

Wesley Lee

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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136
papers

2,732
citations

185998

28
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205818

48
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152
all docs

152
docs citations

152
times ranked

2114
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	ISUOG Practice Guidelines: ultrasound assessment of fetal biometry and growth. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 53, 715-723.	0.9	319
2	ISUOG consensus statement: what constitutes a fetal echocardiogram?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 239-242.	0.9	146
3	Birth weight prediction by three-dimensional ultrasonography: fractional limb volume.. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2001, 20, 1283-1292.	0.8	118
4	<scp>ISUOG</scp> Practice Guidelines (updated): performance of the routine mid-trimester fetal ultrasound scan. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 59, 840-856.	0.9	92
5	Testing for Zika virus infection in pregnancy: key concepts to deal with an emerging epidemic. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 216, 209-225.	0.7	88
6	Fetal cleft lip and palate detection by three-dimensional ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2000, 16, 314-320.	0.9	84
7	New fetal weight estimation models using fractional limb volume. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 556-565.	0.9	79
8	Fetal growth parameters and birth weight: their relationship to neonatal body composition. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 33, 441-446.	0.9	74
9	<scp>ISUOG</scp> Practice Guidelines (updated): use of Doppler velocimetry in obstetrics. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 58, 331-339.	0.9	74
10	Fetal echocardiography: z-score reference ranges for a large patient population. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 35, 28-34.	0.9	72
11	Fractional limb volume " a soft tissue parameter of fetal body composition: validation, technical considerations and normal ranges during pregnancy. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 33, 427-440.	0.9	68
12	Inversion Mode. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2005, 24, 201-207.	0.8	66
13	Three-dimensional Ultrasonographic Presentation of Micrognathia. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2002, 21, 775-781.	0.8	64
14	A Diagnostic Approach for the Evaluation of Spina Bifida by Three-dimensional Ultrasonography. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2002, 21, 619-626.	0.8	58
15	Individualized growth assessment of fetal soft tissue using fractional thigh volume. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 766-774.	0.9	54
16	Diagnostic accuracy of ultrasonography and magnetic resonance imaging for the detection of fetal anomalies: a blinded case-control study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 48, 185-192.	0.9	53
17	Individualized growth assessment: conceptual framework and practical implementation for the evaluation of fetal growth and neonatal growth outcome. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 218, S656-S678.	0.7	52
18	The Fetal Arm. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2005, 24, 817-828.	0.8	45

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19	Vasa previa: prenatal detection by three-dimensional ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2000, 16, 384-387.	0.9	44
20	Prospective validation of fetal weight estimation using fractional limb volume. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 41, 198-203.	0.9	43
21	Birthweight prediction by three-dimensional ultrasonographic volumes of the fetal thigh and abdomen.. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 1997, 16, 799-805.	0.8	42
22	Fetal Ultrasound Training for Obstetrics and Gynecology Residents. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 103, 333-338.	1.2	38
23	Individualized fetal growth assessment: critical evaluation of key concepts in the specification of third trimester size trajectories. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2014, 27, 543-551.	0.7	38
24	Geospatial analysis of food environment demonstrates associations with gestational diabetes. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 214, 110.e1-110.e9.	0.7	38
25	Nasal Bone Evaluation in Fetuses With Down Syndrome During the Second and Third Trimesters of Pregnancy. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2003, 22, 55-60.	0.8	36
26	Does the Use of Automated Fetal Biometry Improve Clinical Work Flow Efficiency?. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2013, 32, 847-850.	0.8	33
27	Longitudinal Changes and Interobserver Variability of Systolic Myocardial Deformation Values in a Prospective Cohort of Healthy Fetuses across Gestation and after Delivery. <i>Journal of the American Society of Echocardiography</i> , 2016, 29, 341-349.	1.2	31
28	Tetralogy of Fallot: Prenatal Diagnosis and Postnatal Survival. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 1995, 86, 583-588.	1.2	30
29	Three-dimensional ultrasound imaging of the fetal skull and face. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 50, 7-16.	0.9	29
30	The relationship of newborn adiposity to fetal growth outcome based on birth weight or the modified neonatal growth assessment score. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2012, 25, 1933-1940.	0.7	26
31	Characterization of Placental Microvasculature Using Superb Microvascular Imaging. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2019, 38, 2485-2491.	0.8	26
32	Quantitative and morphological assessment of early gestational sacs using three-dimensional ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 255-260.	0.9	25
33	Clinical significance of amniotic fluid sludge in twin pregnancies with a short cervical length. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 211, 506.e1-506.e9.	0.7	24
34	Three-dimensional Power Doppler Ultrasonography During Pregnancy. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2003, 22, 91-97.	0.8	22
35	Ethnic differences in the accumulation of fat and lean mass in late gestation. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2012, 24, 640-647.	0.8	22
36	Fetal growth cessation in late pregnancy: its impact on predicted size parameters used to classify small for gestational age neonates. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2015, 28, 755-765.	0.7	21

