Stephen E Kearsey

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3994637/stephen-e-kearsey-publications-by-year.pdf

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

26	1,795	15	42
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
80 ext. papers	2,068 ext. citations	11.2 avg, IF	4.4 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
26	Expression of the cancer-associated DNA polymerase IP286R in fission yeast leads to translesion synthesis polymerase dependent hypermutation and defective DNA replication. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2021 , 17, e1009526	6	Ο
25	An essential role for dNTP homeostasis following CDK-induced replication stress. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2019 , 132,	5.3	7
24	Set2 Methyltransferase Facilitates DNA Replication and Promotes Genotoxic Stress Responses through MBF-Dependent Transcription. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2017 , 20, 2693-2705	10.6	15
23	A Critical Balance: dNTPs and the Maintenance of Genome Stability. <i>Genes</i> , 2017 , 8,	4.2	65
22	A panoply of errors: polymerase proofreading domain mutations in cancer. <i>Nature Reviews Cancer</i> , 2016 , 16, 71-81	31.3	205
21	POLE mutations in families predisposed to cutaneous melanoma. Familial Cancer, 2015, 14, 621-8	3	38
20	Cellular regulation of ribonucleotide reductase in eukaryotes. <i>Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2014 , 30, 97-103	7.5	46
19	Real-time imaging of DNA damage in yeast cells using ultra-short near-infrared pulsed laser irradiation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e113325	3.7	3
18	Germline mutations affecting the proofreading domains of POLE and POLD1 predispose to colorectal adenomas and carcinomas. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2013 , 45, 136-44	36.3	686
17	Sequential steps in DNA replication are inhibited to ensure reduction of ploidy in meiosis. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2013 , 24, 578-87	3.5	5
16	Conditional inactivation of replication proteins in fission yeast using hormone-binding domains. <i>Methods</i> , 2012 , 57, 227-33	4.6	2
15	Monitoring DNA replication in fission yeast by incorporation of 5-ethynyl-2bdeoxyuridine. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2011 , 39, e60	20.1	28
14	Cdt1 proteolysis is promoted by dual PIP degrons and is modulated by PCNA ubiquitylation. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2011 , 39, 5978-90	20.1	17
13	Using the DHFR heat-inducible degron for protein inactivation in Schizosaccharomyces pombe. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2009 , 521, 483-92	1.4	10
12	Analysis of Mcm2-7 chromatin binding during anaphase and in the transition to quiescence in fission yeast. <i>Experimental Cell Research</i> , 2006 , 312, 3360-9	4.2	14
11	DNA damage induces Cdt1 proteolysis in fission yeast through a pathway dependent on Cdt2 and Ddb1. <i>EMBO Reports</i> , 2006 , 7, 1134-9	6.5	75
10	In situ assay for analyzing the chromatin binding of proteins in fission yeast. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2005 , 296, 181-8	1.4	10

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

9	Enigmatic variations: divergent modes of regulating eukaryotic DNA replication. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2003 , 12, 1067-75	17.6	76	
8	Surveying genome replication. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2002 , 3, REVIEWS1016	18.3	1	
7	MCM2-7 proteins are essential components of prereplicative complexes that accumulate cooperatively in the nucleus during G1-phase and are required to establish, but not maintain, the S-phase checkpoint. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2001 , 12, 3658-67	3.5	115	
6	MCM proteins: evolution, properties, and role in DNA replication. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta Gene Regulatory Mechanisms</i> , 1998 , 1398, 113-36		198	
5	The role of MCM proteins in the cell cycle control of genome duplication. <i>BioEssays</i> , 1996 , 18, 183-90	4.1	130	
4	The yeast co-activator GAL11 positively influences transcription of the phosphoglycerate kinase gene, but only when RAP1 is bound to its upstream activation sequence. <i>Molecular Genetics and Genomics</i> , 1994 , 243, 207-14		15	
3	TFIIS and strand-transfer proteins. <i>Nature</i> , 1991 , 353, 509	50.4	20	
2	Replication origins in yeast chromosomes. <i>BioEssays</i> , 1986 , 4, 157-161	4.1	11	
1	Eukaryotic DNA Polymerases		3	