

Pascal A Oesch

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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175
papers

19,395
citations

8755

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11308

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175
docs citations

175
times ranked

5222
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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The star formation burstiness and ionizing efficiency of low-mass galaxies. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 511, 4464-4479.	4.4	30
2	The synchrony of production and escape: half the bright Ly α emitters at $z \sim 2$ have Lyman continuum escape fractions ~ 50 %. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 510, 4582-4607.	4.4	63
3	The ALMA REBELS Survey. Epoch of Reionization giants: Properties of dusty galaxies at $z \sim 7$. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 512, 58-72.	4.4	44
4	Blue Rest-frame UV-optical Colors in $z \sim 8$ Galaxies from GREATS: Very Young Stellar Populations at ~ 4650 Myr of Cosmic Time. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 927, 48.	4.5	24
5	Significant Dust-obscured Star Formation in Luminous Lyman-break Galaxies at $z \sim 7-8$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 928, 31.	4.5	37
6	The ALMA REBELS survey: the dust content of $z \sim 7$ Lyman break galaxies. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 512, 989-1002.	4.4	60
7	(Re)Solving reionization with Ly α : how bright Ly α Emitters account for the $z \sim 2-8$ cosmic ionizing background. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 512, 5960-5977.	4.4	32
8	Infrared Spectral Energy Distributions and Dust Masses of Sub-solar Metallicity Galaxies at $z \sim 2.3$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 928, 68.	4.5	7
9	Sizes of Lensed Lower-luminosity $z = 4-8$ Galaxies from the Hubble Frontier Field Program. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 927, 81.	4.5	26
10	Dark-ages reionization and galaxy formation simulation XX. The Ly α IGM transmission properties and environment of bright galaxies during the epoch of reionization. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2022, 510, 3858-3866.	4.4	19
11	A dusty compact object bridging galaxies and quasars at cosmic dawn. <i>Nature</i> , 2022, 604, 261-265.	27.8	34
12	$z \sim 2-9$ Galaxies Magnified by the Hubble Frontier Field Clusters. I. Source Selection and Surface Density Magnification Constraints from >2500 Galaxies. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 931, 81.	4.5	22
13	Reionization Era Bright Emission Line Survey: Selection and Characterization of Luminous Interstellar Medium Reservoirs in the $z \sim 6.5$ Universe. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2022, 931, 160.	4.5	77
14	Consistent Dynamical and Stellar Masses with Potential Light IMF in Massive Quiescent Galaxies at $z \sim 3-4$ Using Velocity Dispersions Measurements with MOSFIRE. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2021, 908, L35.	8.3	16
15	The ALPINE ALMA [C II] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2021, 646, A76.	5.1	39
16	RELICS: Properties of $z \sim 5.5$ Galaxies Inferred from Spitzer and Hubble Imaging, Including A Candidate $z \sim 6.8$ Strong [O iii] emitter. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2021, 910, 135.	4.5	20
17	The need for a multi-purpose, optical-NIR space facility after HST and JWST. <i>Experimental Astronomy</i> , 2021, 51, 765.	3.7	1
18	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey in the HUDF: A Search for [C ii] Emitters at $z \sim 6-8$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2021, 912, 67.	4.5	13

