

Gavin Turrell

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

176
papers

7,658
citations

50
h-index

81
g-index

181
ext. papers

8,629
ext. citations

4.3
avg, IF

6.14
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
176	Individual socioeconomic position, neighbourhood disadvantage and mental well-being: a cross-sectional multilevel analysis of mid-age adults.. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2022 , 22, 494	4.1	0
175	Cohort Profile: HABITAT-a longitudinal multilevel study of physical activity, sedentary behaviour and health and functioning in mid-to-late adulthood. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 50, 730-731h	7.8	6
174	A cross-sectional and longitudinal study of neighbourhood disadvantage and cardiovascular disease and the mediating role of physical activity. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2021 , 147, 106506	4.3	1
173	Neighborhood environmental attributes and walking mobility decline: A longitudinal ecological study of mid-to-older aged Australian adults. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0252017	3.7	0
172	Safe Habitats: Does the Association Between Neighborhood Crime and Walking Differ by Neighborhood Disadvantage?. <i>Environment and Behavior</i> , 2021 , 53, 3-39	5.6	8
171	The life and death of residential dissonants in transit-oriented development: A discrete time survival analysis. <i>Journal of Transport Geography</i> , 2021 , 90, 102921	5.2	3
170	Mix of destinations and sedentary behavior among Brazilian adults: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 347	4.1	1
169	Longitudinal associations between bicycling and having dependent children, in middle-aged men and women. <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2021 , 23, 101479	2.6	1
168	Residential location, commute distance, and body size: Cross-sectional observational study of state and territory capital cities in Australia. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2021 , 22, 101122	3	1
167	Children's neighbourhood physical environment and early development: an individual child level linked data study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2020 , 74, 321-329	5.1	13
166	Positive HABITATS for physical activity: Examining use of parks and its contribution to physical activity levels in mid-to older-aged adults. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2020 , 63, 102308	4.6	14
165	Factors associated with being diagnosed with high severity of breast cancer: a population-based study in Queensland, Australia. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2020 , 184, 937-950	4.4	0
164	Spatial biases in residential mobility: Implications for travel behaviour research. <i>Travel Behaviour & Society</i> , 2020 , 18, 15-28	5.3	9
163	Neighborhood walkability and 12-year changes in cardio-metabolic risk: the mediating role of physical activity. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2019 , 16, 86	8.4	17
162	Walkability, Overweight, and Obesity in Adults: A Systematic Review of Observational Studies. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019 , 16,	4.6	10
161	Associations Between Latent Classes of Perceived Neighborhood Destination Accessibility and Walking Behaviors in Older Adults of a Low-Density and a High-Density City. <i>Journal of Aging and Physical Activity</i> , 2019 , 27, 553-564	1.6	8
160	Neighbourhood built environment and physical function among mid-to-older aged adults: A systematic review. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019 , 58, 102137	4.6	20

159	A multilevel study of neighborhood disadvantage, individual socioeconomic position, and body mass index: Exploring cross-level interaction effects. <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2019 , 14, 100844	2.6	3
158	Land use proportion and walking: Application of isometric substitution analysis. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019 , 57, 352-357	4.6	3
157	Walking behaviour and patterns of perceived access to neighbourhood destinations in older adults from a low-density (Brisbane, Australia) and an ultra-dense city (Hong Kong, China). <i>Cities</i> , 2019 , 84, 23-33	5.6	22
156	Urban Densification and 12-Year Changes in Cardiovascular Risk Markers. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2019 , 8, e013199	6	6
155	Do Differences in Social Environments Explain Gender Differences in Recreational Walking across Neighbourhoods?. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019 , 16,	4.6	3
154	Walking for transportation and built environment in Sao Paulo city, Brazil. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2019 , 15, 100611	3	9
153	Changes in perceptions of urban green space are related to changes in psychological well-being: Cross-sectional and longitudinal study of mid-aged urban residents. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019 , 59, 102201	4.6	19
152	Beyond the Extinction of experience—Novel pathways between nature experience and support for nature conservation. <i>Global Environmental Change</i> , 2019 , 55, 48-57	10.1	9
151	The potential for walkability to narrow neighbourhood socioeconomic inequalities in physical function: A case study of middle-aged to older adults in Brisbane, Australia. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2019 , 56, 99-105	4.6	3
150	Built environment and cardio-metabolic health: systematic review and meta-analysis of longitudinal studies. <i>Obesity Reviews</i> , 2019 , 20, 41-54	10.6	77
149	Do active modes of transport cause lower body mass index? Findings from the HABITAT longitudinal study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2018 , 72, 294-301	5.1	11
148	Neighborhood Disadvantage and Body Mass Index: A Study of Residential Relocation. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 187, 1696-1703	3.8	8
147	Prospective trends in body mass index by main transport mode, 2007–2013. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2018 , 8, 183-192	3	11
146	Do differences in built environments explain age differences in transport walking across neighbourhoods?. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2018 , 9, 83-95	3	15
145	Ethnicity, length of residence, and prospective trends in body mass index in a national sample of Australian adults (2006-2014). <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 28, 160-168	6.4	3
144	The public bicycle-sharing scheme in Brisbane, Australia: Evaluating the influence of its introduction on changes in time spent cycling amongst a middle- and older-age population. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2018 , 10, 56-73	3	15
143	Single-item measure of food insecurity used in the National Health Survey may underestimate prevalence in Australia. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018 , 42, 389-395	2.3	27
142	Neighborhood Disadvantage and Physical Function: The Contributions of Neighborhood-Level Perceptions of Safety From Crime and Walking for Recreation. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2018 , 15, 553-563	2.5	9

