

# Robert T Dirksen

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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106  
papers

7,092  
citations

44066

48  
h-index

58576

82  
g-index

115  
all docs

115  
docs citations

115  
times ranked

5971  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Superoxide Flashes in Single Mitochondria. <i>Cell</i> , 2008, 134, 279-290.	28.9	643
2	Enhanced dihydropyridine receptor channel activity in the presence of ryanodine receptor. <i>Nature</i> , 1996, 380, 72-75.	27.8	444
3	RyR1 S-Nitrosylation Underlies Environmental Heat Stroke and Sudden Death in Y522S RyR1 Knockin Mice. <i>Cell</i> , 2008, 133, 53-65.	28.9	321
4	Altered mRNA splicing of the skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor and sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum Ca <sup>2+</sup> -ATPase in myotonic dystrophy type 1. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2005, 14, 2189-2200.	2.9	247
5	Mitochondria Are Linked to Calcium Stores in Striated Muscle by Developmentally Regulated Tethering Structures. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2009, 20, 1058-1067.	2.1	240
6	Correction of CIC-1 splicing eliminates chloride channelopathy and myotonia in mouse models of myotonic dystrophy. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2007, 117, 3952-7.	8.2	215
7	Sarcoplasmic reticulum: The dynamic calcium governor of muscle. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 2006, 33, 715-731.	2.2	183
8	Heat- and anesthesia-induced malignant hyperthermia in an RyR1 knockin mouse. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, 329-330.	0.5	179
9	Differential dependence of store-operated and excitation-coupled Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in skeletal muscle on STIM1 and Orai1. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2008, 586, 4815-4824.	2.9	149
10	Muscle weakness in myotonic dystrophy associated with misregulated splicing and altered gating of CaV1.1 calcium channel. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2012, 21, 1312-1324.	2.9	146
11	Functional Effects of Central Core Disease Mutations in the Cytoplasmic Region of the Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2001, 118, 277-290.	1.9	137
12	Orai1-dependent calcium entry promotes skeletal muscle growth and limits fatigue. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2013, 4, 2805.	12.8	118
13	Checking your SOCCs and feet: the molecular mechanisms of Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2009, 587, 3139-3147.	2.9	117
14	Loss of adult skeletal muscle stem cells drives age-related neuromuscular junction degeneration. <i>ELife</i> , 2017, 6, .	6.0	116
15	Altered Ryanodine Receptor Function in Central Core Disease Leaky or Uncoupled Ca <sup>2+</sup> Release Channels?. <i>Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine</i> , 2002, 12, 189-197.	4.9	115
16	Characterization and temporal development of cores in a mouse model of malignant hyperthermia. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 21996-22001.	7.1	113
17	Functional analysis of the R1086H malignant hyperthermia mutation in the DHPR reveals an unexpected influence of the III-IV loop on skeletal muscle EC coupling. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2004, 287, C1094-C1102.	4.6	107
18	Functional Impact of the Ryanodine Receptor on the Skeletal Muscle L-Type Ca <sup>2+</sup> Channel. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2000, 115, 467-480.	1.9	104

