William E Cooper

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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181 7,342 44 75
papers citations h-index g-index

184 184 184 2692

184 184 184 2692 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Optimal flight initiation distance. Journal of Theoretical Biology, 2007, 244, 59-67.	1.7	331
2	Chemical discrimination by tongue-flicking in lizards: A review with hypotheses on its origin and its ecological and phylogenetic relationships. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1994, 20, 439-487.	1.8	266
3	History and the Global Ecology of Squamate Reptiles. American Naturalist, 2003, 162, 44-60.	2.1	249
4	Distribution, extent, and evolution of plant consumption by lizards. Journal of Zoology, 2002, 257, 487-517.	1.7	207
5	Foraging mode, prey chemical discrimination, and phylogeny in lizards. Animal Behaviour, 1995, 50, 973-985.	1.9	206
6	A comparative analysis of scoring methods for chemical discrimination of prey by squamate reptiles. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1990, 16, 45-65.	1.8	186
7	Locomotor impairment and defense in gravid lizards (Eumeces laticeps): behavioral shift in activity may offset costs of reproduction in an active forager. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 1990, 27, 153-157.	1.4	164
8	Female mate choice of large male broad-headed skinks. Animal Behaviour, 1993, 45, 683-693.	1.9	148
9	Tail loss, tail color, and predator escape in Eumeces (Lacertilia: Scincidae): age-specific differences in costs and benefits. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 1986, 64, 583-592.	1.0	129
10	Escape by a refuging prey, the broad-headed skink (<i>Eumeces laticeps</i>). Canadian Journal of Zoology, 1997, 75, 943-947.	1.0	127
11	Correlated evolution of prey chemical discrimination with foraging, lingual morphology and vomeronasal chemoreceptor abundance in lizards. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 1997, 41, 257-265.	1.4	122
12	Fifty years of chasing lizards: new insights advance optimal escape theory. Biological Reviews, 2016, 91, 349-366.	10.4	114
13	Threat Factors Affecting Antipredatory Behavior in the Broad-Headed Skink (Eumeces laticeps): Repeated Approach, Change in Predator Path, and Predator's Field of View. Copeia, 1997, 1997, 613.	1.3	112
14	Vomerolfaction and vomodor. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1990, 16, 103-105.	1.8	105
15	TRADEOFFS BETWEEN PREDATION RISK AND FEEDING IN A LIZARD, THE BROAD-HEADED SKINK (EUMECES) TJ E	ТQg1 1 0.7	784314 rgET
16	Blue Tails and Autotomy: Enhancement of Predation Avoidance in Juvenile Skinks. Zeitschrift Für Tierpsychologie, 1985, 70, 265-276.	0.2	98
17	Title is missing!. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1998, 24, 841-866.	1.8	98
18	Island tameness: living on islands reduces flight initiation distance. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2014, 281, 20133019.	2.6	95

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE ON ESCAPE BEHAVIOUR BY AN ECTOTHERMIC VERTEBRATE, THE KEELED EARLESS LIZARD (HOLBROOKIA PROPINQUA). Behaviour, 2000, 137, 1299-1315.	0.8	91
20	Chapter 5. Prey Chemical Discrimination, Foraging Mode, and Phylogeny., 1994,, 95-116.		90
21	Conspecific odor detection by the male broad-headed skink, Eumeces laticeps: Effects of sex and site of odor source and of male reproductive condition. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 1984, 230, 199-209.	1.4	86
22	Shifted balance of risk and cost after autotomy affects use of cover, escape, activity, and foraging in the keeled earless lizard (Holbrookia propinqua). Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2003, 54, 179-187.	1.4	83
23	When to Come Out from a Refuge: Balancing Predation Risk and Foraging Opportunities in an Alpine Lizard. Ethology, 2003, 109, 77-87.	1.1	83
24	Predator lethality, optimal escape behavior, and autotomy. Behavioral Ecology, 2010, 21, 91-96.	2.2	82