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37	Cerebral oxygen metabolism during and after therapeutic hypothermia in neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy: a feasibility study using magnetic resonance imaging. <i>Pediatric Radiology</i> , 2019, 49, 224-233.	1.1	21
38	Automated Fractional Limb Volume Measurements Improve the Precision of Birth Weight Predictions in Late Third-Trimester Fetuses. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2017, 36, 1649-1655.	0.8	20
39	3D Fetal Ultrasonography. <i>Clinical Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 46, 850-867.	0.6	19
40	Fetal and Neonatal Diastolic Myocardial Strain Rate: Normal Reference Ranges and Reproducibility in a Prospective, Longitudinal Cohort of Pregnancies. <i>Journal of the American Society of Echocardiography</i> , 2016, 29, 663-669.	1.2	19
41	Fetal growth pathology score: a novel ultrasound parameter for individualized assessment of third trimester growth abnormalities. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2018, 31, 866-876.	0.7	19
42	Collaborative Study of 4-Dimensional Fetal Echocardiography in the First Trimester of Pregnancy. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2014, 33, 1079-1084.	0.8	18
43	Classifying neonatal growth outcomes: use of birth weight, placental evaluation and individualized growth assessment. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2016, 29, 3939-3949.	0.7	18
44	Prenatal diagnosis of adrenal hemorrhage by ultrasonography. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 1992, 11, 369-371.	0.8	17
45	Second trimester growth velocities: assessment of fetal growth potential in SGA singletons. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2019, 32, 939-946.	0.7	17
46	Standardization of Sonographic Lung-to-Head Ratio Measurements in Isolated Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2015, 34, 1721-1727.	0.8	16
47	Third trimester growth restriction patterns: individualized assessment using a fetal growth pathology score. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2018, 31, 2155-2163.	0.7	16
48	Personalized third-trimester fetal growth evaluation: comparisons of individualized growth assessment, percentile line and conditional probability methods. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2016, 29, 177-185.	0.7	15
49	Routine Measurement of Nuchal Thickness in the Second Trimester. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 1992, 1, 82-86.	0.7	14
50	The fetal arm: individualized growth assessment in normal pregnancies. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2005, 24, 817-28.	0.8	14
51	Fetal iliac angle measurements by three-dimensional sonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2001, 18, 150-154.	0.9	13
52	Non-invasive fetal lung assessment using diffusion-weighted imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 673-677.	0.9	13
53	A modified prenatal growth assessment score for the evaluation of fetal growth in the third trimester using single and composite biometric parameters. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2015, 28, 745-754.	0.7	13
54	Comparison of brain microstructure after prenatal spina bifida repair by either laparotomy-assisted fetoscopic or open approach. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 55, 87-95.	0.9	13