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19	Role of Mitofusin-2 in mitochondrial localization and calcium uptake in skeletal muscle. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2015, 57, 14-24.	2.4	104
20	Inducible depletion of adult skeletal muscle stem cells impairs the regeneration of neuromuscular junctions. <i>ELife</i> , 2015, 4, .	6.0	103
21	Anesthetic- and heat-induced sudden death in calsequestrin <sup>1</sup> knockout mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2009, 23, 1710-1720.	0.5	99
22	AICAR prevents heat-induced sudden death in RyR1 mutant mice independent of AMPK activation. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2012, 18, 244-251.	30.7	99
23	Distinct Effects on Ca <sup>2+</sup> Handling Caused by Malignant Hyperthermia and Central Core Disease Mutations in RyR1. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2004, 87, 3193-3204.	0.5	98
24	Muscle Chloride Channel Dysfunction in Two Mouse Models of Myotonic Dystrophy. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2007, 129, 79-94.	1.9	98
25	Mitochondrial superoxide flashes: metabolic biomarkers of skeletal muscle activity and disease. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2011, 25, 3068-3078.	0.5	90
26	Age-dependent uncoupling of mitochondria from Ca <sup>2+</sup> release units in skeletal muscle. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 35358-35371.	1.8	83
27	Muscle weakness in <i>Ryr1<sup>I4895T/WT</sup></i> knock-in mice as a result of reduced ryanodine receptor Ca <sup>2+</sup> ion permeation and release from the sarcoplasmic reticulum. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2011, 137, 43-57.	1.9	76
28	An <i>Ryr1<sup>I4895T</sup></i> mutation abolishes Ca <sup>2+</sup> release channel function and delays development in homozygous offspring of a mutant mouse line. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 18537-18542.	7.1	74
29	The Pore Region of the Skeletal Muscle Ryanodine Receptor Is a Primary Locus for Excitation-Contraction Uncoupling in Central Core Disease. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2003, 121, 277-286.	1.9	70
30	Triadin Binding to the C-Terminal Luminal Loop of the Ryanodine Receptor is Important for Skeletal Muscle Excitation-Contraction Coupling. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2007, 130, 365-378.	1.9	70
31	Role of Calcium Permeation in Dihydropyridine Receptor Function. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 1999, 114, 393-404.	1.9	67
32	Respective Contribution of Mitochondrial Superoxide and pH to Mitochondria-targeted Circularly Permuted Yellow Fluorescent Protein (mt-cpYFP) Flash Activity. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2013, 288, 10567-10577.	3.4	67
33	Exercise-dependent formation of new junctions that promote STIM1-Orai1 assembly in skeletal muscle. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 14286.	3.3	67
34	Role of STIM1/ORAI1-mediated store-operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in skeletal muscle physiology and disease. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2018, 76, 101-115.	2.4	67
35	Muscle-specific SMN reduction reveals motor neuron-independent disease in spinal muscular atrophy models. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2020, 130, 1271-1287.	8.2	67
36	Bi-directional coupling between dihydropyridine receptors and ryanodine receptors. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2002, 7, d659-670.	3.0	65

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37	Chloride channelopathy in myotonic dystrophy resulting from loss of posttranscriptional regulation for CLCN1. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2007, 292, C1291-C1297.	4.6	65
38	A retrograde signal from RyR1 alters DHP receptor inactivation and limits window Ca <sup>2+</sup> release in muscle fibers of Y522S RyR1 knock-in mice. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009, 106, 4531-4536.	7.1	62
39	FKBP12 Binding to RyR1 Modulates Excitation-Contraction Coupling in Mouse Skeletal Myotubes. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2003, 278, 22600-22608.	3.4	61
40	Triadopathies: An Emerging Class of Skeletal Muscle Diseases. <i>Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2014, 11, 773-785.	4.4	60
41	Sarcoplasmic Reticulum-Mitochondrial Symbiosis. <i>Exercise and Sport Sciences Reviews</i> , 2009, 37, 29-35.	3.0	57
42	Clinical Pharmacogenetics Implementation Consortium (CPIC) Guideline for the Use of Potent Volatile Anesthetic Agents and Succinylcholine in the Context of RYR1 or CACNA1S Genotypes. <i>Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics</i> , 2019, 105, 1338-1344.	4.7	56
43	Sarcoplasmic reticulum-mitochondrial through-space coupling in skeletal muscle This paper is one of a selection of papers published in this Special Issue, entitled 14th International Biochemistry of Exercise Conference "Muscles as Molecular and Metabolic Machines, and has undergone the journal's usual peer review process. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2009, 34, 389-395.	1.9	54
44	Mitochondrial Flash: Integrative Reactive Oxygen Species and pH Signals in Cell and Organelle Biology. <i>Antioxidants and Redox Signaling</i> , 2016, 25, 534-549.	5.4	54
45	Alternative splicing of RyR1 alters the efficacy of skeletal EC coupling. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2009, 45, 264-274.	2.4	52
46	Enhanced Ca <sup>2+</sup> influx from STIM1-Orai1 induces muscle pathology in mouse models of muscular dystrophy. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2014, 23, 3706-3715.	2.9	52
47	Dynamic alterations in myoplasmic Ca <sup>2+</sup> in malignant hyperthermia and central core disease. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2004, 322, 1256-1266.	2.1	50
48	Differential impact of mitochondrial positioning on mitochondrial Ca <sup>2+</sup> uptake and Ca <sup>2+</sup> spark suppression in skeletal muscle. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2011, 301, C1128-C1139.	4.6	50
49	Orai1 enhances muscle endurance by promoting fatigue-resistant type I fiber content but not through acute store-operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2016, 30, 4109-4119.	0.5	46
50	Variant curation expert panel recommendations for RYR1 pathogenicity classifications in malignant hyperthermia susceptibility. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2021, 23, 1288-1295.	2.4	46
51	Ryanodine receptor 1-related disorders: an historical perspective and proposal for a unified nomenclature. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2020, 10, 32.	4.2	45
52	Ca <sup>2+</sup> Release through Ryanodine Receptors Regulates Skeletal Muscle L-type Ca <sup>2+</sup> Channel Expression. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2001, 276, 17732-17738.	3.4	43
53	Ca <sup>2+</sup> permeation and/or binding to CaV1.1 fine-tunes skeletal muscle Ca <sup>2+</sup> signaling to sustain muscle function. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2015, 5, 4.	4.2	43
54	Congenital myopathy results from misregulation of a muscle Ca <sup>2+</sup> channel by mutant Stac3. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E228-E236.	7.1	43