25	Pheromone detection by an amphisbaenıÌan. Animal Behaviour, 1994, 47, 1401-1411.	1.9	80
26	Ease and effectiveness of costly autotomy vary with predation intensity among lizard populations. Journal of Zoology, 2004, 262, 243-255.	1.7	80
27	Tongue-flicking and biting in response to chemical food stimuli by an iguanid lizard (Dipsosaurus) Tj ETQq1 1 0.78 Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1991, 17, 135-146.	4314 rgBT 1.8	「Overlock 73
28	Pheromonal discriminations of sex, reproductive condition, and species by the lacertid lizardPodarcis hispanica. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 2002, 292, 523-527.	1.4	72
29	Effect of Risk on Aspects of Escape Behavior by a Lizard, Holbrookia propinqua , in Relation to Optimal Escape Theory. Ethology, 2003, 109, 617-626.	1.1	71
30	The foraging mode controversy: both continuous variation and clustering of foraging movements occur. Journal of Zoology, 2005, 267, 179.	1.7	71
31	Visual monitoring of predators: occurrence, cost and benefit for escape. Animal Behaviour, 2008, 76, 1365-1372.	1.9	69
32	TRADEOFFS BETWEEN ESCAPE BEHAVIOR AND FORAGING OPPORTUNITY BY THE BALEARIC LIZARD (PODARCIS) T	ij <u>Е</u> ŢQq0 0	0.rgBT /Ov
33	Multiple Roles of Tail Display by the Curly-Tailed Lizard Leiocephalus carinatus: Pursuit Deterrent and Deflective Roles of a Social Signal. Ethology, 2001, 107, 1137-1149.	1.1	66
34	Influence of detectability and ability to escape on natural selection of conspicuous autotomous defenses. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 1991, 69, 757-764.	1.0	61
35	Foraging modes of cordyliform lizards. South African Journal of Zoology, 1997, 32, 9-13.	0.5	61
36	Beyond optimal escape theory: microhabitats as well as predation risk affect escape and refuge use by the phrynosomatid lizard Sceloporus virgatus. Behaviour, 2007, 144, 1235-1254.	0.8	60

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37	Prey Odor Detection by Teiid and Lacertid Lizards and the Relationship of Prey Odor Detection to Foraging Mode in Lizard Families. Copeia, 1990, 1990, 237.	1.3	59
38	Pheromonal Detection and Sex Discrimination of Conspecific Substrate Deposits by the Rock-Dwelling Cordylid Lizard Cordylus cordylus. Copeia, 1996, 1996, 839.	1.3	58
39	Universal Optimization of Flight Initiation Distance and Habitat-Driven Variation in Escape Tactics in a Namibian Lizard Assemblage. Ethology, 2007, 113, 661-672.	1.1	57
40	Dynamic Risk Assessment: Prey Rapidly Adjust Flight Initiation Distance to Changes in Predator Approach Speed. Ethology, 2006, 112, 858-864.	1,1	56
41	Optimal time to emerge from refuge. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 0, 91, 375-382.	1.6	55
42	Magnitude of food reward affects escape behavior and acceptable risk in Balearic lizards, Podarcis lilfordi. Behavioral Ecology, 2006, 17, 554-559.	2.2	52
43	Risk factors and escape strategy in the grasshopper Dissosteira carolina. Behaviour, 2006, 143, 1201-1218.	0.8	51
44	Prey odor discrimination by the broad-headed skink (Eumeces laticeps). The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 1989, 249, 11-16.	1.4	50
45	Responses to prey chemicals by a lacertid lizard, Podarcis muralis: Prey chemical discrimination and poststrike elevation in tongue-flick rate. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1991, 17, 849-863.	1.8	48
46	Prey or predator? Body size of an approaching animal affects decisions to attack or escape. Behavioral Ecology, 2010, 21, 1278-1284.	2.2	47
47	Effects of refuge and conspicuousness on escape behavior by the broad-headed skink (Eumeces) Tj ETQq $1\ 1$	0.784314 rgBT	Overlock 46
48	Effective Crypsis and Its Maintenance by Immobility in Craugastor Frogs. Copeia, 2008, 2008, 527-532.	1.3	46
49	Interactive effect of starting distance and approach speed on escape behavior challenges theory. Behavioral Ecology, 2009, 20, 542-546.	2.2	46
50	Foraging modes in lacertid lizards from southern Africa. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1999, 20, 299-311.	0.5	45
