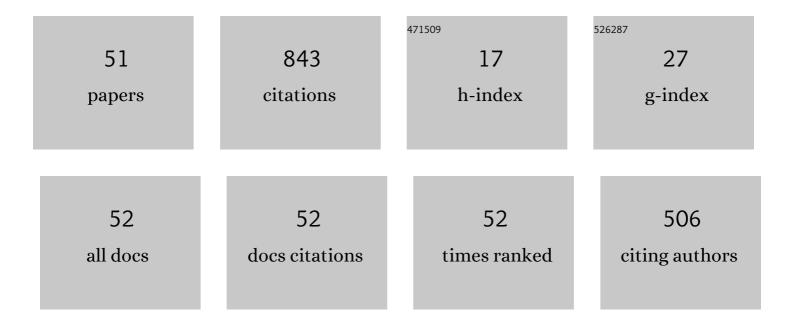
Akitatsu Hayashi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Recipient Venule Selection and Anastomosis Configuration for Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis in Extremity Lymphedema: Algorithm Based on 1,000 Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2022, 38, 472-480.	1.8	8
2	Superficial Circumflex Iliac Artery Perforator Flap Elevation Using Preoperative High-Resolution Ultrasonography for Vessel Mapping and Flap Design. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2022, 38, 217-220.	1.8	5
3	Selection of Optimal Functional Lymphatic Vessel Cutoff Size in Supermicrosurgical Lymphaticovenous Anastomosis in Lower Extremity Lymphedema. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2022, 149, 237-246.	1.4	9
4	Additional Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis on the Posterior Side for Treatment of Primary Lower Extremity Lymphedema. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2022, 11, 867.	2.4	2
5	Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis for Advanced-Stage Peripheral Lymphedema: Expanding Indication and Introducing the Hand/Foot Sign. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2022, 75, 2153-2163.	1.0	8
6	Recent Advances in Ultrasound Technology: Ultra-High Frequency Ultrasound for Reconstructive Supermicrosurgery. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2022, 38, 193-199.	1.8	7
7	Designing An Anterolateral Thigh Flap Using Ultrasound. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2022, 38, 206-216.	1.8	5
8	Use of Preoperative High-Resolution Ultrasound System to Facilitate Elevation of the Superficial Circumflex Iliac Artery Perforator Flap. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2021, 37, 735-743.	1.8	8
9	Lower Limb Lymphedema Patients Can Still Benefit from Supermicrosurgical Lymphaticovenous Anastomosis (LVA) after Vascularized Lymph Node Flap Transfer (VLNT) as Delayed Lymphatic Reconstruction—A Retrospective Cohort Study. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2021, 10, 3121.	2.4	8
10	Breast Cancer related upper limb lymphedema: approach and surgical management. Minerva Surgery, 2021, , .	0.6	1
11	Intraoperative Real-Time Visualization of the Lymphatic Vessels Using Microscope-Integrated Laser Tomography. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2021, 37, 427-435.	1.8	13
12	Replantation and simultaneous free-flap reconstruction of severely traumatic forefoot amputation: a case report. Case Reports in Plastic Surgery & Hand Surgery, 2020, 7, 80-82.	0.3	0
13	Ultra-High frequency ultrasound imaging of lymphatic channels correlates with their histological features: A step forward in lymphatic surgery. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2020, 73, 1622-1629.	1.0	37
14	Thin and superthin perforator flap elevation based on preoperative planning with ultrahigh-frequency ultrasound. Archives of Plastic Surgery, 2020, 47, 365-370.	0.9	33
15	Pure skin perforator flap direct elevation above the subdermal plane using preoperative ultra-high frequency ultrasound planning: A proof of concept. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2019, 72, 1700-1738.	1.0	17
16	Use of the Distal Facial Artery (Angular Artery) for Supermicrosurgical Midface Reconstruction. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery - Global Open, 2019, 7, e1978.	0.6	10
17	Visualization of the "Intradermal Plexus―Using Ultrasonography in the Dermis Flap: A Step beyond Perforator Flaps. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery - Global Open, 2019, 7, e2411.	0.6	16
18	Technological Advances in Lymphatic Surgery. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2019, 144, 940e-942e.	1.4	10