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55	The I4895T mutation in the type 1 ryanodine receptor induces fiber-type specific alterations in skeletal muscle that mimic premature aging. <i>Aging Cell</i> , 2010, 9, 958-970.	6.7	42
56	Sarcolemmal-restricted localization of functional CIC-1 channels in mouse skeletal muscle. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2010, 136, 597-613.	1.9	42
57	Tamoxifen therapy in a murine model of myotubular myopathy. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 4849.	12.8	41
58	Mitochondrial superoxide flashes: From discovery to new controversies. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2012, 139, 425-434.	1.9	39
59	Ca <sup>2+</sup> Binding/Permeation via Calcium Channel, Ca <sub>v</sub> 1.1, Regulates the Intracellular Distribution of the Fatty Acid Transport Protein, CD36, and Fatty Acid Metabolism. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 23751-23765.	3.4	39
60	Genetic biomarkers for the risk of seizures in long QT syndrome. <i>Neurology</i> , 2016, 87, 1660-1668.	1.1	38
61	Accelerated Activation of SOCE Current in Myotubes from Two Mouse Models of Anesthetic- and Heat-Induced Sudden Death. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e77633.	2.5	36
62	Transverse tubule remodeling enhances Orai1-dependent Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in skeletal muscle. <i>ELife</i> , 2019, 8, .	6.0	36
63	Antioxidants Protect Calsequestrin-1 Knockout Mice from Halothane- and Heat-induced Sudden Death. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2015, 123, 603-617.	2.5	35
64	Mechanosensitive Gene Regulation by Myocardin-Related Transcription Factors Is Required for Cardiomyocyte Integrity in Load-Induced Ventricular Hypertrophy. <i>Circulation</i> , 2018, 138, 1864-1878.	1.6	34
65	Oxidative stress, mitochondrial damage, and cores in muscle from calsequestrin-1 knockout mice. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2015, 5, 10.	4.2	33
66	Temperature and RyR1 Regulate the Activation Rate of Store-Operated Ca <sup>2+</sup> Entry Current in Myotubes. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2012, 103, 202-211.	0.5	32
67	Pre-assembled Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry units and constitutively active Ca <sup>2+</sup> entry in skeletal muscle of calsequestrin-1 knockout mice. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2020, 152, .	1.9	32
68	Iron Dysregulation in Mitochondrial Dysfunction and Alzheimer's Disease. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2022, 11, 692.	5.1	30
69	Altered Ca <sup>2+</sup> Handling and Oxidative Stress Underlie Mitochondrial Damage and Skeletal Muscle Dysfunction in Aging and Disease. <i>Metabolites</i> , 2021, 11, 424.	2.9	27
70	Two central core disease (CCD) deletions in the C-terminal region of RYR1 alter muscle excitation-contraction (EC) coupling by distinct mechanisms. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2007, 28, 61-68.	2.5	26
71	Adrenergic Signaling Controls RGK-Dependent Trafficking of Cardiac Voltage-Gated L-Type Ca <sup>2+</sup> Channels Through PKD1. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2012, 110, 59-70.	4.5	26
72	A variably spliced region in the type 1 ryanodine receptor may participate in an inter-domain interaction. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2007, 401, 317-324.	3.7	25