51	Female secondary sexual coloration and sex recognition in the keeled earless lizard, Holbrookia propinqua. Animal Behaviour, 1984, 32, 1142-1150.	1.9	44
52	Tracking of Female Conspecific Odor Trails by Male Broadâ€headed Skinks (<i>Eumeces laticeps</i>). Ethology, 1986, 71, 242-248.	1.1	44
53	Sex, Age, and Population Density Affect Aggressive Behaviors in Island Lizards Promoting Cannibalism. Ethology, 2015, 121, 260-269.	1.1	44
54	Sex and social costs of escaping in the striped plateau lizard Sceloporus virgatus. Behavioral Ecology, 2007, 18, 764-768.	2.2	43

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55	Optimal escape theory predicts escape behaviors beyond flight initiation distance: risk assessment and escape by striped plateau lizards Sceloporus virgatus. Environmental Epigenetics, 2009, 55, 123-131.	1.8	43
56	Prey Odor Discrimination in the Varanoid Lizards <i>Heloderma suspectum</i> and <i>Varanus exanthematicus</i> . Ethology, 1989, 81, 250-258.	1.1	41
57	Prey chemical discrimination indicated by tongue-flicking in the eublepharid geckoColeonyx variegatus. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 1998, 281, 21-25.	1.4	40
58	Flight initiation distance decreases during social activity in lizards (Sceloporus virgatus). Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2009, 63, 1765-1771.	1.4	40
59	Detection of conspecific odors by the female broad-headed skink, Eumeces laticeps. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 1984, 229, 49-54.	1.4	39
60	Prey Chemical Discrimination and Foraging Mode in Gekkonoid Lizards. Herpetological Monographs, 1995, 9, 120.	0.8	39
61	Ambush and Active Foraging Modes Both Occur in the Scincid GenusMabuya. Copeia, 2000, 2000, 112-118.	1.3	38
62	Strike-induced chemosensory searching occurs in lizards. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1989, 15, 1311-1320.	1.8	37
63	Chemosensory Recognition of Familiar and Unfamiliar Conspecifics by the Scincid Lizard <i>Eumeces laticeps</i> . Ethology, 1996, 102, 454-464.	1.1	37
64	Hormonal induction of secondary sexual coloration and rejection behaviour in female keeled earless lizards, Holbrookia propinqua. Animal Behaviour, 1987, 35, 1177-1187.	1.9	35
65	Visual guidance of predatory attack by a scincid lizard, Eumeces laticeps. Animal Behaviour, 1981, 29, 1127-1136.	1.9	34
66	Preliminary reconstructions of nasal chemosensory evolution in Squamata. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1996, 17, 395-415.	0.5	34
67	An Adaptive Difference in the Relationship between Foraging Mode and Responses to Prey Chemicals in two Congeneric Scincid Lizards. Ethology, 2000, 106, 193-206.	1.1	34
68	Lingual responces to chemical fractions of urodaeal glandular pheromone to the skinkEumeces laticeps. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 1987, 242, 249-253.	1.4	33
69	Multiple functions of extraoral lingual behaviour in iguanian lizards: prey capture, grooming and swallowing, but not prey detection. Animal Behaviour, 1994, 47, 765-775.	1.9	33
70	Independent evolution of squamate olfaction and vomerolfaction and correlated evolution of vomerolfaction and lingual structure. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1997, 18, 85-105.	0.5	33
71	Number, Speeds, and Approach Paths of Predators Affect Escape Behavior by the Balearic Lizard, Podarcis Lilfordi. Journal of Herpetology, 2007, 41, 197-204.	0.5	33
72	Behavioural responses by hatchling racers (Coluber constrictor) from two geographically distinct populations to chemical stimuli from potential prey and predators. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2000, 21, 103-115.	0.5	32

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73	Supplementation of Phylogenetically Correct Data by Two-Species Comparison: Support for Correlated Evolution of Foraging Mode and Prey Chemical Discrimination in Lizards Extended by First Intrageneric Evidence. Oikos, 1999, 87, 97.	2.7	31
74	Pursuit deterrent signalling by the bonaire whiptail lizard Cnemidophorus murinus. Behaviour, 2004, 141, 297-311.	0.8	31