141	Cycling for Transportation in Sao Paulo City: Associations with Bike Paths, Train and Subway Stations. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018 , 15,	4.6	19
140	Temporal trends in sitting time by domain in a cohort of mid-age Australian men and women. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2018 , 116, 108-115	5	9
139	Neighbourhood disadvantage, geographic remoteness and body mass index among immigrants to Australia: A national cohort study 2006-2014. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0191729	3.7	5
138	Exploring the Cohabitation Gap in Relationship Dissolution and Health and Wellbeing: A Longitudinal Analysis of Transitions from Cohabitation and Marriage in Switzerland and Australia. <i>Life Course Research and Social Policies</i> , 2018 , 31-46	0.2	0
137	Automobile dependence: A contributing factor to poorer health among lower-income households. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2018 , 8, 123-128	3	8
136	Are Measures Derived From Land Use and Transport Policies Associated With Walking for Transport?. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2018 , 15, 13-21	2.5	7
135	A Longitudinal Study Examining Changes in Street Connectivity, Land Use, and Density of Dwellings and Walking for Transport in Brisbane, Australia. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2018 , 126, 057003	8.4	30
134	Prevalence and correlates of walkable short car trips: A cross-sectional multilevel analysis. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2017 , 4, 73-80	3	15
133	Neighbourhood socioeconomic and transport disadvantage: The potential to reduce social inequities in health through transport. <i>Journal of Transport and Health</i> , 2017 , 7, 256-263	3	13
132	Geographical differences in risk of advanced breast cancer: Limited evidence for reductions over time, Queensland, Australia 1997-2014. <i>Breast</i> , 2017 , 36, 60-66	3.6	2
131	Relationship between the neighbourhood built environment and early child development. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2017 , 48, 90-101	4.6	25
130	Neighborhood socioeconomic disadvantage and body mass index among residentially stable mid-older aged adults: Findings from the HABITAT multilevel longitudinal study. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2017 , 105, 271-274	4.3	10
129	Identifying patterns of item missing survey data using latent groups: an observational study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017 , 7, e017284	3	5
128	Public Open Spaces and Leisure-Time Walking in Brazilian Adults. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2017 , 14,	4.6	27
127	Associations between physical activity and the neighbourhood social environment: baseline results from the HABITAT multilevel study. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2016 , 93, 219-225	4.3	11
126	Ethnic differences in overweight and obesity and the influence of acculturation on immigrant bodyweight: evidence from a national sample of Australian adults. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016 , 16, 932	4.1	28
125	Determinants of residential dissonance: Implications for transit-oriented development in Brisbane. <i>International Journal of Sustainable Transportation</i> , 2016 , 10, 960-974	3.6	22
124	Built environment impacts on walking for transport in Brisbane, Australia. <i>Transportation</i> , 2016 , 43, 53-74		49

