

Liene Aunina

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4038292/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

233
citations

1307594

7
h-index

1281871

11
g-index

11
all docs

11
docs citations

11
times ranked

570
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Formalized classification of European fen vegetation at the alliance level. <i>Applied Vegetation Science</i> , 2017, 20, 124-142.	1.9	73
2	Classification of the European marsh vegetation (<i>Phragmito-Magnocaricetea</i>) to the association level. <i>Applied Vegetation Science</i> , 2020, 23, 297-316.	1.9	38
3	Biogeographic patterns of base-rich fen vegetation across Europe. <i>Applied Vegetation Science</i> , 2014, 17, 367-380.	1.9	34
4	WetVegEurope: a database of aquatic and wetland vegetation of Europe. <i>Phytocoenologia</i> , 2015, 45, 187-194.	0.5	18
5	Development of Rich Fen on the SE Baltic Coast, Latvia, during the Last 7500 Years, Using Paleocological Proxies: Implications for Plant Community Development and Paleoclimatic Research. <i>Wetlands</i> , 2016, 36, 689-703.	1.5	18
6	Rich fen development in CE Europe, resilience to climate change and human impact over the last ca. 3500 years. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2017, 473, 57-72.	2.3	18
7	Rising temperature modulates pH niches of fen species. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 1023-1037.	9.5	18
8	A multi-proxy long-term ecological investigation into the development of a late Holocene calcareous spring-fed fen ecosystem (Raganu Mire) and boreal forest at the SE Baltic coast (Latvia). <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2021, 126, 107673.	6.3	7
9	Classification of European bog vegetation of the <i>Oxycocco-Sphagnetea</i> class. <i>Applied Vegetation Science</i> , 2022, 25, .	1.9	5
10	High-resolution record of geochemical, vegetational and molluscan shifts in a Central European spring-fed fen: implications for regional paleoclimate during the early and mid-Holocene. <i>Holocene</i> , 2022, 32, 764-779.	1.7	3
11	Limiting climatic factors and habitats of <i>Erica tetralix</i> at the eastern edge of its distribution range. <i>Nordic Journal of Botany</i> , 2015, 33, 624-632.	0.5	1