sclerosis. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2021, 159, 857-866.	3.9	7
7	Dysfunctional d-aspartate metabolism in BTBR mouse model of idiopathic autism. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Proteins and Proteomics</i> , 2020, 1868, 140531.	2.3	34
8	New Evidence on the Role of D-Aspartate Metabolism in Regulating Brain and Endocrine System Physiology: From Preclinical Observations to Clinical Applications. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 8718.	4.1	17
9	Cerebrospinal fluid and serum d-serine concentrations are unaltered across the whole clinical spectrum of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Proteins and Proteomics</i> , 2020, 1868, 140537.	2.3	19
10	New insights on the influence of free d-aspartate metabolism in the mammalian brain during prenatal and postnatal life. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Proteins and Proteomics</i> , 2020, 1868, 140471.	2.3	15
11	Prenatal expression of d-aspartate oxidase causes early cerebral d-aspartate depletion and influences brain morphology and cognitive functions at adulthood. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2020, 52, 597-617.	2.7	14
12	Selective demethylation of two CpG sites causes postnatal activation of the Dao gene and consequent removal of d-serine within the mouse cerebellum. <i>Clinical Epigenetics</i> , 2019, 11, 149.	4.1	22
13	The levels of the NMDA receptor co-agonist D-serine are reduced in the substantia nigra of MPTP-lesioned macaques and in the cerebrospinal fluid of Parkinson's disease patients. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 8898.	3.3	31
14	Free d-aspartate triggers NMDA receptor-dependent cell death in primary cortical neurons and perturbs JNK activation, Tau phosphorylation, and protein SUMOylation in the cerebral cortex of mice lacking d-aspartate oxidase activity. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2019, 317, 51-65.	4.1	24
15	The Emerging Role of Altered d-Aspartate Metabolism in Schizophrenia: New Insights From Preclinical Models and Human Studies. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2018, 9, 559.	2.6	31
16	DNA methylation landscape of the genes regulating D-serine and D-aspartate metabolism in post-mortem brain from controls and subjects with schizophrenia. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 10163.	3.3	29
17	Olanzapine, but not clozapine, increases glutamate release in the prefrontal cortex of freely moving mice by inhibiting D-aspartate oxidase activity. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 46288.	3.3	44
18	Decreased free d-aspartate levels are linked to enhanced d-aspartate oxidase activity in the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex of schizophrenia patients. <i>NPJ Schizophrenia</i> , 2017, 3, 16.	3.6	51

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19	Tracking the evolution of epialleles during neural differentiation and brain development: <i>D</i> -Aspartate oxidase as a model gene. <i>Epigenetics</i> , 2017, 12, 41-54.	2.7	21
20	Quantitative determination of free <i>D</i> -Asp, <i>L</i> -Asp and <i>N</i> -methyl- <i>D</i> -aspartate in mouse brain tissues by chiral separation and Multiple Reaction Monitoring tandem mass spectrometry. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0179748.	2.5	13
21	Decreased <i>Rhes</i> mRNA levels in the brain of patients with Parkinson's disease and MPTP-treated macaques. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0181677.	2.5	12
22	Age-Related Changes in <i>d</i> -Aspartate Oxidase Promoter Methylation Control Extracellular <i>d</i> -Aspartate Levels and Prevent Precocious Cell Death during Brain Aging. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 36, 3064-3078.	3.6	56
23	Persistent elevation of <i>D</i> -Aspartate enhances NMDA receptor-mediated responses in mouse substantia nigra pars compacta dopamine neurons. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 103, 69-78.	4.1	33
24	<i>Rasd2</i> Modulates Prefronto-Striatal Phenotypes in Humans and Schizophrenia-Like Behaviors in Mice. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 41, 916-927.	5.4	22
25	Neuromodulatory Activity of <i>d</i> -Aspartate in Mammals. , 2016, , 219-237.		0
26	<i>Rhes</i> influences striatal cAMP/PKA-dependent signaling and synaptic plasticity in a gender-sensitive fashion. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 10933.	3.3	38
27	<i>D</i> -Aspartate Modulates Nociceptive-Specific Neuron Activity and Pain Threshold in Inflammatory and Neuropathic Pain Condition in Mice. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-10.	1.9	27
28	<i>D</i> -aspartate dysregulation in <i>DDo</i> mice modulates phencyclidine-induced gene expression changes of postsynaptic density molecules in cortex and striatum. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 62, 35-43.	4.8	11
29	<i>d</i> -Aspartate oxidase influences glutamatergic system homeostasis in mammalian brain. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2015, 36, 1890-1902.	3.1	42
30	<i>d</i> -Aspartate: An endogenous NMDA receptor agonist enriched in the developing brain with potential involvement in schizophrenia. <i>Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biomedical Analysis</i> , 2015, 116, 7-17.	2.8	52
31	A role for <i>D</i> -aspartate oxidase in schizophrenia and in schizophrenia-related symptoms induced by phencyclidine in mice. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 5, e512-e512.	4.8	41
32	Dysfunctional dopaminergic neurotransmission in asocial BTBR mice. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 4, e427-e427.	4.8	59
33	Free <i>D</i> -aspartate regulates neuronal dendritic morphology, synaptic plasticity, gray matter volume and brain activity in mammals. <i>Translational Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 4, e417-e417.	4.8	47
34	DNA methylation state of <i>BDNF</i> gene is not altered in prefrontal cortex and striatum of schizophrenia subjects. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2014, 220, 1147-1150.	3.3	19
35	Decreased levels of <i>d</i> -aspartate and NMDA in the prefrontal cortex and striatum of patients with schizophrenia. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2013, 47, 1432-1437.	3.1	78
36	Abnormal NMDA receptor function exacerbates experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 168, 502-517.	5.4	39