123	Partner status and survival after cancer: A competing risks analysis. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2016 , 41, 16-23.	2.8	8
122	The Impact of Rurality and Disadvantage on the Diagnostic Interval for Breast Cancer in a Large Population-Based Study of 3202 Women in Queensland, Australia. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2016 , 13,	4.6	12
121	Gender and age differences in walking for transport and recreation: Are the relationships the same in all neighborhoods?. <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2016 , 4, 75-80	2.6	36
120	Neighborhood disadvantage, individual-level socioeconomic position and physical function: A cross-sectional multilevel analysis. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2016 , 89, 112-120	4.3	17
119	Neighbourhood disadvantage and smoking: Examining the role of neighbourhood-level psychosocial characteristics. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2016 , 40, 98-105	4.6	20
118	Neighbourhood disadvantage and self-reported type 2 diabetes, heart disease and comorbidity: a cross-sectional multilevel study. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2016 , 26, 146-150	6.4	22
117	The Family Life Course and Health: Partnership, Fertility Histories, and Later-Life Physical Health Trajectories in Australia. <i>Demography</i> , 2016 , 53, 777-804	3.5	23
116	City planning and population health: a global challenge. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2016 , 388, 2912-2924	4.0	53.0
115	Commuting mode choice in transit oriented development: Disentangling the effects of competitive neighbourhoods, travel attitudes, and self-selection. <i>Transport Policy</i> , 2015 , 42, 187-196	5.7	48
114	Associations between individual socioeconomic position, neighbourhood disadvantage and transport mode: baseline results from the HABITAT multilevel study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2015 , 69, 1217-23	5.1	43
113	Cycling for transport and recreation: Associations with the socio-economic, natural and built environment. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2015 , 36, 152-61	4.6	51
112	Advance transit oriented development typology: case study in Brisbane, Australia. <i>Journal of Transport Geography</i> , 2014 , 34, 54-70	5.2	14.2
111	A framework for evaluating the impact of obesity prevention strategies on socioeconomic inequalities in weight. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014 , 104, e43-50	5.1	95
110	Contribution of psychosocial factors to the association between socioeconomic position and takeaway food consumption. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e108799	3.7	6
109	The contribution of three components of nutrition knowledge to socio-economic differences in food purchasing choices. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 17, 1814-24	3.3	36
108	Change in walking for transport: a longitudinal study of the influence of neighbourhood disadvantage and individual-level socioeconomic position in mid-aged adults. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2014 , 11, 151	8.4	23
107	Sedentary behaviour and health: mapping environmental and social contexts to underpin chronic disease prevention. <i>British Journal of Sports Medicine</i> , 2014 , 48, 174-7	10.3	133
106	Workplace stress: what is the role of positive mental health?. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2014 , 56, 814-9	2	15

105	Comparing multilevel and Bayesian spatial random effects survival models to assess geographical inequalities in colorectal cancer survival: a case study. <i>International Journal of Health Geographics</i> , 2014 , 13, 36	3.5	20
104	Patterns of social capital associated with transit oriented development. <i>Journal of Transport Geography</i> , 2014 , 35, 144-155	5.2	49
103	Reported consumption of takeaway food and its contribution to socioeconomic inequalities in body mass index. <i>Appetite</i> , 2014 , 74, 116-24	4.5	14
102	Cycling for transport and recreation: associations with socio-economic position, environmental perceptions, and psychological disposition. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2014 , 63, 29-35	4.3	60
101	Reconnecting urban planning with health: a protocol for the development and validation of national liveability indicators associated with noncommunicable disease risk behaviours and health outcomes. <i>Public Health Research and Practice</i> , 2014 , 25,	5.1	16
100	Life course socioeconomic conditions, adulthood risk factors and cardiovascular mortality among men and women: a 17-year follow up of the GLOBE study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013 , 168, 2207-13	3.2	11
99	Geographic remoteness, area-level socioeconomic disadvantage and inequalities in colorectal cancer survival in Queensland: a multilevel analysis. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2013 , 13, 493	4.8	33
98	Residential dissonance and mode choice. <i>Journal of Transport Geography</i> , 2013 , 33, 12-28	5.2	56
97	Who does well where? Exploring how self-rated health differs across diverse people and neighborhoods. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2013 , 22, 82-9	4.6	16
96	Can the built environment reduce health inequalities? A study of neighbourhood socioeconomic disadvantage and walking for transport. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2013 , 19, 89-98	4.6	105
95	Does Residential Dissonance Affect Residential Mobility?. <i>Transportation Research Record</i> , 2013 , 2344, 59-67	1.7	15
94	The influence of neighbourhood disadvantage on smoking cessation and its contribution to inequalities in smoking status. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2012 , 31, 645-52	3.2	33
93	The association between objectively measured neighbourhood features and walking for transport in mid-aged adults. <i>Local Environment</i> , 2012 , 17, 131-146	3.3	13
92	Mid-aged adults' sitting time in three contexts. <i>American Journal of Preventive Medicine</i> , 2012 , 42, 363-73	3.1	25
91	Re-examining authoritative knowledge in the design and content of a TBA training in India. <i>Midwifery</i> , 2012 , 28, 120-30	2.8	3
90	Socioeconomic inequalities in cardiovascular mortality and the role of childhood socioeconomic conditions and adulthood risk factors: a prospective cohort study with 17-years of follow up. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012 , 12, 1045	4.1	39
89	Spatial inequalities in colorectal and breast cancer survival: premature deaths and associated factors. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2012 , 18, 1412-21	4.6	37
88	Multilevel determinants of breast cancer survival: association with geographic remoteness and area-level socioeconomic disadvantage. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2012 , 132, 701-10	4.4	58

