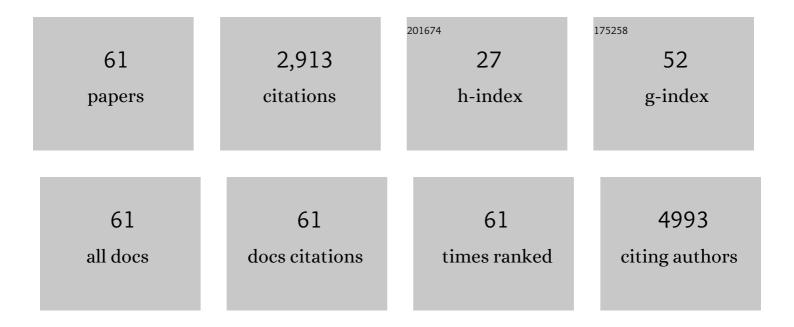
Valerie E Beral

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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VALEDIE F REDAL

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ovarian cancer survival by stage, histotype, and pre-diagnostic lifestyle factors, in the prospective UK Million Women Study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2022, 76, 102074.	1.9	26
2	Cellular Telephone Use and the Risk of Brain Tumors: Update of the UK Million Women Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2022, 114, 704-711.	6.3	23
3	Body size in early life and the risk of postmenopausal breast cancer. BMC Cancer, 2022, 22, 232.	2.6	4
4	Response to Moskowitz and Birnbaum, Taylor, Baldwin, et al Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2022, 114, 1555-1556.	6.3	1
5	Sleep duration and breast cancer incidence: results from the Million Women Study and meta-analysis of published prospective studies. Sleep, 2021, 44, .	1.1	23
6	Cognitive and social activities and long-term dementia risk: the prospective UK Million Women Study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e116-e123.	10.0	36
7	Social isolation and risk of heart disease and stroke: analysis of two large UK prospective studies. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e232-e239.	10.0	40
8	Cognitive and social activities and long-term dementia risk – Authors' reply. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e270.	10.0	1
9	Depression, anxiety, psychotropic drugs, and acute myocardial infarction: large prospective study of United Kingdom women. Psychological Medicine, 2021, , 1-7.	4.5	2
10	863Alcohol and cancer in an Australian cohort of 226,162 participants aged 45 years and over. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, .	1.9	0
11	The Associations Between Seven Different Types of Physical Activity and the Incidence of Fracture at Seven Sites in Healthy Postmenopausal UK Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2020, 35, 277-290.	2.8	11
12	Body mass index, diet, physical inactivity, and the incidence of dementia in 1 million UK women. Neurology, 2020, 94, e123-e132.	1.1	56
13	Cohort Profile: the Million Women Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 28-29e.	1.9	46
14	Diet and risk of glioma: combined analysis of 3 large prospective studies in the UK and USA. Neuro-Oncology, 2019, 21, 944-952.	1.2	38
15	Screenâ€detected and interval colorectal cancers in England: Associations with lifestyle and other factors in women in a large UK prospective cohort. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 728-734.	5.1	7
16	Association of ten gastrointestinal and other medical conditions with positivity to faecal occult blood testing in routine screening: a large prospective study of women in England. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 549-558.	1.9	4
17	Adult cancer risk in women who were breastfed as infants: large UK prospective study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 863-870.	5.7	9
18	Use of oral bisphosphonates and risk of hospital admission with osteonecrosis of the jaw: Large prospective cohort study in UK women. Bone, 2019, 124, 69-74.	2.9	18

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19	Social influences on smoking cessation in mid-life: Prospective cohort of UK women. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0226019.	2.5	11
20	Foods, macronutrients and breast cancer risk in postmenopausal women: a large UK cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 489-500.	1.9	27
21	Coffee and pancreatic cancer risk among neverâ€smokers in the UK prospective Million Women Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 1484-1492.	5.1	22
22	Alcohol drinking patterns and liver cirrhosis risk: analysis of the prospective UK Million Women Study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2019, 4, e41-e48.	10.0	96
23	Body mass index and use and costs of primary care services among women aged 55–79 years in England: a cohort and linked data study. International Journal of Obesity, 2019, 43, 1839-1848.	3.4	11
24	Differences in risk factors for 3 types of stroke. Neurology, 2018, 90, e298-e306.	1.1	47
25	Histological subtypes of ovarian cancer associated with parity and breastfeeding in the prospective Million Women Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 142, 281-289.	5.1	46
26	Factors associated with participation in colorectal cancer screening in Australia: Results from the 45 and Up Study cohort. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 106, 185-193.	3.4	29
27	Heterogeneous relationships of squamous and basal cell carcinomas of the skin with smoking: the UK Million Women Study and meta-analysis of prospective studies. British Journal of Cancer, 2018, 119, 114-120.	6.4	23
28	Hospital costs in relation to body-mass index in 1·1 million women in England: a prospective cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e214-e222.	10.0	30
29	Antidepressants, Depression, and Venous Thromboembolism Risk: Large Prospective Study of UK Women. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2017, 6, .	3.7	36
30	Reply. Ophthalmology, 2017, 124, e42.	5.2	0
31	Response. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2017, 109, .	6.3	5
32	Heterogeneity of colorectal cancer risk by tumour characteristics: Large prospective study of <scp>UK</scp> women. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 140, 1082-1090.	5.1	37
33	Body size from birth to middle age and the risk of hip and knee replacement. BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders, 2016, 17, 260.	1.9	6
34	Tubal ligation and incidence of 26 site-specific cancers in the Million Women Study. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 1033-1037.	6.4	28
35	Night Shift Work and Breast Cancer Incidence: Three Prospective Studies and Meta-analysis of Published Studies. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2016, 108, djw169.	6.3	145
36	Past cervical intraepithelial neoplasia grade 3, obesity, and earlier menopause are associated with an increased risk of vulval cancer in postmenopausal women. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 115, 599-606.	6.4	22