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55	Can Fetal Limb Soft Tissue Measurements in the Third Trimester Predict Neonatal Adiposity?. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2016, 35, 1915-1924.	0.8	12
56	A Novel Semiautomated Fractional Limb Volume Tool for Rapid and Reproducible Fetal Soft Tissue Assessment. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2016, 35, 1573-1578.	0.8	12
57	Fetal Weight Estimation Using Automated Fractional Limb Volume With 2-Dimensional Size Parameters. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2020, 39, 1317-1324.	0.8	11
58	The "starfish" sign: a novel sonographic finding with B-flow imaging and spatiotemporal image correlation in a fetus with total anomalous pulmonary venous return. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 35, 124-125.	0.9	10
59	Physiologic observations of pregnant women undergoing prophylactic erythrocytapheresis for sickle cell disease. Transfusion, 1991, 31, 59-62.	0.8	9
60	Atypical presentation of fetal arteriovenous malformation.. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 1994, 13, 645-647.	0.8	9
61	Impact of changes in maternal body composition on birth weight and neonatal fat mass in dichorionic twin pregnancies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 108, 716-721.	2.2	9
62	Growth patterns and cardiovascular abnormalities in small for gestational age fetuses: 1. Pattern characteristics. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2021, 34, 3029-3038.	0.7	9
63	Longitudinal evaluation of motor function in patients who underwent prenatal or postnatal neural tube defect repair. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 221-229.	0.9	9
64	Individualized growth assessment of fetal thigh circumference using three-dimensional ultrasonography. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 31, 520-528.	0.9	8
65	Clinical management of gravid women with peripartum cardiomyopathy. Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinics of North America, 1991, 18, 257-71.	0.7	8
66	The role of the fetal biophysical profile in the management of fetal growth restriction. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, 475-486.	0.7	8
67	Time-domain ultrasonography during pregnancy.. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 1994, 13, 457-463.	0.8	7
68	Prenatal Diagnosis of Herniated Dandy-Walker Cysts. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2005, 24, 841-848.	0.8	7
69	Fetal Growth: Evaluation and Management. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 218, S608.	0.7	7
70	Third-trimester growth diversity in small fetuses classified as appropriate-for-gestational age or small-for-gestational age at birth. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 58, 882-891.	0.9	7
71	Role of Maternal Serum Alpha-Fetoprotein and Ultrasonography in Contemporary Detection of Spina Bifida. American Journal of Perinatology, 2015, 32, 1287-1291.	0.6	6
72	Fetal Weight Estimation Using Automated Fractional Limb Volume With 2-Dimensional Size Parameters in Diabetic Pregnancies. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2021, 40, 279-284.	0.8	6

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73	Cardiorespiratory alterations during normal pregnancy. <i>Critical Care Clinics</i> , 1991, 7, 763-75.	1.0	6
74	Iliac crest angle: a novel sonographic parameter for the prediction of Down syndrome risk during the second trimester of pregnancy. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 35, 163-171.	0.9	5
75	Improving spectral quality in fetal brain magnetic resonance spectroscopy using constructive averaging. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2015, 35, 1294-1300.	1.1	5
76	Umbilical Artery Doppler Patterns and Right Ventricular Outflow Abnormalities in <sc>Twinâ€Twin</sc> Transfusion Syndrome. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2021, 40, 71-78.	0.8	5
77	OC182: Four-dimensional fetal echocardiography with Spatio Temporal Image Correlation (STIC?): a systematic study of standard cardiac views assessed by different observers. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 22, 50-50.	0.9	4
78	OC104: Soft tissue parameters improve the precision of fetal weight estimation. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 389-389.	0.9	4
79	Re: Nuchal translucency and major congenital heart defects in fetuses with normal karyotype: a meta-analysis. A. Sotiriadis, S. Papatheodorou, M. Eleftheriades and G. Makrydimas. <i>Ultrasound Obstet Gynecol</i> 2013; 42: 383-389. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 42, 373-373.	0.9	4
80	Left ventricular rotational mechanics in early infancy: Normal reference ranges and reproducibility of peak values and time to peak values. <i>Early Human Development</i> , 2017, 104, 39-44.	0.8	4
81	Hemodynamic Studies During Pregnancy. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 1992, 1, 75-77.	0.7	3
82	Spatial mapping of translational diffusion coefficients using diffusion tensor imaging: A mathematical description. <i>Concepts in Magnetic Resonance Part A: Bridging Education and Research</i> , 2014, 43, 1-27.	0.2	3
83	OC33.03: Early visualization of the fetal coronary arteries by four-dimensional ultrasonography with B-flow imaging and spatiotemporal image correlation (STIC). <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 366-366.	0.9	2
84	Comparison of fetal size standards obtained with conventional methods and individualized assessment: the effect of adjusting for differences in growth potential. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2020, 33, 3170-3176.	0.7	2
85	Growth patterns and cardiovascular abnormalities in SGA fetuses: 3. Late, adaptive and recovering growth restriction. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2022, 35, 2808-2817.	0.7	2
86	Growth patterns and cardiovascular abnormalities in SGA fetuses: 2. Normal growth and progressive growth restriction. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2022, 35, 2818-2827.	0.7	2
87	Standards for evaluating neonatal growth outcomes using individualized pathological growth potential realization indices. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2022, 35, 8080-8082.	0.7	2
88	Cardiac Size, Shape, and Ventricular Contractility in Fetuses at Sea Level With an Estimated Weight Lessâ€than 10th Centile. <i>Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine</i> , 2022, 41, 2703-2714.	0.8	2
89	OC106a: Fractional limb volume: a new soft-tissue parameter for the evaluation of fetal size and growth. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 22, 30-30.	0.9	1
90	P08.13: Individualized growth standards for the fetal arm in normal pregnancies. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 316-317.	0.9	1