87	Marital loss, mental health and the role of perceived social support: findings from six waves of an Australian population based panel study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2012 , 66, 308-14	5.1	64
86	The association between sedentary leisure and physical activity in middle-aged adults. <i>British Journal of Sports Medicine</i> , 2012 , 46, 747-52	10.3	25
85	Food insecurity among adults residing in disadvantaged urban areas: potential health and dietary consequences. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 15, 227-37	3.3	128
84	Socio-economic differences in takeaway food consumption among adults. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 15, 218-26	3.3	38
83	Distance to the closest radiotherapy facility and survival after a diagnosis of rectal cancer in Queensland. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2011 , 195, 350-4	4	73
82	Distance to the closest radiotherapy facility and survival after a diagnosis of rectal cancer in Queensland. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2011 , 195, 661-662	4	
81	Socio-economic differences in weight-control behaviours and barriers to weight control. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 14, 1768-78	3.3	19
80	Test-retest reliability of perceptions of the neighborhood environment for physical activity by socioeconomic status. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2011 , 8, 829-40	2.5	13
79	Access to alcohol outlets and harmful alcohol consumption: a multi-level study in Melbourne, Australia. <i>Addiction</i> , 2011 , 106, 1772-9	4.6	65
78	Perceived weight status may contribute to education inequalities in five-year weight change among mid-aged women. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2011 , 35, 284-91	2.3	3
77	Individual and household-level socioeconomic position is associated with harmful alcohol consumption behaviours among adults. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2011 , 35, 270-7	2.3	41
76	Contribution of take-out food consumption to socioeconomic differences in fruit and vegetable intake: a mediation analysis. <i>Journal of the American Dietetic Association</i> , 2011 , 111, 1556-62		16
75	Traditional birth attendant training and local birthing practices in India. <i>Evaluation and Program Planning</i> , 2011 , 34, 254-65	1.7	14
74	Validation of de-identified record linkage to ascertain hospital admissions in a cohort study. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2011 , 11, 42	4.7	19
73	A multilevel investigation of inequalities in clinical and psychosocial outcomes for women after breast cancer. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2011 , 11, 415	4.8	11
72	Geographic remoteness, area-level socio-economic disadvantage and advanced breast cancer: a cross-sectional, multilevel study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2011 , 65, 1037-43	5.1	54
71	Food insecurity among Australian children: potential determinants, health and developmental consequences. <i>Journal of Child Health Care</i> , 2011 , 15, 401-16	2	55
70	Short-term functional health and well-being after marital separation: does initiator status make a difference?. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 173, 1308-18	3.8	45

