

# Stefanie Jacomet

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

53  
papers

1,630  
citations

257450

24  
h-index

302126

39  
g-index

55  
all docs

55  
docs citations

55  
times ranked

1406  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The search for a needle in a haystack – New studies on plant use during the Mesolithic in southwest Central Europe. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2022, 41, 103308.	0.5	1
2	Small Animals, Big Impact? Early Farmers and Pre- and Post-Harvest Pests from the Middle Neolithic Site of Les Bagnoles in the South-East of France (L'Isle-sur-la-Sorgue, Vaucluse, France). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2021, 30, 102150.	1.5	69
3	Middle Neolithic farming of open-air sites in SE France: new insights from archaeobotanical investigations of three wells found at Les Bagnoles (L'Isle-sur-la-Sorgue, Vaucluse, France). <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2021, 30, 445-461.	2.1	4
4	Layers rich in aquatic and wetland plants within complex anthropogenic stratigraphies and their contribution to disentangling taphonomic processes. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2018, 27, 45-64.	2.1	8
5	Middens, currents and shorelines: Complex depositional processes of waterlogged prehistoric lakeside settlements based on the example of Zurich-Parkhaus Opéra (Switzerland). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2018, 97, 26-41.	2.4	12
6	The bigger the better? On sample volume and the representativeness of archaeobotanical data in waterlogged deposits. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2017, 12, 323-333.	0.5	6
7	Subsampling of large-volume samples in waterlogged sediments. A time-saving strategy or a source of error?. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2017, 245, 10-27.	1.5	1
8	Studying the preservation of plant macroremains from waterlogged archaeological deposits for an assessment of layer taphonomy. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2017, 246, 120-145.	1.5	14
9	State of the (t)art. Analytical approaches in the investigation of components and production traits of archaeological bread-like objects, applied to two finds from the Neolithic lakeshore settlement Parkhaus Opéra (Zürich, Switzerland). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0182401.	2.5	48
10	On-site data cast doubts on the hypothesis of shifting cultivation in the late Neolithic (c. 4300–2400 BC) at the site of Les Bagnoles (L'Isle-sur-la-Sorgue, France). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2017, 12, 334-344.	1.7	65
11	Cereal chaff used as temper in loom-weights: new evidence from a Slovenian Eneolithic pile-dwelling site (ca. 3100 cal BC). <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2016, 25, 291-301.	2.1	3
12	Slash and burn or weed and manure? A modelling approach to explore hypotheses of late Neolithic crop cultivation in pre-alpine wetland sites. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2016, 25, 611-627.	2.1	29
13	Quantitative approximation to large-seeded wild fruit use in a late Neolithic lake dwelling: New results from the case study of layer 13 of Parkhaus Opéra in Zürich (Central Switzerland). <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2016, 404, 56-68.	1.5	24
14	Wild fruit use among early farmers in the Neolithic (5400–2300 cal BC) in the north-east of the Iberian Peninsula: an intensive practice?. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2015, 24, 19-33.	2.1	63
15	What is a litre of sediment? Testing volume measurement techniques for wet sediment and their implications in archaeobotanical analyses at the Late Neolithic lake-dwelling site of Parkhaus Opéra (Zürich, Switzerland). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2015, 61, 36-44.	2.4	11
16	The hard knock life. Archaeobotanical data on farming practices during the Neolithic (5400–2300 cal BC) in the NE of the Iberian Peninsula. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2015, 61, 90-104.	2.4	57
17	Testing of the consistency of the sieving (wash-over) process of waterlogged sediments by multiple operators. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2015, 2, 310-320.	0.5	14
18	Desiccated diaspores from building materials: methodological aspects of processing mudbrick for archaeobotanical studies and first results of a study of earth buildings in southwest Hungary. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2015, 24, 427-440.	2.1	6