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19	Extending the evolution of the stellar mass–size relation at $z \approx 2$ to low stellar mass galaxies from HFF and CANDELS. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2021, 506, 928-956.	4.4	40
20	New Determinations of the UV Luminosity Functions from $z \approx 9$ to 2 Show a Remarkable Consistency with Halo Growth and a Constant Star Formation Efficiency. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 47.	4.7	166
21	Space Project for Astrophysical and Cosmological Exploration (SPACE), an ESA stand-alone mission and a possible contribution to the Origins Space Telescope. <i>Experimental Astronomy</i> , 2021, 51, 625.	3.7	0
22	Normal, dust-obscured galaxies in the epoch of reionization. <i>Nature</i> , 2021, 597, 489-492.	27.8	71
23	A more probable explanation for a continuum flash towards a redshift $z \approx 11$ galaxy. <i>Nature Astronomy</i> , 2021, 5, 993-994.	10.1	5
24	Measuring the H I Content of Individual Galaxies Out to the Epoch of Reionization with [C II]. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2021, 922, 147.	4.5	25
25	Low-luminosity Galaxies in the Early Universe Have Observed Sizes Similar to Star Cluster Complexes. <i>Astronomical Journal</i> , 2021, 162, 255.	4.7	25
26	Galaxy Stellar Mass Functions from $z \approx 10$ to $z \approx 6$ using the Deepest Spitzer/Infrared Array Camera Data: No Significant Evolution in the Stellar-to-halo Mass Ratio of Galaxies in the First Gigayear of Cosmic Time. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2021, 922, 29.	4.5	74
27	The Spitzer/IRAC Legacy over the GOODS Fields: Full-depth 3.6, 4.5, 5.8, and 8.0 μm Mosaics and Photometry for >9000 Galaxies at $z \approx 3.5$ – 10 from the GOODS Reionization Era Wide-area Treasury from Spitzer (GREATS). <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2021, 257, 68.	7.7	15
28	The ALPINE-ALMA [C II] survey: a triple merger at $z \approx 4.56$. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters</i> , 2020, 491, L18-L23.	3.3	21
29	The ALPINE-ALMA [C II] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A1.	5.1	125
30	The ALPINE-ALMA [C II] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A4.	5.1	69
31	ALMA characterizes the dust temperature of $z \approx 5.5$ star-forming galaxies. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2020, 498, 4192-4204.	4.4	53
32	Rapid Reionization by the Oligarchs: The Case for Massive, UV-bright, Star-forming Galaxies with High Escape Fractions. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 892, 109.	4.5	166
33	The BUFFALO HST Survey. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2020, 247, 64.	7.7	57
34	The ALPINE-ALMA [C II] Survey: Multiwavelength Ancillary Data and Basic Physical Measurements. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2020, 247, 61.	7.7	99
35	A3COSMOS: the dust attenuation of star-forming galaxies at $z \approx 2.5$ – 4.0 from the COSMOS-ALMA archive. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2020, 491, 4724-4734.	4.4	29
36	The ALMA Frontier Fields Survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 633, A160.	5.1	10

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37	The MUSE <i>Hubble</i> Ultra Deep Field Survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 638, A12.	5.1	34
38	The ALPINE-ALMA [CII] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A6.	5.1	27
39	The ALPINE-ALMA [C α] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A3.	5.1	86
40	The ALPINE-ALMA [CII] survey: Data processing, catalogs, and statistical source properties. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A2.	5.1	136
41	The ALPINE-ALMA [C α] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A5.	5.1	55
42	The ALPINE-ALMA [CII] survey. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2020, 643, A8.	5.1	113
43	RELICS: The Reionization Lensing Cluster Survey and the Brightest High- z Galaxies. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 889, 189.	4.5	58
44	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey in the HUDF: The Cosmic Dust and Gas Mass Densities in Galaxies up to $z \sim 3$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 892, 66.	4.5	41
45	RELICS: A Very Large ($\sim 40 \text{ Mpc}^3$) Cluster Lensing RXC J0032.1+1808. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 898, 6.	4.5	10
46	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey in the Hubble Ultra Deep Field: Multiband Constraints on Line-luminosity Functions and the Cosmic Density of Molecular Gas. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 902, 110.	4.5	62
47	The Evolution of the Baryons Associated with Galaxies Averaged over Cosmic Time and Space. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 902, 111.	4.5	73
48	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey Large Program: The Infrared Excess of $z \sim 1.5$ UV-selected Galaxies and the Implied High-redshift Star Formation History. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 902, 112.	4.5	94
49	The ALPINE-ALMA [C II] Survey: [C II] 158 μm Emission Line Luminosity Functions at $z \sim 4$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2020, 905, 147.	4.5	23
50	Newly Discovered Bright $z \sim 9$ Galaxies and Improved Constraints on Their Prevalence Using the Full CANDELS Area. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 880, 25.	4.5	65
51	The Super Eight Galaxies: Properties of a Sample of Very Bright Galaxies at $z \sim 8$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 882, 42.	4.5	30
52	Discovery of a Dark, Massive, ALMA-only Galaxy at $z \sim 5$ in a Tiny 3 mm Survey. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 884, 154.	4.5	70
53	Automated Mining of the ALMA Archive in the COSMOS Field ($A_{3 \text{ COSMOS}}$). I. Robust ALMA Continuum Photometry Catalogs and Stellar Mass and Star Formation Properties for ~ 700 Galaxies at $z \sim 0.5$. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2019, 244, 40.	7.7	54
54	The Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array Spectroscopic Survey in the Hubble Ultra Deep Field: CO Emission Lines and 3 mm Continuum Sources. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 882, 139.	4.5	62