69	Geographic remoteness and risk of advanced colorectal cancer at diagnosis in Queensland: a multilevel study. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011 , 105, 1039-41	8.7	29
68	Promising practices for the prevention and control of obesity in the worksite. <i>American Journal of Health Promotion</i> , 2011 , 25, e12-26	2.5	39
67	The association between objectively measured neighborhood features and walking in middle-aged adults. <i>American Journal of Health Promotion</i> , 2011 , 25, e12-21	2.5	15
66	Inequalities in cardiovascular disease mortality: the role of behavioural, physiological and social risk factors. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2010 , 64, 542-8	5.1	49
65	Birthing Practices of Traditional Birth Attendants in South Asia in the Context of Training Programmes. <i>Journal of Health Management</i> , 2010 , 12, 93-121	2.1	10
64	Associations among smoking status, lifestyle and lipoprotein subclasses. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2010 , 4, 522-30	4.9	7
63	Neighborhood disadvantage and physical activity: baseline results from the HABITAT multilevel longitudinal study. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2010 , 20, 171-81	6.4	92
62	Best practice for prevention and treatment of cardiovascular disease through an equity lens: a review. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention and Rehabilitation</i> , 2010 , 17, 599-606		34
61	Socioeconomic position, gender, health behaviours and biomarkers of cardiovascular disease and diabetes. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2010 , 71, 1150-60	5.1	100
60	A multilevel study of the determinants of area-level inequalities in colorectal cancer survival. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2010 , 10, 24	4.8	14
59	Confidence to cook vegetables and the buying habits of Australian households. <i>Journal of the American Dietetic Association</i> , 2010 , 110, S52-61		43
58	A multilevel study of area socio-economic status and food purchasing behaviour. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2009 , 12, 2074-83	3.3	38
57	HABITAT: A longitudinal multilevel study of physical activity change in mid-aged adults. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2009 , 9, 76	4.1	84
56	Measuring factors that influence the utilisation of preventive care services provided by general practitioners in Australia. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2009 , 9, 218	2.9	8
55	Confidence to cook vegetables and the buying habits of Australian households. <i>Journal of the American Dietetic Association</i> , 2009 , 109, 1759-68		41
54	Socioeconomic position at different stages of the life course and its influence on body weight and weight gain in adulthood: a longitudinal study with 13-year follow-up. <i>Obesity</i> , 2008 , 16, 1377-81	8	70
53	Socioeconomic disadvantage and the purchase of takeaway food: a multilevel analysis. <i>Appetite</i> , 2008 , 51, 69-81	4.5	54
52	Area variation in recreational cycling in Melbourne: a compositional or contextual effect?. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2008 , 62, 890-8	5.1	32

51	Affluent neighborhoods reduce excess risk of tooth loss among the poor. <i>Journal of Dental Research</i> , 2008 , 87, 969-73	8.1	38
50	Area disadvantage, individual socio-economic position, and premature cancer mortality in Australia 1998 to 2000: a multilevel analysis. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2008 , 19, 183-93	2.8	55
49	The independent contribution of neighborhood disadvantage and individual-level socioeconomic position to self-reported oral health: a multilevel analysis. <i>Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology</i> , 2007 , 35, 195-206	2.8	92
48	Do places affect the probability of death in Australia? A multilevel study of area-level disadvantage, individual-level socioeconomic position and all-cause mortality, 1998-2000. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2007 , 61, 13-9	5.1	45
47	Socioeconomic disadvantage in childhood and across the life course and all-cause mortality and physical function in adulthood: evidence from the Alameda County Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2007 , 61, 723-30	5.1	70
46	Does psychological stress mediate social deprivation in tooth loss?. <i>Journal of Dental Research</i> , 2007 , 86, 1166-70	8.1	43
45	Socioeconomic inequalities in food purchasing: the contribution of respondent-perceived and actual (objectively measured) price and availability of foods. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2007 , 45, 41-8	4.3	122
44	Measuring psychological, social, and environmental influences on leisure-time physical activity among adults. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2007 , 31, 36-43	2.3	21
43	Area variation in mortality in Tasmania (Australia): the contributions of socioeconomic disadvantage, social capital and geographic remoteness. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2006 , 12, 291-305	4.6	35
42	Does living in a disadvantaged area mean fewer opportunities to purchase fresh fruit and vegetables in the area? Findings from the Brisbane food study. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2006 , 12, 306-19	4.6	83
41	Does living in a disadvantaged area entail limited opportunities to purchase fresh fruit and vegetables in terms of price, availability, and variety? Findings from the Brisbane Food Study. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2006 , 12, 741-8	4.6	81
40	Smokers living in deprived areas are less likely to quit: a longitudinal follow-up. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 2006 , 15, 485-8	5.3	70
39	Weight and place: a multilevel cross-sectional survey of area-level social disadvantage and overweight/obesity in Australia. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2006 , 30, 281-7	5.5	107
38	Does area-based social capital matter for the health of Australians? A multilevel analysis of self-rated health in Tasmania. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2006 , 35, 607-13	7.8	46
37	Does gender modify associations between self rated health and the social and economic characteristics of local environments?. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2006 , 60, 490-5	5.1	121
36	A multilevel study of socio-economic inequalities in food choice behaviour and dietary intake among the Dutch population: the GLOBE study. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2006 , 9, 75-83	3.3	69
35	The shape of the socioeconomic-oral health gradient: implications for theoretical explanations. <i>Community Dentistry and Oral Epidemiology</i> , 2006 , 34, 310-9	2.8	116
34	Socio-economic pathways to diet: modelling the association between socio-economic position and food purchasing behaviour. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2006 , 9, 375-83	3.3	199

