

Takeshi Kochi

List of Publications by Citations

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4028944/takeshi-kochi-publications-by-citations.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

78
papers

975
citations

18
h-index

27
g-index

89
ext. papers

1,282
ext. citations

4.1
avg, IF

3.66
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
78	Dietary intake of minerals in relation to depressive symptoms in Japanese employees: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 31, 686-90	4.8	58
77	Dietary fiber intake and depressive symptoms in Japanese employees: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 32, 584-9	4.8	57
76	High dietary acid load is associated with insulin resistance: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 35, 453-459	5.9	48
75	High dietary acid load is associated with increased prevalence of hypertension: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 31, 298-303	4.8	43
74	Coffee and green tea consumption is associated with insulin resistance in Japanese adults. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2014 , 63, 400-8	12.7	43
73	Dietary patterns and sleep symptoms in Japanese workers: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2015 , 16, 298-304	4.6	38
72	Development of Risk Score for Predicting 3-Year Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0142779	3.7	33
71	Bedtime and sleep duration in relation to depressive symptoms among Japanese workers. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2013 , 55, 479-86	2.3	32
70	Optimal waist circumference cut-off points and ability of different metabolic syndrome criteria for predicting diabetes in Japanese men and women: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016 , 16, 220	4.1	30
69	Prevalence of diabetes and pre-diabetes among workers: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2014 , 106, 118-27	7.4	28
68	Comparison of body mass index, waist circumference, and waist-to-height ratio for predicting the clustering of cardiometabolic risk factors by age in Japanese workers--Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health study. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2014 , 78, 1160-8	2.9	28
67	Macronutrient intake and depressive symptoms among Japanese male workers: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2014 , 220, 263-8	9.9	27
66	Hba1c, Blood Pressure, and Lipid Control in People with Diabetes: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0159071	3.7	27
65	Association of social jetlag with metabolic syndrome among Japanese working population: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Sleep Medicine</i> , 2018 , 51, 53-58	4.6	23
64	Smoking, Smoking Cessation, and the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes among Japanese Adults: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0132166	3.7	23
63	Dietary patterns derived by reduced rank regression (RRR) and depressive symptoms in Japanese employees: The Furukawa nutrition and health study. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2015 , 229, 214-9	9.9	21
62	Social jetlag is associated with an increased likelihood of having depressive symptoms among the Japanese working population: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Sleep</i> , 2020 , 43,	1.1	21

61	Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D and metabolic syndrome in a Japanese working population: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 36, 26-32	4.8	20
60	Age-, sex-, and diagnosis-specific incidence rate of medically certified long-term sick leave among private sector employees: The Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health (J-ECOH) study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 27, 590-595	3.4	18
59	Association of overtime work and hypertension in a Japanese working population: a cross-sectional study. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2014 , 31, 1108-14	3.6	18
58	Smoking, Smoking Cessation, and the Risk of Hearing Loss: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2019 , 21, 481-488	4.9	18
57	Low serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentrations are associated with increased likelihood of having depressive symptoms among Japanese workers. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 145, 541-6	4.1	16
56	Overtime work and prevalence of diabetes in Japanese employees: Japan epidemiology collaboration on occupational health study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e95732	3.7	16
55	Current status of health among workers in Japan: Results from the Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Industrial Health</i> , 2016 , 54, 505-514	2.5	15
54	Smoking, Smoking Cessation, and Risk of Mortality in a Japanese Working Population - Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2018 , 82, 3005-3012	2.9	14
53	Duration and degree of weight change and risk of incident diabetes: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2017 , 96, 118-123	4.3	13
52	Breakfast consumption and the risk of depressive symptoms: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2019 , 273, 551-558	9.9	13
51	Low serum creatinine and risk of diabetes: The Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Diabetes Investigation</i> , 2019 , 10, 1209-1214	3.9	13
50	Obesity and risk of hearing loss: A prospective cohort study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 870-875	5.9	13
49	Longitudinal adherence to a dietary pattern and risk of depressive symptoms: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 48, 48-54	4.8	12
48	Metabolic syndrome components and diabetes incidence according to the presence or absence of impaired fasting glucose: The Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 27, 408-412	3.4	10
47	Effects of sulfur dioxide on the respiratory system of Miyakejima child residents 6 years after returning to the island. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2015 , 88, 1111-8 ^{3.2}		10
46	Five-year cumulative incidence of overweight and obesity, and longitudinal change in body mass index in Japanese workers: The Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2020 , 62, e12095	2.3	10
45	Influence of sulfur dioxide on the respiratory system of Miyakejima adult residents 6 years after returning to the island. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2017 , 59, 313-326	2.3	9
44	Association of dietary and serum magnesium with glucose metabolism markers: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Clinical Nutrition ESPEN</i> , 2018 , 24, 71-77	1.3	8

