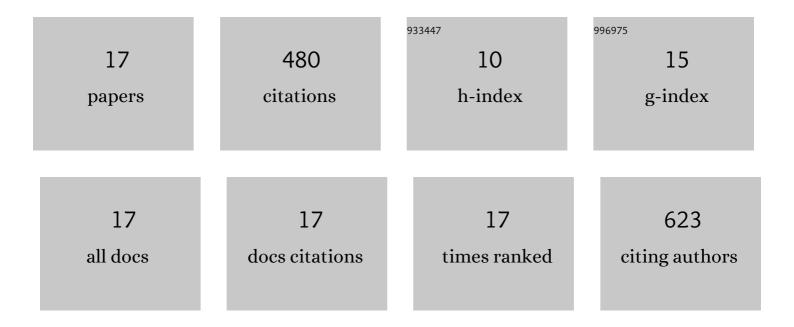
Lenise Arneiro Teixeira

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Clinical and Microbiological Outcomes Associated With Use of Platelet-Rich Plasma in Chronic Venous Leg Uclers. Journal of Wound, Ostomy and Continence Nursing, 2021, 48, 292-299.	1.0	5
2	Avaliação da eficácia de biocidas na remoção de biofilmes produzidos por Pseudomonas aeruginosa multidroga resistentes. Research, Society and Development, 2020, 9, e83996975.	0.1	0
3	Ciprofloxacin-Resistant Kerstersia gyiorum Isolated From a Chronic Wound in Brazil: A Case Report. Wound Management and Prevention, 2020, 66, 42-45.	0.5	0
4	Monitoring and Molecular Characterization of Staphylococcus aureus Isolated from Chronic Wounds. Advances in Skin and Wound Care, 2018, 31, 399-405.	1.0	7
5	Molecular characterization of multidrug-resistant (MDR) Pseudomonas aeruginosa isolated in a burn center. Burns, 2017, 43, 137-143.	1.9	42
6	Production of metallo-β-lactamase among Pseudomonas aeruginosa strains isolated in the State of Sergipe, Brazil. Revista Da Sociedade Brasileira De Medicina Tropical, 2015, 48, 212-215.	0.9	3
7	Influence of papain in biofilm formed by methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus epidermidis and methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus haemolyticus isolates. Brazilian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 2014, 50, 261-267.	1.2	10
8	The antimicrobial susceptibility, biofilm formation and genotypic profiles of Staphylococcus haemolyticus from bloodstream infections. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2013, 108, 812-813.	1.6	36
9	Prevalence, aetiology and antibiotic resistance profiles of coagulase negative staphylococci isolated in a teaching hospital. Brazilian Journal of Microbiology, 2011, 42, 248-255.	2.0	13
10	Comparison of different methods for detecting methicillin resistance in MRSA isolates belonging to international lineages commonly isolated in the American continent. Microbiology and Immunology, 2009, 53, 117-122.	1.4	5
11	Emergence of multiresistant variants of the community-acquired methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus lineage ST1-SCCmecIV in 2 hospitals in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease, 2009, 65, 300-305.	1.8	38
12	Detection and characterization of international community-acquired infections by methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus clones in Rio de Janeiro and Porto Alegre cities causing both community- and hospital-associated diseases. Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease, 2007, 59, 339-345.	1.8	47
13	Commensal isolates of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus epidermidis are also well equipped to produce biofilm on polystyrene surfaces. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2006, 57, 855-864.	3.0	63
14	The Predominant Variant of the Brazilian Epidemic Clonal Complex of Methicillinâ€ResistantStaphylococcus aureusHas an Enhanced Ability to Produce Biofilm and to Adhere to and Invade Airway Epithelial Cells. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2005, 192, 801-810.	4.0	118
15	Isolation of methicillin-resistant coagulase-negative staphylococci from patients undergoing continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis (CAPD) and comparison of different molecular techniques for discriminating isolates of Staphylococcus epidermidis. Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease. 2003. 45. 13-22.	1.8	34
16	Analysis of different molecular methods for typing methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus isolates belonging to the Brazilian epidemic clone. Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2001, 50, 732-742.	1.8	28
17	Spread of the Brazilian epidemic clone of a multiresistant MRSA in two cities in Argentina. Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2000, 49, 187-192.	1.8	31