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55	The Brightest $z \sim 3$ Galaxies over the COSMOS UltraVISTA Field. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 883, 99.	4.5	77
56	The Hubble Legacy Field GOODS-S Photometric Catalog. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2019, 244, 16.	7.7	47
57	Spatial distribution of stellar mass and star formation activity at $0.2 < z < 1.2$ across and along the main sequence. <i>Astronomy and Astrophysics</i> , 2019, 626, A61.	5.1	28
58	Big Three Dragons: A $z = 7.15$ Lyman-break galaxy detected in [O III] $88 \mu\text{m}$, [C II] $158 \mu\text{m}$, and dust continuum with ALMA. <i>Publication of the Astronomical Society of Japan</i> , 2019, 71, .	2.5	162
59	The GREATS H α luminosity function and galaxy properties at $z \sim 8$: walking the way of JWST. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2019, 489, 2355-2366.	4.4	90
60	Early- and late-stage mergers among main sequence and starburst galaxies at $0.2 < z < 2$. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2019, 485, 5631-5651.	4.4	54
61	Millimeter Mapping at $z \sim 1$: Dust-obscured Bulge Building and Disk Growth. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 870, 130.	4.5	33
62	RELICS: High-resolution Constraints on the Inner Mass Distribution of the $z \sim 0.83$ Merging Cluster RXJ0152.7-1357 from Strong Lensing. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 874, 132.	4.5	18
63	Star-formation efficiency at 600Myr of cosmic time. <i>Proceedings of the International Astronomical Union</i> , 2019, 15, 115-118.	0.0	0
64	RELICS: Reionization Lensing Cluster Survey. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 884, 85.	4.5	141
65	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey in the Hubble Ultra Deep Field: Evolution of the Molecular Gas in CO-selected Galaxies. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 882, 136.	4.5	59
66	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey in the HUDF: CO Luminosity Functions and the Molecular Gas Content of Galaxies through Cosmic History. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 882, 138.	4.5	114
67	The ALMA Spectroscopic Survey in the HUDF: Nature and Physical Properties of Gas-mass Selected Galaxies Using MUSE Spectroscopy. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 882, 140.	4.5	42
68	Automated Mining of the ALMA Archive in the COSMOS Field ($A_{3 < \text{COSMOS}$). II. Cold Molecular Gas Evolution out to Redshift 6. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2019, 887, 235.	4.5	85
69	Rotation in [C II]-emitting gas in two galaxies at a redshift of 6.8. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 553, 178-181.	27.8	143
70	RELICS: Strong-lensing Analysis of the Massive Clusters MACS J0308.9+2645 and PLCK G171.9 \sim 40.7. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 858, 42.	4.5	26
71	HFF-DeepSpace Photometric Catalogs of the 12 Hubble Frontier Fields, Clusters, and Parallels: Photometry, Photometric Redshifts, and Stellar Masses. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2018, 235, 14.	7.7	63
72	$z \sim 2.5$ Ionizers in the GOODS-N Field. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2018, 862, 142.	4.5	8