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37	Profile of gantenerumab and its potential in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Drug Design, Development and Therapy</i> , 2013, 7, 1359.	4.3	28
38	Rhes, a striatal-enriched small G protein, mediates mTOR signaling and L-DOPA-induced dyskinesia. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 15, 191-193.	14.8	99
39	New insights on the role of free d-aspartate in the mammalian brain. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2012, 43, 1861-1871.	2.7	76
40	Persistent increase of d-aspartate in d-aspartate oxidase mutant mice induces a precocious hippocampal age-dependent synaptic plasticity and spatial memory decay. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2011, 32, 2061-2074.	3.1	60
41	Increased d-aspartate brain content rescues hippocampal age-related synaptic plasticity deterioration of mice. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2011, 32, 2229-2243.	3.1	70
42	Higher free d-aspartate and N-methyl-d-aspartate levels prevent striatal depotentiation and anticipate l-DOPA-induced dyskinesia. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2011, 232, 240-250.	4.1	39
43	Dopamine D2 receptor dysfunction is rescued by adenosine A2A receptor antagonism in a model of DYT1 dystonia. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2010, 38, 434-445.	4.4	92
44	Thyroid Hormones and D-Aspartic Acid, D-Aspartate Oxidase, D-Aspartate Racemase, H ₂ O ₂ , and ROS in Rats and Mice. <i>Chemistry and Biodiversity</i> , 2010, 7, 1467-1478.	2.1	30
45	Role of Aberrant Striatal Dopamine D ₁ Receptor/cAMP/Protein Kinase A/DARPP32 Signaling in the Paradoxical Calming Effect of Amphetamine. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 30, 11043-11056.	3.6	66
46	Voluntary Exercise and Sucrose Consumption Enhance Cannabinoid CB1 Receptor Sensitivity in the Striatum. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 35, 374-387.	5.4	74
47	D-Aspartate: An Atypical Amino Acid with Neuromodulatory Activity in Mammals. <i>Reviews in the Neurosciences</i> , 2009, 20, 429-40.	2.9	30
48	Increased levels of d-aspartate in the hippocampus enhance LTP but do not facilitate cognitive flexibility. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2008, 37, 236-246.	2.2	79
49	The GTP-binding protein Rhes modulates dopamine signalling in striatal medium spiny neurons. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2008, 37, 335-345.	2.2	68
50	d-Aspartate Prevents Corticostriatal Long-Term Depression and Attenuates Schizophrenia-Like Symptoms Induced by Amphetamine and MK-801. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 10404-10414.	3.6	106
51	D-aspartate exerts an opposing role upon age-dependent NMDAR-related synaptic plasticity and memory decay. <i>Nature Precedings</i> , 2008, , .	0.1	0
52	A physiological mechanism to regulate d-aspartic acid and NMDA levels in mammals revealed by d-aspartate oxidase deficient mice. <i>Gene</i> , 2006, 374, 50-57.	2.2	62
53	A fast and sensitive method for measuring picomole levels of total free amino acids in very small amounts of biological tissues. <i>Amino Acids</i> , 2001, 20, 163-173.	2.7	47
54	The Role of d-Aspartic Acid and N-Methyl-d-Aspartic Acid in the Regulation of Prolactin Release*. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2000, 141, 3862-3870.	2.8	135

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55	The Role of D-Aspartic Acid and N-Methyl-D-Aspartic Acid in the Regulation of Prolactin Release. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2000, 141, 3862-3870.	2.8	53