7 5	Historical influence of predation pressure on escape by Podarcis lizards in the Balearic Islands. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2012, 107, 254-268.	1.6	31
76	Conspicuousness and vestigial escape behaviour by two dendrobatid frogs, Dendrobates auratus and Oophaga pumilio. Behaviour, 2009, 146, 325-349.	0.8	30
77	Thermal Dependence of Tongueâ€flicking and Comments on Use of Tongueâ€flicking as an Index of Squamate Behavior. Ethology, 1986, 71, 177-186.	1.1	30
78	Ethological Isolation, Sexual Behavior and Pheromones in the <i>Fasciatus</i> Species Group of the Lizard Genus <i>Eumeces</i> Ethology, 1987, 75, 328-336.	1.1	29
79	Kleptoparasitism in the Balearic lizard, Podarcis lilfordi. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2003, 24, 219-224.	0.5	28
80	Tandem evolution of diet and chemosensory responses in snakes. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2008, 29, 393-398.	0.5	28
81	Influence of Some Potential Predation Risk Factors and Interaction between Predation Risk and Cost of Fleeing on Escape by the Lizard Sceloporus virgatus. Ethology, 2011, 117, 620-629.	1.1	28
82	Female Residency and Courtship intensity in a Territorial Lizard, Holbrookia propinqua. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1985, 6, 63-69.	0.5	26
83	Pheromonal Discrimination of Sex by Male and Female Leopard Geckos (Eublepharis macularius). Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1997, 23, 2967-2977.	1.8	26
84	Incompletely Protective Refuges: Selection and Associated Defences by a Lizard, Cordylus cordylus (Squamata: Cordylidae). Ethology, 1999, 105, 687-700.	1.1	26
85	Pursuit deterrence varies with predation risks affecting escape behaviour inÂtheÂlizard Callisaurus draconoides. Animal Behaviour, 2010, 80, 249-256.	1.9	26
86	Prey odor discrimination by ingestively naive coachwhip snakes(Masticophis flagellum). Chemoecology, 1990, 1, 86-91.	1.1	25
87	Increased predation risk while mate guarding as a cost of reproduction for male broad-headed skinks () Tj ETQq1	1 8:38431	4_rgBT /Ove
88	FEAR, Spontaneity, and Artifact in Economic Escape Theory: A Review and Prospectus. Advances in the Study of Behavior, 2015, 47, 147-179.	1.6	25
89	Sex, Reproductive Status, and Cost of Tail Autotomy via Decreased Running Speed in Lizards. Ethology, 2009, 115, 7-13.	1.1	24
90	Strikeâ€induced Chemosensory Searching in the Colubrid Snakes <i>Elaphe g. guttata </i> and <i>Thamnophis sirtalis </i> Ethology, 1989, 81, 19-28.	1.1	24

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91	Latency to flee from an immobile predator: effects of predation risk and cost of immobility for the prey. Behavioral Ecology, 2012, 23, 790-797.	2.2	24
92	Movement and Substrate Tongue Flicks in Phrynosomatid Lizards. Copeia, 1994, 1994, 234.	1.3	23
93	Title is missing!. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1999, 25, 197-208.	1.8	23
94	Food chemical discriminations by an herbivorous lizard, Corucia zebrata, 2000, 286, 372-378.		23
95	Lingual and biting responses to selected lipids by the lizard Podarcis lilfordi. Physiology and Behavior, 2002, 75, 237-241.	2.1	23
96	Absence of Prey Chemical Discrimination by Tongueâ€flicking in an Ambushâ€foraging Lizard Having Actively Foraging Ancestors. Ethology, 1994, 97, 317-328.	1.1	23
97	Evolution and function of lingual shape in lizards, with emphasis on elongation, extensibility, and chemical sampling. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1995, 21, 477-505.	1.8	22
98	Responses to chemical cues from animal and plant foods by actively foraging insectivorous and omnivorous scincine lizards. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 2000, 287, 327-339.	1.4	22
99	Title is missing!. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2000, 26, 1623-1634.	1.8	22
100	Variation in Escape Behavior among Individuals of the Striped Plateau Lizard Sceloporus virgatus May Reflect Differences in Boldness. Journal of Herpetology, 2009, 43, 495-502.	0.5	22