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73	Dependence of galaxy clustering on UV luminosity and stellar mass at $z \sim 4$. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2018, 481, 4885-4894.	4.4	7
74	RELICS: Strong Lensing Analysis of the Galaxy Clusters Abell S295, Abell 697, MACS J0025.4-1222, and MACS J0159.8-0849. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 863, 145.	4.5	24
75	A low Lyman Continuum escape fraction of $\sim 10\%$ for extreme [OIII] emitters in an overdensity at $z \sim 3.5$. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2018, 478, 791-799.	4.4	56
76	The Bright-end Galaxy Candidates at $z \sim 9$ from 79 Independent HST Fields. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 867, 150.	4.5	60
77	RELICS: A Candidate $z \sim 10$ Galaxy Strongly Lensed into a Spatially Resolved Arc. Astrophysical Journal Letters, 2018, 864, L22.	8.3	57
78	The HDUV Survey: A Revised Assessment of the Relationship between UV Slope and Dust Attenuation for High-redshift Galaxies. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 853, 56.	4.5	148
79	HDUV: The Hubble Deep UV Legacy Survey. Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series, 2018, 237, 12.	7.7	44
80	RELICS: Strong Lens Models for Five Galaxy Clusters from the Reionization Lensing Cluster Survey. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 859, 159.	4.5	55
81	RELICS: A Strong Lens Model for SPT-CLJ06155746, a $z = 0.972$ Cluster. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 863, 154.	4.5	23
82	The Dearth of $z \sim 10$ Galaxies in All HST Legacy Fields – The Rapid Evolution of the Galaxy Population in the First 500 Myr*. Astrophysical Journal, 2018, 855, 105.	4.5	273
83	GLACiAR, an Open-Source Python Tool for Simulations of Source Recovery and Completeness in Galaxy Surveys. Publications of the Astronomical Society of Australia, 2018, 35, .	3.4	8
84	Early Science with the Large Millimeter Telescope: Detection of Dust Emission in Multiple Images of a Normal Galaxy at $z \sim 4$ Lensed by a Frontier Fields Cluster. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 838, 137.	4.5	18
85	A massive, quiescent galaxy at a redshift of 3.717. Nature, 2017, 544, 71-74.	27.8	167
86	Characterization and Modeling of Contamination for Lyman Break Galaxy Samples at High Redshift. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 836, 239.	4.5	15
87	HST Imaging of the Brightest $z \sim 9$ Galaxies from UltraVISTA: The Extreme Bright End of the UV Luminosity Function. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 851, 43.	4.5	37
88	The $z \sim 6$ Luminosity Function Fainter than ~ 15 mag from the Hubble Frontier Fields: The Impact of Magnification Uncertainties. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 843, 129.	4.5	201
89	The Rest-frame Optical (900 nm) Galaxy Luminosity Function at $z \sim 4$: Abundance Matching Points to Limited Evolution in the $M_{\text{STAR}}/M_{\text{HALO}}$ Ratio at $z \sim 4$. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 843, 36.	4.5	53
90	Extremely Small Sizes for Faint $z \sim 8$ Galaxies in the Hubble Frontier Fields: A Key Input for Establishing Their Volume Density and UV Emissivity. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 843, 41.	4.5	71