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91	P10.23: Hypoplastic rather than absent nasal bones: a novel phenotypic characteristic of trisomy 21. Description by 3D ultrasound (3DUS) and clinical significance. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 326-327.	0.9	1
92	OC2.05: 3D ultrasound evaluation of the fetal optic chiasm: a potential parameter for the differential diagnosis of developmental midline brain anomalies. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 311-311.	0.9	1
93	OC5.05: Changes in fetal cardiac geometry with gestation: implications for three-dimensional fetal echocardiography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 316-317.	0.9	1
94	P16.03: "Flip the coin" 360 degree visualization of fetal anatomical structures with xMatrix 4D real-time ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 467-467.	0.9	1
95	OC34: Lung volume measurements by 3D ultrasound are not superior to biometry by 2D ultrasound to predict pulmonary hypoplasia in fetuses with musculoskeletal disorders. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 368-369.	0.9	1
96	OC173: Global ventricular performance: a new parameter of fetal cardiac function using Velocity Vector Imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 420-420.	0.9	1
97	OP08.06: Do soft tissue parameters improve weight estimation for fetal macrosomia?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 480-480.	0.9	1
98	Soft tissue assessment for fetal growth restriction. <i>Minerva Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 73, 442-452.	0.5	1
99	Management of septic shock complicating pregnancy. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinics of North America</i> , 1989, 16, 431-47.	0.7	1
100	P191: Can principal component analysis be used to improve fetal weight prediction models?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 22, 121-121.	0.9	0
101	P196: Fractional arm volume: a new soft tissue parameter for fetal growth assessment. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 22, 122-123.	0.9	0
102	P197: Fractional thigh volume: a new soft tissue parameter for fetal growth assessment. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 22, 123-123.	0.9	0
103	P223: Prenatal assessment of anomalies of the fetal hepatic circulation with three-dimensional color power imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 22, 130-131.	0.9	0
104	OC012: The clinical significance of "sludge" during transvaginal examination of the cervix in patients with preterm labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 219-219.	0.9	0
105	OC021: Morphologic and quantitative assessment of early gestational sacs using three-dimensional ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 221-222.	0.9	0
106	P01.33: The use of the minimum projection mode in four-dimensional examination of the fetal heart with spatiotemporal image correlation (STIC). <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 277-278.	0.9	0
107	P14.19: Comparison of fetal weight prediction models by 2D and 3D ultrasonography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2004, 24, 352-353.	0.9	0
108	OC2.03: Objective evaluation of Sylvian fissure development by multi-planar three-dimensional ultrasound. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 310-310.	0.9	0

