

# Micha? Ambroziak

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3914546/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

10  
papers

168  
citations

1163117

8  
h-index

1281871

11  
g-index

14  
all docs

14  
docs citations

14  
times ranked

242  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Type I 5 $\alpha$ -iodothyronine deiodinase activity and mRNA are remarkably reduced in renal clear cell carcinoma. <i>Journal of Endocrinological Investigation</i> , 2001, 24, 253-261.	3.3	42
2	Disturbed Expression of Type 1 and Type 2 Iodothyronine Deiodinase As Well As Titf1/Nkx2-1 and Pax-8 Transcription Factor Genes in Papillary Thyroid Cancer. <i>Thyroid</i> , 2005, 15, 1137-1146.	4.5	32
3	Human Breast Cancer Tissue Expresses High Level of Type 1 5 $\alpha$ -Deiodinase. <i>Thyroid</i> , 2007, 17, 3-10.	4.5	26
4	Thyroid Sialyltransferase mRNA Level and Activity Are Increased in Graves' Disease. <i>Thyroid</i> , 2005, 15, 645-652.	4.5	15
5	Adiponectin gene variants and decreased adiponectin plasma levels are associated with the risk of myocardial infarction in young age. <i>Gene</i> , 2018, 642, 498-504.	2.2	14
6	The $\epsilon$ 351A/G polymorphism of ESR1 is associated with risk of myocardial infarction but not with extreme longevity. <i>Clinica Chimica Acta</i> , 2010, 411, 1883-1887.	1.1	11
7	Increased coagulation factor XIII activity but not genetic variants of coagulation factors is associated with myocardial infarction in young patients. <i>Journal of Thrombosis and Thrombolysis</i> , 2019, 48, 519-527.	2.1	10
8	Younger age of patients with myocardial infarction is associated with a higher number of relatives with a history of premature atherosclerosis. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2020, 20, 410.	1.7	8
9	Pax-8 Expression Correlates with Type II 5 $\alpha$ Deiodinase Expression in Thyroids from Patients with Graves' Disease. <i>Thyroid</i> , 2003, 13, 141-148.	4.5	7
10	ESR2 gene G1730A variant is associated with triglycerides level and myocardial infarction in young men but not in women. <i>Gene</i> , 2018, 677, 83-88.	2.2	2