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91	ALMA constraints on star-forming gas in a prototypical $z \approx 1.5$ clumpy galaxy: the dearth of CO(5 \rightarrow 4) emission from UV-bright clumps. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2017, 469, 4683-4704.	4.4	24
92	The HDUV Survey: Six Lyman Continuum Emitter Candidates at $z \approx 2$ Revealed by HST UV Imaging*. Astrophysical Journal, 2017, 847, 12.	4.5	22
93	The dust attenuation of star-forming galaxies at $z \approx 3$ and beyond: New insights from ALMA observations. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2017, 472, 483-490.	4.4	51
94	Ly α and C α emission in $z \approx 9$ Galaxies: accelerated reionization around luminous star-forming systems?. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2017, 464, 469-479.	4.4	264
95	REST-FRAME OPTICAL EMISSION LINES IN $z \approx 3.5$ LYMAN-BREAK-SELECTED GALAXIES: THE UBIQUITY OF UNUSUALLY HIGH [O III]/H β RATIOS AT 2 Gyr*. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 820, 73.	4.5	36
96	$z \approx 7$ GALAXIES WITH RED SPITZER/IRAC [3.6] \leq [4.5] COLORS IN THE FULL CANDELS DATA SET: THE BRIGHTEST-KNOWN GALAXIES AT $z \approx 7$ AND A PROBABLE SPECTROSCOPIC CONFIRMATION AT $z = 7.48$. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 823, 143.	4.5	184
97	THE LYMAN-CONTINUUM PHOTON PRODUCTION EFFICIENCY $\hat{\tau}_{\text{ION}}$ OF $z \approx 4$ GALAXIES FROM IRAC-BASED H β MEASUREMENTS: IMPLICATIONS FOR THE ESCAPE FRACTION AND COSMIC REIONIZATION. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 831, 176.	4.5	142
98	THE BRIGHT END OF THE $z \approx 9$ AND $z \approx 10$ UV LUMINOSITY FUNCTIONS USING ALL FIVE CANDELS FIELDS. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 830, 67.	4.5	110
99	GAS FRACTION AND DEPLETION TIME OF MASSIVE STAR-FORMING GALAXIES AT $z \approx 3.2$: NO CHANGE IN GLOBAL STAR FORMATION PROCESS OUT TO $z \approx 3$. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 833, 112.	4.5	87
100	GALAXY CANDIDATES AT $z \approx 10$ IN ARCHIVAL DATA FROM THE BRIGHTEST OF REIONIZING GALAXIES (BORG[z8]) SURVEY. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 827, 76.	4.5	25
101	INFERRED H β FLUX AS A STAR FORMATION RATE INDICATOR AT $z \approx 4$: IMPLICATIONS FOR DUST PROPERTIES, BURSTINESS, AND THE $z \approx 8$ STAR FORMATION RATE FUNCTIONS. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 833, 254.	4.5	66
102	A REMARKABLY LUMINOUS GALAXY AT $z \approx 11.1$ MEASURED WITH HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE GRISM SPECTROSCOPY. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 819, 129.	4.5	345
103	THE RELATION BETWEEN [O III] / H β AND SPECIFIC STAR FORMATION RATE IN GALAXIES AT $z \approx 2$. Astrophysical Journal Letters, 2016, 828, L11.	8.3	16
104	WHERE STARS FORM: INSIDE-OUT GROWTH AND COHERENT STAR FORMATION FROM HST H β MAPS OF 3200 GALAXIES ACROSS THE MAIN SEQUENCE AT $0.7 \leq z \leq 1.5$. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 828, 27.	4.5	166
105	Dark-ages reionization and galaxy-formation simulation VI. The origins and fate of the highest known redshift galaxy. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2016, 463, 3556-3562.	4.4	15
106	THE ALMA SPECTROSCOPIC SURVEY IN THE HUBBLE ULTRA DEEP FIELD: SEARCH FOR [] LINE AND DUST EMISSION IN 6 $\leq z \leq 8$ GALAXIES. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 833, 71.	4.5	83
107	ALMA SPECTROSCOPIC SURVEY IN THE HUBBLE ULTRA DEEP FIELD: CO LUMINOSITY FUNCTIONS AND THE EVOLUTION OF THE COSMIC DENSITY OF MOLECULAR GAS. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 833, 69.	4.5	97
108	ALMA SPECTROSCOPIC SURVEY IN THE HUBBLE ULTRA DEEP FIELD: THE INFRARED EXCESS OF UV-SELECTED $z \approx 10$ GALAXIES AS A FUNCTION OF UV-CONTINUUM SLOPE AND STELLAR MASS. Astrophysical Journal, 2016, 833, 72.	4.5	243