33	The Relative Contributions of Psychological, Social, and Environmental Variables to Explain Participation in Walking, Moderate-, and Vigorous-Intensity Leisure-Time Physical Activity. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2005 , 2, 181-196	2.5	36
32	Health and nutrition beliefs and perceptions of Brisbane adolescents. <i>Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2005 , 62, 69-75	2.5	16
31	Urban area disadvantage and physical activity: a multilevel study in Melbourne, Australia. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2005 , 59, 934-40	5.1	113
30	Childhood and adult socioeconomic conditions and 31-year mortality risk in women. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2004 , 159, 481-90	3.8	88
29	A multilevel analysis of socioeconomic (small area) differences in household food purchasing behaviour. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2004 , 58, 208-15	5.1	72
28	Utilisation of general practitioner services by socio-economic disadvantage and geographic remoteness. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2004 , 28, 152-8	2.3	26
27	Item Nonresponse in a Population-Based Mail Survey of Physical Activity. <i>Journal of Physical Activity and Health</i> , 2004 , 1, 344-362	2.5	3
26	The socio-economic patterning of survey participation and non-response error in a multilevel study of food purchasing behaviour: area- and individual-level characteristics. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2003 , 6, 181-9	3.3	62
25	Measuring socio-economic position in dietary research: is choice of socio-economic indicator important?. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2003 , 6, 191-200	3.3	167
24	Participation in recreational physical activity: why do socioeconomic groups differ?. <i>Health Education and Behavior</i> , 2003 , 30, 225-44	4.2	72
23	Socioeconomic differences in food purchasing behaviour and suggested implications for diet-related health promotion. <i>Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2002 , 15, 355-64	3.1	164
22	Socioeconomic differences among Australian adults in consumption of fruit and vegetables and intakes of vitamins A, C and folate. <i>Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2002 , 15, 375-85; discussion 387-90	3.1	95
21	Social determinants of smoking among parents with infants. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2002 , 26, 30-7	2.3	14
20	Socio-economic position and height in early adulthood. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health</i> , 2002 , 26, 468-72	2.3	12
19	Socioeconomic position across the lifecourse and cognitive function in late middle age. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences</i> , 2002 , 57, S43-51	4.6	154
18	Socio-economic differences in fruit and vegetable consumption among Australian adolescents and adults. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2002 , 5, 663-9	3.3	168
17	Reducing socioeconomic health inequalities: issues of relevance for policy. <i>NSW Public Health Bulletin</i> , 2002 , 13, 47-9		2
16	Childhood speech disorders: reported prevalence, comorbidity and socioeconomic profile. <i>Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health</i> , 2001 , 37, 431-6	1.3	52

15	Socioeconomic inequalities in all-cause and specific-cause mortality in Australia: 1985-1987 and 1995-1997. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2001 , 30, 231-9	7.8	130
14	Childhood socioeconomic position and cognitive function in adulthood. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2001 , 30, 256-63	7.8	239
13	Socioeconomic status and health in Australia. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2000 , 172, 434-8	4	85
12	Socioeconomic determinants of health in Australia: policy responses and intervention options. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2000 , 172, 489-92	4	26
11	Income non-reporting: implications for health inequalities research. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2000 , 54, 207-14	5.1	100
10	Occupation, hours worked, and leisure-time physical activity. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2000 , 31, 673-81	4.3	192
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3	Collecting food-related data from low socioeconomic groups: how adequate are our current research designs?. <i>Australian Journal of Public Health</i> , 1995 , 19, 410-6		26
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