43	Smoking Cessation, Weight Gain, and the Trajectory of Estimated Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: 8-Year Follow-up From a Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021 , 23, 85-91	4.9	8
42	Prediabetes and cardiovascular disease risk: A nested case-control study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018 , 278, 1-6	3.1	8
41	Development and validation of risk models to predict the 7-year risk of type 2 diabetes: The Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Diabetes Investigation</i> , 2018 , 9, 1052-1059	3.9	7
40	A cohort study on self-reported respiratory symptoms of toner-handling workers: cross-sectional and longitudinal analysis from 2003 to 2008. <i>BioMed Research International</i> , 2014 , 2014, 826757	3	7
39	Plant oils were associated with low prevalence of impaired glucose metabolism in Japanese workers. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e64758	3.7	7
38	Flushing response modifies the association of alcohol consumption with markers of glucose metabolism in Japanese men and women. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2014 , 38, 1042-1047	3.7	6
37	Diet quality and depressive symptoms among workers. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 1951-1957	5.9	6
36	Prediabetes, Diabetes, and the Risk of All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in a Japanese Working Population: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2021 , 44, 757-764	14.6	6
35	Metabolic Syndrome Over 4 Years Before the Onset of Cardiovascular Disease - Nested Case-Control Study. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2018 , 82, 430-436	2.9	6
34	BMI and Medically Certified Long-Term Sickness Absence Among Japanese Employees. <i>Obesity</i> , 2020 , 28, 437-444	8	5
33	Association of Serum Calcium and Phosphate Concentrations with Glucose Metabolism Markers: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	5
32	Prospective Association between Whole Grain Consumption and Hypertension: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	5
31	Prospective association of soft drink consumption with depressive symptoms. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 81, 110860-110868	4.8	5
30	Sleep Duration Modifies the Association of Overtime Work With Risk of Developing Type 2 Diabetes: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 28, 336-340	3.4	5
29	Prospective study on the association between dietary non-enzymatic antioxidant capacity and depressive symptoms. <i>Clinical Nutrition ESPEN</i> , 2020 , 36, 91-98	1.3	4
28	Noise attenuation of earplugs as measured by hREAT and F-MIRE methods in a Japanese metal manufacturing plant. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2012 , 54, 310-5	2.3	4
27	Associations of anemia and hemoglobin with hemoglobin A1c among non-diabetic workers in Japan. <i>Journal of Diabetes Investigation</i> , 2020 , 11, 719-725	3.9	4
26	Association between anthropometric indices of obesity and risk of cardiovascular disease in Japanese men. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2020 , 62, e12098	2.3	4

25	Demographic and lifestyle correlates of brain-derived neurotrophic factor in a working population: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2019 , 272, 581-586	9.9	4
24	Smoking and Long-Term Sick Leave in a Japanese Working Population: Findings of the Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2021 , 23, 135-142	4.9	4
23	The association of leisure-time physical activity and walking during commuting to work with depressive symptoms among Japanese workers: A cross-sectional study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2020 , 62, e12120	2.3	3
22	Usefulness of a portable internet-enabled ECG recording system for monitoring heart health among Japanese workers residing abroad. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2014 , 56, 387-92	2.3	3
21	Distributions and ranges of values of blood and urinary biomarker of inflammation and oxidative stress in the workers engaged in office machine manufactures: evaluation of reference values. <i>Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine</i> , 2013 , 51, 421-8	5.9	3
20	Prospective Study on the Association Between Adherence to Healthy Lifestyles and Depressive Symptoms Among Japanese Employees: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 30, 288-294	3.4	3
19	The association of work-related stressors and their changes over time with the development of metabolic syndrome: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2018 , 60, 485-493	2.3	3
18	Cumulative Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in a Working Population: The Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 28, 465-469	3.4	3
17	Serum cholesterol levels preceding to suicide death in Japanese workers: a nested case-control study. <i>Acta Neuropsychiatrica</i> , 2019 , 31, 266-269	3.9	2
16	Trajectories of body mass index and waist circumference before the onset of diabetes among people with prediabetes. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 2881-2888	5.9	2
15	A Cohort Study on Respiratory Symptoms and Diseases Caused by Toner-Handling Work: Longitudinal Analyses from 2003 to 2013. <i>Atmosphere</i> , 2019 , 10, 647	2.7	2
14	Nightly fasting duration is not associated with the prevalence of metabolic syndrome among non-shift workers: The Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>American Journal of Human Biology</i> , 2021 , 33, e23437	2.7	2
13	Metabolic syndrome and the increased risk of medically-certified long-term sickness absence: a prospective analysis among Japanese workers. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 ,	3.4	1
12	Eating alone and depressive symptoms among the Japanese working population: The Furukawa nutrition and health study. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2021 , 143, 492-498	5.2	1
11	Visit-to-visit variability of blood pressure and cardiovascular events among the working-age population in Japan: findings from the Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2021 , 44, 1017-1025	4.7	1
10	Shift work and the onset of type 2 diabetes: results from a large-scale cohort among Japanese workers. <i>Acta Diabetologica</i> , 2021 , 58, 1659-1664	3.9	1
9	Diagnosis-specific cumulative incidence of return-to-work, resignation, and death among long-term sick-listed employees: Findings from the Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 ,	3.4	1
8	Loss of Working Life Years Due to Mortality, Sickness Absence, or Ill-health Retirement: A Comprehensive Approach to Estimating Disease Burden in the Workplace. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 31, 403-409	3.4	1

7	Prospective association of confectionery intake with depressive symptoms among Japanese workers: the Furukawa Nutrition and Health Study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 1-6	3.6	1
6	Effects of toner-handling work on respiratory function, chest X-ray findings, and biomarkers of inflammation, allergy, and oxidative stress: a 10-year prospective Japanese cohort study. <i>BMC Pulmonary Medicine</i> , 2020 , 20, 280	3.5	0
5	Diabetes, prediabetes, and suicide deaths in a Japanese working population. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2020 , 138, 110246	4.1	0
4	Prospective study on the association between serum amino acid profiles and depressive symptoms among the Japanese working population. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0256337	3.7	0
3	Diabetes, prediabetes, and long-term sickness absence due to mental disorders: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study.. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2022 , 158, 110925	4.1	0
2	Relationship of chronotype and social jetlag with adherence to the Japanese dietary guidelines among workers. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 1-11	3.6	0
1	Smoking cessation after long-term sick leave due to cancer in comparison with cardiovascular disease: Japan Epidemiology Collaboration on Occupational Health Study. <i>Industrial Health</i> , 2020 , 58, 246-253	2.5	