101	Age, sex and escape behaviour in the Striped Plateau Lizard (Sceloporus virgatus) and the Mountain Spiny Lizard (S. jarrovii), with a review of age and sex effects on escape by lizards. Behaviour, 2011, 148, 1215-1238.	0.8	22
102	Sex differences in lizard escape decisions vary with latitude, but not sexual dimorphism. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2015, 282, 20150050.	2.6	22
103	Responses to major categories of food chemicals by the lizard Podarcis lilfordi. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2002, 28, 709-720.	1.8	21
104	Chemosensory responses to sugar and fat by the omnivorous lizard Gallotia caesaris. Physiology and Behavior, 2001, 73, 509-516.	2.1	20
105	Location of fruit using only airborne odor cues by a lizard. Physiology and Behavior, 2001, 74, 339-342.	2.1	20
106	Thermal Cost of Refuge Use Affects Refuge Entry and Hiding Time by Striped Plateau Lizards Sceloporus virgatus. Herpetologica, 2008, 64, 406-412.	0.4	20
107	Risk Assessment and Withdrawal Behavior by Two Species of Aposematic Poison Frogs, <i>Dendrobates auratus</i> and <i>Oophaga pumilio</i> , on Forest Trails. Ethology, 2009, 115, 311-320.	1.1	20
108	Aggressive Behavior and Courtship Rejection in Brightly and Plainly Colored Female Keeled Earless Lizards (<i>Holbrookia propinqua</i>). Ethology, 1988, 77, 265-278.	1.1	20

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109	Discrimination of integumentary prey chemicals and strike-induced chemosensory searching in the ball python, Python regius. Journal of Ethology, 1991, 9, 9-23.	0.8	19
110	Caudal autotomy in the Eastern garter snake, Thamnophis S. sirtalis. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1993, 14, 86-89.	0.5	19
111	Title is missing!. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1999, 25, 1531-1541.	1.8	19
112	Cologne as a pungency control in tests of chemical discrimination: effects of concentration, brand, and simultaneous and sequential presentation. Journal of Ethology, 2003, 21, 101-106.	0.8	18
113	DURATION OF MOVEMENT AS A LIZARD FORAGING MOVEMENT VARIABLE. Herpetologica, 2005, 61, 363-372.	0.4	18
114	Crypsis influences escape decisions in the Round-tailed Horned Lizard (Phrynosoma modestum). Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2010, 88, 1003-1010.	1.0	18
115	Correspondence Between Diet and Food Chemical Discriminations by Omnivorous Geckos (Rhacodactylus). Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2000, 26, 755-763.	1.8	17
116	Food-chemical discrimination and correlated evolution between plant diet and plant-chemical discrimination in lacertiform lizards. Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2002, 80, 655-663.	1.0	17
117	Behavioral responses to plant toxins by two omnivorous lizard species. Physiology and Behavior, 2002, 76, 297-303.	2.1	17
118	Pursuit deterrence, predation risk, and escape in the lizard Callisaurus draconoides. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2011, 65, 1833.	1.4	17
119	Elevation in tongue-flick rate after biting prey in the broad-headed skink, Eumeces laticeps. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1992, 18, 455-467.	1.8	16
120	Prey chemical discrimination and strike-induced chemosensory searching in the lizardLiolaemus zapallarensis. Chemoecology, 1993, 4, 86-92.	1.1	16
121	Effects of recent movement, starting distance and otherÂrisk factors on escape behaviour by two phrynosomatid lizards. Behaviour, 2013, 150, 447-469.	0.8	16
122	Food chemical cues elicit general and population-specific effects on lingual and biting behaviors in the lacertid lizardPodarcis lilfordi. The Journal of Experimental Zoology, 2001, 290, 207-217.	1.4	15
123	Ecomorphological variation in foraging behaviour by Puerto Rican Anolis lizards. Journal of Zoology, 2005, 265, 133-139.	1.7	15
124	Lizard chemical senses, chemosensory behavior, and foraging mode., 0,, 237-270.		15
125	Choosing between a rock and a hard place: Camouflage in the round-tailed horned lizard Phrynosoma modestum. Environmental Epigenetics, 2012, 58, 541-548.	1.8	15