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Hypertension in pregnancy and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: A prospective study in a large UK cohort. International Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 222, 1012-1018.	1.7	40
38	Lung cancer in never smokers in the UK Million Women Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 347-354.	5.1	46
39	The Effects of Age, Adiposity, and Physical Activity on the Risk of Seven Site-Specific Fractures in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2016, 31, 1559-1568.	2.8	46
40	Happiness, health, and mortality – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 27-28.	13.7	1
41	Risk Factors for Cataracts Treated Surgically in Postmenopausal Women. Ophthalmology, 2016, 123, 1704-1710.	5.2	22
42	The role of health-related behavioural factors in accounting for inequalities in coronary heart disease risk by education and area deprivation: prospective study of 1.2 million UK women. BMC Medicine, 2016, 14, 145.	5.5	35
43	Comparison of dementia recorded in routinely collected hospital admission data in England with dementia recorded in primary care. Emerging Themes in Epidemiology, 2016, 13, 11.	2.7	55
44	Does happiness itself directly affect mortality? The prospective UK Million Women Study. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 874-881.	13.7	195
45	Validity over time of self-reported anthropometric variables during follow-up of a large cohort of UK women. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2015, 15, 81.	3.1	51
46	Response to Letter Regarding Article, "Frequent Physical Activity May Not Reduce Vascular Disease Risk as Much as Moderate Activity: Large Prospective Study of Women in the United Kingdom― Circulation, 2015, 132, e225.	1.6	5
47	Age at Menarche and Risks of Coronary Heart and Other Vascular Diseases in a Large UK Cohort. Circulation, 2015, 131, 237-244.	1.6	196
48	The association of plasma IGF-I with dietary, lifestyle, anthropometric, and early life factors in postmenopausal women. Growth Hormone and IGF Research, 2015, 25, 90-95.	1.1	12
49	Frequent Physical Activity May Not Reduce Vascular Disease Risk as Much as Moderate Activity. Circulation, 2015, 131, 721-729.	1.6	170
50	Variations in vascular mortality trends, 2001–2010, among 1.3 million women with different lifestyle risk factors for the disease. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2015, 22, 1626-1634.	1.8	4
51	Authors' response to: The case of acoustic neuroma: comment on mobile phone use and risk of brain neoplasms and other cancers. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 43, 275-275.	1.9	10
52	Source of dietary fibre and diverticular disease incidence: a prospective study of UK women. Gut, 2014, 63, 1450-1456.	12.1	100
53	Mobile phone use and risk of brain neoplasms and other cancers: prospective study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 42, 792-802.	1.9	147
54	Decrease in breast cancer incidence following a rapid fall in use of hormone replacement therapy in Australia. Medical Journal of Australia, 2009, 190, 164-165.	1.7	1

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Current evidence about the effect of hormone replacement therapy on the incidence of major conditions in postmenopausal women. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2005, 112, 692-695.	2.3	23
56	The spectrum of HIV-1 related cancers in South Africa. International Journal of Cancer, 2000, 88, 489-492.	5.1	150
57	Hormonal therapy for menopause and ovarian cancer in a collaborative re-analysis of European studies. , 1999, 80, 848-851.		69
58	Mortality associated with oral contraceptive use: 25Âyear follow up of cohort of 46Â000 women from Royal College of General Practitioners' oral contraception study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1999, 318, 96-100.	2.3	202
59	Mortality in vegetarians and non-vegetarians: a collaborative analysis of 8300 deaths among 76,000 men and women in five prospective studies. Public Health Nutrition, 1998, 1, 33-41.	2.2	193
60	The epidemiology of non-Hodgkin's lymphoma: Comparison of nodal and extra-nodal sites. International Journal of Cancer, 1997, 72, 923-930.	5.1	130
61	Childhood thyroid cancer in Belarus. Nature, 1992, 359, 680-681.	27.8	44