Ακιτατςυ Ηαγαςηι

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Ultra High-frequency Ultrasonographic Imaging with 70 MHz Scanner for Visualization of the Lymphatic Vessels. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery - Global Open, 2019, 7, e2086.	0.6	67
20	Use of a 72•mâ€long extended bilateral deep inferior epigastric artery perforator free flap for reconstruction of a lower leg with no suitable recipient vessel around the injury zone: A case report. Microsurgery, 2018, 38, 89-93.	1.3	7
21	Effective and efficient lymphaticovenular anastomosis using preoperative ultrasound detection technique of lymphatic vessels in lower extremity lymphedema. Journal of Surgical Oncology, 2018, 117, 290-298.	1.7	74
22	Targeting Reflux-Free Veins with a Vein Visualizer to Identify the Ideal Recipient Vein Preoperatively for Optimal Lymphaticovenous Anastomosis in Treating Lymphedema. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2018, 142, 983e-985e.	1.4	3
23	Noncontrast Magnetic Resonance Lymphography for Evaluation of Lymph Node Transfer for Secondary Upper Limb Lymphedema. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2018, 142, 601e-603e.	1.4	2
24	Lymph Flow Restoration after Tissue Replantation and Transfer: Importance of Lymph Axiality and Possibility of Lymph Flow Reconstruction without Lymph Node Transfer or Lymphatic Anastomosis. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2018, 142, 796-804.	1.4	67
25	The Recipient Venule in Supermicrosurgical Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis: Flow Dynamic Classification and Correlation with Surgical Outcomes. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2018, 34, 581-589.	1.8	30
26	Intraoperative imaging of lymphatic vessel using ultra high-frequency ultrasound. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2018, 71, 778-780.	1.0	39
27	Superficial Circumflex Iliac Artery-Based Iliac Bone Flap Transfer for Reconstruction of Bony Defects. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery, 2018, 34, 719-728.	1.8	29
28	Ultra-high frequency ultrasound in planning capillary perforator flaps: Preliminary experienceâ~†. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2018, 71, 1146-1152.	1.0	20
29	Establishment of supermicrosurgical lymphaticovenular anastomosis model in rat. Microsurgery, 2017, 37, 57-60.	1.3	30
30	Supermicrosurgical deep lymphatic vesselâ€toâ€venous anastomosis for a breast cancerâ€related arm lymphedema with severe sclerosis of superficial lymphatic vessels. Microsurgery, 2017, 37, 156-159.	1.3	24
31	Ultrasound-Assisted Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis for the Treatment of Peripheral Lymphedema. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2017, 139, 1380e-1381e.	1.4	36
32	Visualization of Blood Flow in an Undermined Pressure Ulcer Revealed by Sonographic Imaging and Clutter Suppression Post-Processing. Journal of Diagnostic Medical Sonography, 2017, 33, 33-36.	0.3	1
33	Surgical Treatment and Pathological Findings of Venous Malformations Involving a Nerve. Journal of Reconstructive Microsurgery Open, 2016, 01, 122-124.	0.2	1
34	Ultrasound visualization of the lymphatic vessels in the lower leg. Microsurgery, 2016, 36, 397-401.	1.3	55
35	Lower temperature at the wound edge detected by thermography predicts undermining development in pressure ulcers: a pilot study. International Wound Journal, 2016, 13, 454-460.	2.9	24
36	A method of continuous indirect aspiration for field clearance in lymphatic supermicrosurgery. Microsurgery, 2016, 36, 175-175.	1.3	0

Ακιτατςυ Ηαγαςηι

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Microsurgical venous-branch-plasty for approximating diameter and vessels' Position in lymphatic supermicrosurgery. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2016, 69, 1152-1153.	1.0	7
38	Versatility of indocyanine green lymphography navigation in lymphatic surgeries. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2016, 69, e162-e163.	1.0	2
39	Handsâ€free vein visualizer for preoperative assessment of recipient veins. Microsurgery, 2016, 36, 351-352.	1.3	0
40	The half notching method for Flowâ€ŧhrough lymphaticovenular anastomosis. Microsurgery, 2015, 35, 415-416.	1.3	0
41	Multipleâ€inâ€one concept for lymphatic supermicrosurgery. Microsurgery, 2015, 35, 588-589.	1.3	4
42	The role of nonâ€enhanced angiography in toe tip transfer with small diameter pedicle. Microsurgery, 2015, 35, 364-369.	1.3	3
43	The Superior-Edge-of-the-Knee Incision Method in Lymphaticovenular Anastomosis for Lower Extremity Lymphedema. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2015, 136, 665e-675e.	1.4	59
44	All-star lymphatic supermicrosurgery: Multiple lymph flow diversion using end-to-end, end-to-side, side-to-end, and side-to-side lymphaticovenular anastomoses in a surgical field. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2015, 68, e107-e108.	1.0	5
45	Parallel pocket incision: Less invasive surgical intervention for the treatment of intractable pressure ulcer with wound edge undermining. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2015, 68, 1432-1437.	1.0	5
46	Indocyanine Green Lymphography andÂLymphaticovenous Anastomosis forÂGeneralized Lymphatic Dysplasia withÂPleural Effusion and Ascites in Neonates. Annals of Vascular Surgery, 2015, 29, 1111-1122.	0.9	22
47	Correlation between indocyanine green (ICG) patterns and real-time elastography images in lower extremity lymphedema patients. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2015, 68, 1592-1599.	1.0	15
48	Lymph preserving lipectomy under indocyanine green lymphography navigation. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2015, 68, 136-137.	1.0	6
49	Temporary lymphatic expansion for evaluation of lymphosclerosis. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2014, 67, 1771-1772.	1.0	2
50	Diascopic indocyanine green lymphography for deep lymphatic visualization. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2014, 67, e293-e294.	1.0	3
51	Mono-canalization of adhered lymphatic vessels for lymphatic supermicrosurgery. Journal of Plastic, Reconstructive and Aesthetic Surgery, 2014, 67, e291-e292.	1.0	4