126	Predation Risk and Opportunity Cost of Fleeing While Foraging on Plants Influence Escape Decisions of an Insular Lizard. Ethology, 2013, 119, 522-530.	1.1	15

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127	Strategic Escape Direction: Orientation, Turning, and Escape Trajectories of Zebraâ€Tailed Lizards (<i>Callisaurus draconoides</i>). Ethology, 2016, 122, 542-551.	1.1	14
128	Postbite elevation in tongue-flicking rate by an iguanian lizard, Dipsosaurus dorsalis. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1993, 19, 2329-2336.	1.8	13
129	Coordinated Ontogeny of Food Preference and Responses to Chemical Food Stimuli by a Lizard Ctenosaura pectinata (Reptilia: Iguanidae). Ethology, 2001, 107, 639-653.	1.1	13
130	Strong response to anuran chemical cues by an extreme dietary specialist, the eastern hog-nosed snake (Heterodon platirhinos). Canadian Journal of Zoology, 2007, 85, 619-625.	1.0	13
131	Theory: models of escape behavior and refuge use. , 2015, , 17-60.		13
132	Escape tactics and effects of perch height and habituation on flight initiation distance in two Jamaican anoles (Squamata: Polychrotidae). Revista De Biologia Tropical, 2010, 58, 1199-209.	0.4	13
133	Foraging mode and evolution of strike-induced chemosensory searching in lizards. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2003, 29, 1013-1026.	1.8	12
134	Risk and cost of immobility in the presence of an immobile predator. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2013, 67, 583-592.	1.4	12
135	Fleeing to refuge: Escape decisions in the race for life. Journal of Theoretical Biology, 2016, 406, 129-136.	1.7	12
136	Prey chemical discrimination and strike-induced chemosensory searching in lizards: Their absence in a crotaphytid lizard (Crotaphytus collaris) and a proposal for research in zoos. Zoo Biology, 1996, 15, 239-253.	1.2	11
137	Plant chemical discriminations by an herbivorous iguanid lizard, Sauromalus ater. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2001, 22, 69-80.	0.5	11
138	Risk, Escape from Ambush, and Hiding Time in the Lizard <i>Sceloporus virgatus</i> Li>. Herpetologica, 2012, 68, 505-513.	0.4	11
139	Observations on activity, display behavior, coloration and androgen levels in the keeled earless lizard, Holbrookia propinqua. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1991, 12, 57-66.	0.5	10
140	Prey chemical discrimination in ambush foragers: absence in representatives of two additional iguanian lizard families and probable olfactory mediation in a gekkonine gecko. Chemoecology, 1999, 9, 155-159.	1.1	10
141	Plesiomorphic Escape Decisions in Cryptic Horned Lizards (<i>Phrynosoma</i>) Having Highly Derived Antipredatory Defenses. Ethology, 2010, 116, 920-928.	1.1	10
142	Strike-induced chemosensory searching by a teiid lizard, the golden tegu (Tupinambis nigropunctatus). Chemoecology, 1993, 4, 79-85.	1.1	9
143	Progesterone induces bright orange throat coloration in female Petrosaurus mearnsi. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1993, 14, 213-221.	0.5	9
144	Prolonged poststrike elevation in tongue-flicking rate with rapid onset in gila monster, Heloderma suspectum: Relation to diet and foraging and implications for evolution of chemosensory searching. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 1994, 20, 2867-2881.	1.8	9

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145	Chemosensory responses to foods by an herbivorous acrodont lizard, Uromastyx aegyptius. Journal of Ethology, 2002, 20, 95-100.	0.8	9
146	Responses by a generalist predator, the Balearic lizard Podarcis lilfordi, to chemical cues from taxonomically diverse prey. Acta Ethologica, 2002, 4, 119-124.	0.9	9
147	FEAR and DREAD: starting distance, escape decisions and time hiding in refuge. Behaviour, 2015, 152, 1371-1389.	0.8	9
148	Discrimination of male conspecific from male heterospecific odors by male scincid lizards (Eumeces) Tj ETQq0 0	0 rgBT /O\ 1.4	verlock 10 Tf !
