

Piotr MasojÄ

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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31
papers

864
citations

686830

13
h-index

476904

29
g-index

31
all docs

31
docs citations

31
times ranked

541
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Chromosomal rearrangements in the rye genome relative to that of wheat. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 1993, 85-85, 673-680.	1.8	388
2	Extending a RFLP-based genetic map of rye using random amplified polymorphic DNA (RAPD) and isozyme markers. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2001, 102, 1273-1279.	1.8	52
3	QTLs for resistance to preharvest sprouting in rye (<i>Secale cereale</i> L.). <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2007, 48, 211-217.	1.0	41
4	Relationship between QTLs for preharvest sprouting and alpha-amylase activity in rye grain. <i>Molecular Breeding</i> , 2009, 23, 75-84.	1.0	40
5	New genetic map of rye composed of PCR-based molecular markers and its alignment with the reference map of the DS2 Å— RXL10 intercross. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2007, 48, 11-24.	1.0	36
6	Three classes of loci controlling preharvest sprouting in rye (<i>Secale cereale</i> L.) discerned by means of bidirectional selective genotyping (BSG). <i>Euphytica</i> , 2009, 170, 123-129.	0.6	35
7	Identification of Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms Associated with Brown Rust Resistance, Î±-Amylase Activity and Pre-harvest Sprouting in Rye (<i>Secale cereale</i> L.). <i>Plant Molecular Biology Reporter</i> , 2017, 35, 366-378.	1.0	27
8	Saturating rye genetic map with amplified fragment length polymorphism (AFLP) and random amplified polymorphic DNA (RAPD) markers. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2003, 44, 21-33.	1.0	23
9	Mapping QTLs for alpha-amylase activity in rye grain. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2005, 46, 115-23.	1.0	20
10	Rye SCAR markers for male fertility restoration in the P cytoplasm are also applicable to marker-assisted selection in the C cytoplasm. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2005, 46, 371-3.	1.0	18
11	Identification of a novel, dominant dwarfing gene (Ddw4) and its effect on morphological traits of rye. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0199335.	1.1	17
12	Î±-Amylase structural genes in rye. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 1991, 82, 771-776.	1.8	14
13	Polymorphism and chromosomal location of endogenous Î±-amylase inhibitor genes in common wheat. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 1993, 85, 1043-1048.	1.8	13
14	RAPD markers linked with restorer genes for the C-source of cytoplasmic male sterility in rye (<i>Secale</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rBT /Overlock 10 Tf	1.0	13
15	QTL mapping for benzoxazinoid content, preharvest sprouting, Î±-amylase activity, and leaf rust resistance in rye (<i>Secale cereale</i> L.). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0189912.	1.1	13
16	Pyramiding genes affecting sprouting resistance in Rye by means of marker assisted selection. <i>Euphytica</i> , 2005, 143, 257-260.	0.6	12
17	A consensus map of chromosome 6R in rye (<i>Secale cereale</i> L.). <i>Cellular and Molecular Biology Letters</i> , 2009, 14, 190-8.	2.7	12
18	Comparison of RAPD, ISSR and SSR markers in assessing genetic diversity among rye (<i>Secale cereale</i> L.) inbred lines. <i>Plant Breeding and Seed Science</i> , 2010, 62, 107-115.	0.1	11

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19	Genomic architecture of alpha-amylase activity in mature rye grain relative to that of preharvest sprouting. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2011, 52, 153-160.	1.0	11
20	The application of molecular markers in the process of selection. <i>Cellular and Molecular Biology Letters</i> , 2002, 7, 499-509.	2.7	11
21	The GAMYB gene in rye: sequence, polymorphisms, map location, allele-specific markers, and relationship with α -amylase activity. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2020, 21, 578.	1.2	9
22	Proteomic analysis of preharvest sprouting in rye using two-dimensional electrophoresis and mass spectrometry. <i>Molecular Breeding</i> , 2012, 30, 1355-1361.	1.0	8
23	Genetics of α -amylases from rye endosperm. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 1987, 73, 440-444.	1.8	7
24	Comparative analysis of genetic architectures for nine developmental traits of rye. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2017, 58, 297-305.	1.0	7
25	The mapping of QTLs for chlorophyll content and responsiveness to gibberellic (GA3) and abscisic (ABA) acids in rye. <i>Cellular and Molecular Biology Letters</i> , 2002, 7, 449-55.	2.7	6
26	Proteomic analysis of developing rye grain with contrasting resistance to preharvest sprouting. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2013, 54, 11-19.	1.0	4
27	Genetic analysis carried out in population tails reveals diverse two-loci interactions as a basic factor of quantitative traits variation in rye. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2016, 57, 165-173.	1.0	4
28	A complex network of QTL for thousand-kernel weight in the rye genome. <i>Journal of Applied Genetics</i> , 2020, 61, 337-348.	1.0	4
29	Linkage groups and the indirect chromosome location of cms-P-linked AFLPs. <i>Cellular and Molecular Biology Letters</i> , 2002, 7, 721-36.	2.7	4
30	A Combined Monoclonal and Polyclonal Antibody Sandwich ELISA for Quantification of the Endogenous Alpha-amylase Inhibitor in Barley and Wheat. <i>Journal of Cereal Science</i> , 1993, 17, 115-124.	1.8	3
31	Polymorphism of Endogenous Alpha-amylase Inhibitor in Barley. <i>Journal of Cereal Science</i> , 1994, 20, 43-49.	1.8	1