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19	An integrated perspective on farming in the early Neolithic lakeshore site of La Draga (Banyoles,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock	1.2	59
20	Molecular and isotopic characterization of lipids staining bone and antler tools in the Late Neolithic settlement, Zurich Opera Parking, Switzerland. <i>Organic Geochemistry</i> , 2014, 69, 11-25.	1.8	20
21	The potential of palaeoecological studies in archaeological wetland sites of the southern Baltic regions. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2014, 23, 339-340.	2.1	4
22	A Fistful of Bladdernuts: The Shifting Uses of <i>Staphylea pinnata</i> L. as Documented by Archaeology, History, and Ethnology. <i>Folk Life</i> , 2014, 52, 95-136.	0.1	6
23	The Application of Systematic Sampling Strategies for Bioarchaeological Studies in the Early Neolithic Lakeshore Site of La Draga (Banyoles, Spain). <i>Journal of Wetland Archaeology</i> , 2013, 13, 29-49.	1.2	10
24	First evidence of <i>Mespilus germanica</i> L. (medlar) in Roman Switzerland. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2012, 21, 61-68.	2.1	5
25	Plant economy at a late Neolithic lake dwelling site in Slovenia at the time of the Alpine Iceman. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2011, 20, 207-222.	2.1	36
26	Short climatic fluctuations and their impact on human economies and societies: the potential of the Neolithic lake shore settlements in the Alpine foreland. <i>Environmental Archaeology</i> , 2010, 15, 173-182.	1.2	44
27	Recovery techniques for waterlogged archaeological sediments: a comparison of different treatment methods for samples from Neolithic lake shore settlements. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2010, 19, 53-67.	2.1	28
28	Plant economy and village life in Neolithic lake dwellings at the time of the Alpine Iceman. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2009, 18, 47-59.	2.1	59
29	The diet of Eneolithic (Copper Age, Fourth millennium cal b.c.) pile dwellers and the early formation of the cultural landscape south of the Alps: a case study from Slovenia. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2009, 18, 75-89.	2.1	28
30	Plant economy during the Neolithic in a mountain context: the case of "Le Chenet des Pierres" in the French Alps (Bozel-Savoie, France). <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2008, 17, 113-122.	2.1	27
31	Comparing different pre-treatment methods for strongly compacted organic sediments prior to wet-sieving: a case study on Roman waterlogged deposits. <i>Environmental Archaeology</i> , 2007, 12, 207-214.	1.2	24
32	Distribution patterns of cultivated plants in the Eastern Alps (Central Europe) during Iron Age. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2007, 34, 243-254.	2.4	33
33	Chemical analyses of organic residues in archaeological pottery from Arbon Bleiche 3, Switzerland "evidence for dairying in the late Neolithic. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2006, 33, 1-13.	2.4	170
34	Plant economy of the northern Alpine lake dwellings "3500"2400 cal. BC. <i>Environmental Archaeology</i> , 2006, 11, 65-85.	1.2	29
35	The value of the archaeobotanical analysis of desiccated plant remains from old buildings: methodological aspects and interpretation of crop weed assemblages. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2006, 15, 45-56.	2.1	17
36	The significance of climate fluctuations for lake level changes and shifts in subsistence economy during the late Neolithic (4300"2400 b.c.) in central Europe. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2006, 15, 403-418.	2.1	50

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37	Introduction to the special issue "Interaction between Man and Plants. New Progress in Archaeobotanical Research". <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2005, 14, 235-236.	2.1	2
38	Morphological and genetic studies of waterlogged <i>Prunus</i> species from the Roman vicus Tasgetium (Eschenz, Switzerland). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2005, 32, 1471-1480.	2.4	52
39	Identifying endocarp remains and exploring their use at Epipalaeolithic $\pi_{1/2}k_{1/2}zini$ in southwest Anatolia, Turkey. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2004, 13, 45-54.	2.1	36
40	Access to luxury foods in Central Europe during the Roman period: the archaeobotanical evidence. <i>World Archaeology</i> , 2003, 34, 542-557.	1.1	158
41	Little Evidence for the Preservation of a Single-Copy Gene in Charred Archaeological Wheat. <i>Ancient Biomolecules</i> , 2002, 4, 65-77.	0.5	15
42	Spelt-specific alleles in HMW glutenin genes from modern and historical European spelt ( <i>Triticum</i> ) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50	3.6	48
43	Some aspects of Late Iron Age agriculture based on the first results of an archaeobotanical investigation at Corvin tÄ©r, Budapest, Hungary. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2002, 11, 9-16.	2.1	13
44	<i>Punica granatum</i> L. (pomegranates) from early Roman contexts in Vindonissa (Switzerland). <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2002, 11, 79-92.	2.1	27
45	New Aspects of Archaeobotanical Research in Central European Neolithic Lake Dwelling Sites. <i>Environmental Archaeology</i> , 2001, 6, 59-71.	1.2	21
46	Plant macrofossils and pollen in goat/sheep faeces from the Neolithic lake-shore settlement Arbon Bleiche 3, Switzerland. <i>Holocene</i> , 1999, 9, 175-182.	1.7	79
47	Branch wood from the lake shore settlements of Horgen Scheller, Switzerland: Evidence for economic specialization in the late Neolithic period. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 1998, 7, 167-178.	2.1	22
48	Coexistence of Tetraploid and Hexaploid Naked Wheat in a Neolithic Lake Dwelling of Central Europe: Evidence from Morphology and Ancient DNA. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 1998, 25, 1111-1118.	2.4	55
49	Analysis of plant macrofossils in goat/sheep faeces from the Neolithic lake shore settlement of Horgen Scheller ? an indication of prehistoric transhumance?. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 1997, 6, 235-239.	2.1	48
50	The history of cereals in the region of the former Duchy of Swabia (Herzogtum Schwaben) from the Roman to the Post-medieval period: results of archaeobotanical research. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 1992, 1, 193.	2.1	24
51	ArchÄologische und baugeschichtliche Untersuchungen in der Deutschritterkapelle in Basel. <i>Jahresbericht Der ArchÄologischen Bodenforschung Basel-Stadt</i> , 0, 1988, 110-193.	0.0	0
52	Verkohlte Pflanzenreste aus einem frÄmittelalterlichen Grubenhaus (7./8. Jh. AD) auf dem Basler MÄ¼nsterhÄ¼gel. Grabung MÄ¼nsterplatz 16, Reischacherhof, 1977/3. <i>Jahresbericht Der ArchÄologischen Bodenforschung Basel-Stadt</i> , 0, 1991, 106-143.	0.0	5
53	SpÄtmittelalterliche Getreidefunde aus einer Brandschicht des Basler Rosshof-Areales (15.) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50	0.0	1