149	Lingual and biting responses to prey chemicals by ingestively naive scincid lizards: discrimination from control chemicals, time course, and effect of method of stimulus presentation. Chemoecology, 2000, 10, 51-58.	1.1	8
150	Responses to prey and plant chemicals by three iguanian lizards: relationship to plants in the diet. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2001, 22, 349-361.	0.5	8
151	Escape and alerting responses by Balearic lizards (Podarcis lilfordi) to movement and turning direction by nearby predators. Journal of Ethology, 2010, 28, 67.	0.8	8
152	Longer Hiding Time in Refuge Implies Greater Assessed Risk After Capture and Autotomy in Striped Plateau Lizards (Sceloporus virgatus). Herpetologica, 2010, 66, 425-431.	0.4	8
153	Strike-induced chemosensory searching is absent in Anolis carolinensis. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1994, 15, 83-88.	0.5	7
154	Influence of Risk on Hiding Time by Balearic Lizards (Podarcis lilfordi): Predator Approach Speed, Directness, Persistence, and Proximity. Herpetologica, 2010, 66, 131-141.	0.4	7
155	Do lingual behaviors and locomotion by two gekkotan lizards after experimental loss of bitten prey indicate chemosensory search?. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1996, 17, 217-231.	0.5	6
156	Chemical Discrimination of Potential Food Items by a Xantusiid Lizard, Lepidophyma flavimaculatum. Journal of Herpetology, 2000, 34, 323.	0.5	6
157	Prey Size Selection under Simultaneous Choice by the Broad-Headed Skink (Eumeces laticeps). Ethology, 2007, 113, 417-425.	1.1	6
158	Risk factors affecting escape behavior by the Jamaican lizard <i>Anolis lineatopus</i> /i>(Polychrotidae,) Tj ETQq0 0	0 rgBT /O	verlock 10 Tf
159	Timing during predator–prey encounters, duration and directedness of a putative pursuit-deterrent signal by the zebra-tailed lizard, Callisaurus draconoides. Behaviour, 2010, 147, 1675-1691.	0.8	6
160	Choosing among alternative refuges: Distances and directions. Ethology, 2018, 124, 209-217.	1.1	6
161	Strike-induced chemosensory searching by the anguid lizard Elgaria coerulea. Amphibia - Reptilia, 1995, 16, 147-156.	0.5	5
162	Predator–prey distance and latency to flee from an immobile predator: functional relationship and importance. Environmental Epigenetics, 2016, 62, 117-122.	1.8	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Effects of movement and eating on chemosensory tongue-flicking and on labial-licking in the leopard gecko (Eublepharis macularius). Chemoecology, 1996, 7, 179-183.	1.1	4
164	Lingually mediated discrimination of prey, but not plant chemicals, by the Central American anguid lizard, Mesaspis moreletii. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2001, 22, 81-90.	0.5	4
165	RESPONSES TO FOOD CHEMICALS BY TWO INSECTIVOROUS AND ONE OMNIVOROUS SPECIES OF LACERTID LIZARDS. Animal Biology, 2002, 52, 11-28.	0.4	4
166	Prey Chemical Discrimination by Tongue Flicking Is Absent in the Texas Horned Lizard, Phrynosoma cornutum. Journal of Herpetology, 2009, 43, 688-692.	0.5	4
167	Complex Relationships amongst Parasite Load and Escape Behaviour in an Insular Lizard. Ethology, 2015, 121, 116-124.	1.1	4
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173	Risks Associated with Predator Immobility, Movement Direction, and Turn Direction Similarly Affect Pursuitâ€Deterrent Signaling and Escape by Zebraâ€Tailed Lizards (<i>Callisaurus draconoides</i> Libology, 2010, 116, 866-875.	1.1	3
174	Foraging by the Omnivorous Lizard < i>Podarcis lilfordi < /i>: Effects of Nectivory in an Ancestrally Insectivorous Active Forager. Journal of Herpetology, 2014, 48, 203-209.	0.5	3
175	Age affects escape behavior by the zebra-tailed lizard (Callisaurus draconoides) more strongly than in other lizards. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2015, 36, 37-44.	0.5	3
176	Comparison of Escape Behavior Between Solitary and Grouped Liolaemus leopardinus Lizards from the Central Chilean Andes. Herpetologica, 2020, 76, 285.	0.4	3
177	Monitoring by prey that does not reveal awareness by turning toward approaching predators. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2015, 69, 1377-1382.	1.4	2
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180	Stop-and-go approach by a predator: a novel predation risk factor forÂtheÂphrynosomatid lizards Sceloporus virgatus andÂCallisaurusÂdraconoides. Amphibia - Reptilia, 2015, 36, 401-409.	0.5	0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
181	Empirical studies of escape behavior find mixed support for the race for life model. Environmental Epigenetics, 2022, 68, 305-313.	1.8	0