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73	Cardiac metabolic effects of K <sub>Na</sub> 1.2 channel deletion and evidence for its mitochondrial localization. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018, 32, 6135-6149.	0.5	23
74	Calmodulin Binding to the 3614-3643 Region of RyR1 Is Not Essential for Excitation-Contraction Coupling in Skeletal Myotubes. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2002, 120, 337-347.	1.9	22
75	Characterization of ryanodine receptor type 1 single channel activity using $\omega$ -nucleus patch clamp. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2014, 56, 96-107.	2.4	22
76	Mouse model of severe recessive RYR1-related myopathy. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2019, 28, 3024-3036.	2.9	22
77	Identification of drug modifiers for RYR1-related myopathy using a multi-species discovery pipeline. <i>ELife</i> , 2020, 9, .	6.0	20
78	Defects in Ca <sup>2+</sup> release associated with local expression of pathological ryanodine receptors in mouse muscle fibres. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2011, 589, 5361-5382.	2.9	19
79	Cheng et al. reply. <i>Nature</i> , 2014, 514, E14-E15.	27.8	19
80	Allele-Specific Gene Silencing in Two Mouse Models of Autosomal Dominant Skeletal Myopathy. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e49757.	2.5	17
81	Reduced threshold for store overload-induced Ca <sup>2+</sup> release is a common defect of RyR1 mutations associated with malignant hyperthermia and central core disease. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , 2017, 474, 2749-2761.	3.7	17
82	Risk of cardiac events in Long QT syndrome patients when taking antiseizure medications. <i>Translational Research</i> , 2018, 191, 81-92.e7.	5.0	16
83	Adaptive thermogenesis enhances the life-threatening response to heat in mice with an Ryr1 mutation. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 5099.	12.8	16
84	Rapamycin and FK506 reduce skeletal muscle voltage sensor expression and function. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2005, 38, 35-44.	2.4	14
85	New method for determining total calcium content in tissue applied to skeletal muscle with and without calsequestrin. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2015, 145, 127-153.	1.9	14
86	Neuronal NTPDase3 Mediates Extracellular ATP Degradation in Trigeminal Nociceptive Pathway. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0164028.	2.5	9
87	Prolonged depolarization promotes fast gating kinetics of L-type Ca <sup>2+</sup> channels in mouse skeletal myotubes. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2000, 529, 647-659.	2.9	8
88	Reactive oxygen/nitrogen species and the aged brain: Radical impact of ion channel function. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2002, 23, 837-839.	3.1	8
89	PharmGKB summary: very important pharmacogene information for CACNA1S. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2020, 30, 34-44.	1.5	7
90	Biophysical mechanisms for QRS- and QTc-interval prolongation in mice with cardiac expression of expanded CUG-repeat RNA. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2020, 152, .	1.9	7

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91	Variants in ASPH cause exertional heat illness and are associated with malignant hyperthermia susceptibility. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, .	12.8	7
92	Ryanodinopathies. <i>Current Topics in Membranes</i> , 2010, 66, 139-167.	0.9	6
93	Regions of ryanodine receptors that influence activation by the dihydropyridine receptor $\hat{I}^21a$ subunit. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2015, 5, 23.	4.2	6
94	Ca <sup>2+</sup> Release in Muscle Fibers Expressing R4892W and G4896V Type 1 Ryanodine Receptor Disease Mutants. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e54042.	2.5	6
95	Endurance exercise attenuates juvenile irradiation-induced skeletal muscle functional decline and mitochondrial stress. <i>Skeletal Muscle</i> , 2022, 12, 8.	4.2	5
96	Isolating a reverse-mode ATP synthase-dependent mechanism of mitoflash activation. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2019, 151, 708-713.	1.9	4
97	Acute exposure to extracellular BTP2 does not inhibit Ca <sup>2+</sup> release during EC coupling in intact skeletal muscle fibers. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2022, 154, .	1.9	4
98	Monovalent Cationic Channel Activity in the Inner Membrane of Nuclei from Skeletal Muscle Fibers. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 107, 2027-2036.	0.5	3
99	Substrate-dependent and cyclophilin D-independent regulation of mitochondrial flashes in skeletal and cardiac muscle. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2019, 665, 122-131.	3.0	2
100	Emerging questions about the macromolecular machines of muscle. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2010, 136, 3-5.	1.9	1
101	Electrical Disturbances in the Brain and Heart in Long QT Syndrome: A Dangerous Synergy. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, 1042.1.	0.5	1
102	RGK proteins. <i>Channels</i> , 2014, 8, 286-287.	2.8	0
103	Trojan triplets: RNA-based pathomechanisms for muscle dysfunction in Huntington's disease. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2017, 149, 49-53.	1.9	0
104	Introduction. <i>Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics</i> , 2019, 669, 31.	3.0	0
105	How mutations in RYR1 that cause malignant hyperthermia increase RYR1 sensitivity to activators. <i>Cell Calcium</i> , 2021, 97, 102412.	2.4	0
106	Exercise attenuates juvenile irradiation-induced skeletal muscle decline by improving calcium handling and decreasing mitochondrial stress. <i>Journal of General Physiology</i> , 2022, 154, .	1.9	0