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109	OC20.06: Epidemiologic and statistical pitfalls in prediction models for fetal weight estimation. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 342-343.	0.9	0
110	OC21.05: Just images: Is there any calcium in that skull?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 343-343.	0.9	0
111	OC29.01: Iliac crest angle: a novel approach for detection of fetuses with Down syndrome. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 356-356.	0.9	0
112	P10.08: Can perinatal mortality in IUGR fetuses delivered at less than 28 weeks' gestation be predicted by the product of MCA PSV and DV PI?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 441-441.	0.9	0
113	P10.31: Is Doppler reversed flow of the ductus venosus an indication for prompt delivery of the extremely IUGR fetus at less than 28 weeks' gestation?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 26, 446-447.	0.9	0
114	OC139: A novel algorithm for fetal echocardiography using 4D ultrasound and tomographic imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 399-400.	0.9	0
115	OP09.05: The use of inversion mode and 3D manual segmentation™ in volume measurement of fetal fluid-filled structures: a comparison with VOCAL. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 472-472.	0.9	0
116	OP09.08: Fetal soft tissue and birth weight: their relationship to newborn infant body composition. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 28, 473-473.	0.9	0
117	OC05: Are third-trimester growth velocity measurements related to newborn infant percentage body fat?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 368-368.	0.9	0
118	OP03.06: Diffusion-weighted magnetic resonance imaging of the human placenta. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 465-465.	0.9	0
119	OP08.05: Prospective validation of fractional arm volume for fetal weight estimation. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 479-480.	0.9	0
120	P34.04: Second trimester prediction of birth weight using individualized growth assessment. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 582-582.	0.9	0
121	P45.03: Fetal cardiac ventricular strain using velocity vector imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 30, 624-625.	0.9	0
122	OC119: Can individualized fetal growth standards be specified by using earlier scans?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 282-282.	0.9	0
123	OP04.08: Fetal gender assignment using 3DUS and MRI of internal pelvic anatomy. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 323-323.	0.9	0
124	OC14.04: Noninvasive fetal lung assessment using diffusion weighted imaging. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 26-27.	0.9	0
125	OC26.03: Derivation of new fetal weight estimation models using fractional limb volume. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 51-51.	0.9	0
126	OP04.01: The fetal cardiovascular response to an increased placental vascular resistance (PVR) measured with STIC and VOCAL. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 72-72.	0.9	0

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127	OP27.01: Third trimester fetal arm and thigh fat mass: their relationship to estimated fetal weight, birth weight and neonatal body composition. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 149-149.	0.9	0
128	P09.02: Sonographic chorioamniotic membrane thickness throughout gestation in three different sites: chorionic plate, uterine free wall, and cervix. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 210-210.	0.9	0
129	P10.11: A systematic comparison of the volume of fluid-filled fetal structures using 3D US: a comparison of SonoAVCâ„¢, VOCALâ„¢, and inversion mode techniques. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 217-217.	0.9	0
130	P19.08: Prospective validation of fetal weight estimation models using fractional limb volume. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 34, 255-256.	0.9	0
131	OP03.07: Magnetic resonance diffusion weighted imaging (DWI): reproducibility of apparent diffusion coefficient measurements for the normal fetal brain. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 38, 64-64.	0.9	0
132	OP20.04: The relationship of newborn adiposity to neonatal growth outcome based on birth weight or the neonatal growth assessment score. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 38, 114-114.	0.9	0
133	OP20.07: Does fetal growth cessation affect the prediction of birth characteristics?. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2011, 38, 115-115.	0.9	0
134	Soft tissue assessment for fetal growth disorders. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2021, 128, 336-336.	1.1	0
135	Individualized growth assessment in pregnancies complicated by fetal gastroschisis. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2021, , 1-11.	0.7	0
136	Fetal Cardiology: Is It Time to Establish a Separate Independent Medicine Subspecialty?. <i>Pediatric Cardiology</i> , 0, , .	0.6	0