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109	ALMA SPECTROSCOPIC SURVEY IN THE HUBBLE ULTRA DEEP FIELD: SURVEY DESCRIPTION. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 833, 67.	4.5	172
110	Mean $H\beta + [N\text{II}] + [S\text{II}]$ EW inferred for star-forming galaxies at $z \approx 5.1 - 5.4$ using high-quality Spitzer/IRAC photometry. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 461, 3886-3895.	4.4	46
111	THE 3D-HST SURVEY: HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE WFC3/G141 GRISM SPECTRA, REDSHIFTS, AND EMISSION LINE MEASUREMENTS FOR $\approx 100,000$ GALAXIES. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2016, 225, 27.	7.7	513
112	Quantifying the UV-continuum slopes of galaxies to $z \approx 10$ using deep Hubble+Spitzer/IRAC observations. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 455, 659-667.	4.4	49
113	An empirical model for the galaxy luminosity and star formation rate function at high redshift. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2016, 455, 2101-2109.	4.4	82
114	FORMING COMPACT MASSIVE GALAXIES. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2015, 813, 23.	4.5	240
115	ULTRADEEP IRAC IMAGING OVER THE HUDF AND GOODS-SOUTH: SURVEY DESIGN AND IMAGING DATA RELEASE. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2015, 221, 23.	7.7	69
116	REIONIZATION AFTER PLANCK: THE DERIVED GROWTH OF THE COSMIC IONIZING EMISSIVITY NOW MATCHES THE GROWTH OF THE GALAXY UV LUMINOSITY DENSITY. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2015, 811, 140.	4.5	323
117	A spectroscopically confirmed $z = 1.327$ galaxy-scale deflector magnifying a $z \approx 8$ Lyman-break galaxy in the Brightest of Reionizing Galaxies survey. <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> , 2015, 453, 3069-3082.	4.4	1
118	Probing the Cosmic Frontier of Galaxies. <i>Proceedings of the International Astronomical Union</i> , 2015, 11, 808-811.	0.0	0
119	$L_{\text{Ly}\alpha}$ EMISSION FROM A LUMINOUS $z = 8.68$ GALAXY: IMPLICATIONS FOR GALAXIES AS TRACERS OF COSMIC REIONIZATION. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2015, 810, L12.	8.3	196
120	A SPECTROSCOPIC REDSHIFT MEASUREMENT FOR A LUMINOUS LYMAN BREAK GALAXY AT $z = 7.730$ USING KECK/MOSFIRE. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2015, 804, L30.	8.3	180
121	UV LUMINOSITY FUNCTIONS AT REDSHIFTS $z \approx 4$ TO $z \approx 10$: 10,000 GALAXIES FROM HST LEGACY FIELDS. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2015, 803, 34.	4.5	980
122	FIRST FRONTIER FIELD CONSTRAINTS ON THE COSMIC STAR FORMATION RATE DENSITY AT $z \approx 10$ THE IMPACT OF LENSING SHEAR ON COMPLETENESS OF HIGH-REDSHIFT GALAXY SAMPLES. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2015, 808, 104.	4.5	104
123	THE SIZES OF CANDIDATE GALAXIES $z \approx 9 - 10$: CONFIRMATION OF THE BRIGHT CANDELS SAMPLE AND RELATION WITH LUMINOSITY AND MASS. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2015, 808, 6.	4.5	69
124	HIGH-PRECISION PHOTOMETRIC REDSHIFTS FROM SPITZER/IRAC: EXTREME [3.6] - [4.5] COLORS IDENTIFY GALAXIES IN THE REDSHIFT RANGE $z \approx 6.6 - 6.9$. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2015, 801, 122.	4.5	147
125	3D-HST WFC3-SELECTED PHOTOMETRIC CATALOGS IN THE FIVE CANDELS/3D-HST FIELDS: PHOTOMETRY, PHOTOMETRIC REDSHIFTS, AND STELLAR MASSES. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2014, 214, 24.	7.7	728
126	SLOW EVOLUTION OF THE SPECIFIC STAR FORMATION RATE AT $z > 2$: THE IMPACT OF DUST, EMISSION LINES, AND A RISING STAR FORMATION HISTORY. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 781, 34.	4.5	101

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127	A predicted new population of UV-faint galaxies at $z \approx 4$. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 2014, 439, 1326-1336.	4.4	19
128	TRACING THE MASS GROWTH AND STAR FORMATION RATE EVOLUTION OF MASSIVE GALAXIES FROM $z \approx 6$ TO $z \approx 1$ IN THE HUBBLE ULTRA-DEEP FIELD. Astrophysical Journal, 2014, 780, 34.	4.5	20
129	THE LUMINOSITY FUNCTION AT $z \approx 8$ FROM 97 Y-BAND DROP-OUTS: INFERENCES ABOUT REIONIZATION. Astrophysical Journal, 2014, 786, 57.	4.5	112
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